Development Agreement, Development Control Plan 1 Kawana Waters and Section 857 (Development Control Plans under Repealed LGP&E Act) of the Sustainable Planning Act 2009

MASTER PLAN NO. 44 (DETAILED PLANNING AREA PLAN – DETAILED PLANNING AREA 2) 2015

Approved by Sunshine Coast Council pursuant to Master Plan Determination No. (Approval of Detailed Planning Area Plan – Detailed Planning Area 2) 2015

MASTER PLAN N0. 44 (DETAILED PLANNING AREA PLAN – DETAILED PLANNING AREA 2) 2015				
TABLE OF CONTENTS	PAGE			
1.0 ADMINISTRATION	5			
1.1 Preliminary	5			
1.2 Location and Description	5			
1.3 Zoning Map Description	6			
1.4 Strategic Plan Description	6			
1.5 DCP Description	6			
1.6 Relationship to Higher Order Master Plans	6			
1.7 Relationship to Other Master Plans	7			
1.8 Relationship to DCP	7			
1.9 Relationship to Planning Scheme Provisions	8			
2.0 STRUCTURE OF MASTER PLAN	9			
3.0 LAND USE AREAS	9			
3.1 General 9				
3.2 Land Use Area 1 – Residential A	9			
3.3 Land Use Area 2 – Mixed Use and Tourism	10			
3.4 Land Use Area 3 – Residential B	10			
3.5 Land Use Area 4 – Community Facilities	11			
3.6 Land Use Area 5 – Public Access Club Facility	11			
3.7 Land Use Area 6 – Open Space	11			
4.0 DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA				
4.1 Specific Development Criteria	12			
4.2 General Development Criteria	17			
5.0 URBAN DESIGN PERFORMANCE CRITERIA				

6.0	SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN REQUIREMENTS	75
6.1	Requirements for Site Development Plan	75
7.0	MAPS AND TABLES	76
8.0	STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE	77

List of Maps

Map 1 – Locality Plan
Map 2 – Land Subject of Master Plan
Map 3 – Land Use Areas
Map 4 – Site Development Plan (SDP) Precincts
Map 5 – Pedestrian and Cycle Movement Plan
Map 6 – Open Space Plan
Map 7 – Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway Location Plan
Map 8 – Community Facilities Sites - Location
Map 9A – Urban Infrastructure Network: Water
Map 9B – Urban Infrastructure Network: Sewer
Map 9C – Urban Infrastructure Network: Stormwater
Map 9D – Urban Infrastructure Network: Electrical
Map 10 – Public Transport Network
Map 11 – Active Frontages
Map 12 – Building Heights Plan
Map 13A – Precincts 5-8 – Frontage Controls
Map 13B – Precincts 8-10 – Frontage Controls
Map 13C – Precincts 5-10 – Height Controls
Map 13D – Precincts 5-10 – Boundary Setback Controls
Map 13E – Precincts 11 and 12 – Setbacks
Map 14 – Proposed Car Parking Provision
Map 15 – Main Access Street Cross Section
Map 16 – Trunk Collector Transition Cross Section
Map 17 – Boulevard Street Cross Section 01
Map 18 – Boulevard Street Cross Section 02
Map 19 – Trunk Collector (with car parks) Cross Section 01
Map 20 – Trunk Collector (with median) Cross Section 02
Map 21 – Residential Access Street (17m) Cross Section 01
Map 22 – Beach Frontage (Boulevard Parking
Map 23 – Residential Access Street Cross Section 02
Map 24 – Residential Laneway Cross Section

Map 25 - Trunk Collector (with car parks) Cross Section 03

Map 26 - Village Park 01 (Access Street Interface) Cross Section

Map 27 – Linear Park 01 (Acoustic Buffer)

Map 28 - Linear Park 02 (Nicklin Way and Lake) Cross Section

Map 29 - Entrance Lake (Trunk Collector Interface) Cross Section

Map 30 - Linear Park 03 (Wurley Drive) Cross Section

Map 31 - Linear Park 04 (Beach Drive) Cross Section

Map 32 - Village Park 02 (Residential Lot Interface) Cross Section

Map 33 - Wetland 01 (Buffer Transition to Access Street) Cross Section

Map 34 - Wetland 02 (Buffer Transition to Village Park) Cross Section

Map 35 - Surf Life Saving Club (Coastal Path Interface) Cross Section

Map 36 - Village Park 03 (Public Access Domain Mall Interface) Cross Section

Map 37 - Village Park & Community Facilities Cross Section

Map 38 - Village Park East & Community Facilities - Design Principles

Map 39 - Village Park West - Design Principles

Map 40 - Materials Palette - Streetscape and Village Park

Map 41 - Planting Palette

1.0 ADMINISTRATION

- 1.1 Preliminary
 - 1.1.1 Citation
 - 1.1.1.1 This document may be cited as Master Plan No. 44 (Detailed Planning Area Plan Detailed Planning Area 2) 2015.

1.1.2 Type of Master Plan

1.1.2.1 This document is a Detailed Planning Area Plan.

1.1.3 Legal Requirement for Master Plan

1.1.3.1 A Detailed Planning Area Plan is required to be prepared for the area defined as Detailed Planning Area 2 (DPA 2) shown on DCP1 – Map 3, pursuant to Section 7.4.3.1 of DCP1.

1.1.4 Legal Effect of the Master Plan

- 1.1.4.1 The Detailed Planning Area Plan comprises:
 - (a) This document which outlines the general nature, form, extent and location of Development for the whole of the area defined as DPA 2; and
 - (b) Maps 1 41 which show in more detail the elements to be identified as required by Section 7.4.3.2 of DCP1.

1.2 Location and Description

1.2.1 The land the subject of this Detailed Planning Area Plan is bound by Beach Drive to the north, Nicklin Way to the west, Wurley Drive to the south and public lands (beach and sand dunes) to the east;

MASTER PLAN N0. 44 (DETAILED PLANNING AREA PLAN – DETAILED PLANNING AREA 2) 2015 1.2.2 The land the subject of this Master Plan is described as Lot 21 on CP 891254, all in the Parish of Bribie with the tenure being leasehold land within Development Lease No. 2; 1.2.3 The land the subject of this Detailed Planning Area Plan has an area of approximately 29.76 ha; and 1.2.4 Map 1 (Locality Plan) shows the land the subject of this Master Plan, relative to its surrounds as described above, while Map 2 (Land Subject of Master Plan) shows the extent of the area covered by this application. 1.3 Zoning Map Description 1.3.1 The land the subject of this Detailed Planning Area Plan is zoned Special Development under the Planning Scheme for Caloundra City. 1.4 The land the subject of this Detailed Planning Area Plan is identified in the Strategic Plan of the Planning Scheme for Caloundra City as having a preferred dominant land use of Urban.

1.5 DCP Description

- 1.5.1 The land the subject of this Detailed Planning Area Plan is identified in DCP1 as having preferred land uses as described in Section 4.10.2(c) and forms the whole of Detailed Planning Area 2 (DPA2);
- 1.5.2 The land the subject of this Detailed Planning Area Plan is identified on DCP Map 1 as having a Tourism Development Designation.

1.6 Relationship to Higher Order Master Plans

- 1.6.1 The land the subject of this Detailed Planning Area Plan is subject to the Structure Plan and as such is:
 - 1.6.1.1 Identified on Structure Plan Map 1 as having a land use Focal Tourist Node and being subject to the Focal Tourist Node Development Criteria defined in the Structure Plan;

- 1.6.1.2 Subject to Structure Plan Map 2 which shows the area as having pedestrian/cycle links, a Village Park/System, a water body and community facilities (namely Child Care Centre, Community Centre / Community Hall and Surf Life Saving Club); and
- 1.6.1.3 Subject to Structure Plan Map 3 which shows the area as being the whole of Detailed Planning Area 2; and
- 1.6.1.4 Subject to Structure Plan Map 4 which shows the area as comprising Neighbourhood Number 5; and
- 1.6.1.5 Subject to Structure Plan Maps 5 & 6 which shows the infrastructure requirements for water and sewer to service the proposed development.

1.7 Relationship to Other Master Plans

- 1.7.1 Following approval of this Detailed Planning Area Plan, subsequent application(s) will be made under the Master Planned Community Development Process in accordance with Section 7 of DCP1 for a Site Development Plan over the nominated Precinct (Precincts 1 – 17) as shown on Map 4 (Site Development Plan Precincts) of this document.
- 1.7.2 The defined uses for the various Land Use Areas are shown in Table 1 of this document. Land Use Rights will be created by the Supplementary Table of Development that will form part of the subsequent Site Development Plan prepared for each precinct requiring a Site Development Plan.

1.8 Relationship to DCP

- 1.8.1 The land the subject of this Detailed Planning Area Plan is subject to DCP1 and as such is identified on DCP1, Map 1 as being Detailed Planning Area 2 and having a Tourism Development Designation, with the preferred land uses described in Section 4.10.2 (c) of DCP1;
- 1.8.2 DCP1, Map 2 identifies the subject area as having a Circulation Network comprising Pedestrian/Cycle linkages, Community Facilities (namely Child Care Centre, Community Centre / Community Hall and Surf Life Saving Club) and a Village Park System;
- 1.8.3 DCP1, Map 3 identifies the subject area as being the whole of Detailed Planning Area 2; and

1.8.4 DCP1, Map 4 identifies the subject area as being part of Precinct 4 where the maximum population shall not exceed 10% greater than 3,650 persons for the whole of the Precinct. Subject to the total population of precincts 1 - 5 not exceeding 22,410.

1.9 Relationship to Planning Scheme Provisions

- 1.9.1 The land the subject of the Detailed Planning Area Plan is subject to:
 - 1.9.1.1 Zoning Map No. 55 which identifies the land as being included in the Special Development zone; and
 - 1.9.1.2 The Table of Development in Section 2.7 (2) (Special Development Zone) of the Planning Scheme which lists the purposes for which premises in the Special Development Zone may be used in accordance with a Supplementary Table of Development prepared in accordance with DCP1; and
 - 1.9.1.3 Part 6 of the Planning Scheme which contains provisions relating to the reconfiguring of lots in the Special Development Zone.

2.0 STRUCTURE OF MASTER PLAN

2.1 Structure of Detailed Planning Area Plan

This Detailed Planning Area Plan comprises:

- 2.1.1 Land Use Areas which are specified in Section 3 (Land Use Areas) of this document;
- 2.1.2 Development Criteria which are specified in Section 4 (Development Criteria) of this document;
- 2.1.3 Urban Design Performance Criteria which are specified in Section 5 (Urban Design Performance Criteria) of this document;
- 2.1.4 Site Development Plan Requirements which are specified in Section 6 (Site Development Plan Requirements) of this document; and
- 2.1.5 Maps which are specified in Section 7 (Maps) of this document.

3.0 LAND USE AREAS

3.1 General

3.1.1 Detailed Planning Area 2 is divided into six (6) Land Use Areas as depicted on Map 3 (Land Use Areas) of this document. The intent of these Land Use Areas is as follows:

3.2 Land Use Area 1 – Residential A

- 3.2.1 This Land Use Area is generally located on the southern and northern portions of the Detailed Planning Area adjacent Wurley Drive and Beach Drive, providing a transition from the existing low density residential to the more intensive elements within Land Use Areas 2 and 3;
- 3.2.2 This Land Use Area offers housing options in the form of detached dwellings and terrace housing;

3.2.3 The density of development within this Land Use Area is greater than the existing neighbourhoods of Wurtulla and Bokarina to provide a transition between the established residential form and the higher intensity uses intended within Land Use Area 2 (Mixed Use & Tourism) and Land Use Area 3 (Residential B) of the Detailed Planning Area.

3.3 Land Use Area 2 – Mixed Use and Tourism

- 3.3.1 This Land Use Area is located centrally and beachside within the Planning Area and offers opportunity for the creation of a focal tourist node for the Planning Area, creating a vibrant residential tourist, leisure and recreational centre for the greater Kawana Waters area;
- 3.3.2 This Land Use Area is developed as a mixed use precinct that provides for the establishment of high intensity residential accommodation with mixed use retail development forming a nexus with the adjacent range of community uses and open space;
- 3.3.3 Development of sites fronting the main 'Boulevard Street' must be designed and contain uses at ground level that provide for activation of the streetscape in accordance with Map 11 (Active Frontages) of this document.
- 3.3.4 This Land Use Area can provide for a 45 place Child Care Centre within a mixed use built form operation as an alternative to site nominated in Land Use Area 4, in accordance with the requirements of the Kawana Waters Community Development Strategy.

3.4 Land Use Area 3 – Residential B

- 3.4.1 This Land Use Area is to provide the opportunity for a range of medium to high density residential developments in a variety of configurations within areas of high amenity and accessibility within the Detailed Planning Area. Built form is to provide a gradation in development intensity between the higher density forms of development in Land Use Area 2 and the low density residential forms of development in Land Use Area 1.
- 3.4.2 A minimum 80 dwelling units are provided in Land Use Area 3 for the specific purpose of providing short-term accommodation within the Detailed Planning Area, unless otherwise provided as part of a mixed use development in Land Use Area 2.

3.5 Land Use Area 4 – Community Facilities

- 3.5.1 Land for the following Community Facilities is provided within the Detailed Planning Area in the locations depicted on Map 8 (Community Facilities Sites Location) of this document, in accordance with the requirements of the Kawana Waters Community Development Strategy and the Kawana Waters Development Agreement:
 - 3.5.1.1 Land for a Public Access Domain (Mall) measuring 5,000m² in area;
 - 3.5.1.2 Land for a Surf Life Saving Club measuring 5,000m² in area;
 - 3.5.1.3 Land for a Community Facility measuring 3,000m² in area.
- 3.5.2 Having regard to the Kawana Waters Community Development Strategy, a 1,500m² site (Precinct 13) has been nominated for a privately operated (45 place) Child Care Centre or Respite Centre. Alternatively, the Child Care Centre or Respite Centre may be provided within a building located with Land Use Area 2 Mixed Use.

3.6 Land Use Area 5 – Public Access Club Facility

3.6.1 Land for a Public Access Club Facility measuring 1 hectare in area is provided within the Detailed Planning Area in the location depicted on Map 3 (Land Use Areas) of this document, in accordance with the requirements of the Kawana Waters Community Development Strategy and the Kawana Waters Development Agreement.

3.7 Land Use Area 6 – Open Space

- 3.7.1 Open Space areas are provided throughout the Detailed Planning Area, as shown on Map 3 (Land Use Areas) and Map 6 (Open Space Plan) of this document;
- 3.7.2 The Open Space Land Use Area comprises a Village Park System measuring a minimum 2 hectares in area and a Linear Park measuring a minimum 1.6 hectares in area.

4.0 DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA

4.1 Specific Development Criteria

4.1.1 Development within the following Land Use Areas and associated Precincts, as spatially defined by Map 3 (Land Use Areas) and Map 4 (Site Development Plan Precincts) of this document, is to comply with the development criteria contained in Table 1:

Table 1 – Table of Development

Land Use Area and Proclingts	Defined Land Uses	Maximum Maximum Yield Building Height	
Land Use Area 1 - Residential	A (SDP Precincts 1 – 4)		
SDP Precinct 1	Residential Uses Limited to: Bed & Breakfast – Homestay Display Home Duplex Dwelling Dwelling House Home Occupation Temporary House and Land Sales Office	Maximum Height 3 storeys	
SDP Precinct 2	Terrace Housing Residential Uses Limited to: Bed & Breakfast – Homestay Display Home Duplex Dwelling Dwelling House Home Occupation Temporary House and Land Sales Office Terrace Housing	Maximum Height 3 storeys	
SDP Precinct 3	Residential Uses Limited to: Bed & Breakfast – Homestay Display Home	Maximum Height 3 storeys	

Land Use Area and Precincts	Defined Land Uses	Maximum Building Height	Maximum Tield
SDP Precinct 4	Duplex Dwelling Dwelling House Home Occupation Temporary House and Land Sales Office Terrace Housing Residential Uses Limited to: Bed & Breakfast – Homestay Display Home Duplex Dwelling Dwelling House Home Occupation Temporary House and Land Sales Office Terrace Housing	Maximum Height 3 storeys	Maximum Dwelling Units - 120
Land Use Area 2 - Mixed Use & T	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		
SDP Precinct 5, 6, 7 & 8	Commercial Uses located at ground level of a mixed use development and fronting a Primary, Pedestrian Laneway or Secondary Active Frontage limited to: • Food Outlet (not involving a drive through facility) • Function Room • Hotel • Local Store • Restaurant • Shop Commercial Uses located above ground level of a mixed use development and fronting a Primary, Pedestrian Laneway or Secondary Active Frontage limited to: • Commercial Premises • Function Room • Health Care Premises • Laundry	Maximum Height 8 storeys	Commercial Uses (i) Food Outlet, Function Room, Hotel and Restaurant where the total combined gross floor area for Precincts 5 – 8 is not to exceed 3,500m²; (ii) Commercial Premises, Health Care Premises, Laundry and Shop where the total combined gross floor area for Precincts 5 – 8 is not to exceed 4,000m² Residential Uses • • Maximum Dwelling Units allocated to Precinct 5 – 8 as follows: • Precinct 5 – 125 Dwelling Units* • Precinct 6 – 135 Dwelling Units* • Precinct 7 – 125 Dwelling Units* • Precinct 8 – 125 Dwelling Units*

