Development Agreement, Development Control Plan 1
Kawana Waters and Section 316
(Development Control Plans)
of the Planning Act 2016

# MASTER PLAN NO. 91 (DETAILED PLANNING AREA PLAN – DETAILED PLANNING AREA 11 – BIRTINYA ISLAND) 2015

**Approved by Sunshine Coast Council pursuant to** 

Master Plan Determination No. 182 (Approval of Detailed Planning Area Plan – Detailed Planning Area 11 – Birtinya Island) 2015 Dated 23 / 07 / 2015

Amended pursuant to:-

Master Plan Determination No. 191 dated 12/10/2016 Master Plan Determination No. 197 dated 8/12/2016 Master Plan Determination No. 232 dated 14/11/2018 Master Plan Determination No. 262 dated 15/07/2020

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### 1.0 ADMINISTRATION

# 1.1 Preliminary

#### 1.1.1 Citation

1.1.1.1 This document may be cited as Master Plan No. 91 (Detailed Planning Area Plan – Detailed Planning Area 11 – Birtinya Island) 2015.

### 1.1.2 Type of Master Plan

1.1.2.1 This document is a Detailed Planning Area Plan.

### 1.1.3 Legal Requirement for Master Plan

1.1.3.1 A Detailed Planning Area Plan is required to be prepared for the area defined as Detailed Planning Area 11 (DPA 11) shown on DCP 1 - Map 3, pursuant to section 7.4.3.1 of DCP 1.

### 1.1.4 Legal Effect of the Master Plan

- 1.1.4.1 The Detailed Planning Area Plan comprises:
  - (a) This document which outlines the general nature, form, extent and location of Development for the whole of the area defined as DPA 11; and
  - (b) Maps 1 21B which show in more detail the elements identified as required by section 7.4.3.2 of DCP 1.

### 1.2 Location and Description

- 1.2.1 The land the subject of this Detailed Planning Area Plan is bound by Birtinya Canal to the north, existing Stages 1 & 2 of Birtinya to the south, the Public Recreation Lake, Detailed Planning Area Plan 15 and existing Stages 1 & 2 of Birtinya to the east, and the western waterway to the west.
- 1.2.2 The land the subject of this Master Plan is described as part of Lot 1000 SP284333 in the Parish of Bribie, being leasehold land within Development Lease No. 2.
- 1.2.3 Map 1 (Locality Plan) shows the land the subject of this Master Plan, relative to its surrounds as described above, while Map 2 (Land Subject of Master Plan) shows the extent of the area covered by this application.
- 1.2.4 The land the subject of this Detailed Planning Area Plan has an area of approximately 32 hectares.

### 1.3 Zoning Map Description

1.3.1 The land the subject of this Detailed Planning Area Plan is zoned Special Development under the Caloundra City Planning Scheme 1996.

# 1.4 Strategic Plan Description

1.4.1 The land the subject of this Detailed Planning Area Plan is identified in the Strategic Plan of the Caloundra City Planning Scheme 1996 as having a preferred dominant land use of Urban.

### 1.5 DCP Description

1.5.1 The land the subject of this Detailed Planning Area Plan is identified in DCP 1 as having a preferred land use as described in Section 4.10.2 (I) and forms the whole of Detailed Planning Area 11 (DPA 11).

### 1.6 Relationship to Higher Order Master Plans

1.6.1 The land the subject of this Detailed Planning Area Plan is subject to the Structure Plan and as such is:

- (a) identified on Structure Plan Map 1 as being Detailed Planning Area 11 with a Special Development Zoning, and is subject to the Development Criteria and conditions defined in the Structure Plan;
- (b) subject to Structure Plan Map 2 which shows the area having an Open Space network comprising a Village Park, three (3) Neighbourhood Parks, a Precinct Park, a Branch Library / Cultural Centre / Child Care Centre, and a Pedestrian/Cycle Network;
- (c) subject to Structure Plan Map 3 which shows the area as being the whole of Detailed Planning Area 11;
- (d) subject to Structure Plan Map 4 which shows the area as having a Village/Neighbourhood Relationship;
- (e) subject to Structure Plan Map 5 which shows indicatively the service infrastructure for sewerage; and
- (f) subject to Structure Plan Map 6 which shows indicatively the service infrastructure for water supply.

### 1.7 Relationship to Other Master Plans

- 1.7.1 Following approval of this Detailed Planning Area Plan, subsequent application(s) will be made under the Master Planned Community Development Process in accordance with Section 7 of DCP 1 for a Site Development Plan over the nominated Precincts (Precincts 1 20) as shown on Map 4 (Site Development Plan Precincts) of this document.
- 1.7.2 The defined uses for the various Land Use Areas are shown in Table 1 of this document. Land use rights will be created by the Supplementary Table of Development that will form part of the subsequent Site Development Plan prepared for each Precinct requiring a Site Development Plan.

### 1.8 Relationship to DCP

1.8.1 The land the subject of this Detailed Planning Area Plan is subject to DCP 1 and as such is identified on DCP 1, Map 1 as being Detailed Planning Area 11.

- 1.8.2 DCP 1, Map 2 identifies the subject area as containing an Open Space Network comprising a Village Park, three (3) Neighbourhood Parks, a Precinct Park and a Circulation Network.
- 1.8.3 DCP 1, Map 4 identifies the subject area as being part of Precinct 3 where the maximum population shall not exceed 9025 persons.