- 13 -

Land Use Area and Frechets	Defined Land Uses	Maximum Bunding Height	Maximum Yield
	Residential Uses Limited to: Accommodation Building Caretakers Residence Display Home (where located in a multiple dwelling unit) Home Occupation Motel Multiple Dwelling Community Uses located above ground level of a mixed use development and fronting a Primary, Pedestrian Laneway or Secondary Active Frontage limited to: Child Care Centre		
Land Use Area 3 – Residential B	(SDP Precincts 9 – 12)		
SDP Precinct 9	Residential Uses Limited to: Accommodation Building Caretakers Residence Display Home (where located in a multiple dwelling unit) Home Occupation Motel Multiple Dwelling Temporary House and Land Sales Office	Maximum Height 8 storeys	Residential Uses Maximum Dwelling Units – 125*
SDP Precinct 10	Residential Uses Limited to: Accommodation Building Caretakers Residence Display Home (where located in a multiple dwelling unit) Home Occupation Motel Multiple Dwelling Temporary House and Land Sales Office	Maximum Height 6 storeys	Residential Uses Maximum Dwelling Units – 75*
SDP Precinct 11	Residential Uses Limited to:	Maximum	 Maximum Dwelling Units – 80*

Defined Land Uses	Maximum Building Height	Maximum Tield
Accommodation Building Caretakers Residence Display Home (where located in a multiple dwelling unit) Home Occupation Motel Multiple Dwelling	Height 6 storeys	Development provides a minimum allocation of 80 dwelling units for short term accommodation unless provided elsewhere within DPA 2
Residential Uses Limited to: Accommodation Building Caretakers Residence Display Home (where located in a multiple dwelling unit) Home Occupation Motel Multiple Dwelling Temporary House and Land Sales Office	Maximum Height 4 storeys	Residential Uses Maximum Dwelling Units – 39*
ed above for Precincts 11 and 12 does not increase; ed above for Precincts 5 - 10 is not exceeded by 20% on any given site; g units does not exceed 829 dwelling units for those eight (8) precincts; a	and	
Community Uses Limited to: Child Care Centre Public Purpose (Respite Centre) Residential Uses Limited to the following, if after 5 years the Precinct is not developed for the purpose of a Child Care Centre / Respite Centre, or the obligation for a Child Care Centre is provided in Land Use Area 2: Bed & Breakfast – Homestay Caretakers Residence Display Home	Maximum Height 3 storeys	 Community Uses Child Care Centre - sufficient area is allocated within the building(s) and/or the proposed lot to comply with the statutory licensing requirements in force at the time of the development for a 45 place Child Care Centre. Public Purpose (Respite Centre) Precinct 13 is identified as the preferred location for the Child Care Centre or Respite Centre. However, if an equivalent centre is provided in another precinct in a building in Land Use Area 2 this requirement will be deemed to have been met.
	Accommodation Building Caretakers Residence Display Home (where located in a multiple dwelling unit) Home Occupation Motel Multiple Dwelling Residential Uses Limited to: Accommodation Building Caretakers Residence Display Home (where located in a multiple dwelling unit) Home Occupation Motel Motel Multiple Dwelling Caretakers Residence Display Home (where located in a multiple dwelling unit) Home Occupation Motel Multiple Dwelling Temporary House and Land Sales Office red between Precincts 5 – 12 in Land Use Areas 2 & 3 provided: ad above for Precincts 5 – 10 is not exceeded by 20% on any given site; gunits does not exceed 829 dwelling units for those eight (8) precincts; a commodation units is delivered Ities Community Uses Limited to: Child Care Centre Public Purpose (Respite Centre) Residential Uses Limited to: Child Care Centre Public Purpose (Respite Centre) Residential Uses Limited to: Child Care Centre Public Purpose (Respite Centre) Residential Uses Limited to: Child Care Centre Public Purpose (Respite Centre) Residential Uses Limited to: Child Care Centre Public Purpose (Respite Centre) Residential Uses Limited to: Child Care Centre Public Purpose (Respite Centre) Residential Uses Limited to: Child Care Centre Public Purpose (Respite Centre) Residential Uses Limited to: Child Care Centre Public Purpose (Respite Centre) Residential Uses Limited to the following, if after 5 years the Precinct is not developed for the purpose of a Child Care Centre / Respite Centre, or the obligation for a Child Care Centre is provided in Land Use Area 2: Bed & Breakfast – Homestay Caretakers Residence	Accommodation Building Height 6 storeys Caretakers Residence Display Home (where located in a multiple dwelling unit) Home Occupation Maximum Height 4 storeys Multiple Dwelling Maximum Height 4 storeys Residential Uses Limited to: Maximum Height 4 storeys Accommodation Building Caretakers Residence Display Home (where located in a multiple dwelling unit) Home Occupation Home Occupation Motel Motel Multiple Dwelling Temporary House and Land Sales Office Temporary House and Land Sales Office rred between Precincts 5 – 12 in Land Use Areas 2 & 3 provided: ad above for Precincts 5 – 10 is not exceeded by 20% on any given site; guits does not exceed 829 dwelling units for those eight (8) precincts; and commodation units is delivered Ities Community Uses Limited to: Child Care Centre Public Purpose (Respite Centre) Residential Uses Limited to: the following, if after 5 years the Precinct is not developed for the purpose of a Child Care Centre / Respite Centre, or the obligation for a Child Care Centre is provided in Land Use Area 2: Bed & Breakfast – Homestay Caretakers Residence Batakfast – Homestay

Land Use Area and Frechnits	Defined Land Uses	Maximum Buntding Height	Maximum Tield
SDP Precinct 14	Duplex Dwelling Dwelling House Home Occupation Temporary House and Land Sales Office Terrace Housing Community Uses Limited to: Park Public Purpose	Maximum Height 1 storey	Residential Uses Maximum Dwelling Units - 5
SDP Precinct 15 SDP Precinct 16	Public Utility (excluding Telecommunications Facilities) Community Uses Limited to: Park Public Purpose Public Utility (excluding Telecommunications Facilities) Community Uses Limited to: Park Public Purpose Public Purpose Public Utility (excluding Telecommunications Facilities)	Maximum Height 3 storeys Maximum Height 3 storeys	Community Uses Maximum Gross Floor Area (GFA) of 600m ² or as otherwise deemed appropriate to accommodate the preferred community facility determined by the Community Development Strategy Community Uses Public Purpose (Surf Life Saving Club) having a total gross floor area not exceeding 3,000m ²
Land Use Area 5 - Public Acces		1	1
SDP Precinct 17	Community Uses Limited to: Park Public Access Club Facility 	Maximum Height 3 storeys	Community Uses Public Access Club Facility having a total gross floor area not exceeding 2,500m²
Land Use Area 6 - Open Space	1		
Open Space	Community Uses Limited to: Park Public Purpose Public Utility (excluding Telecommunications Facilities) 	Maximum Height 1 storeys	

4.2 General Development Criteria

The land the subject of this Detailed Planning Area Plan shall be developed in accordance with the Development Criteria.

4.2.1 Flood Immunity

- 4.2.1.1 To facilitate the achievement of an appropriate level of flood immunity, taking into account current predictions for climate change impacts, the required minimum fill level for all proposed allotments is RL 3.2 AHD.
- 4.2.1.2 Essential services infrastructure is located with due regard to flood risks associated with public safety, function and economic loss, and in accordance with the Queensland State Planning Policy.
- 4.2.1.3 If there are any future changes to the State Government's policy position on climate change impacts, any subsequent development proposal is to be in accordance with the adopted policy position relevant at the time.

4.2.2 Acid Sulfate Soils

4.2.2.1 Prior to or in conjunction with an application for Operational Works for the street network and associated infrastructure and open space areas, potential acid sulfate soils and actual acid sulfate soils are to be assessed and verified in accordance with the Queensland State Planning Policy. A detailed acid sulfate soil management plan stating how works are to be managed to avoid the release of acid and associated metal contaminants into the environment is to be prepared and submitted to Council with the relevant Operational Works application.

4.2.3 Physical Urban Infrastructure

Movement Networks

4.2.3.1 Street Network

The street network for the Detailed Planning Area is shown on Map 7 (Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway Location Plan) of this document. The configuration of the street hierarchy is to be as follows:

Street Type	Road Reserve Width	Carriage Width	Verge Width
Boulevard Street	31.0m	17.0m	4.0m & 10.0m
Main Access Type 1	26.0m	13.0m	4.0m & 5.0m
Main Access Type 2	26.0m	12.0	4.0 & 5.5m
Trunk Collector Type 1 (with median)	23.0m	12.0m	5.5m
Trunk Collector Type 2 & 3	23.0m	14.6m	4.2m
Beach Frontage	21.0m	16.5m	4.5m
Residential Access Street (17m)	17.0m	6.5m	5.25m
Residential Access Street	16.0m	5.5m	5.25m
Access Street Boulevard Parking	15.8m	7.8m	5.35m & 2.65m
Residential Laneway	6.5m	5.5m	0.5m
Access Laneway	9.0m	7.0m	1.0m

- 4.2.3.1.1 The street network is designed and constructed in accordance with the Council's adopted Engineering standards.
- 4.2.3.1.2 Formal on-street parking is provided adjacent to key tourist areas in accordance with the 'Boulevard Parking' locations notated on Map 7 (Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway Location Plan) of this document.

4.2.3.2 Pedestrian / Cycle Movement Network

- 4.2.3.2.1 The Pedestrian and Cycle network for the Detailed Planning Area is provided in accordance with Map 5 (Pedestrian and Cycle Movement Plan) of this document.
- 4.2.3.2.2 The pedestrian and cycle network is designed and constructed in accordance with the Council's adopted Engineering standards and standard drawings, and the applicable standards with regard to Access for Persons with a Disability.
- 4.2.3.2.3 Pedestrian and cycle networks provided within the Detailed Planning Area are linked to the network within the developed areas to the north and south, the future Coastal Pathway alignment located along the site's eastern periphery and the existing pathway network within Detailed Planning Area 1 to the west.
- 4.2.3.2.4 A pedestrian and cycle underpass is to be constructed under the Nicklin Way to link the pedestrian and cycle network within Detailed Planning Area 2 with the existing pedestrian network within Detailed Planning Area 1 to the west, generally as shown on Map 5 (Pedestrian and Cycle Movement Plan) of this document. The underpass, which is to be constructed within 12 months of registration of the 100th lot, is to be designed such that it has a minimum clear height of 2.5m and clear width of 3.0m.
- 4.2.3.2.5 The pedestrian and cycle underpass is to be designed using Crime Pretention through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles to ensure due consideration has been given to providing surveillance opportunities, legibility, clear sightlines, avoidance of entrapment spots and adequate lighting.

4.2.3.3 Open Space Network

The Open Space Network within the Detailed Planning Area is provided in accordance with the Open Space Network as shown on Map 6 (Open Space Plan) of this document.

- 4.2.3.3.1 The Open Space Network within Detailed Planning Area 2 is comprised of the following:
 - (a) A Village Park System measuring approximately 2.0 hectares in area, located centrally within the Planning Area and sited adjacent to the community facility offerings.
 - (b) A Linear Park measuring approximately 1.6 hectares in area (comprised of a combination of road reserve (measured from back of kerb) and land within the Detailed Planning Area boundary), situated along the northern, southern, eastern and western boundaries of the development area.

Village Park System

- 4.2.3.3.2 The Village Park System is provided in two (2) distinct sections, separated by the north-south collector street. The easternmost portion of the Village Park System measures approximately 2.0 hectares in area and is intended to provide the following key facilities and embellishments, to ensure its identified function and purpose is achieved:
 - (a) A public toilet block situated proximate to the adjacent community facilities;
 - (b) Playground equipment for children aged 4 to 9, to accommodate up to 20 children at any one time;
 - (c) A fenced playground area for children aged 1 to 3, to accommodate up to 20 children at any one time;
 - (d) Pathways to provide edges to play spaces and provide linkages to adjacent community, residential, commercial and retail areas as indicated on Map 5 (Pedestrian and Cycle Movement Plan) of this document;
 - (e) A flat area of 5,000m² to cater for village scale activities;
 - (f) On-site car parking for 15 vehicles;
 - (g) Garden areas and tree planting with a botanical display;
 - (h) Shelter shed/pavilion (minimum 10m² shade area);

- (i) 3 BBQ and 3 picnic tables/shelters;
- (j) Water tap connection(s);
- (k) Drinking fountain(s);
- (I) Rubbish bin(s);
- (m) Bike rack(s);
- (n) Informal play area of a minimum 1,200m²;
- (o) Opportunities for areas to accommodate kiosks and markets;
- (p) Formalised meeting/seating area for up to 10 people with an overflow capacity of up to 40 people; and
- (q) Lighting for public safety and wayfinding to enhance the functionality and create interest.
- 4.2.3.3.3 The Village Park System is designed generally in accordance with the design principles outlined on Map 36 (Village Park 03 (Public Access Domain Mall Interface) Cross Section), Map 37 (Village Park & Community Facilities Cross Section), Map 38 (Village Park East & Community Facilities Design Principles) and Map 39 (Village Park West Design Principles) of this document.
- 4.2.3.3.4 A minimum width of 10 metres is to be achieved around the waterbodies (wetland and entrance lake), and an average width of 15 metres.
- 4.2.3.3.5 Landscaping within the Village Park System is in accordance with Map 41 (Planting Palette) of this document.
- 4.2.3.3.6 Hardscape elements, park furniture and play equipment within the Village Park System is generally in accordance with Map 40 (Materials Palette – Streetscape and Village Park) of this document.
- 4.2.3.3.7 The Village Park System is to incorporate public art in accordance with an agreed and adopted Public Art Strategy.

4.2.3.3.8 The Village Park System is to incorporate a connection to the proposed pedestrian underpass linking the Detailed Planning Area with Detailed Planning Area 1 (Eastbank) to the west, generally in accordance with the location identified on Map 5 (Pedestrian and Cycle Movement Plan) of this document.

Linear Park

- 4.2.3.3.9 The Linear Park will serve as a pedestrian thoroughfare along the external frontages of the Detailed Planning Area whilst also conveying stormwater during major rainfall events.
- 4.2.3.3.10 Water connections are to be made available for maintenance and park users, as well as rubbish bins and defined entry points.

4.2.3.4 Stormwater and Water Sensitive Urban Design (WSUD) Infrastructure

- 4.2.3.4.1 Stormwater and drainage infrastructure is designed to accommodate stormwater from development in the Detailed Planning Area in accordance with best integrated water management and water sensitive urban design practices. All stormwater is to be discharged toward the Entrance Lake.
- 4.2.3.4.2 WSUD systems shall be sized to meet current best practice stormwater quality design objectives for gross pollutants, total phosphorous and total nitrogen.
- 4.2.3.4.3 The design of WSUD devices shall be carried out in accordance with the Water Sensitive Urban Design Technical Design Guidelines for South East Queensland (Healthy Waterways) and Council's adopted engineering standards.
- 4.2.3.4.4 The roads, drainage pathways, drainage features and waterways are to safely convey the stormwater flows for the 100 year ARI storm event (ultimate development catchment characteristics upstream) without allowing the flows to encroach upon private lots.

- 4.2.3.4.5 Overland flow paths (for any storm event) from roads and public open space areas are not to pass through residential lots. Drainage pathways are provided to accommodate overland flows from roads and public open space areas.
- 4.2.3.4.6 Carriageways generally have kerb and channel (except where swale drains or edge strips are approved). Catchpits and kerb turnouts are located to ensure the longitudinal flow in the kerb and channel does not exceed 250mm depth during the Major Storm (100 year ARI).
- 4.2.3.4.7 The drainage network for the Detailed Planning Area shall be designed to cater for both the Minor and Major Storm events in accordance with the Queensland Urban Design Manual (QUDM) requirements. The definition of these events as well as the drainage performance criteria is prescribed in the following sections:
 - (a) Minor Storm event definition is dependent on the proposed land use type. Table 2 below details the Minor Storm event criteria specific to the various land use types:

Land use Type	Design AEP (%)	Design Tail Water Level (m AHD)
Land Use Area 1 – Residential A	50%	RL0.93
Land Use Area 2 – Mixed Use & Tourism	10%	RL1.38
Land Use Area 3 – Residential B	10%	RL1.38
Land Use Area 4 – Community Facilities	10%	RL1.38
Land Use Area 5 – Public Access Club Facility	10%	RL1.38
Land Use Area 6 – Open Space	100%	RL0.65

Table 2 – Minor Storm Event Criteria

Both Site Specific and Municipal Stormwater drainage for minor storm events is designed to cater for the design events specified in Table 2 wholly within the piped drainage network. The public drainage network shall also be designed to satisfy the requirements of the Queensland Urban Drainage Manual (QUDM).

Longitudinal stormwater flow widths for a minor storm event are not to exceed 1 metre for all major roads (Collector and above). All other scenarios are in accordance with Queensland Urban Drainage Manual (QUDM) Table 7.4.1

(b) Major Storm event is defined as the 100 year ARI storm event. Conveyance of the Major Storm event must be achieved through the use of overland flow paths within the road reserve, drainage reserve, or other public land (no inundation of private allotments).

As with the Minor Storm event, the design of the drainage for the Major Storm event shall be carried out in accordance with QUDM.

4.2.3.5 Water and Sewerage Infrastructure

4.2.3.5.1 Water and sewerage infrastructure is provided within the Detailed Planning Area generally in accordance with Map 9A (Urban Infrastructure Network: Water) and Map 9B (Urban Infrastructure Network: Sewer) of this document, and is designed and constructed in accordance with the Water and Sewer Authority's adopted standards.

4.2.3.6 Power and Telecommunications Infrastructure

4.2.3.6.1 Power and telecommunications infrastructure is provided within the Detailed Planning Area such that all allotments are serviced by underground power and telecommunications infrastructure. Any pad-mount electricity transformers must be located within locally widened sections of road reserve so that they do not impact upon the functionality of the verges, public open space or located in visually prominent areas.