### 1.9 Relationship to Planning Scheme Provisions

- 1.9.1 The land the subject of the Detailed Planning Area Plan is subject to:
  - (a) Zoning Map No. 65 & 66 which identifies the land as being included in the Special Development zone;
  - (b) the Table of Development in Section 2.7 (2) (Special Development Zone) of the Planning Scheme which lists the purposes for which premises in the Special Development Zone may be used in accordance with a Supplementary Table of Development prepared in accordance with DCP 1; and
  - (c) Part 6 of the Planning Scheme which contains provisions relating to the reconfiguring of lots in the Special Development Zone.

### 2.0 STRUCTURE OF MASTER PLAN

### 2.1 Structure of Detailed Planning Area Plan

This Detailed Planning Area Plan comprises:

- 2.1.1 Land Use Areas which are specified in Section 3 (Land Use Areas) of this document;
- 2.1.2 Development Criteria which are specified in Section 4 (Development Criteria) of this document;
- 2.1.3 Urban Design Performance Criteria which are specified in Section 5 (Urban Design Performance Criteria) of this document;

- 2.1.4 Site Development Plan Requirements which are specified in Section 6 (Site Development Plan Requirements) of this document;
- 2.1.5 Maps which are specified in Section 7 (Maps and Tables) of this document.

### 3.0 LAND USE AREAS

#### 3.1 General

3.1.1 Detailed Planning Area 11 is broken in to five (5) broad Land Use Areas as depicted on Map 3 (Land Use Areas) of this document. The intent of these Land Use Areas is as follows:

#### 3.2 Land Use Area 1 – Residential A

- 3.2.1 A range of detached housing and terrace housing is to be provided throughout Land Use Area 1 Residential A, delivering a variety of lot sizes and providing for a transition in building height and density from the existing residential areas developed pursuant to Master Plan 40 and the higher density development areas within Land Use Areas 2 and 3 of the Detailed Planning Area.
- 3.2.2 The mix of lot sizes and frontages provide for a diverse streetscape and facilitates a road network that can readily accommodate all necessary infrastructure and landscaping without impacting on the functionality of the vehicle and pedestrian network.
- 3.2.3 Built form within Land Use Area 1 will be limited to a maximum of 3 storeys in height.

### 3.3 Land Use Area 2 - Residential B

3.3.1 This Land Use Area is to provide the opportunity for a range of medium to high density residential developments in a variety of configurations within the northern portion of the Detailed Planning Area. Built form is to provide a

gradation in development intensity between the low density residential development to the south and east and the higher intensity forms of development in Detailed Planning Areas 12 and 13 to the west and north.

3.3.2 Built form within Land Use Area 2 will be limited to 8 storeys in height.

#### 3.4 Land Use Area 3 - Commercial & Mixed Use

- 3.4.1 This Land Use Area is to provide opportunities for retail, commercial and residential uses up to 8 storeys in height that create a nexus with the adjacent commercial opportunities provided in Detailed Planning Area 13, facilitated by with the Lake Kawana Pedestrian Access Bridge.
- 3.4.2 Where appropriate, buildings within this Land Use Area are located and configured to address the Village Park in Land Use Area 5, Central Boulevard and the northern section of the Central Spine.
- 3.4.3 Buildings north of Lake Kawana Boulevard identified on Map 13 (Active Frontage Plan) as having a Primary Active Frontage are activated at ground level through the establishment of a range of small scale retail, café and restaurant uses that create visual interest and opportunities for casual surveillance.
- 3.4.4 Buildings north of Lake Kawana Boulevard identified on Map 13 (Active Frontage Plan) as having a Secondary Active Frontage are to interact with the streetscape at ground level through the use of foyers that interface with the public domain.
- 3.4.5 A Child Care centre is to be provided in Land Use Area 4 in accordance with the requirements of the Kawana Waters Community Development Strategy and the Kawana Waters Development Agreement.

### 3.5 Land Use Area 4 – Community

3.5.1 Provision is made for a Branch Library / Cultural centre within this Land Use Area in accordance with the requirements of the Kawana Waters Community Development Strategy and the Kawana Waters Development Agreement. The location of the required 7,000m<sup>2</sup> site is shown on Map 8 (Community Facilities Site) of this document.

# 3.6 Land Use Area 5 - Open Space

- 3.6.1 Open Space areas are provided throughout the Detailed Planning Area, as nominated on Map 3 (Land Use Areas) of this document.
- 3.6.2 The Open Space Land Use Area comprises a Village Park, three (3) Neighbourhood Parks, a Precinct Park, a Walkable Waterfront and a series of finger parks / link parks that predominantly provide pedestrian access to the walkable waterfront.

# 4.0 **DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA**

# 4.1 Specific Development Criteria

4.1.1 Development within the Site Development Plan Precincts, as spatially defined by Map 4 (Site Development Plan Precincts) of this document, is to comply with the development criteria contained in Table 1:

Table 1 – Table of Development

Site Development Plan Precinct	Defined Land Uses	Maximum Building Height	Yield
SDP Precinct 1	Residential Uses Limited to:  Bed & Breakfast – Homestay  Caretakers Residence  Display Home  Duplex Dwelling  Dwelling House  Home Occupation  Temporary House and Land Sales Office  Terrace Housing	Maximum Height 3 storeys	Maximum Dwelling Units – 156

Site Development Plan Precinct	Defined Land Uses	Maximum Building Height	Yield
SDP Precinct 2	Residential Uses Limited to:  Bed & Breakfast – Homestay  Caretakers Residence  Display Home  Duplex Dwelling  Dwelling House  Home Occupation  Temporary House and Land Sales Office  Terrace Housing	Maximum Height 3 storeys	Maximum Dwelling Units – 56
SDP Precinct 3	Residential Uses Limited to:  Bed & Breakfast – Homestay  Caretakers Residence  Display Home  Duplex Dwelling  Dwelling House  Home Occupation  Temporary House and Land Sales Office  Terrace Housing	Maximum Height 3 storeys	Maximum Dwelling Units – 65
SDP Precinct 4	Residential Uses Limited to:  Bed & Breakfast – Homestay  Caretakers Residence  Display Home  Duplex Dwelling  Dwelling House  Home Occupation  Temporary House and Land Sales Office  Terrace Housing	Maximum Height 3 storeys	Maximum Dwelling Units - 48
SDP Precinct 5	Residential Uses Limited to:  Accommodation Building  Aged Persons Accommodation  Caretakers Residence  Display Home (where located in a multiple dwelling)	Maximum Height 8 storeys	Maximum Dwelling Units – 55*

Site Development Plan Precinct	Defined Land Uses	Maximum Building Height	Yield
	<ul> <li>Home Occupation</li> <li>Motel</li> <li>Multiple Dwelling</li> <li>Retirement Community</li> <li>Temporary House and Land Sales Office</li> </ul>		
SDP Precinct 6**	Residential Uses Limited to:  Accommodation Building  Aged Persons Accommodation  Caretakers Residence  Display Home (where located in a multiple dwelling)  Home Occupation  Motel  Multiple Dwelling  Retirement Community  Temporary House and Land Sales Office	Maximum Height 8 storeys	<ul> <li>Maximum Dwelling Units – 80*</li> <li>Minimum Dwelling Units – 45*</li> </ul>
SDP Precinct 7	Residential Uses Limited to:  Accommodation Building  Aged Persons Accommodation  Caretakers Residence  Display Home (where located in a multiple dwelling)  Home Occupation  Motel  Multiple Dwelling  Retirement Community  Temporary House and Land Sales Office	Maximum Height 8 storeys	■ Maximum Dwelling Units – 30*
SDP Precinct 8	Residential Uses Limited to:	Maximum Height 8 storeys	■ Maximum Dwelling Units – 35*

Site Development Plan Precinct	Defined Land Uses	Maximum Building Height	Yield
	<ul> <li>Multiple Dwelling</li> <li>Retirement Community</li> <li>Temporary House and Land Sales Office</li> </ul>		
SDP Precinct 9**	Residential Uses Limited to:  Accommodation Building Aged Persons Accommodation Caretakers Residence Display Home (where located in a multiple dwelling) Home Occupation Motel Multiple Dwelling Retirement Community Temporary House and Land Sales Office	Maximum Height 8 storeys	■ Maximum Dwelling Units – 80*
SDP Precinct 10**	Residential Uses Limited to:  Accommodation Building Aged Persons Accommodation Caretakers Residence Display Home (where located in a multiple dwelling) Home Occupation Motel Multiple Dwelling Retirement Community Temporary House and Land Sales Office	Maximum Height 8 storeys	■ Maximum Dwelling Units – 60*
SDP Precinct 11	Residential Uses Limited to:  Accommodation Building Aged Persons Accommodation Caretakers Residence Display Home (where located in a multiple dwelling) Home Occupation Motel Multiple Dwelling Retirement Community	Maximum Height 8 storeys	Maximum Dwelling Units – 86*

Site Development Plan Precinct	Defined Land Uses	Maximum Building Height	Yield
	<ul> <li>Temporary House and Land Sales Office</li> </ul>		

- \* Dwelling unit yield can be transferred between Precincts 5 11 provided:
  - a minimum number of 111 dwelling units is delivered across Precincts 5 & 6;
  - the number of units identified above for any given precinct is not exceeded by 20%;
  - the total number of dwelling units does not exceed 426 dwelling units for those seven precincts; and
  - a minimum number of 341 dwelling units is delivered across these seven precincts.
- \*\* Precincts 6, 9 & 10 may be developed as a single, consolidated site. In this circumstance, the minimum and maximum yields specified in Table 1 for Precincts 6, 9 & 10 are to be combined and applied across the consolidated site

SDP Precinct 12	Residential Uses Limited to:  Accommodation Building  Aged Persons Accommodation  Caretakers Residence  Display Home (where located in a multiple dwelling)  Home Occupation  Motel  Multiple Dwelling  Retirement Community	Maximum Height 8 storeys	■ Maximum Dwelling Units – 75**
SDP Precinct 13	Temporary House and Land Sales Office  Residential Uses Limited to: Accommodation Building Aged Persons Accommodation Caretakers Residence Display Home (where located in a multiple dwelling) Home Occupation	Maximum Height 8 storeys	■ Maximum Dwelling Units – 87**
SDP Precinct 14	Motel     Multiple Dwelling     Retirement Community     Temporary House and Land Sales Office  Residential Uses Limited to:	Maximum	<ul> <li>Maximum Dwelling Units – 88**</li> </ul>
ODI TIGUIIGE 14	Accommodation Building     Aged Persons Accommodation     Caretakers Residence	Height 8 storeys	- Maximum Dwelling Units - 00