4.2.4 Landscaping (Streetscape)

Collector Streets

- 4.2.4.1 Landscaping along Trunk Collector, Collector, Boulevard Streets and the Beach Boulevard is generally restricted to street trees with the use of low planted gardens utilising sub-tropical plant species selected from Map 41 (Planting Palette) of this document. Low gardens are limited to areas around street trees, gather nodes, park edges, pedestrian crossing points at roundabouts, and uncovered WSUD devices.
- 4.2.4.2 Turf within verges will be permitted where it is undesirable for low planted gardens.
- 4.2.4.3 Landscaping along the Main Access Street, Trunk Collector, Boulevard Streets and the Beach Boulevard is in general accordance with the following:
 - (a) Street trees are of a species type that offers a clear trunk with a high canopy and are compatible with buildings, hard paved areas, overhead and underground services;
 - (b) Street trees are planted within the median and adjacent to the kerb along the Main Access Street;
 - (c) Street trees are planted within kerb build-outs (approximately every 5 spaces) along the Trunk Collector, Boulevard Streets and the Beach Boulevard in locations where marked kerbside car parking spaces are provided;
 - (d) Street tree species should be capable of creating closed linear canopy along the footpath verge;
 - (e) Feature tree plantings are catered for in all roundabouts;
 - (f) Street trees are permitted within open bio-pods where required to deliver desired streetscape continuity and spatial canopy requirements.
- 4.2.4.4 Street furniture and verge treatments are installed generally in accordance with Map 40 (Materials Palette Streetscape and Village Park) of this document.
- 4.2.4.5 Surface treatments are provided at major pedestrian crossings (i.e. intersection of the Collector Street with the Boulevard Street and at the interface with parks) to delineate the crossing and assist with way finding.

- 4.2.4.6 Footpaths to verges along Trunk Collector, Collector, Boulevard Streets and the Beach Boulevard are of a high amenity, quality finish and are to include coloured or plain concrete with patterning expressed via saw cuts, granite or architectural pavers.
- 4.2.4.7 WSUD devices located within verges are restricted to bio-retention areas and are to be integrated with a landscaping outcome.
- 4.2.4.8 Water sensitive urban design devices are installed generally in accordance with Map 9C (Urban Infrastructure Network: Stormwater Drainage) of this document.

Access Streets

- 4.2.4.9 The following street tree species are to be incorporated into the streetscape design, and distributed throughout the residential neighbourhood such that a ratio of one (1) tree for every lot is achieved, with placement having regard to infrastructure locations and preservation of site lines:
 - Acmena hemilampra (Broad-leaved Lilly Pilly);
 - Agathis robusta (Kauri Pine);
 - Bauhinia variegate (Orchid Tree);
 - Buckinghamia celisissima (Ivory Curl Tree);
 - Grevillea baileyana (White Oak);
 - Harpullia pendula (Tulipwood);
 - Hibiscus tiliaceus (Cottonwood);
 - · Lophostemon confetus (Brush Box);
 - Melalecula leucadendra (Weeping Paperbark)
 - Tristaniopsis laurina (Water Gum).
- 4.2.4.10 Street trees are to be provided with adequate sub-surface growing media to ensure their long-term health and durability.

4.2.5 Community Facilities

- 4.2.5.1 Community facilities are provided within the Detailed Planning Area in accordance with the requirements of DCP-1, the Kawana Waters Development Agreement, the Community Development Strategy and Map 8 (Community Facilities Sites Location) of this document.
- 4.2.5.2 The network of Community Facilities within Land Use Area 4 is to include the following, with each having frontage to a Collector Road (or equivalent):
 - (a) a Public Access Domain (Mall) measuring a minimum 5,000m² in area;
 - (b) Community Facilities Land measuring a minimum 3,000m² in area; and
 - (c) Land intended for a Surf Club Facility measuring a minimum 5,000m² in area.
- 4.2.5.3 Community facilities within Land Use Area 4 are to include:-
 - (a) Land identified for a Child Care Centre or Respite Centre measuring 1,500m² in area (or less if contained within another building envelope within Land Use Area 2).
- 4.2.5.4 All community facility land is to have frontage to a public road.

5.0 URBAN DESIGN PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

5.1 Urban Design Performance Criteria for the whole of the Detailed Planning Area

Specific Oulcome	-	Probable Solu	ition	
ize				
suited to the intended form of development and do not	the street n landscaping	etwork as well as the a is maintained:		
	Dwelling Type	Minimum Lot Size	Frontage Width	
	Dwelling House	180m ²	≥ 8.5m	1
	Terrace House	180m ²	≤ 8.5m	1
	Precinct 13	1,500m ² if a Child Care Centre, otherwise as for a Dwelling House and/or Terrace House.		
	to be distrik a frontage a 15m.	outed such that at least 7 ≥ 12.5m, with at least 15°	'0% of detached housing	lots hav
	Precinct 5	3,000m ²	2	0
	6 7 8	5,000m	2	-
	ize Lot size and dimensions provide for building envelopes suited to the intended form of development and do not compromise the functionality of the street network,	ize Lot size and dimensions provide for building envelopes suited to the intended form of development and do not compromise the functionality of the street network, infrastructure and streetscape landscaping. \$1.1 Varied lot s the street network, landscaping. Land Use Area 1 – Dwelling Type Dwelling House Terrace House Precinct 13 The range of to be distributed a frontage a 1.5m. Land Use Area 2 – 1 The range of to be distributed a frontage a 1.5m.	ize Lot size and dimensions provide for building envelopes suited to the intended form of development and do not compromise the functionality of the street network, infrastructure and streetscape landscaping. S1.1 Varied lot sizes and frontages are do the street network as well as the a landscaping is maintained: Lot size and dimensions provide for building envelopes suited to the intended form of development and do not compromise the functionality of the street network, infrastructure and streetscape landscaping. S1.1 Varied lot sizes and frontages are do the street network as well as the a landscaping is maintained: Lot discrete the functionality of the street network, infrastructure and streetscape landscaping. S1.1 Varied lot sizes and frontages are do the street network as well as the at landscaping is maintained: Lot discrete the functionality of the street network, infrastructure and streetscape landscaping. S1.1 Varied lot sizes and frontages are dontage. Lot discrete the functionality of the street network, infrastructure and streetscape landscaping. S1.1 Varied lot sizes with to be distributed such that at least 7.1 (S00m ²) if a Child Care Centre, otherwise as for a Dwelling House. The range of residential lot sizes with to be distributed such that at least 15.1 (S00m ²) if a Child Care 2 Mixed Use & Tourism: Image: S1.1 Contage as 12.5 m, with at least 15.1 (S00m ²) is 0.000 m	Ize S1.1 Varied lot sizes and frontages are distributed such that functionality of the street network, infrastructure and streetscape landscaping. S1.1 Varied lot sizes and frontages are distributed such that functionality of the street network, as well as the ability to provide infrastrul landscaping is maintained: Land Use Area 1 – Residential A:- Dwelling Type Minimum Lot Terrace House 180m ² Precinct 13 1,500m ² if a Child Care Centre, otherwise as for a Dwelling House House. Howelling House 180m ² The range of residential to to sizes within the Detailed Planning to be distributed such that at least 70% of detacted housing a frontage ≥ 12.5m, with at least 15% of these lots having at 15m. Land Use Area 2 – Mixed Use & Tourism:-

Specific Outcome				Probable S	olution		
		Land Use Area 3 – Residential B					
		Prec	inct	Mini	Minimum Lot Size 3,000m ²		
		9					
		10		3,000			
		11		4,000			
		12		2,500	0m²		
		Land	Use Area 4 – C	ommunity Facilities:	:		
		Prec	inct	Minimum Lot Size	Minimum Frontage Width		
		13 (C	child Care)	1,500m ²			
		14 (P	ADM)	5,000m ²	Not Applicable		
			comm. Fac.)	3,000m ²	30m		
		16 (S	SLSC)	5,000m ²	40m		
		Land Use Area 5 – Public Access Club Facility:- Precinct Minimum Lot Size			acility:-		
		17 1 hec					
				Solution prescribed	cribed for Land Use Area 5 (Open Space).		
Storn	nwater Management (On-Site)						
02	Development on allotments within Land Use Areas 2, 3, 4 & 5 is to provide for stormwater quality management infrastructure that is designed and constructed in accordance with contemporary best practice standards for water sensitive urban design.	S2.1 Stormwater quality management infrastructure associated w development within Land Use Areas 2, 3, 4 & 5 complies with the Deemed to Comply – Stormwater Quality Management (South E Queensland) Version 1.0 May 2010 Water by Design and the Wa Sensitive Urban Design Technical Design Guidelines (South E Queensland Healthy Waterways Partnership) and is designed a constructed in accordance with Council's adopted Engineer Standards.					
03	Development on allotments within Land Use Areas 2, 3, 4 & 5 is to comply with the stormwater quality management objectives set out in the relevant State Government	Planning Policy 04/10 Healthy Waters (where applicable) and Sout					

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
	regulations in force at the time of development.		# 7 Water Sensitive Urban design.
04	Development on allotments within Land Use Areas 2, 3, 4 & 5 avoids discharging ¹ 'treated' stormwater into ²¹ un- treated' stormwater within the public stormwater network.	S4.1 S4.2	 'Treated' stormwater discharged from development within these Land Use Areas, accords with the following: (a) connects to a lawful point of discharge; and (b) connects to a dedicated 'treated' stormwater network (where provided); or (c) connects directly into the nearest public stormwater pit (where there is no dedicated 'treated' stormwater network provided). Development ensures that under no circumstances shall a development's 'treated' stormwater discharge to the footpath, kerb and channel, or pavement surface of a public road.
Car P	arking & Access		
O5	The layout and design of parking bays, manoeuvring areas, queuing areas, set down/pickup areas, and driveways ensures that on-site parking and servicing areas are clearly defined, safe, easily accessible and meet user requirements, including people with disabilities, pedestrians, cyclists and public transport services, where relevant.	85.1 85.2 85.3	 Vehicular access is provided in accordance with Map 7 (Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway Location Plan) of this document. Vehicular crossings are designed in accordance with Council's adopted standard drawings. Parking bays, manoeuvring areas, queuing areas, set down/pickup areas, aisles and driveways are designed in accordance with the dimensions and to the standards specified in: (a) AS2890.1 – Parking Facilities: Off-street Car Parking; and (b) AS2890.2 – Parking Facilities: Off-street Commercial Vehicles facilities.

¹ 'treated' stormwater is stormwater that has been treated to a standard commensurate with the relevant State Government regulations in force at the time.

- 30 -

25 FEBRUARY 2016

² 'un-treated' stormwater is all stormwater from a development that has bypassed a stormwater treatment device designed and constructed to current best practice standards.

	Specific Outcome		Probable S	olution
		S5.4		g areas (excluding Dwelling House vehicles to enter and leave the site
		S5.5	Engineering design of all park accordance with Council's adopte	king and manoeuvring areas is id standards.
06	Residential development provides on-site car parking at a rate that adequately services the needs of the use, without encouraging or reinforcing reliance on private vehicles.	S6.1		site residential car parking space a rates nominated in Table 3 below:
			Table 3 – Residential Car Parking Rates	
			Use	Minimum Rate
			Residential Uses (limited to Accommodation Building, Motel and Multiple Dwelling only):	
			 Dwelling Unit comprising 1 or 2 bedrooms* 	1 space per unit
			 Dwelling Unit comprising 3 or more bedrooms* 	1.25 spaces per unit
			 On-site Visitor Spaces (limited to Multiple Dwelling only) 	0.25 spaces per unit
			* Any room which is reasonably capable of being used as a bedroom will be regarded as a bedroom for the purposes of calculating on site car parking requirements (e.g. study, media room).	
			Dwelling House, Terrace House and Duplex Dwelling	2 spaces per dwelling unit, with at least one space capable of being covered (parking spaces may be provided in tandem)
			Caretaker's Residence	1 space per residence
			Bed and Breakfast - Homestay	1 additional space per guest suite

	Specific Outcome		Pro	obable Solution
				in addition to the Dwelling House requirement
			Display Home	2 spaces which may be provided in tandem
			Home Occupation	1 visitor space in addition to dwelling requirements
		S6.2		f on-site cycle parking spaces provided is in s nominated in Table 4 below:
			Table 4 – Residential Cy	vcle Parking Rates
			Use	Minimum Rate
			Multiple Dwelling	1 resident space / dwelling + 1 visitor space / 4 dwellings
07	Visitor parking spaces are accessible at all times.	S7.1	No Probable Solution pre	escribed.
08	Adequate on-site car parking is provided to cater to the demands generated by dual-key units.	S8.1		omprise for than 20% of the total number of one (1) additional car park is provided on-site er 20%.
09	Sufficient on-site car parking is provided for the number and type of vehicles likely to be generated by the commercial activity.	S9.1		of on-site commercial car parking spaces e with the rates nominated in Table 5 below:
	control courty.		Table 5 – Non-Residential Car Parking Rates	
			Use	On-Site Rates
			Child Care Centre	1 / employee and 1 customer space / 5 children
			Commercial Premises	1 / 30m ² total use area
			Food Outlet	1 / 10m ² total use area
			Function Room	1 / 15m ² total use area
			Heath Care Premises	1 / 20m ² gross floor area
			Hotel	1 / guest room

	Specific Outcome		Pr	obable Solution
			Indoor Entertainment	1 / 20m ² total use area
			Local Store	1 / 30m ² total use area
			Restaurant	1 / 15m ² dining area
			Shop	1 / 20m ² total use area
			Veterinary Surgery	1 / 20m ² total use area
010	For Land Use Areas 2, 3, 4 & 5 sufficient on-site parking and manoeuvring area is provided to accommodate the number and type of service vehicles generated by the development activity.	S10.1	and service areas to acc to a service bay for one with AS2890.2 Parking	A 3 provision is made for on-site manoeuvring ommodate on-site refuse collection in addition medium rigid vehicle, designed in accordance g Facilities: Off-street commercial vehicle lopted Engineering Standards.
		S10.2	and service areas to a designed in accordance	A 5 provision is made for on-site manoeuvring accommodate on-site refuse collection only, with AS2890.2 Parking Facilities: Off-street cilities and Council's adopted Engineering
011	For Land Use Areas 2, 3, 4 & 5 provision is made for a reasonable portion of the total number of on-site car parking spaces to be wheelchair accessible spaces (with	S11.1		ng spaces provided for people with disabilities it provisions of the Building Code of Australia.
	at least one space per site) and identified and reserved for such access.	S11.2	Access to parking spac AS1428 – Design for Acc	es for people with disabilities complies with sess and Mobility.
		S11.3		r people with disabilities comply with the - Parking Facilities: Off-street parking for
012	Mixed use development provides car parking for residents that is clearly marked and physically separated from the car parking provided for other uses within the building.	S12.1	Residential car parking i Plan.	s clearly nominated on the Site Development

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
013	Development is designed to ensure that adequate provision is made for on-street car parking.	S13.1	Development in Land Use Area 1 (Residential A) provides on-stree car parking at the following rates:-
			 (a) 1 space per 2 dwelling houses for lots with an area of 300m2 of less; and
			(b) 2 spaces per 3 dwelling houses for larger lots.
			These on-street car parks are to be provided generally in accordance with the locations identified on Map 14 (Proposed Car Parkin Provision) of this document.
		\$13.2	Additional unallocated on-street car parking is provided adjacent Land Use Areas 2 – 6 to cater to the demands generated by visitors the Detailed Planning Area, generally in accordance with the location identified on Map 14 (Proposed Car Parking Provision) of the document.
Energ	y Efficiency		
-norg	() minimum ()		
014	Development in Land Use Area 2 (Mixed Use and Tourism) is designed to respond to the local climatic conditions and thereby reduce reliance on artificial heating and cooling systems, energy and water consumption	S14.1	The Development demonstrates achievement of current best practi- and design energy efficiency, where buildings achieve at least a equivalent 4 Star Green Star Rating benchmarked against the Gree Building Council of Australia's (GBCA) 'Green Star' rating system, for buildings not addressed by the GBCA ratings system, buildings a designed to achieve a 4 star Australian Building Greenhouse Ratin (ABGR).
	Development in Land Use Area 2 (Mixed Use and Tourism) is designed to respond to the local climatic conditions and thereby reduce reliance on artificial heating and cooling systems, energy and water	S14.1 S14.2	and design energy efficiency, where buildings achieve at least a equivalent 4 Star Green Star Rating benchmarked against the Gree Building Council of Australia's (GBCA) 'Green Star' rating system, for buildings not addressed by the GBCA ratings system, buildings a designed to achieve a 4 star Australian Building Greenhouse Ratin
	Development in Land Use Area 2 (Mixed Use and Tourism) is designed to respond to the local climatic conditions and thereby reduce reliance on artificial heating and cooling systems, energy and water		and design energy efficiency, where buildings achieve at least a equivalent 4 Star Green Star Rating benchmarked against the Gree Building Council of Australia's (GBCA) 'Green Star' rating system, for buildings not addressed by the GBCA ratings system, buildings a designed to achieve a 4 star Australian Building Greenhouse Ratin (ABGR). Development incorporates fundamental design features to engend
	Development in Land Use Area 2 (Mixed Use and Tourism) is designed to respond to the local climatic conditions and thereby reduce reliance on artificial heating and cooling systems, energy and water		and design energy efficiency, where buildings achieve at least a equivalent 4 Star Green Star Rating benchmarked against the Gree Building Council of Australia's (GBCA) 'Green Star' rating system, for buildings not addressed by the GBCA ratings system, buildings a designed to achieve a 4 star Australian Building Greenhouse Ratin (ABGR). Development incorporates fundamental design features to engend an energy efficient built form, being:

- 34 -

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
			predominantly oriented east / north-east, to maximise climati efficiencies.
Acid §	Sulfate Soils		
015	Development works are managed to avoid or minimise the release of acid and metal contaminants into the environment.		 The Development works do not disturb acid sulfate soils whe undertaking excavation or filling works, or when extracting groundwate If acid sulfate soils or potential acid sulfate soils are disturbed by development works:- (a) the release of acid and metal contaminants into the environment is avoided by appropriate treatment and management of disturbed acid sulfate soils and drainage waters in accordance with the provisions of the Queensland State Planning Policy and (b) if the works involve excavation of more than 100m³ of soil of sediment, or more than 500m³ of filling, an acid sulfate soil management strategy outlining how the proposed works w comply with the required outcomes of the Queensland State Planning Policy is prepared in conjunction with the Sit Development Plan, and is reviewed by Council in conjunction with its assessment of the Site Development Plan.
O16	Basements (where proposed) are designed and constructed as water excluding structures.	S16.1	No Probable Solution prescribed.
Adver	tising Devices		
017	 Advertising Devices within the Detailed Planning Area: (a) are to compliment, or at least do not unreasonably detract from, the desirable characteristics of the natural and built environment; (b) are designed and integrated so as to minimise visual clutter; and 	S17.1	Advertising Devices are designed and located in accordance wi Local Planning Policy PDLPP 7.0/01 – Siting and Design of Advertisin Devices (Caloundra City Planning Scheme 1996). Assessment level to be determined by applicable Site Developme Plan.