Site Development Plan Precinct	Defined Land Uses	Maximum Building Height	Yield
	<ul> <li>Display Home (where located in a multiple dwelling)</li> <li>Home Occupation</li> <li>Motel</li> <li>Multiple Dwelling</li> <li>Retirement Community</li> <li>Temporary House and Land Sales Office</li> </ul>		
SDP Precinct 15	Residential Uses Limited to:  Accommodation Building  Aged Persons Accommodation  Caretakers Residence  Display Home (where located in a multiple dwelling)  Home Occupation  Motel  Multiple Dwelling  Retirement Community  Temporary House and Land Sales Office	Maximum Height 8 storeys	■ Maximum Dwelling Units – 106**
SDP Precinct 16 – 19	For Precincts 17 and 18, Commercial Uses limited to:  Commercial Premises  Cottage Crafts & Sales  Food Outlet (not involving a drive through facility)  Function Room  Health Care Premises  Hotel  Local Store  Nightclub  Restaurant  Shop  Veterinary Surgery  For Precincts 16 and 19, Commercial Uses located on ground level:  Cottage Crafts & Sales  Food Outlet (not involving a drive through facility)  Function Room	Maximum Height 8 storeys	Commercial Uses  (i) Total combined gross floor area of Shop and Local Store is not exceed 600m²  (ii) Total combined gross floor area of Commercial Premises, Cottage Crafts & Sales, Food Outlet (not involving a drive through facility), Function Room, Hotel, Nightclub, Restaurant and Veterinary Surgery is not to exceed 2,206m²  Note: These GFA figures incorporate the conversion of 6,833m² of Commercial Premises to 82 dwelling units and 4,761m² of Commercial Premises to 2,500m² of Public Purpose in accordance with Section 15.4(a)(ii)(A)(4) of the Kawana Waters Structure Plan (Council reference MPC17/0008.03).  (iii) Total combined gross floor area of Health Care Premises is not to exceed 200m²

Site Development Plan Precinct	Defined Land Uses	Maximum Building Height	Yield
	<ul> <li>Hotel</li> <li>Local Store</li> <li>Nightclub</li> <li>Restaurant</li> <li>Shop</li> <li>For Precincts 16 and 19 Community Uses Limited to:         <ul> <li>Indoor Entertainment (excluding Cinemas)</li> </ul> </li> <li>For Precincts 16 – 19 Community Uses Limited to:         <ul> <li>Child Care Centre</li> </ul> </li> <li>For Precincts 16 and 19, interim ground level Residential Uses</li> </ul>		Community Uses  (i) Total combined gross floor area of Indoor Entertainment (excluding cinemas) is not to exceed 200m²  (ii) Child Care Centre with a maximum 128 places  Residential Uses  SDP Precinct 16 – Maximum Dwelling Units – 77**  SDP Precinct 17 – Maximum Dwelling Units – 66**  SDP Precinct 19 – Maximum Dwelling Units – 77**  Note: These dwelling unit figures incorporate the conversion of 6,833m² of Commercial Premises to 82 dwelling units in accordance with Section 15.4(a)(ii)(A)(4) of the Kawana Waters Structure Plan (Council reference MPC17/0008.03).
	Iimited to:   Temporary House and Land Sales Office    For Precincts 16 and 19, Residential Uses located above ground level limited to:   Accommodation Building   Aged Persons Accommodation   Caretakers Residence   Display Home   Home Occupation   Motel		Compulsory Development Obligations  Precinct 18  Child Care Centre – sufficient area is allocated within the building/s and/or the proposed lot to comply with the requirements of the Development Agreement and Queensland Development Code MP 5.4 and satisfy the licensing requirements of Department of Education and Training.  Precinct 18 is identified as the preferred location for the Child Care Centre. However, if an equivalent centre is provided in
precincts, and a minimum number	<ul> <li>Multiple Dwelling</li> <li>Retirement Community</li> <li>rred between Precincts 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 &amp; 19 provided that the total of the following units is delivered across these seven precincts. The next seven precincts.</li> </ul>	umber of units ide	another precinct this requirement will be deemed to have been met.  Ing units does not exceed 607 dwelling units for those seven ntified above for any given precinct is not exceeded by 20%
SDP Precinct 20	Community Uses Limited to:  Car Park  Park  Public Purpose  Public Utility (excluding Telecommunications Facilities)	Maximum Height 8 storeys	Community Uses  Public Purpose (Community Facilities and ancillary uses) having a total gross floor area not exceeding 6,000m <sup>2</sup> Note: These GFA figures incorporate the conversion of 4,761m <sup>2</sup> of Commercial Premises to 2,500m <sup>2</sup> of Public Purpose in

Site Development Plan Precinct	Defined Land Uses	Maximum Building Height	Yield
			accordance with Section 15.4(a)(ii)(A)(4) of the Kawana Waters Structure Plan (Council reference MPC17/0008.03).
Birtinya Island Open Space	Community Uses Limited to: Park Public Purpose Public Utility (excluding Telecommunications Facilities)	Maximum Height 2 storeys	

### 4.2 General Development Criteria

The land the subject of this Detailed Planning Area Plan shall be developed in accordance with the following Development Criteria.

# 4.2.1 Flood Immunity

- 4.2.1.1 To facilitate the achievement of an appropriate level of flood immunity, taking into account current predictions for climate change impacts, the required minimum fill level for all proposed allotments is RL 3.12m AHD (which provides a 300mm freeboard above the modelled peak ARI 100 flood level in the Lake Kawana of RL 2.82m AHD).
- 4.2.1.2 Essential services infrastructure is located with due regard to flood risks associated with public safety, function and economic loss, and in accordance with the Queensland State Planning Policy.
- 4.2.1.3 If there are any future changes to the State Government's policy position on climate change impacts, any subsequent development proposal is to be in accordance with the adopted policy position relevant at the time.

#### 4.2.2 Acid Sulfate Soils

4.2.2.1 Prior to or in conjunction with an application for Operational Works for the street network and associated infrastructure and open space areas, potential acid sulfate soils and actual acid sulfate soils are to be assessed and verified in accordance with the Queensland State Planning Policy. A detailed acid sulfate soil management plan stating how works are to be managed to avoid the release of acid and associated metal contaminants into the environment is to be prepared and submitted to Council with the relevant Operational Works application.

# 4.2.3 Physical Urban Infrastructure

# **Movement Networks**

### 4.2.3.1 Street Network

The street network for the Detailed Planning Area is shown on Map 7 (Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway Location Plan) of this document. The configuration of the street hierarchy is to be as follows:

Street Type	Road Reserve Width	Carriage Width	Verge Width
Sub-Arterial Road Type 1	26.0m	17.0m	4.5m
Sub-Arterial Road Type 2	34.4m	25.4m	4.5m
Neighbourhood Collector Street (North-South Link)	25.0m	14.0m	6.75m & 4.25m
Neighbourhood Collector Street (East-West Link)	22.5m	14.0m	4.25m
Mixed Use Collector Street (Type 1)	29.6m (min.)	19.0m	4.5m
Mixed Use Collector Street (Type 2)	25.0m	14.0m	6.75m & 4.25m
Mixed Use Collector Street (Type 3)	20.5m	11.7m	4.5m & 4.25m
Mixed Use Access Street (Type 1)	19.5m	11.0m	4.25m
Mixed Use Access Street (Type 2)	30.0m	8.7m	16.5m & 4.25m
Residential Access Street (Type 1)	16.0m	7.5m	4.25m
Residential Access Street (Type 2)	14.0m	5.5m	4.25m
Residential Laneway	6.5m	5.5m	0.5m
Driveway	10.0m	5.3m	1.75m & 2.95m

4.2.3.1.1 The street network is designed and constructed in accordance with the Council's adopted Engineering standards.

### 4.2.3.2 Pedestrian Cycle Network

- 4.2.3.2.1 The Pedestrian and Cycle network for the Detailed Planning Area is provided in accordance with Map 5 (Pedestrian & Cycle Movement Plan) of this document.
- 4.2.3.2.2 The pedestrian and cycle network is designed and constructed in accordance with the Council's adopted Engineering standards and standard drawings, and the applicable standards with regard to Access for Persons with a Disability.
- 4.2.3.2.3 Legible access is provided to the walkable waterfront for persons with a disability using appropriate signage, pathway treatments and landscaping in accordance with AS1428 Design for Access and Mobility.
- 4.2.3.2.4 Pedestrian and cycle networks provided within the Detailed Planning Area are linked to the network within the adjoining residential development to the south and east (the development pursuant to approved Master Plan 40), the future network to be provided within Detailed Planning Area 15 to the east and Detailed Planning Area 13 to the north, thereby encouraging walking and cycling throughout the broader neighbourhood.

### 4.2.3.3 Open Space Networks

The Open Space Network within the Detailed Planning Area is provided in accordance with the Open Space Network as shown on Map 6 (Open Space Plan) of this document.

- 4.2.3.3.1 The Open Space Network within Detailed Planning Area 11 is comprised of the following:-
  - (a) A Village Park measuring approximately 2ha, intended to support the community and civic function and amenity of the Detailed Planning Area.

- (b) Three (3) Neighbourhood Parks each measuring approximately 0.4ha in area, intended to provide residents with an area for social and active recreation interaction. An additional area of open space is provided to the north of the existing Neighbourhood Park situated within the portion of Birtinya the subject of Master Plan No. 40 to form a connection with the Central Spine.
- (c) A Precinct Park measuring at least 1,000m<sup>2</sup>, intended to function as a local park servicing the residential neighbourhood adjacent to the western waterway.
- (d) A public access promenade comprising a pedestrian and cycle path extending along the northern and eastern boundary of the Detailed Planning Area consisting of a minimum width of 4.5 metres as shown on Map 5 (Pedestrian & Cycle Movement Plan) of this document.
- (e) A walkable waterfront comprising a pedestrian and cycle path extending along the western boundary (adjacent the western waterway) of the Detailed Planning Area consisting of a minimum width of 3.0 metres as shown on Map 5 (Pedestrian & Cycle Movement Plan) of this document.
- (f) Other Open Space areas (finger parks / link parks and areas not otherwise defined above) as shown on Map 6 (Open Space Plan) of this document.