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution	
	 (c) are constructed to satisfactory standards of public safety. 			
Acous	stic Quality			
018	Development is located, designed, constructed and operated to maintain appropriate levels of acoustic amenity for noise sensitive development.	S18.1	Noise sensitive development is to be constructed in accordance with the relevant noise criteria outlined in State Development Assessment Provisions (SDAP) Module 1. Community Amenity 1.1 Managing Noise and Vibration Impacts from Transport Corridors state code.	
019	Mitigation measures incorporated into noise sensitive development to ameliorate road traffic noise achieves appropriate internal and external noise levels.	S19.1	Noise sensitive development is constructed in accordance with Australian Standard AS3671-1989 Acoustics – Road traffic noise intrusion – building siting and construction to achieve the satisfactory internal noise levels stipulated in Australian Standard AS2107-2000 Acoustics – Recommended design sound levels and reverberation times for building interiors.	
		S19.2	Noise affected lots are identified on the applicable Site Development Plan.	
O20	For Land Use Areas 2, 3, 4 & 5 development involving live entertainment or amplified music and voices maintains a satisfactory level of amenity for surrounding noise sensitive development.	S20.1	From 10pm to 6am -The sound pressure level L_{OCT10} , in a full octave band with centre frequencies from 63 Hz to 2000 Hz. does not exceed the background level, L_{OCT90} , by more than 8 dB in any octave band when measured at any noise sensitive development.	
		S20.2	From 6am to 10pm - The adjusted maximum sound pressure level L10, plus adjustments for tonal and impulse components, does not exceed the background level L90 by more than 10 dB(A) when measured at any noise sensitive development.	
021	For development in Land Use Areas 2, 3, 4 & 5 which includes:	S21.1	Development complies with the Noise Impact Assessment Criteria provided in Table 6 below at all nearby and adjacent noise sensitive places.	
	 (a) industrial plant – fixed or mobile; (b) commercial plant – air-conditioning, refrigeration, deliveries, waste storage and collection; or 		OR	
	 (c) residential air conditioning; and where there is a potential for: 		Where the noise levels specified in Table 6 cannot be achieved, mitigation measures are adopted to achieve an appropriate degree of acoustic amenity at the affected sensitive place. Such measures, in	
Specific Outcome		100 million (1990)	Probable Solution	
--	--	---	--	--
 (a) noise emissions to affect expotentially noise sensitive developments (b) noise emissions from existinadversely affect a propose sensitive development; a satisfactory level of amenity is achieved 	opment; or ng development to d potentially noise	 (a) reduction (this inclustry) building I (b) redesign distances (c) provision external (d) acoustic sound le 2107:200	nce, include one or more of the following: n of source noise levels to prevent the impact ludes provision of additional sound insulation housing the noise source); of building layouts and orientation to maxim s and noise shielding; of noise barriers to provide noise redu and internal spaces; and treatment of buildings achieves satisfactor evels for internal occupancies, as specifie 00 Acoustics – Recommended Design Sour- erberation	on to the lise buffe actions to ry design ad in AS
Table 6 - Noise Impact Assessment Criteria	Noise Sensitive Place		Commercial Place	
7 am – 6 pm	$L_{Amax,adj} <= L_{Abg} + 5 dB$ $L_{Amax,adj} <= L_{Abg} + 10 dB$			
6 pm – 10 pm	$L_{Amax,adj} <= L_{Abg} + 5 dB$		$L_{Amax,adj} <= L_{Abg} + 10 \text{ dB}$	-
10 pm – 7 am	L _{Amax,adi} <= + 3 dB		L _{Amax,adj} <= L _{Abg} + 8 dB	-
10 pm – 7 am (sleep disturbance criteria)	The FICAN 1997 sleep threshold of 5% awakenings must be complied with. The sleep disturbance curve is represented by the following equation: Percentage awakenings = 0.0087 x (L _{Abg} - 30) ¹⁷⁹ . n/a			
(c) Refer to the definitions presented in th	nd sound pressure level fo justed sound pressure lev	or the time period non vel for the time period	ninated. nominated from the noise source of interest. Protection Agency 2000) for further details.	
Air Quality O22 Development in Land Use Areas 2, designed, constructed and operated dust and particulate emissions environmental nuisance either: (a) in the surroundings of the propo	to ensure that odour, do not cause an		lity Objectives specified in Schedule 1 Protection (Air) Policy 2008 are achieved.	of the

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
	(b) at the proposed development.		
Lighti	ng		
023	 Where development in Land Use Areas 2, 3, 4 & 5 has the potential to cause a loss of amenity as a result of light spillage, lighting devices are suitably located, designed and installed to:- (a) minimise light spillage on surrounding premises; (b) preserve an acceptable degree of lighting amenity at surrounding premises; (c) provide covers or shading around lights; (d) direct lights downwards; (e) position lights away from potentially affected areas; and (f) enable brightness of lights to be adjusted to low levels. 	S23.1	Compliance with AS4282-1997: Control of the Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting is achieved.
O24	Car Park lighting and pedestrian walkway lighting is located, designed and constructed to mitigate adverse amenity impacts.	S24.1 S24.2	Lighting levels are in accordance with AS1158.3.1:1999: Road Lighting – Pedestrian Area (Category P) Lighting – Performance and Installation Design Requirements. In achieving the above, AS4282 – 1997: Control of the Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting is also met.
Refus	e Management		
025	 Development is located, designed, constructed and operated with appropriate waste management facilities which achieves the following: (a) development provides opportunities to minimise waste generation and increase re-use and recycling; (b) development provides for waste management facilities which are conducive to the storage of waste in an environmentally acceptable, nuisance free and aesthetically appropriate manner; (c) waste storage facilities are functionally appropriate 	S25.1	No Probable Solution prescribed.

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
	for users of the facilities; and (d) waste collection services are undertaken in a safe, efficient and unobstructed manner.		
026	Adequate provision is made for refuse collection for all lots.	S26.1	Lots that do not have a frontage readily serviceable by a refuse collection vehicle or have an irregular frontage are allocated concrete bin pads to enable ease of access by refuse collection vehicles

5.2 Urban Design Performance Criteria specific to Land Use Area 1 – Residential A

	Specific Outcome	Probable Solution					
Dwell	ing Houses and Terrace Houses						
Build	ing Envelopes						
01	Dwelling Houses and Terrace Houses are positioned on	S1.1 Terrace Houses comply	with the following Development Control Table 1:				
	lots to achieve optimum urban design and liveability outcomes, relevant to the size of the dwelling lot.	Development Control Table 1					
		Built Form	Minimum Setback Requirement				
		First storey setback to Lanewa	ay 1.0m where a double garage provided or 5.5m where a single garage provided				
		2 nd & 3 rd storey setback to Lar	neway 0.0m				
		First storey setback to frontage	e 3.0m where POS centrally located				
		other than a laneway	4.0m where POS located at street frontage				
		2 nd & 3 rd storey setback to frontage	ntage 2.0m where POS centrally located				
		other than a laneway	3.0m where POS located at street frontage				
		Side Boundary Setback	0.0m up to 80% of property boundary in length				
		Side Boundary Setback for Se	emi- 1.5m				

Specific Outcome			Probabl	e Solution	
		detached Terrace Lots			
	ſ	Minimum Built Form Second Storey		Minimum 50% lot width	
	ſ	Minimum Building Height		2 storeys	
	[Maximum Building Height		3 storeys	
		Private Open Space (POS)		Private open space is provided at ground level that is at least 16m ² in area with a minimum dimension of 4m and accessible from a living area of the dwelling. Where this area is provided in a central location to the dwelling / building envelope the minimum dimension may be 3m.	
	S1.2	than 8.5m width comp	ly with the	an 300m ² in area and frontages greate following Development Control Table 2: Control Table 2	
		Control		Lot Size	
					Detached Lots
				< 300m ² & ≥ 8.5m frontage	
	Front Setback				
		- to habitable room		3.0m	
	- to garage door 5.5m Rear Setback to habitable room		5.5m		
		- first storey		1.5m	
		- second storey		3.0m	
		- third storey		3.0m	
		Side Setback (Mandatory Built to Boundary)		Boundary)	
		- first storey		0.0m ¹	
		- second storey		0.0m ²	
		- third storey		0.0m ²	
		greater		e property boundary, whichever is	
		² up to 7.5m in length.	Must be lo	cated at the front of the dwelling and	

	above a first storey	built to boundary wall.		
	(Non-built to Bounda	ry) Side Setback		
	- first storey	1.0m		
	- second storey	1.0m		
	- third storey	1.0m		
	Side setback for corn	er lots (secondary frontage)		
	- first storey	2.0m		
	- second storey	2.0m		
	- third storey	2.0m		
	Site Cover	<u>`</u>		
	Maximum	60%		
	Building Height			
	Maximum	3 storeys		
	Private Open Space			
	Private open space is provided at ground level that:			
	 is at least 16m² in size (excluding rainwater tanks); 			
	 has no dimension less than 4.0m; and 			
	enables access f	rom a living area of the house.		
\$1.3	than 8.5m width bu Development Contro	lots greater than 300m ² in area and frontag it less than 12.5m width comply with the ol Table 3: Development Control Table 3		
	Control	Lot Size		
		Detached Lots		
		> 300m ² & > 8.5m frontage		
	Front Setback	-		
	- to habitable room	3.0m		
	to habitable roomto garage door	3.0m 5.5m		
		5.5m		

Probable Solution

MASTER PLAN N0. 44 (DETAILED PLANNING AREA PLAN – DETAILED PLANNING AREA 2) 2015

Specific Outcome

 first storey second storey third storey third storey up to 15m in length greater up to 7.5m in length above a first storey Where optional built to setbacks apply as follor (Non-built to Boundar first storey second storey third storey Side setback to corner first storey second storey second storey second storey 	
Side Setback (Built to - first storey - second storey - third storey 1 up to 15m in length greater 2 up to 7.5m in length above a first storey Where optional built to setbacks apply as follor (Non-built to Boundar - first storey - second storey - third storey Side setback to corner - first storey - setback to corner - first storey - setback to corner - first storey - second storey	Boundary-Optional & Mandatory) 0.0m ¹ 0.0m ² 0.0m ² or 50% of the property boundary, whichever is h. Must be located at the front of the dwelling and boundary walls are not adopted, standard side ws: ry) Side Setback 1.0m 1.0m 1.0m 1.0m
 first storey second storey third storey third storey up to 15m in length greater up to 7.5m in length above a first storey Where optional built to setbacks apply as follor (Non-built to Boundar first storey second storey third storey Side setback to corner first storey second storey second storey second storey 	0.0m ¹ 0.0m ² 0.0m ² 0.0m ² or 50% of the property boundary, whichever is h. Must be located at the front of the dwelling and boundary wall. boundary walls are not adopted, standard side ws: ry) Side Setback 1.0m 1.0m 1.0m
 second storey third storey third storey up to 15m in length greater up to 7.5m in length above a first storey Where optional built to setbacks apply as follow (Non-built to Boundar first storey second storey third storey Side setback to corner first storey second storey second storey second storey second storey 	0.0m ² 0.0m ² or 50% of the property boundary, whichever is h. Must be located at the front of the dwelling and built to boundary wall. boundary walls are not adopted, standard side ws: ry) Side Setback 1.0m 1.0m er lots (secondary frontage)
 third storey up to 15m in length greater up to 7.5m in length above a first storey Where optional built to setbacks apply as follow (Non-built to Boundar first storey second storey third storey Side setback to corner first storey second storey second storey second storey 	0.0m ² n or 50% of the property boundary, whichever is h. Must be located at the front of the dwelling and boundary walls are not adopted, standard side ry) Side Setback 1.0m 1.0m 1.0m 1.0m
1 up to 15m in length greater 2 up to 7.5m in length above a first storey Where optional built to setbacks apply as follow (Non-built to Boundar - first storey - second storey - third storey Side setback to corner - first storey - second storey - first storey - second storey - first storey - second storey	for 50% of the property boundary, whichever is h. Must be located at the front of the dwelling and built to boundary wall. boundary walls are not adopted, standard side ws: ry) Side Setback
 up to 15m in length greater up to 7.5m in length above a first storey Where optional built to setbacks apply as follow (Non-built to Boundar first storey second storey third storey Side setback to corner first storey second storey second storey second storey 	h. Must be located at the front of the dwelling and built to boundary wall. boundary walls are not adopted, standard side ws: ry) Side Setback 1.0m 1.0m er lots (secondary frontage)
above a first storey Where optional built to setbacks apply as follow (Non-built to Boundar - first storey - second storey - third storey Side setback to corner - first storey - second storey - second storey	y built to boundary wall. boundary walls are not adopted, standard side ws: ry) Side Setback 1.0m 1.0m er lots (secondary frontage)
setbacks apply as follow (Non-built to Boundar - first storey - second storey - third storey Side setback to corner - first storey - second storey	ry) Side Setback
 first storey second storey third storey Side setback to cornet first storey second storey 	1.0m 1.0m 1.0m 1.0m 1.0m
second storey third storey Side setback to corne first storey second storey	1.0m 1.0m er lots (secondary frontage)
third storey Side setback to corner first storey second storey	1.0m er lots (secondary frontage)
Side setback to corner - first storey - second storey	er lots (secondary frontage)
first storeysecond storey	
- second storey	2.0m
	2.0m
 third storey 	2.0m
Site Cover	
Maximum	60%
Building Height	
	3 storeys
	n size (excluding rainwater tanks);
 enables access fr 	
	Maximum Private Open Space Private open space is • is at least 16m ² i • has no dimensio

Specific Outcome			Probable Solution	
S1	S1.4		l lots greater than 300m ² in area ter comply with the following Dev	
		Develop	ment Control Table 4	
		Control	Lot Size	
			Detached Lots > 300m ² & > 8.5m frontage	
		Front Setback to Street		
		- to habitable room	3.0m	
		- to garage door	5.5m	
		Rear Setback to habitable room		
		 first storey 	1.5m	
		 second storey 	3.0m	
		 third storey 	3.0m	
		Side Setback (Built to Boundary Optional)		
		- first storey	0.0m ¹	
		 second storey 	0.0m ²	
		- third storey	0.0m ²	
		whichever is greater	or 50% of the property boundary,	
			. Must be located at the front of the a first storey built to boundary wall.	
		Where optional built to standard side setbacks	boundary walls are not adopted, apply as follows:	
		(Non-built to Boundar	y) Side Setback	
		- first storey	1.0m	
		- second storey	1.0m	
		- third storey	1.0m	
		Side setback to corne	r lots (secondary frontage)	
		 first storey 	2.0m	
		 second storey 	2.0m	

Jutcome			Probable	e Solution	
		 third storey 		2.0m	
		Site Cover			1
		Maximum		60%	7
		Building Height			7
		Minimum		here nominated by Site Development	
		Maximum	3 storeys		
		Private Open Space			
		Private open space is provided at ground level that:			
		 is at least 16m² in size (excluding rainwater tanks); 			
		 has no dimension less than 4.0m; and 			
		 enables access from a living area of the house. 			
	S1.5	Dwelling Houses of	on lots greate ater, where g evelopment (er than 300m ² in ar gaining access from Control Table 5:	
	S1.5	Dwelling Houses of 12.5m wide or great with the following D	on lots greate ater, where g evelopment (er than 300m ² in ar gaining access from Control Table 5: t Control Table 5	a laneway, com
	S1.5	Dwelling Houses of 12.5m wide or great with the following D Built Form	on lots greate ater, where g evelopment (er than 300m ² in ar gaining access from Control Table 5:	a laneway, com
	S1.5	Dwelling Houses of 12.5m wide or great with the following D Built Form Setback to Laneway	on lots great ater, where g bevelopment (Development	er than 300m ² in ar gaining access from Control Table 5: t Control Table 5 Minimum Setback	a laneway, com k Requirement
	S1.5	Dwelling Houses of 12.5m wide or great with the following D Built Form	on lots great ater, where g bevelopment (Development	er than 300m ² in ar gaining access from Control Table 5: t Control Table 5	a laneway, com k Requirement e garage provided single garage
	S1.5	Dwelling Houses of 12.5m wide or great with the following D Built Form Setback to Laneway	on lots great ater, where g bevelopment (Development arage)	er than 300m ² in ar gaining access from Control Table 5: t Control Table 5 Minimum Setback	a laneway, com k Requirement e garage provided single garage led
	S1.5	Dwelling Houses of 12.5m wide or grewith the following D Built Form Setback to Laneway First storey setback (g	on lots great ater, where g bevelopment (Development arage) abitable	er than 300m ² in ar gaining access from Control Table 5: t Control Table 5 Minimum Setback 1.0m where a double or 5.5m where a provid	a laneway, com k Requirement e garage provided single garage led nimum)
	S1.5	Dwelling Houses of 12.5m wide or gre- with the following D Built Form Setback to Laneway First storey setback (g First storey setback (ha room)	on lots great ater, where g bevelopment (Development arage) abitable setback	er than 300m ² in ar gaining access from Control Table 5: t Control Table 5 Minimum Setback 1.0m where a double or 5.5m where a provid 1.0m (mir	a laneway, com k Requirement e garage provided single garage led nimum)
	S1.5	Dwelling Houses of 12.5m wide or great with the following D Built Form Setback to Laneway First storey setback (g First storey setback (har room) Second & third storey set	on lots great ater, where g vevelopment (Development arage) abitable setback other than Lan	er than 300m ² in ar gaining access from Control Table 5: t Control Table 5 Minimum Setback 1.0m where a double or 5.5m where a provid 1.0m (mir	a laneway, com k Requirement e garage provided single garage led nimum)
	S1.5	Dwelling Houses of 12.5m wide or great with the following D Built Form Setback to Laneway First storey setback (g First storey setback (far room) Second & third storey setback to frontage of First, second and third	on lots great ater, where g evelopment (Development arage) abitable setback other than Lan storey	er than 300m ² in ar gaining access from Control Table 5: t Control Table 5 Minimum Setback 1.0m where a double or 5.5m where a provid 1.0m (mir 0.0m (mir teway 3.0m	a laneway, com k Requirement e garage provided single garage led nimum)
	S1.5	Dwelling Houses of 12.5m wide or great with the following D Built Form Setback to Laneway First storey setback (g First storey setback (har room) Second & third storey setback (har room) Setback to frontage of First, second and third setback	on lots great ater, where g evelopment (Development arage) abitable setback other than Lan storey	er than 300m ² in ar gaining access from Control Table 5: t Control Table 5 Minimum Setback 1.0m where a double or 5.5m where a provid 1.0m (mir 0.0m (mir teway 3.0m	a laneway, com k Requirement e garage provided single garage led nimum) nimum)