# Village Park

- 4.2.3.3.2 The Village Park is to provide the following key facilities and embellishments, to ensure its identified function and purpose is achieved:
  - (a) A public toilet block situated proximate to the future Community Use site;

- (b) A fenced playground area with appropriate equipment, to accommodate up to 20 children at any one time;
- (c) Pathways to provide edges to play spaces and provide linkages to adjacent community, residential, commercial, retail and future town centre areas as indicated on Map 5 (Pedestrian & Cycle Movement Plan) of this document;
- (d) Linkages to the adjacent continuous walkable waterfront path and associated canoe launch facility;
- (e) Garden areas and tree planting with a botanical display;
- (f) Shelter shed/pavilion (minimum 10m<sup>2</sup> shade area);
- (g) Iconic structural element, preferably highlighting key linkages with the pedestrian bridge providing access across to the adjacent (future) town centre;
- (h) 3 BBQ and 3 picnic tables/shelters;
- (i) Water tap connection(s);
- (j) Drinking fountain(s);
- (k) Rubbish bin(s);
- (I) Bike rack(s);
- (m) Informal play area of a minimum 5,000m<sup>2</sup>;
- (n) Opportunities for areas to accommodate kiosks and markets;
- (o) Formalised meeting/seating area for up to 10 people with an overflow capacity of up to 40 people; and
- (p) Lighting for public safety and wayfinding to enhance the functionality and create interest.
- 4.2.3.3.3 The Village Park is designed generally in accordance with the design principles outlined on Map 18 (Village Park Design Principles) and Map 17K (Indicative Cross Sections) of this document.

- 4.2.3.3.4 Landscaping within the Village Park is in accordance with Maps 21A & 21B (Indicative Planting Palette) of this document.
- 4.2.3.3.5 Hardscape elements, park furniture and play equipment within the Village Park is generally in accordance with Map 21 (Materials Palette for the Village Park and Neighbourhood Collector (Central Spine)) of this document.
- 4.2.3.3.6 The Village Park is to incorporate a public pedestrian promenade extending northward from the Central Spine to provide connectivity to the future pedestrian bridge linking Birtinya Island with the Town Centre (Detailed Planning Area 13) to the north.

#### Neighbourhood Park

- 4.2.3.3.7 The Neighbourhood Parks identified on Map 6 (Open Space Plan) of this document are to provide the following key facilities and embellishments (other than Neighbourhood Park 1 identified on Map 19 (Neighbourhood Park Design Principles) which forms an extension of the existing park to the south), to ensure their identified function and purpose is achieved:
  - (a) Toilets;
  - (b) Playground area with appropriate equipment to accommodate 10 children at any one time;
  - (c) Pathways appropriate to provide edges to the play space and linkages to the Neighbourhood;
  - (d) 2 BBQ and picnic tables;
  - (e) Garden / tree planting areas;
  - (f) Shelter shed / pavilion (minimum of 10m<sup>2</sup> shade area);

- (g) Informal play area of a minimum 1,200m² which can also be used as a more formalised meeting / seating area for up to 10 people, which has an overflow capacity of up to 40 people;
- (h) A canoe launch facility for the Neighbourhood Park adjacent to the western waterway and Florey Boulevard;
- (i) Park identification;
- (j) Water tap connections for park maintenance;
- (k) Drinking fountain / tap for park users;
- (I) Rubbish bin;
- (m) Proximal indented car parking within the road reserve;
- (n) Bike racks;
- (o) Lighting for public safety.
- 4.2.3.3.8 The Neighbourhood Parks are designed generally in accordance with the design principles outlined on Map 19 (Neighbourhood Park Design Principles) and Maps 17F & 17C (Indicative Cross Sections) of this document.
- 4.2.3.3.9 Landscaping is to be provided in the Neighbourhood Parks generally in accordance with Maps 21A & 21B (Indicative Planting Palette) of this document.
- 4.2.3.3.10 Public Access to the lake is to be made available generally in accordance with the design principles outlined on Map 19 (Neighbourhood Park Design Principles) of this document.

### **Precinct Park**

- 4.2.3.3.11 The Precinct Park is to provide the following key facilities and embellishments to ensure its identified function and purpose of providing informal running and play space is achieved:
  - (a) A seating/small group meeting area for 2 to 6 people;
  - (b) A flat area of 1,000m<sup>2</sup>;
  - (c) Park identification signage;
  - (d) Water tap connection;
  - (e) Drinking fountain;
  - (f) Rubbish bin;
  - (g) Playground equipment for a capacity of 5 to 10 children;
  - (h) Communal BBQ and/or picnic table/shelter; and
  - (i) Lighting for pedestrian safety.
- 4.2.3.3.12 The Precinct Park is designed generally in accordance with the design principles outlined on Map 20 (Precinct Park Design Principles) and Map 17H (Indicative Cross Sections) of this document.
- 4.2.3.3.13 Landscaping within the Precinct Park is generally in accordance with Maps 21A & 21B (Indicative Planting Palette) of this document.
- 4.2.3.3.14 Public access to the lake is to be made available by a soft-edge interface generally in accordance with the design principles outlined on Map 20 (Precinct Park Design Principles) and Map 17H (Indicative Cross Sections) of this document.