Specific Outcome		Probable	Solution
		 up to 15m in length or 50% of the p up to 7.5m in length. Must be loca above a first storey built to bounda 	
		Side Boundary Setback (Non-built t	·
		First storey	1.0m
		Second & third storey	1.0m
		Side setback for corner lots (second laneway	dary frontage) other than to a
		First storey	2.0m
		Second & third storey	2.0m
		Site Cover	
		Maximum	60%
		Building Height	
		Maximum	3 storeys
		Private Open Space	
		Private open space is provided at grou	und level that:
		 is at least 16m² in size (excluding 	g rainwater tanks);
		 has no dimension less than 4.0n 	n; and
		enables access from a living are	a of the house.
	S1.6	where the second storey extend	2.5m are only permitted double garage ds over the garage towards the stree n for a minimum width of 50% of th
	S1.7		cks for Terrace Houses and Dwellin all of the building. Eaves should no he lot boundary.
	S1.8	Built to boundary walls for Terrac	e Houses and Dwelling Houses:
		the Building Code of Austra	n and construction requirements unde alia (where two or more dwellings an e they may share a common boundar

- 45 -

Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
		 (ii) contain no windows or openings to the side boundary. Note: Building and other structures (including swimming pools) are to ensure the structural integrity of retaining wall(s) is maintained.
ce House Lots and Semi-detached Terrace House Lots		
Terrace House lots and Semi-detached Terrace House lots are to be located and designed to enhance diversity of housing choice and frame key thoroughfares by establishing consistency in linear built form, without adversely impacting on the functionality of the street network or the amenity of neighbouring dwellings.	S2.2 S2.3	Terrace House lots are not to be delivered in a continuous row of more than 9 adjoining lots, without providing intermittently spaced Sem detached Terrace House lots to the purpose of providing breaks in the otherwise continuous, linear built form; No combined row of Terrace House lots and Semi-detached Terrace House lots is to be longer than 9 adjoining lots; Corner lots are to contain Semi-detached Terrace Houses, to the purpose of framing any row of Terrace House lots (including Sem detached Terrace House lots) and presenting a desirable address to street corners; Terrace House lots and Semi-detached Terrace House lots are developed with adequate drainage infrastructure to enable the flow of stormwater captured on-site to the lawful point of discharge in accordance with QUDM.
ing Design (Sub-Tropical Elements)		
Dwellings are to incorporate sub-tropical design features to maximise energy efficiency and user comfort.		 Sub-tropical design elements are incorporated within residential design including but not limited to: (a) The maximising of natural light and cross-ventilation; (b) The provision of fixed and adjustable sun shading devices control direct solar access; (c) The provision of roof eave overhangs to walls, wall openings are balconies. For all terrace lots, buildings must ensure the provision of natural light
	Terrace House lots and Semi-detached Terrace House Lots Terrace House lots and Semi-detached Terrace House lots are to be located and designed to enhance diversity of housing choice and frame key thoroughfares by establishing consistency in linear built form, without adversely impacting on the functionality of the street network or the amenity of neighbouring dwellings.	ce House Lots and Semi-detached Terrace House Lots \$2.1 Terrace House lots and Semi-detached Terrace House lots are to be located and designed to enhance diversity of housing choice and frame key thoroughfares by establishing consistency in linear built form, without adversely impacting on the functionality of the street network or the amenity of neighbouring dwellings. \$2.2 \$2.3 \$2.4 Ing Design (Sub-Tropical Elements) \$3.1 Dwellings are to incorporate sub-tropical design features to maximise energy efficiency and user comfort. \$3.1

- 46 -

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
			and ventilation to core living areas.
		S3.3	Terrace lots with an east-west orientation and a building length exceeding 8m must ensure the provision of natural light and ventilation being either:
			 (a) Centrally located private open space areas that have direct access from living areas at ground level; or
			(b) The use of building offsets and openings such as light wells or similar, that are open to the sky and service core living areas.
Resid	lential Amenity		
04	 Adequate protection is given to the privacy of dwellings and associated open space areas, with direct overlooking between dwellings being minimised by consideration given to: (a) building layout; (b) location and design of windows, balconies, verandahs and decks; and (c) the provision of screening devices and landscaping. 	S4.1	 First storey windows and openings are to be screened by fencing (for side and rear boundaries only). For levels above the first storey, privacy screening is required on windows or openings of habitable rooms where those windows or openings are within 2m of a side boundary. Suitable screening includes: (a) fixed obscure glazing in any part of the window below 1.5m above floor level; or (b) fixed external screens; or (c) sill heights of 1.5m above floor level.
		S4.2	Where a direct view is available from balconies, landings, terraces and decks into windows, balconies, landings, terraces and decks in an adjacent house or dwelling, that view is screened.
		S4.3	All clothes drying and rubbish storage areas are screened from the street and public open space areas.
		S4.4	 Height of fences/walls on any road alignment or boundary adjacent to public realm areas, including allotment frontages to Beach Drive and Wurley Drive, do not exceed: (a) 1.8 metres if 50% transparent (b) 1.2 metres if solid in order to promote activation and surveillance of the adjacent public

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
		S4.5	realm. Combined height of retaining wall and fence does not exceed 2. metres, except where balustrading is required to prevent falls from drop greater than 1.0 metres.
Car P	arking / Access / Driveway Location		
05	On-site car parking is provided at a rate that adequately services the needs of the use, without encouraging or reinforcing reliance on private vehicles.	S5.1	Car Parking for Dwelling Houses and Terrace Housing is provided at rate of 2 spaces per dwelling, with at least one space capable of bein covered (parking spaces may be provided in tandem).
06	Access to lots is provided in an orderly manner which does not compromise service, on-street car parking, street trees and refuse collection.	S6.1	Driveway locations are detailed on the relevant Site Development Plan.
07	Garages do not dominate the street frontage.	S7.1	Garage doors have a maximum width of 6 metres.
08	All garages are to be accessed via a single width driveway across the verge which is a maximum width of 3.5 metres at the kerb line and 4.0 metres at the property boundary.	S8.1	No Probable Solution prescribed.
Home	Occupation		
09	The premises is managed and operated as a bona fide working from home activity.	S9.1	The Home Occupation is conducted within a Dwelling House or withi another enclosed structure such as a shed or a garage on the sam site.
		S9.2	An occupant of the Dwelling House conducts the Home Occupation.
		S9.3	The conduct of the Home Occupation cannot include the employmer of persons on the site other than the residents.
010	A Home Occupation is limited in size and scale so that the amenity of the existing neighbourhood is protected and the home based business remains ancillary to the	S10.1	The total gross floor area used for the Home Occupation does no exceed 50m ² .
	residential use of the dwelling.	S10.2	? No more than 2 customers or clients are present at any one time an

- 48 -

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
			no more than 6 customers or clients are present in any one day.
011	The activities conducted on the premises are appropriate to a residential location.	S11.1	The Home Occupation does not interfere with the amenity of th neighbourhood from the operation of machinery or electrica equipment, or from light, vibration, smell, fumes, smoke, vapour steam, soot, ash, grit, oil, dust, waste water, waste products, electrica interference or otherwise.
		S11.2	There is no public display or offering for retail sale of goods on the premises.
		S11.3	Materials used or goods manufactured, serviced or repaired are stored within a building on the premises.
		S11.4	The Home Occupation does not involve any activity defined as a Environmentally Relevant Activity in the <i>Environmental Protection</i> <i>Regulation 1998.</i>
012	The Home Occupation is conducted within a building that has a predominantly residential amenity and character.	S12.1	The external appearance and character of the dwelling is not modified to accommodate the home based business.
		S12.2	 The internal layout of the dwelling: (a) is designed to enable the reversion of the home based business to a residential use without modification; or (b) is not modified to accommodate the home based business to the extent that it cannot be reverted back to a residential use without further works.
Displa	ay Home, Temporary House and Land Sales Office	1	
013	Lots identified for Display Homes and Temporary House and Land Sales Offices are to be identified in a subsequent Site Development Plan.	S13.1	Site Development Plan is to demonstrate compliance with Part 4 Section 4.5 and Local Planning Policy PDLPP 4.5/01 – Display Homes of Caloundra City Planning Scheme 1996.
Bed &	Breakfast – Homestay		
014	Accommodation is provided for short-term stay only.	S14.1	Guests stay no more than 14 consecutive nights.
015	The total use area within a dwelling house used for	S15.1	At least one bedroom within the dwelling is excluded from use b

- 49 -

	Specific Outcome	Probable Solution	
	 accommodation does not: (a) compromise the primary use of the dwelling house as a private permanent residence (i.e. the use remains ancillary to the dwelling house); and (b) adversely impact upon the residential amenity of the locality. 	S15.2	guests. The maximum number of bedrooms used to accommodate guests is 2
O16	The appearance of the development is consistent with the style and character of the surrounding local area.	S16.1	The bed and breakfast operates from the dwelling house.
017	Guest accommodation and facilities are contained in a dwelling house.	S17.1	Bedrooms provided for guests are in the same building as the kitche bathing and toilet facilities utilised by the residents of the detache house.
		S17.2	The only cooking facilities available to guests are those within ar used by the residents of the dwelling house.
		\$17.3	Guests are provided with a bedroom capable of being enclosed prevent visual or other intrusion by members of the host family or oth guests.
		\$17.4	A separate bathroom and toilet facility is provided within the dwellin house for the exclusive use of guests.

5.3 Urban Design Performance Criteria specific to Land Use Area 2 – Mixed Use and Tourism

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution		
Built	Built Form				
01	Deve (a) (b)	lopment ensures the delivery of built form that: incorporates differential vertical and horizontal architectural treatments into the building façade to avoid the presentation of extensive blank walls; and is adequately articulated vertically and horizontally	S1.1	Built form incorporates vertical and horizontal articulation to ensure that no unbroken elevation is greater in length than 15 metres. Such articulation should incorporate structures and façade projections that may have a practical as well as aesthetic function, including but not limited to the use of the following design elements: (a) sun protection devices;	

	Specific Outcome			Probable Solution
	to break up building bulk and mass.		(b)	recessing of windows behind the penetrated planes of the building façade;
			(c)	balconies;
			(d)	artwork;
			(e)	structural framing;
			(f)	balustrades.
02	Development ensures the delivery of built form that creates a strong relationship with the principal site frontages, both at pedestrian level and above podium.	S2.1	built Lan (Act iden	ium and tower elements located over Precincts $5 - 8$ are to deliver a form projecting toward their respective Primary, Pedestrian eway and Secondary Active Frontages nominated on Map 11 ive Frontages) of this document, in accordance with the controls tified on Map 13A (Precincts 5-8 – Frontage Controls) and Map 13B scinct 8-10 – Frontage Controls) of this document.
03	Where adjacent to land within Land Use Area 1 (Residential A), Precincts 5 – 8 are to provide a distinct and recognisable transition down to 3 storeys of residential development along that non-principal (southern) frontage in accordance with Map 13C (Precincts 5-10 – Height Controls) and Map 13D (Precincts 5-10 – Setback Controls) of this document.	S3.1	No I	Probable Solution prescribed.
Build	ing Setbacks			
04	Buildings setbacks are to be in accordance with Map 13D (Precincts 5-10 – Setback Controls) of this document, to ensure adequate separation between buildings, with particular regards to maximising residential amenity and preservation of key view lines.	S4.1	No I	Probable Solution prescribed.
05	Tower elements located over Precincts 5 – 8 are to be setback from their southern property alignment in accordance with Map 13D (Precincts 5-10 – Setback Controls) such that overshadowing of the adjacent Land Use Area 1 is eliminated between 9am and 3pm.	S5.1	No f	Probable Solution prescribed.
06	In the event Precincts 5 - 10 (or part thereof) are	S6.1	No F	Probable Solution prescribed.

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
	amalgamated, the boundary setbacks nominated for podium and tower elements on Map 13D (Precincts 5-10 – Setback Controls) of this document are to be maintained.		
07	Development encourages overlooking and passive engagement between residential dwelling units and the principal site frontage to streets, public spaces, the beach and Village Park.	S7.1	Balconies orientated to a Primary Active Frontage, as notated on Map 11 (Active Frontages) of this document, may extend beyond the minimum setback dimension nominated on Map 13D (Precincts 5-10 – Setback Controls) (i.e. beyond 3 metres and up to the front property alignment).
08	Adequate separation is maintained between tower balconies, to ensure appropriate levels of privacy and amenity for visitors and residents.	S8.1	Balconies to adjacent towers are not to be located closer than 15 metres.
Buildi	ing Height, Siting and Design		
09	Building heights within Land Use Area 2 do not to exceed those nominated on Map 12 (Building Heights Plan) and Map 13C (Precincts 5-10 – Height Controls) of this document, in accordance with Local Planning Policy – Building Height PDLPP 3.7/01.	S9.1	No Probable Solution prescribed.
O10	Site coverage for tower elements over Precinct 5 – 8 is to be in accordance with Map 13A (Precincts 5-8 – Frontage Controls) of this document to ensure appropriate building massing and retention of key view lines above podium.	S10.1	No Probable Solution prescribed.
011	Development is to promote and facilitate a mix of both long-term and short-term (tourism, holiday) accommodation options.	S11.1	All buildings over Precincts 5 – 8 are to be constructed such as to be capable of maintaining operational facilities which enable and encourage the use of the building for the purpose of short-term accommodation, by incorporating within the development:
			 (a) foyers at ground level that are capable of functioning as Motel reception areas, concierge desks and restaurant facilities;
			 (b) defined vehicle access and short-term set down areas located adjacent to foyers/reception areas (e.g. porte-cochere);

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
			(c) sufficient utility rooms/areas located in building basement o elsewhere within the building that enable self-contained Mote (short-term / holiday accommodation) operations such as room servicing (housekeeping etc.).
012	Design and layout provides:	S12.1	The building is sited and designed such that:-
	(a) a visible clear pedestrian entrance to and from the building;(b) minimal potential for pedestrian and vehicular		 (a) the main pedestrian entrance to the building (or group o buildings) is located on the primary street frontage;
	conflict; (c) opportunities to promote casual surveillance of public		 (b) access from the street to the entrance of the building(s) o individual dwellings is easily discerned;
	spaces.		 (c) vehicular access to the site is separate from the pedestrian access; and
			(d) street and parkland frontages comprise "semi-active uses/spaces such as habitable rooms of dwelling units, common recreation areas (indoor and outdoor) and landscaped areas, to facilitate and promote casual surveillance.
013	Development addresses the public realm, contributes to a residential character and achieves a high level of amenity for dwellings within the site.	S13.1	The number of dwelling units, windows and balconies of habitable rooms that address adjoining streets, communal recreation areas and open space is optimised.
014	Development is designed to ensure car parking areas, services and mechanical plant do not detrimentally impact on the amenity of the dwelling units and streetscape.	S14.1	Services and mechanical plant, including individual air conditioning equipment for dwelling units is visually integrated into the design and finish of the building, or effectively screened from public view.
Mixed	Use Development		
015	Mixed use developments comprising both a residential and commercial component provide reasonable standards	S15.1	Entries are clearly defined, signposted and well lit for safety.
	of amenity, privacy and security for residents and visitors.	S15.2	Safe and secure parking areas are provided for residential uses tha are clearly marked, easily accessible and distinguishable from non residential building users.
		S15.3	Undesirable visual, noise and odour impacts to streets, public communal and private open space areas and residential dwelling unit