### Walkable Waterfront (Public Recreation Lake and north arm of Western Waterway)

- 4.2.3.3.15 The Walkable Waterfront adjacent to the Public Recreation Lake and the north arm of the Western Waterway is provided in accordance with the following standards:-
  - (i) Minimum width of 10m measured from the face of the revetment wall, as shown on Map 17J (Indicative Cross Sections) of this document;
  - (ii) Minimum pavement width in accordance with Map 5 (Pedestrian & Cycle Movement Plan) of this document;
  - (iii) No retaining walls are to be located within the walkable waterfront reserve. Any retaining walls adjacent to the walkable waterfront retaining allotment fill are to be contained wholly within the boundaries of the allotments and are not to be greater than 1.0 metre in height;
  - (iv) The walkable waterfront main pathway finish shall be reinforced concrete construction, finished with a non-slip surface and is to form a continuation of the pathway alignment within Detailed Planning Area 15 to the south;
  - (v) Threshold treatments are to be provided at the intersection of pathways and the walkable waterfront in conjunction with the provision of seating.

# Walkable Waterfront (Western Waterway)

- 4.2.3.3.16 The Walkable Waterfront adjacent to the Western Waterway (south of Lake Kawana Boulevard) is provided in accordance with the following standards:-
  - (i) Minimum reserve width of 5.0m measured from the face of the revetment wall as shown on Maps 17D G (Indicative Cross Sections) of this document;

- (ii) Minimum pavement width in accordance with Map 5 (Pedestrian & Cycle Movement Plan) of this document;
- (iii) Predominantly located immediately adjacent to the revetment edge and identified with a bollard and chain, or equivalent;
- (iv) No retaining walls are to be located within the walkable waterfront reserve. Any retaining walls adjacent to the walkable waterfront retaining allotment fill are to be contained wholly within the boundaries of the allotments and are to be of a consistent construction standard and height as the existing retaining wall within the existing stage of Birtinya to the south;
- (v) The walkable waterfront main pathway finish shall be reinforced concrete construction, finished with a non-slip surface and is to form a continued concrete surface extending from the revetment wall (i.e. no landscaping between the revetment wall and walkable waterfront pathway);
- (vi) Threshold treatments are to be provided at the intersection of pathways and the walkable waterfront in conjunction with the provision of seating;
- (vii) Seating, drinking fountains and bins are to be provided at 500m intervals along the walkable waterfront and may be collocated with the Neighbourhood Park, Precinct Park or other open space areas immediately adjacent to the walkable waterfront.
- (viii) A bollard and chain barrier is to be provided where the walkable waterfront pathway is located immediately adjacent to the revetment wall.
- 4.2.3.3.17 Quay line access will be available to allotments directly abutting the walkable waterfront adjacent to the western waterway, as nominated in the relevant subsequent Site Development Plan. Application may be made to Council for a lease for the purposes of establishing a mooring facility in the lake for those allotments identified in the relevant Site Development Plan. Following execution of an Agreement to Lease with Council,

subsequent approvals for Reconfiguration of a Lot and Building Works will also be required.

Mooring facilities will be in accordance with the details in the adopted "Lake Kawana / Birtinya - Lake Management Plan" and will not extend beyond the quay line defined in the Lake Management Plan. To enable connection of underground services such as water and power to private mooring facilities within the western waterway, easements (and underground conduits) are to be provided across the walkable waterfront for each of the allotments for which it is intended that quay line access will be made available.

### Open Space (Other)

- 4.2.3.3.18 Other open space areas (Finger Parks), as nominated on Map 6 (Open Space Plan) of this document, are to provide a public access connection to the walkable waterfront and accommodate stormwater management (overland flow and stormwater treatment functions) where nominated on Map 11 (Urban Infrastructure Network Stormwater Drainage) of this document. Adequate provision must also be made for maintenance vehicle access to the walkable waterfront.
- 4.2.3.3.19 Removable or collapsible vehicle restraints are provided at all road interfaces (i.e. both ends of the path) to restrict access to the path by everyday vehicles.

# 4.2.3.4 Stormwater and Water Sensitive Urban Design (WSUD) Infrastructure

- 4.2.3.4.1 Stormwater and drainage infrastructure is designed to accommodate stormwater from development in the Detailed Planning Area in accordance with best integrated water management and water sensitive urban design practices. All stormwater is to be discharged toward the western waterway or public recreation lake.
- 4.2.3.4.2 WSUD systems shall be sized to meet current best practice stormwater quality design objectives for gross pollutants, total phosphorous and total nitrogen.