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
			are minimised by:
			 (a) providing vehicle loading/unloading and refuse storage/collection facilities within enclosed service yards or courtyards;
			 (b) locating site service facilities and refuse storage/collection area away from residential dwelling units;
			(c) designing and locating ventilation and mechanical plants so that prevailing breezes do not direct undesirable noise and odour toward nearby dwelling units.
016	Through-site pedestrian links are provided in key locations to facilitate convenient access to the main 'Boulevard Street' and community uses, from streets and residential dwellings located south of Land Use Area 2.	S16.1	Ground floor development over Precincts 6 and 7 is to provide through-site pedestrian links, generally as shown on Map 4 (Pedestrian & Cycle Movement Plan) and Map 13D (Precincts 5-10 - Setbacks Controls) of this document.
		S16.2	The through-site pedestrian links are to be provided at-grade to enable all-hours access and are to be a minimum 9.0m wide in accordance with Map 13D (Precincts 5-10 – Setbacks Controls) of this document.
		S16.3	Development over Precinct 5 – 8 is to contain active ground floor use with a frontage to the through-site pedestrian link (Pedestria Laneway) for a minimum length of 30m in accordance with Map 1 (Active Frontages) and Map 13A (Precincts 5-8 – Frontage Controls of this document.
017	Car parking and servicing areas which are incorporated into development as partial /semi-basement or at-grade, are to be contained within the building and appropriately screened from public view.	\$17.1	Car parking structures and servicing areas constructed as partial basement or at ground level are sleeved by appropriate commercial and retail uses such that they are effectively concealed from the active frontages nominated on Map 11 (Active Frontages) of this document and the Primary, Pedestrian Laneway or Secondary active frontage identified on Map 13A (Precinct 5-8 – Frontage Controls).
		\$17.2	All other car parking is effectively screened from public view by the us of appropriate building materials which have a low degree of visua permeability and high aesthetic quality.
		S17.3	Partial /semi-basement car parking does not protrude more than 1r

- 54 -

	Specific Outcome	Probable Solution
		above finished ground level, when measured to underside of the slab which constitutes the roof of the car park structure.
O18	Development nominated on Map 11 (Active Frontages) of this document as having an address to a Primary, Pedestrian Laneway or Secondary Active Frontage is designed and constructed in a way to create lively, safe, comfortable and interesting frontages to the building and complement key pedestrian thoroughfares.	 Where addressing a Primary Active Frontage: S18.1 At ground level, buildings with frontages identified on Map 11 (Active Frontages) of this document: (a) comprise activities that are likely to foster casual, social and business interaction for extended periods (such as shop fronts, indoor/outdoor cafes and restaurants) to the full length of the identified frontages; (b) present a minimum of 50% of building frontage as openings and windows; (c) present clear or relatively clear windows to the street frontage; (d) where required for security purposes, provide grills or translucent security screens rather than solid shutters, screens or roller-doors; (e) provide the primary pedestrian entry to the building from the identified frontage.
		 S18.2 Development above the ground storey facilitates casual surveillance of adjoining streets and public spaces from buildings through the provision of verandahs, balconies, windows and other openings orientated to the identified frontage(s). Where addressing a Secondary Active Frontage or Pedestrian Laneway Active Frontage: S18.3 At ground level, buildings with frontages identified on Map 11 (Active Frontages) of this document: (a) incorporate foyers that interface with the public domain / footpath and contain activities and spaces that attract activity (such as

- 55 -

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
			and display spaces).
			 (b) where required for security purposes, provide grills or translucent security screens rather than solid shutters, screens or roller- doors;
			(c) provide the primary pedestrian entry to the building from the identified frontage.
		S18.4	Development above the ground storey where not accommodating car parking facilitates casual surveillance of adjoining streets and public spaces from buildings, through the provision of verandahs, balconies, windows and other openings orientated to the identified frontage(s).
019	Active uses at ground level (e.g. cafes & restaurants) are designed such that they do not obstruct or pose a hazard to key pedestrian thoroughfares	S19.1	Dining opportunities provided to ground floor uses are located in the following areas, generally as depicted on Maps 16 - 18 of this document:
			 (a) where not situated internally within a ground floor tenancy, within the 0.0m – 5.0m variable ground floor building setback; and
			(b) beyond the 5.0 metre wide pedestrian zone.
		S19.2	Ground floor tenancies are to have the same floor level as the adjoining pedestrian thoroughfares, to present consistency in streetscape, and reduce the incidence of trip hazards for patrons and pedestrians.
Buildi	ng Design (Sub-Tropical Elements)		
O20	Elements of sub-tropical design are integrated into the design of dwellings and structures.	S20.1	Sub-tropical design elements are incorporated within residential design, including but not limited to:
			(a) The maximising of natural light and cross-ventilation;
			 (b) The provision of fixed and adjustable sun shading devices to control direct solar access;
			(c) The provision of roof eave overhangs to walls, wall openings and balconies.

	Specific Outcome	Probable Solution
Awnir	ngs	
021	Continuous cantilevered awnings are provided for the entire length of the Primary and Secondary Active Frontages identified for Precincts 5 – 8 and defined on Map 11 (Active Frontages) and represented on Map 13A (Precincts 5-8 – Frontage Controls) and Map 13B (Precincts 8-10 – Frontage Controls) of this document being:	S21.1 No probable solution prescribed
	 (a) A 4.0m awning width extending from the building podium; and 	
	(b) A minimum awning height of 3.5m to a maximum height of 4.5m, when measure from the finished footpath level to the outer edge of the awning.	
Grour	nd Storey Height	
022	Development over Precincts $5 - 8$ is to provide a minimum ground storey height of 3.5m between floor level and underside of the floor above for the entire length of the Primary and Secondary Active Frontages as shown on Map 11 (Active Frontages) of this document, for the purpose of facilitating the adaptability of the use of the ground floor tenancies and a consistent built form for the entire length of these relevant street frontages.	S22.1 No probable solution prescribed
Podiu	m Elements	
023	The maximum podium level height (i.e. when measured to the top of parapet or balustrade rail, etc.) provided to Precincts 5 – 8 is not to exceed 6.0m from footpath level, in accordance with Map 13C (Precincts 5-10 – Height Controls) of this document.	S23.1 No probable solution prescribed
024	Car parking and servicing areas which are provided within podium levels constructed above ground are to be	S24.1 Car parking and servicing areas incorporated into a podium level presenting to a Primary, Pedestrian Laneway or Secondary Active

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
	contained within the building and appropriately screened from public view.		Frontage are to be sleeved by appropriate commercial and retail uses, resulting in the effective concealment of the car park structure and servicing area from the frontages identified by Map 11 (Active Frontages).
Parkin	ng and Access		
O25	Vehicle access points are to be located in accordance with Map 7 (Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway Location Plan) of this document.	S25.1	No probable solution prescribed
O26	Adequate on-site car parking is provided to cater to the demands generated by the residential and commercial uses, as applicable.		Car parking for residential and commercial uses is provided on-site in accordance with the rates nominated in Section 5.1 of this Master Plan.
027	Development is designed to ensure car parking and servicing areas do not detrimentally impact on the amenity of the streetscape, adjacent parkland or proximal dwelling units.	S27.1	 Car parking areas and other associated car parking structures are integrated into the design of the development such that:- (a) they are screened from view from frontages to streets, parks, pathways and adjoining land; (b) they are not located between the building and the street address; and (c) basement or semi-basement car parking areas do not protrude above the adjacent ground level by more than 1 metre, when measured to underside of the slab which constitutes the roof of the car park structure.
O28	Uncovered at-grade car parking areas are to contain adequate landscaping to deliver sun protection for vehicles, and to provide visual relief to the hardscape area.	S28.1	Large canopy shade trees are provided at regular intervals throughout uncovered surface car parking areas and along exposed internal roadways. Trees are provided within a minimum planting area of 1.2m ² and at a minimum interval of one tree per 6 car parking bays, where appropriate.
		\$28.2	Trees and planting areas provided within uncovered surface car parks are protected from vehicles by either raised kerbs or where surface runoff is directed into planters as WSUD initiatives, wheel stops,

	Specific Outcome			Probable Solution
			bol	ards or alternative restriction devices may be used.
Featu	re Lighting			
O29	Feature lighting that supports and enhances the functionality of the public realm and creates visual interest is encouraged for developments within Land Use Area 2, where fronting the 'Boulevard Street' identified on Map 7 (Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway Location Plan) of this document.	S29.1	No p	robable solution prescribed
O30	External lighting to the built form that is positioned adjacent to the dune area is controlled to minimise disruption to adjacent turtle breeding grounds.	S30.1		ure lighting is designed to minimise disruption to adjacent turtle ding grounds as follows:
			(a)	External feature lighting is positioned below 10 metres in height; and
			(b)	Illuminated external signage on the eastern (seaward) side of Precinct 8 is restricted.
Open	Space/Landscaping and Fencing			
O31		S31.1	Op	en space areas are incorporated into development as follows:
	space and landscaping such that residents have sufficient area to engage in communal activities, enjoy private and semi-private spaces and accommodate visitors.		(a)	A minimum of 25% of the site area is provided as communal open space with each space having a minimum dimension of 4 metres;
			(b)	Each ground storey dwelling unit is provided with a private landscaped courtyard or similar open space area accessible from the main living area of the dwelling unit with a minimum area of $16m^2$ and a minimum dimension of 3 metres;
			(c)	Each dwelling unit above ground storey is provided with a balcony as follows:-
				(i) 1 bedroom unit – minimum 9m ² (minimum dimension 3m);
				(ii) 2 bedrooms and greater – minimum 16m² (minimum dimension 3m).

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
			Note: any room which is reasonably capable of being used as a bedroom will be regarded as a bedroom for the purposes of determining minimum balcony requirements (e.g. study, media room)
O32	Landscaping is to enhance the quality of streetscapes and adjoining development without unduly restricting opportunities for casual surveillance of public and communal areas and facilities.	\$32.1	No Probable Solution prescribed.
O33	The development is to integrate well-designed landscape areas, pedestrian spaces, courtyards and/or recreation areas that are usable and appropriate for the built form in terms of scale, composition, character, safety and privacy.	S33.1	No Probable Solution prescribed.
O34	 Plant selections for Landscape areas must address functional issues of the development, its character and privacy needs by considering: (a) watering requirements; (b) screening and buffering needs; (c) street frontage and kerb appeal; (d) shading and potential overshadowing; (e) limb, foliage or seed drop issues. 	S34.1	No probable solution prescribed.
O35	 Fences and walls in landscaping are to: (a) assist the development to address the street and/or walkable waterfront; (b) assist safety and surveillance; (c) enable the use of private open space abutting the street; (d) provide an acoustic barrier for traffic noise; (e) assist in highlighting entrances; (f) maintain important views from the street; (g) assist in allowing access for cooling breezes; and (h) do not unduly impact upon the amenity of the site and surrounding area. 	835.1 835.2	High solid fences or walls are avoided along street frontages.Front fences and walls have a maximum height of:(a) 1.8 metres if 50% transparent; or(b) 1.2 metres if solid.
O36	The location, height, extent and materials of retaining walls must be designed to minimise visual impact.	S36.1	metres, except where balustrading is required to prevent falls from a

	Specific Outcome		Pr	obable Solution
		S36.2	development sites a	0 metres. where not provided as an interface betwee and the walkable waterfront, do not exceed 1m i ed or terraced so that landscaping can soften visua
Privad	y and Amenity	<u> </u>		
037	Dwelling units and associated private open spaces are provided with a reasonable level of privacy.	\$37.2 \$37.3	of another dwelling devices, landscaping Where habitable roor in an adjacent dwellin (a) window sill he level; or (b) fixed opaque g 1.5 metres abo (c) fixed external s For development up from windows, balco private, communal or	Iling unit are not located directly opposite windows unit, unless views are controlled by screening or design of the opening. In windows look directly at habitable room windows ig unit, privacy is protected by: lights being a minimum of 1.5 metres above floo lazing being applied to any part of a window below ve floor level; or screens. to and including 3 storeys in height, the outloof nies, stairs, landings, terraces and decks or othe public areas is screened, where direct view would le into private open space of an adjacent, existing
End o	f Trip Facilities			
O38	Provision is made for secure and convenient bicycle	S38.1 All development is to provide bicycle parking at the following rates:		
	parking or storage, that:			Rate
	 (a) is located close to each building's pedestrian entrance; (b) is obvious, easily and safely accessible; (c) is secure; 		Land Use	Minimum
		Comn	nercial & Mixed Use	1 per 200m ² of GFA
		Other	Uses	No Probable Solution prescribed

	Specific Outcome	P	robable Solution
	 (d) is dispersed on large sites for easy access to destination; (e) does not impact adversely on visual amenity; and (f) does not impede the movement of pedestrians or other vehicles. 		
O39	Each Commercial Premises is to provide for end of trip facilities that encourage the end user to utilise alternative transport modes, particularly cycling and walking.		remises is to provide end of trip facilities (chang ockers for both males and females) with showe ing rates:
			Rate
		Land Use	Minimum
		Commercial & Mixed Use	 1 cubicle up to 500m² GFA, 1 unisex; 2 cubicles up to 1,000m² GFA, 1 male & 1 female in separate change rooms; 4 cubicles up to 3, 000m² GFA, 2 male and 2 female in separate change rooms; 6 cubicles up to 6,000m² GFA, 3 male and 3 female in separate change rooms 8 cubicles up to 10,000m² GFA, 4 male and 4 female in separate change rooms Greater than 10,000m² GFA, an additional shower facilities will be required at a rate of 1 female and 1 male shower for every 5,000m² GFA. AND 1 employee locker per 2 bicycle parking spaces
		Other Uses -	No Probable Solution prescribed
Site F	acilities		
O40	Adequate on-site facilities are provided for storage and collection of refuse in a manner which provides reasonable standards of amenity for residents.	suitable single refuse is located and design	storage area for wheelie bins (9 units or less) or a se bin collected by a contractor (10 units or more), gned such that it: nin an appropriately designed and well-ventilated

- 62 -

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
			part of a building situated close to the likely point of collection; or
			(b) if this is not reasonably practicable and an outdoor area is provided, such an area is:
			 (c) no closer than 3 metres to any frontage and 1.5 metres to any other site boundary;
			 (d) enclosed on three sides with a screen wall extending 0.2 metres above the height of the refuse receptacles;
			(e) screened by dense planting with or without mounding; and
			 (f) adequately separated from dwellings so as to avoid ar undesirable impact of odour or noise from refuse collection services.
041	Communal clothes drying facilities are provided where dwelling units are not provided with individual drying facilities.	S41.1	One or more outdoor clothes drying areas are provided in a accessible location, calculated at $5m^2$ per dwelling unit, with minimum area of $15m^2$ to a maximum area of $60m^2$, and of a minimu dimension of 2 metres, equipped with robust clothes lines.
Requi	irements for a Caretakers Residence		
042	Caretakers Residence is only provided where demonstrated to be a legitimate support for other activities on the site.	S42.1	Site Development Plan is to demonstrate compliance with Loca Planning Policy PDLPP 4.3/01 – Caretakers Residence

5.4 Urban Design Performance Criteria specific to Land Use Area 3 – Residential B

reduces: that no unbro	Probable Solution
reduces: that no unbro	
(b) the appearance of continuous blank walls. (a) variation	ncorporates vertical and horizontal articulation to ensure en elevation is longer than 15 metres. corporates most or all of the following design elements: in plan shape, such as curves, steps, recesses, s or splays;

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
			(b) variations in vertical profile, with steps or slopes at different levels;
			(c) variations in the treatment and patterning of windows, sun protection devices, or other elements of a façade treatment at a finer scale than the overall building structure;
			(d) a layered façade effect, where the planes containing most windows are recessed behind penetrated planes, structural framing, balustrades, friezes, grilles or sun shading devices;
			(e) balconies, verandahs or terraces; and
			 (f) planting, particularly on podiums, balconies, terraces and low level roof decks.
Build	ing Setbacks		
02	Development over Precinct 9 & 10 is to be setback from site boundaries in accordance with Map 13D (Precincts 5- 10 – Setback Controls) of this document to ensure the preservation of view lines.	S2.1	No Probable Solution Prescribed.
03	Development over Precincts 11 & 12 is to be setback from site boundaries in accordance with Map 13E (Precincts 11 and 12 – Setbacks) of this document.	S3.1	No Probable Solution Prescribed.
04	Adequate separation is maintained between separate tower balconies, to ensure appropriate levels of privacy and amenity for visitors and residents.	S4.1	Balconies to separate, adjacent towers are not to be located closer than 15 metres, when measured from the balustrade of each balcony.
Build	ing Height, Siting and Design		
05	Building heights within Land Use Area 3 do not to exceed eight (8) storeys for Precinct 9, six (6) storeys for Precincts 10 and 11, and four (4) storeys for Precinct 12, in accordance with Map 12 (Building Heights Plan) and Map 13C (Precincts 5-10 – Height Controls) of this document.	85.1	No probable solution prescribed.

- 64 -

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
O6	Site coverage over Precinct 9 & 10 is to be in accordance with Map 13B (Precincts 8-10 – Frontage Controls) of this document to ensure appropriate building massing.	S6.1	No probable solution prescribed.
07	 Design and layout provides: (a) a visible clear pedestrian entrance to and from the building; (b) minimal potential for pedestrian and vehicular conflict; (c) an active frontage to the street or adjacent parkland or other parkland areas; and (d) opportunities to promote casual surveillance of public and semi-public spaces. 	\$7.1	 The building is sited and designed such that:- (a) the main pedestrian entrance to the building (or group of buildings is located on the primary street frontage; (b) access from the street to the entrance of the building(s) or individual dwellings is easily discerned; (c) vehicular access to the site is separate from the pedestrian access; and (d) street and parkland frontages comprise "semi-active uses/spaces such as habitable rooms of dwelling units, common recreation areas (indoor and outdoor) and landscaped areas, to facilitate casual surveillance.
O8	Development addresses the public realm, contributes to a residential character and achieves a high level of amenity for dwellings within the site.	S8.1	The number of dwelling units, windows and balconies of habitable rooms that address adjoining streets, communal recreation areas and open space is optimised.
09	Development is designed to ensure car parking areas, services and mechanical plant do not detrimentally impact on the amenity of the dwelling units and streetscape.	S9.1	Services and mechanical plant, including individual air conditioning equipment for dwelling units is visually integrated into the design and finish of the building, or effectively screened from view.
Lighti	ng	1	
010	External lighting to the built form that is positioned adjacent to the dune area is controlled to minimise disruption to adjacent turtle breeding grounds.	S10.1	External lighting affixed to the eastern facade of buildings ove Precincts 9 and 10 is generally restricted, with any lighting positioned below 10 metres in height.

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution	
Parki	ng and Access			
011	Vehicle access points are to be located in accordance with Map 7 (Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway Location Plan) of this document.	S11.1	No probable solution prescribed	
012	Adequate on-site car parking is provided to cater to the demands generated by the particular use.	S12.1	Car parking is provided on-site in accordance with the rates nominated in Section 5.1 of this Master Plan.	
013	Development is designed to ensure car parking and servicing areas do not detrimentally impact on the amenity of the dwelling units and streetscape.	S13.1	 Car parking areas or other associated structures are integrated into the design of the development such that:- (a) they are screened from view from frontages to streets, parks, pathways and adjoining land; (b) they are not located between the building and the street address; and (c) basement or semi-basement car parking areas do not protrude above the adjacent ground level by more than 1 metre, when measured to underside of the slab which constitutes the roof of the car park structure. 	
014	Resident and visitor car parking is sited and designed so as to minimise the visual impact of car parks provided at- grade.	S14.1	 <u>Car parking areas for residential developments are distributed as follows:</u> (a) Resident car parking is provided in either a basement or subbasement or podium arrangement; (b) Remaining visitor parking is to be accessible at all time. 	
015	At-grade car parking areas are to contain adequate landscaping to deliver sun protection for vehicles, and to provide visual relief to the hardscape area.	\$15.1 \$15.2	surface car parking areas and along exposed internal roadways. Trees are provided within a minimum planting area of 1.2m ² and at a minimum interval of one tree per 6 car parking bays.	

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
			is directed into planters as WSUD initiatives, wheel stops, bollards or alternative restriction devices may be used.
Privad	cy and Amenity		
O16	Dwelling units, private open spaces and adjoining residential uses are provided with a reasonable level of privacy.	S16.1	Windows of one dwelling unit are not located directly opposite windows of another dwelling unit, unless views are controlled by screening devices, landscaping or design of the opening.
		S16.2	Where habitable room windows look directly at habitable room windows in an adjacent dwelling unit within 2 metres at the ground storey or 9 metres at levels above the ground storey, privacy is protected by:-
			 (a) window sill heights being a minimum of 1.5 metres above floo level; or
			(b) fixed opaque glazing being applied to any part of a window below 1.5 metres above floor level; or
			(c) fixed external screens; or
			(d) if at ground level, screen fencing to a minimum height of 1.3 metres.
		S16.3	For development up to and including 3 storeys in height, the outloo from windows, balconies, stairs, landings, terraces and decks or othe private, communal or public areas is screened, where direct view would otherwise be available into private open space of an adjacent existing dwelling.
017	Noise from communal open space areas, service areas or plant and equipment does not unreasonably impact upon residents of dwelling units or on neighbouring residential properties or other noise sensitive uses.	S17.1	Indoor and outdoor communal recreation facilities, mechanical plant and associated facilities (including air conditioning equipment), ar positioned to minimise potential adverse impacts on residentia amenity.
018	Development is designed to ensure mechanical plants do not detrimentally impact on the visual amenity of the dwelling units and streetscape.	S18.1	Services and mechanical plant, including individual air conditionin equipment for dwelling units is visually integrated into the design an finish of the building or effectively screened from view.

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
Buildi	ing Design (Sub-Tropical Elements)		
019	Elements of sub-tropical design are integrated into design of dwellings and structures	the S19	 9.1 Sub-tropical design elements are incorporated within residential design including but not limited to: (a) The maximising of natural light and cross-ventilation; (b) The provision of fixed and adjustable sun shading devices to control direct solar access; (c) The provision of roof eave overhangs to walls, wall openings and balconies.
Onen	Space/Landscaping and Fencing	_	
O20	Development incorporates communal and private of space and landscaping such that residents have suffic area to engage in communal activities, enjoy private semi-private spaces and accommodate visitors.	ent	 (a) A minimum of 20% of the site area is provided as communal oper space with each space having a minimum dimension of 4 metres; (b) Each ground storey dwelling unit is provided with a private landscaped courtyard or similar open space area accessible from the main living area of the dwelling unit with a minimum area of 16m² and a minimum dimension of 4 metres;
			(c) Each dwelling unit above ground storey is provided with a balcon as follows:-
			(iii) 1 bedroom unit – minimum 9m² (minimum dimension 3m);
			 (iv) 2 bedrooms and greater — minimum 16m² (minimur dimension 3m).
			Note: Clothes drying areas, driveways, private open space, an landscape buffering requirements do not form part of the communa open space requirement.
			Note: any room which is reasonably capable of being used as bedroom will be regarded as a bedroom for the purposes o

25 FEBRUARY 2016

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
			determining minimum balcony requirements (e.g. study, media room)
O21	Landscaping enhances the quality of streetscapes and adjoining development without unduly restricting opportunities for casual surveillance of public and communal areas and facilities.	S21.1	A minimum 2m wide landscaping buffer is provided to the full frontage/s of the site.
022	The development is to integrate well-designed landscape areas, pedestrian spaces, courtyards and/or recreation areas that are usable and appropriate for the built form in terms of scale, composition, character, safety and privacy.	S22.1	No probable solution prescribed.
O23	 Plant selections for Communal Open Space areas must address functional issues of the development, its character and privacy needs by considering: (a) watering requirements; (b) screening and buffering needs; (c) street frontage and kerb appeal; (d) shading and potential overshadowing; (e) limb, foliage or seed drop issues. 	S 23.1	No probable solution prescribed.
024	 Fences and walls in landscaping are to: (a) assist the development to address the street and/or walkable waterfront; (b) assist safety and surveillance; (c) enable the use of private open space abutting the street; (d) provide an acoustic barrier for traffic noise; (e) assist in highlighting entrances; (f) maintain important views from the street; (g) assist in allowing access for cooling breezes; and (h) do not unduly impact upon the amenity of the site and surrounding area. 	\$24.1 \$24.2	 High solid fences or walls are avoided along street frontages. Front fences and walls have a maximum height of: (a) 1.8 metres if 50% transparent; or (b) 1.2 metres if solid.
025	The location, height, extent and materials of retaining walls must be designed to minimise visual impact.	S25.1	Combined height of retaining wall and fence does not exceed 2.0 metres, except where balustrading is required to prevent falls from a drop greater than 1.0 metres.
		S25.2	Retaining walls, where not provided as an interface between

MASTER PLAN NO. 44 (DETAILED PLANNING AREA PLAN – DETAILED PLANNING AREA 2) 2015

- 69 -

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
			development sites and the walkable waterfront, do not exceed 1m in height unless stepped or terraced so that landscaping can soften visual impact.
Site F	acilities		
O26	Adequate on-site facilities are provided for storage and collection of refuse in a manner which provides reasonable standards of amenity for residents.	S26.1	A communal refuse storage area for wheelie bins (9 units or less) or a suitable single refuse bin collected by a contractor (10 units or more), is located and designed such that it:
			 (a) is provided within an appropriately designed and well-ventilated part of a building situated close to the likely point of collection; or
			(b) if this is not reasonably practicable and an outdoor area is provided, such an area is:
			 no closer than 3 metres to any frontage and 1.5 metres to any other site boundary;
			 (d) enclosed on three sides with a screen wall extending 0.2 metres above the height of the refuse receptacles;
			(e) screened by dense planting with or without mounding; and
			(f) adequately separated from dwellings so as to avoid an undesirable impact of odour or noise from refuse collectio services.
027	Communal clothes drying facilities are provided where dwelling units are not provided with individual drying facilities.	\$27.1	One or more outdoor clothes drying areas are provided in a accessible location, calculated at 5m ² per dwelling unit, with minimum area of 15m ² to a maximum area of 60m ² , and of a minimur dimension of 2 metres, equipped with robust clothes lines.
Home	Occupation		
O28	The premises is managed and operated as a bona fide working from home activity.	S28.1	The Home Occupation is conducted within a dwelling unit or withi another enclosed structure such as a shed or a garage on the sam site.
		S28.2	An occupant of the dwelling unit conducts the Home Occupation.
O29	A Home Occupation is limited in size and scale so that the amenity of the existing neighbourhood is protected and	S29.1	The total gross floor area used for the Home Occupation does no exceed 50m ² .

- 70 -

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
	the home based business remains ancillary to the residential use of the unit.	S29.2	No more than 2 customers or clients are present at any one time and no more than 6 customers or clients are present in any one day.
O30	The activities conducted on the premises are appropriate to a residential location.	S30.1	The Home Occupation does not interfere with the amenity of the neighbourhood from the operation of machinery or electrical equipment, or from light, vibration, smell, fumes, smoke, vapour, steam, soot, ash, grit, oil, dust, waste water, waste products, electrical interference or otherwise.
		S30.2	There is no public display or offering for retail sale of goods on the premises.
		S30.3	Materials used or goods manufactured, serviced or repaired are stored within a building on the premises.
		S30.4	The Home Occupation does not involve any activity defined as an Environmentally Relevant Activity in the <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 1998.</i>
031	The Home Occupation is conducted within a dwelling unit that has a predominantly residential amenity and character.	S31.1	The external appearance and character of the dwelling unit is not modified to accommodate the home based business.
		S 31.2	 The internal layout of the dwelling unit house: (a) is designed to enable the reversion of the home based business to a residential use without modification; or (b) is not modified to accommodate the home based business to the extent that it cannot be reverted back to a residential use without further works.
Requi	rements for a Caretakers Residence		
032	Caretakers Residence is only provided where demonstrated to be a legitimate support for other activities on the site.	S32.1	Site Development Plan is to demonstrate compliance with Local Planning Policy PDLPP 4.3/01 – Caretakers Residence
Requi	Requirements for a Display Home and Temporary House and Land Sales Office		
O33	Display Homes and Temporary House and Land Sales	S33.1	Site Development Plan is to demonstrate compliance with Local

25 FEBRUARY 2016

Specific Outcome	Probable Solution
Offices are appropriately located so as to ensure they do not adversely affect the amenity of the residential neighbourhood.	

5.5 Urban Design Performance Criteria specific to Land Use Area 4 – Community Facilities

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution		
Building Address, Building Setbacks and Active Frontages					
01	Development over Precinct 13 for a Child Care Centre is to be adequately setback from adjoining residential properties to ensure residential amenity is not compromised.	S1.1	Buildings are set back at least 4 metres from any adjoining sensitive receivers.		
02	Development over Precinct 16 is to ensure all key building frontages are appropriately designed with consideration to the surrounding uses and functions.	S2.1	Built form over Precinct 16 is to have a principal frontage presenting toward the main 'Boulevard Street' whilst also taking advantage of the preferred eastern orientation toward the beach and northern orientation toward the Village Park.		
		S2.2	Storage areas associated with the surf life saving function of the facility are to be located in a manner that allows for ease of access to the preferred beach access point, whilst ensuring general public pedestrian access to the beach is not compromised.		
		S2.3	All servicing and 'back of house' areas associated with the facility are to be adequately screened by the built form and /or dense landscaping to ensure limited visibility from the adjacent Village Park system.		
03	Development over Precinct 15 is to primarily address the main 'Boulevard Street' adjacent to the southern boundary of the site, whilst also respecting the western interface with the Public Access Domain (Mall) and northern interface units that build a part.	S3.1	The main pedestrian access to the development is accessed from the main 'Boulevard Street' with a secondary recognisable pedestrian entry provided to the western facade to promote wayfinding from the adjacent Public Access Domain (Mall).		
	interface with the Village Park.	S3.2	A minimum 50% of the length of the southern boundary and 30% of the western boundary is occupied by built form.		
		S3.3	Openings are to be provided to the northern facade of the facility to		

- 72 -
| Specific Outcome | | Probable Solution | | |
|------------------|---|-------------------|---|--|
| | | | enable spill out activities to occur within the adjacent Village Park. | |
| 04 | Development within Precinct 14 is to be primarily
comprised of landscaping and street furniture
embellishments that reflect a contemporary coastal centre
and contribute to the creation of a focal tourist node
central to the Detailed Planning Area. | S4.1 | The Public Access Domain (Mall) is to be developed generally in accordance with the design principles reflected on Map 38 (Village Park East & Community Facilities – Design Principles) of this document. | |
| Car F | Parking & Access (On-Site) | | | |
| O5 | Access to the Child Care Centre is to have regard to the protection of adjoining residential amenity and the hierarchy of the surrounding road network. | S5.1 | Access to the Child Care Centre is to ensure separation of access from
adjoining residential development and if located in Site Development
Plan Precinct 13 is to be provided generally in accordance with the
location identified on Map 7 (Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway
Location Plan). | |
| 06 | Car parking and vehicle access to Community Facilities is
rationalised where possible to protect the pedestrian
environment. | S6.1 | Access to on-site car parking areas for Precincts 15 & 16 is in accordance with the Access point indicated on Map 7 (Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway Location Plan) of this document. | |
| | | S6.2 | Opportunities to co-locate parking and vehicular access between the community facilities provided over Precincts 15 and 16 and the adjacent Village Park is encouraged to enable a reduction in the amount of hardstand surface area and limit the number of crossovers from the main 'Boulevard Street'. | |
| | | S6.3 | On-site car parking and servicing areas are effectively visually screened from the Village Park by appropriate landscaping. | |
| | | S6.4 | No direct vehicular access is permitted to Precinct 14, other than as required by Council (or the Master Developer) for maintenance purposes. | |

5.6 Urban Design Performance Criteria specific to Land Use Area 5 – Public Access Club Facility

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution		
Building Address, Building Setbacks and Active Frontages					
01	Development in Land Use Area 5 is to be sited such that it forms a nexus with the adjacent Public Access Domain (Mall) (Precinct 14) and Village Park system, whilst preserving the key sightline between the two principal areas of open space.		Development is to be setback a minimum 3 metres from all street frontage. Built form is to be located in the southern portion of the site providing activation and visual surveillance of the Village Park System, Public Access Domain Mall and primary street frontage		
Car P	arking & Access (On-Site)				
02	Car parking and vehicle access is to be located with adequate separation from proximate intersections to prevent conflicts with the local street network.		Access to on-site car parking areas is in accordance with the Access point indicated on Map 7 (Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway Location Plan) of this document. On-site car parking and servicing areas that are provided at-grade are to be located such that they are not visually prominent from the Village Park or Public Access Domain (Mall).		
03	Parking areas must not be visually prominent external to the site.	S3.1	Adequate landscape screening is to be provided to all vehicle parking and manoeuvring areas to limit their visibility from the surrounding parklands, streetscape and adjacent residential neighbourhoods.		

6.0 SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN REQUIREMENTS

6.1 Requirements for Site Development Plan

- 6.1.1 Following approval of this Detailed Planning Area Plan, a subsequent Site Development Plan(s) will be required for each of the Site Development Plan Precincts 1 17 identified on Map 4 (Site Development Plan (SDP) Precincts) of this document, delivered in accordance with the Master Planned Community Development Process of DCP 1;
- 6.1.2 Each Site Development Plan shall contain a statement of compliance demonstrating that the proposed development complies with the Development Criteria and Urban Design Performance Criteria outlined in Sections 4 and 5 of this document (as applicable).

Provision can be made for a Supplementary Table of Development Assessment within the Site Development Plan to nominate land uses and development works (e.g. operational works [including civil works, landscaping works, electrical reticulation and advertising devices etc.]) as being self-assessable, when accompanied by design detail that demonstrates a high level of accordance with this Detailed Planning Area Plan.

Alternatively, provision can be made for the Supplementary Table of Development Assessment to nominate land uses and development works over Precincts 9 - 12 as being subject to subsequent development applications for Material Change of Use and Operational Works, where a reduced level of design detail is contained within the Site Development Plan.

6.1.3 A Site Development Plan may apply over multiple precincts.

7.0 MAPS AND TABLES

This Detailed Planning Area Plan comprises the following:

<u>Maps</u>

- Map 1 Locality Plan
- Map 2 Land Subject of Master Plan
- Map 3 Land Use Areas
- Map 4 Site Development Plan (SDP) Precincts
- Map 5 Pedestrian and Cycle Movement Plan
- Map 6 Open Space Plan
- Map 7 Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway Location Plan
- Map 8 Community Facilities Sites Location
- Map 9A Urban Infrastructure Network: Water
- Map 9B Urban Infrastructure Network: Sewer
- Map 9C Urban Infrastructure Network: Stormwater
- Map 9D Urban Infrastructure Network: Electrical
- Map 10 Public Transport Network
- Map 11 Active Frontages
- Map 12 Building Heights Plan
- Map 13A Precincts 5-8 Frontage Controls
- Map 13B Precincts 8-10 Frontage Controls
- Map 13C Precincts 5-10 Height Controls
- Map 13D Precincts 5-10 Boundary Setback Controls
- Map 13E Precincts 11 and 12 Setbacks
- Map 14 Proposed Car Parking Provision
- Map 15 Main Access Street Cross Section
- Map 16 Trunk Collector Transition Cross Section
- Map 17 Boulevard Street Cross Section 01
- Map 18 Boulevard Street Cross Section 02
- Map 19 Trunk Collector (with car parks) Cross Section 01
- Map 20 Trunk Collector (with median) Cross Section 02
- Map 21 Residential Access Street (17m) Cross Section 01
- Map 22 Beach Frontage (Boulevard Parking)

Map 23 – Residential Access Street Cross Section 02 Map 24 - Residential Laneway Cross Section Map 25 - Trunk Collector (with car parks) Cross Section 03 Map 26 - Village Park 01 (Access Street Interface) Cross Section Map 27 – Linear Park 01 (Acoustic Buffer) Map 28 - Linear Park 02 (Nicklin Way and Lake) Cross Section Map 29 – Entrance Lake (Trunk Collector Interface) Cross Section Map 30 - Linear Park 03 (Wurley Drive) Cross Section Map 31 - Linear Park 04 (Beach Drive) Cross Section Map 32 - Village Park 02 (Residential Lot Interface) Cross Section Map 33 - Wetland 01 (Buffer Transition to Access Street) Cross Section Map 34 - Wetland 02 (Buffer Transition to Village Park) Cross Section Map 35 - Surf Life Saving Club (Coastal Path Interface) Cross Section Map 36 - Village Park 03 (Public Access Domain Mall Interface) Cross Section Map 37 - Village Park & Community Facilities Cross Section Map 38 - Village Park East & Community Facilities - Design Principles Map 39 - Village Park West - Design Principles Map 40 – Materials Palette – Streetscape and Village Park Map 41 – Planting Palette

Tables

- Table 1 (Table of Development)
- Table 2 (Minor Storm Event Criteria)
- Table 3 (Residential Car Parking Rates)
- Table 4 (Residential Cycle Parking Rates)
- Table 5 (Non-Residential car Parking Rates)
- Table 6 (Noise Impact Assessment Criteria)

8.0 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

8.1 DCP-1 Requirements

The Detailed Planning Area Plan must comply with:

- (a) the Structure Plan Maps;
- (b) approval of the Structure Plan;
- (c) the Planning Scheme including DCP1;
- (d) the Development Agreement;
- (e) Development Lease No. 2; and
- (f) The Transport Infrastructure Agreement 1996.

8.2 The Structure Plan

The Detailed Planning Area Plan complies with the Structure Plan Maps.

8.3 Master Plan Determination No. 1 (Approval of Structure Plan) 1999

The Detailed Planning Area Plan complies with the approved Structure Plan in that:

- 8.3.1 it is consistent with the intent of the Focal Tourist Node as specified in Section 10.3 (Intent of Focal Tourist Node) of the Structure Plan Development Criteria;
- 8.3.2 it complies with the relevant structure of the Focal Tourist Node as specified in section 10.4 (Structure of the Focal Tourist Node) of the Structure Plan Development Criteria as it applies to that part of DPA2; and
- 8.3.3 it does not contain a development other than a public purpose or public utility provided for in Section 10.4, Structure of the Focal Tourist Node of the Structure Plan Development Criteria.

8.4 The Planning Scheme Including DCP 1

The Detailed Planning Area Plan complies with the Planning Scheme requirements including DCP1 in that:

- 8.4.1 It complies with the provisions of Section 7.4.3 of DCP1; and
- 8.4.2 It complies with the intent of section 4.10.2 (c) of DCP1.

8.5 Development Agreement

The Detailed Planning Area Plan complies with the requirements of the Development Agreement in that it complies with the provisions of Section 6 of the Development Agreement.

8.6 Development Lease No. 2

The Detailed Planning Area Plan complies with the requirements of Development Lease No 2 in that:

- 8.6.1 No part of this Detailed Planning Area Plan is in conflict with any condition or requirement of Development Lease No 2; and
- 8.6.2 The Development Agreement recognises that the leasehold land held under Development Lease No 2 is subject to the Master Plan Process as set out in sections 7.3.2 and 7.4 of DCP1.

8.7 Transport Infrastructure Agreement - 1996

The Detailed Planning Area Plan complies with the requirements of the Transport Infrastructure Agreement in that no part of the Detailed Planning Area Plan is in conflict with any condition or requirement of the Transport Infrastructure Agreement.

8.8 Interpretation Rules

- 8.8.1 Terms used in this Detailed Planning Area Plan have the meaning given in Part 9 (Meaning of Words and Interpretation) of the Planning Scheme unless otherwise defined in this Detailed Planning Area Plan or DCP1;
- 8.8.2 Interpretation of words or terms used in this Detailed Planning Area Plan are to be interpreted in accordance with Part 9 (Meaning of Words and Interpretation)of the Planning Scheme unless the context otherwise indicates or requires;
- 8.8.3 The following are defined within the Planning Scheme, however are varied as follows for use within Detailed Planning Area 2:

(a) "Storey" means a vertical dimension within a building which is situated between one floor and the floor level next above it, or if there is no floor above it, the ceiling or roof. Where such a dimension exceeds 3 metres, it comprises 2 storeys, unless incorporated into the design of a three (3) storey Dwelling House or Terrace House (where permitted by a subsequent Site Development Plan) for the purpose of avoiding a flat roofline.

The term includes a space for the storage of goods or for the accommodation of vehicles.

- (b) "Gross Floor Area" means the sum of floor areas (inclusive of all walls, columns and balconies, whether roofed or not) of all storeys of every building located on site, excluding the area (if any) used for:
 - (a) building services;
 - (b) a ground floor public lobby;
 - (c) a common lift foyer serving more than one tenancy;
 - (d) a public mall in a Shopping Centre;
 - (e) all areas associated with the parking, loading and manoeuvring of motor vehicles;
 - (f) unenclosed publically accessible walkway(s) not greater than 2.5 metres wide which function as a secondary access at the rear of a building and located at ground level;
 - (g) end of trip facilities for cyclists;
 - (h) areas at or below existing natural ground level, or below a constructed roof level not greater than one metre above existing natural ground level;
 - (i) unenclosed balconies and/or decks;
 - unenclosed areas not greater than 5.0 metres in width adjacent to an identified primary active frontage located at ground level;
 - (k) unenclosed areas not greater than 2.5 metres in width over which the building extends and/or is cantilevered at ground level; or
 - (I) toilets.
- (c) "Semi-detached Terrace House Lot" refers to those terrace house lots that are located at the end of a row of terraces, serving to provide a break in the continuous built form by way of a setback to one side boundary.
- 8.8.4 "Dual-Key Unit" means a dwelling unit that is comprised of two (2) separately keyed areas that are accessed via a common entry foyer. Only one (1) of these areas is to be self-contained (i.e.

containing food preparation/cooking facilities, washer, dryer and/or laundry). The non-self-contained area has the appearance and function of a bedroom and is limited to 35m² in area (excluding balcony areas and common foyer areas) such that it is not able to be fitted with individual food preparation/cooking facilities, washer, dryer and/or laundry.

Dual-key unit configurations are to be included on a single title and are not permitted to be subdivided by way of building format plan. Where dual-key units comprise more than 20% of the total number of units, one (1) additional car park is provided on-site for each dual-key unit over 20%.

Any dwelling unit configuration presenting as two (2) individual self-contained unit is regarded as being two (2) individual dwelling units for the purpose of Table 1 of this document. A multiple dwelling containing dual-key units is not to be used for short-term accommodation and is not to have a common laundry facility.

8.9 Use Definitions

- 8.9.1 'Planning Scheme' means the Planning Scheme of the City of Caloundra gazetted on 2 August 1996.
- 8.9.2 The following are not defined within the Planning Scheme or Structure Plan and, as such, the following definitions are:
 - (a) "Public Access Club Facility" means a premises, being privately or publicly operated, which services the community with facilities such as a licensed bar, restaurant and/or café, and may also contain ancillary or supporting services such as a community hall, meeting rooms, child care and community office space. Likely operators or user groups may include sporting and recreation clubs, service and social clubs and organizations and/or cultural or interest groups;

8.10 Supporting Information

As required under Annexure 1 of the Structure Plan Approval, the following Supporting Information is attached to this document to assist in its determination:

(a) Local Area Traffic Network Study;

- (b) Acid Sulfate Soils Assessment;
- (c) Acoustic Study;
- (d) Water & Sewer Network Analysis;
- (e) Stormwater Management Plan; and
- (f) Urban Stormwater Quality Management Plan.



an 1 Locality Plan

DPA 2 Boundary

Legend



an 9 Land Subject of Master Plan

Legend



an 🤉 I and I lea Arage



an & Sita Navalanment Plan (SNP) Precincte

```
0 20 60 100 (
```



an 5 Padaetrian and Ovela Movement Plan





an & Onen Shace Plan



an 7 Vahiela Movament Natwork & Drivoway Location Plan



an & Community Facilities Sites - Location



an QA I Irhan Infractructura Natwork: Watar





an OC. I Irhan Infractructura Natwork: Stormwatar



an OD Lichan Infractructure Network: Electrical

ø



an 10 Public Transport Natwork



an 11 Activo Erontanos



an 19 Ruilding Heighte Plan



an 134 Provincte 5-R - Frontaria Controle



an 138 Precincte 8-10 - Frontage Controle

Sunshine Coast Regional Council



an 13C Precincte 5-10 - Height Controle



an 120 Provincte 5-10 - Roundary Sathark Controle

Sunshine Coast Regional Council



an 12F Provincte 11 and 10 - Sathacke



an 14 Pronceed Car Parking Provision

Legend





an 15 Main Annaee Streat Ornee Section





an 16 Trunk Collector Transition Crose Section





an 17 Roulevard Street Croce Section 01





an 18 Roulevard Street Cross Section 02





an 10 Trunk Collector (with car narke) Ornee Section 01




an 20 Trunk Collector (with median) Crose Section 02





an 21 Recidential Annaec Streat (17m) Croce Section 01





an 99 Reach Frontacia (Roulevard Parking)

0 <u>1 2</u> 3 4m





an 22 Residential Annaes Street Ornes Section 02





an 94 Residential Language Cross Section





an 25 Trunk Collector (with car narke) Croce Section 03





an 96 Villana Park 01 /Access Street Interface) Cross Section





an 97 Linear Park 01 (Acquetic Ruffer)





an 98 Linear Park 02 (Nicklin Way and Lake) Crose Section





an 20 Entrance Lake (Trunk Collector Interface) Ornee Section





an 20 Linear Park 03 (Murley Drive) Croce Section







an 21 Linear Park M (Reach Drive) Cross Section





an 29 Villana Park 02 (Recidential Lat Interface) Ornee Section





an 22 Watland 01 (Ruffer Transition to Access Street) Ornes Section





25 FEBRUARY 2016

an 34 Watland 0.2 (Ruffer Transition to Village Park) Ornee Section

0 <u>1 2</u> 3 4m





25 FEBRUARY 2016

an 35 Surf Life Saving Club (Created Path Interface) Creat Section





an 36 Villana Park 03 (Public Access Domain Mall Interface) Cross Section



an 27 Village Park & Community Facilities Ornes Section







an 28 Villago Park Fact & Community Facilities - Decign Principles

0 10 30 50m



maillou ion		
KEY DESIGN ELEMENTS		NOTES / DESIGN PRINCIPLES
1	Balance Pond	Open water body with a combination of rocky landscaped and water front promenade edge treatments.
2	Passive Parkland	Flexible open lewn area for genesal use.
-	Primary Pedastrian Route	Direct routes of travel between lecilities
	Secondary Pedestrian Route	Meandering and indirect routes of travel
	Concrete Revetment Wall to Lake	
	Boulder Edge to Lake	
	Passive Recreation	Informal space with some facilities and/or scating opportunities
و غندها	Lake / Water Feature	Water collection by WSUD principles
	Treatment Bioretention Area	Water treatment provided by WSUD principles
	Proposed Jstity	
۲	Shade Tree Provision	Wide canopy trees with marker trees included for way finding
≻====≾	Indicative Underpass outside of DPA 2	Connecting paths to align to underpase. Clear open entry space to allow surveillance at underpass opening.
	Extent of Village Park	West Works





an 20 Villana Park Waet - Daeinn Principlae

```
0 10 30 50m
```

PAVEMENTS







Feature pavement texture: sand colour with beach themed wave texture

Shared zone pavement texture: Walls: smooth concrete and contrasting sand coloured set pavers to indicate sandstone coloured rock pedestrian crossing

FURNITURE

Picnic tables: modern light coloured form concrete picnic settings



Seating nodes: timber platforms in Flexible seating: modern seating nodal formation for sitting and laying on with flexible sitting arrangements in concrete and/or timber



Mall pavements: combination of unit pavers and insitu concrete



Landings and entries: grey and coloured concrete. Fittings: stainless steel railings and handrails.



Wall seating: integrated seating opportunities into retaining walls and planter boxes



Plinth seats: concrete insitu plinth seats in shaded locations



Tree grates: Powdercoated steel with patterned perforations





Waters edge: concrete revetment walls with some terracing to allow access to waters edge textures.

Pedestrian pavements: contrasting coloured concrete with some subtle

Arrival node: exposed aggregate plaza with contrasting concrete and timber shaded seating



Amenity: Public amenities in high quality stainless steel and timber



Shelter & facilities: Modern timber and steel picnic shelters that suit the beach themed surroundings. Shelters to let in filtered light, yet provide adequate shade. These areas to include BBQs and picnic seating.

an 40 Matariale Palatta - Straaterana and Villana Park

PARKS AND OPEN SPACE

BOTANICAL WARE	codestions:
Trees	
Areucaria haterophylia	Norfolk Island Pine
Beakhousia olisiodora	Lemon Myrtie
Bankala intergrifolla	Goestal Banksia
Brackychiton acerillolius	Illavena Flame tree
Gallatamon vinuinalia	Weeping Bottleorush
Gerymbia oilríodara	Lemon-scented Gum
Cupaniopsis anacardoides	Tuckerao
Eucelyptus 'Summer Red'	Summer Red Flowering Gum
Electrosyste obavelus	Hard Quandeng
Ficue microcarpa var. hilli	Hill's Weeping Fig
Findersia australis	
Laphostamon confortus	Queensland Brushbox
Rancha fitzalardi	Native gardenia
Syzygium australe	Brush Oherry
Waterhousea Iloribunda	Weeping Lilypily
Xanthostemon ohysanthus	Golden Penda
Shrubs	
Austromydus dulois	Midgan Berry
Galisterson peohyphyllus	Wallum Bottlebrush
Cuphea Ayesopifolia	Mexican Heather
Cordyline australis	
Pittasporum revolutum	
Pimelea inifolia	Stender Rice Flower
Syaygium 'Bush Christmaa'	Lilypilly 'Bush Christmas'
Syaygium australa 'Tiny Trav'	Litypilly 'Tiny Trev'
Wastringia instaasa	Coastal Rosemany
Grasses and Groundcovers	
Санок адрязова	Tall Sedge Grass
Dianella caasulea 'Breezer'	Breaza Riax Lily
Grevillaa 'Royal Marthe'	Royal Manite Grevilles
Lixlope muscari "Evergreen Gient"	Turf Lily
Lomandra hyetrix	Mat-Rush
Lomandra iongilolia	Spiny-Headead Mat-Rush
Pennisetum etopecumides (starile veriety)	Fountain grass
Poa labitentieri	
Climbers, Cycade, Succulenta, Bromellada	
Aspteréum australaeicum	Birds nest fem
Bougainvillaa sp.	Bougainvillea
Doryanihas akcelsa	Gymea Lly
Hardenbergle violacea	Purple Coraipea

WETLAND AND DRAINAGE AREAS

Contra de la Sectiona	CORRECT SIZE
Trees and pairns	
Aliocasuarina littovalis	Bisck She Oak
Acronychia imperiorata	Beach Actonychia
Benksia integritolia	Goastal Banksia
Livistona australis	Cabbage Paim
Leptaspernum polygalitolium	Australian Teatree
Meleleuca quinquenensia	Paperbark
Pandarius pedunculatus	Coastal Screw Pina
Shruba	
Austromynius dulois	Midgen Berry
Banksia nobur	Swamp Banksia
Banimia apinuloas	Banksia
Callisteman pechyphyllus	Waltum Bottlebrush
Leptospernum petersonii	Teatree
Syzygium 'Bush Christmas'	Lilypilly 'Bush Christmas'
Westringle Indicosa	Coastal Rosemary
Grasses and Groundcovers	
Санэк аррныша	Tall Socige Grass
Crinum pedunculatum	Swamp Lity/River Lity
Lomendra longifelia	Spiny-Headed Mat-Rush
Myoporum boninense subsp. australs	Coastal Myoporum
Climbers, Cycads, Succulents, Bromeliada	
Carpobrolus glaucescens (duns areas only)	Pig Face
Cesuarina glauca	
Daryanihas excelsa	Giant Lly, Gymca Lly
Hibbertia scandens	Golden Guinea Vina
Ficinia nodosa	Knobby club-rush
Impensia cylindrica	Blady Grass
Lornandra hystrix	Croek Mat-Rush
Juncus krausil	Salt Marsh Rush

STREETSCAPES BUTH ICLE ME CURIONC MARKINE Trees Broad-Isaved Lilly Pilly Acmona herollampra Agathis robusta Kauri Pine Bauhinia veriegeta Orchid Tree Buckinghamia celsissima Ivery Curl Tree White Oak Grevilles balleyand Haspulla pendula Tuilpwood Hibleoue tillaceue Cottonwood Lophostemon confertus Brush Box Melalecula Isucedenshe Weeping Paperbark Tristanioosis laurina Water Gum Shrubs Acacía sp. Watte Austromytus dulcis Weeping Beauty Bankala sp. Banksia Callistemon sp. Bottlebrush Cordyline sp. Palm Lily Grevillea sp. Grevilea Melalauca 'Claret Tops' **Claret Tops Paperbark** Lilly Pilly Syzygium ap. Westringia Indicosa Coastal Rosemary Grasses, Sedges and Groundcovers Carex sp. Sedge Yellow Buttons Chryscosphsium spiculatum Dianella caerules 'Braeze' Flax Lly Distas sp. lris Juncus krausił Sea Rush Lomandra hystrix Mat-Rush Lomandra longifolia Spiny-Headed Mat-Rush Myoparum sp. Creeping Myoporum Trachelospermum sp. Star Jasmine

an 41 Planting Palatta