- 4.2.3.4.3 The design of WSUD devices shall be carried out in accordance with the Water Sensitive Urban Design Technical Design Guidelines for South East Queensland (Healthy Waterways) and Council's adopted engineering standards.
- 4.2.3.4.4 The roads, drainage pathways, drainage features and waterways are to safely convey the stormwater flows for the 100 year ARI storm event (ultimate development catchment characteristics upstream) without allowing the flows to encroach upon private lots.
- 4.2.3.4.5 Overland flow paths (for any storm event) from roads and public open space areas are not to pass through residential lots. Drainage pathways are provided to accommodate overland flows from roads and public open space areas.
- 4.2.3.4.6 Carriageways generally have kerb and channel (except where swale drains or edge strips are approved). Catchpits and kerb turnouts are located to ensure the longitudinal flow in the kerb and channel does not exceed 250mm depth during the Major Storm (100 year ARI).
- 4.2.3.4.7 The drainage network for the Detailed Planning Area shall be designed to cater for both the Minor and Major Storm events in accordance with the Queensland Urban Design Manual (QUDM) requirements. The definition of these events as well as the drainage performance criteria is prescribed in the following sections:
  - (a) Minor Storm event definition is dependent on the proposed land use type. Table 2 below details the Minor Storm event criteria specific to the various land use types:

Table 2 - Minor Storm Event Criteria

Land use Type	Design ARI (%)	Design Tail Water Level (m AHD)
Land Use Area 1 – Residential A	Q2	RL0.93
Land Use Area 2 – Residential B	Q10	RL1.38
Land Use Area 3 – Commercial & Mixed Use	Q10	RL1.38
Land Use Area 4 – Community Use	10%	RL1.38

Land Use Area 5 – Open Space	Q1	RL0.65

Both Site Specific and Municipal Stormwater drainage for minor storm events is designed to cater for the design events specified in Table 2 wholly within the piped drainage network. The public drainage network shall also be designed to satisfy the requirements of the Queensland Urban Drainage Manual (QUDM).

Longitudinal stormwater flow widths for a minor storm event are not to exceed 1 metre for all major roads (Collector and above). All other scenarios are in accordance with Queensland Urban Drainage Manual (QUDM) Table 7.4.1

(b) Major Storm event is defined as the 100 year ARI storm event. Conveyance of the Major Storm event must be achieved through the use of overland flow paths within the road reserve, drainage reserve, or other public land (no inundation of private allotments).

As with the Minor Storm event, the design of the drainage for the Major Storm event shall be carried out in accordance with QUDM.

### 4.2.3.5 Water and Sewerage Infrastructure

4.2.3.5.1 Water and sewerage infrastructure is provided within the Detailed Planning Area generally in accordance with Map 9 (Urban Infrastructure Network – Water) and Map 10 (Urban Infrastructure Network – Sewer) of this document, and is designed and constructed in accordance with the Water and Sewer Authority's adopted standards.

## 4.2.3.6 Power and Telecommunications Infrastructure

4.2.3.6.1 Power and telecommunications infrastructure is provided within the Detailed Planning Area such that all allotments are serviced by underground power and telecommunications infrastructure. Any pad-mount electricity transformers must be located within locally

widened sections of road reserve so that they do not impact upon the functionality of the verges, public open space or located in visually prominent areas.

# 4.2.4 Landscaping (Streetscape)

# Mixed Use Collector Streets - Type 1

- 4.2.4.1 Mixed Use Collector Streets Type 1 are to be designed to incorporate the following:
  - (a) Formal street tree planting, footpaths, and turf within verges outside of commercial and retail zones.
  - (b) Street trees provided on verges at an average of 7.5 metre centres to all road frontages.
  - (c) A minimum clearance of 1.5m between the back of the kerb and any verge pathway must be provided to accommodate the street trees.
  - (d) Street trees are of a species type that offers a clear trunk with a high canopy, generally in accordance with Map 21A & 21 B (Indicative Planting Palette) document, and are compatible with buildings, hard paved areas, overhead and underground services, and should be capable of creating closed linear canopy along the footpath verge.
  - (e) Awnings along active frontages are setback an appropriate distance (minimum 1.5m) from the back of kerb alignment to allow for the provision of street trees on the standard alignment.
  - (f) Low garden planting is limited to areas around street trees, pedestrian crossing points, active frontages and WSUD devices.
  - (g) WSUD devices located within verges, generally in accordance with Map 11 (Urban Infrastructure Network Stormwater Drainage) of this document, are restricted to bio-retention areas and are to be integrated with a landscaping outcome to achieve consistent amenity with other low garden plantings.

## Mixed Use Collector Streets - Types 2 & 3

4.2.4.2 Mixed Use Collector Streets – Types 2 & 3 are to be designed to incorporate the following:

- (a) Formal street tree planting, high quality pedestrian footpaths, lighting, furniture, low garden planting, and other elements which positively contribute to the creation of an attractive streetscape amenity and sub-tropical appearance.
- (b) Design of surface treatments, street trees, street furniture, and verge elements are considered where interfacing with parks to preserve safe access and pedestrian movements, assist with way-finding, and integrate with the park design where possible.
- (c) Street furniture and verge treatments are installed generally in accordance with Map 21 (Materials Palette for the Village Park and Neighbourhood Collector (Central Spine)) of this document.
- (d) Verge footpaths and shared zone areas are to be of high amenity, quality finish and are to include exposed aggregate, honed, coloured or plain concrete with patterning expressed via saw cuts, generally in accordance with Map 21 (Materials Palette for the Village Park and Neighbourhood Collector (Central Spine)) of this document.
- (e) Street trees provided on verges at an average of 7.5 metre centres to all road frontages. Street trees are generally located at back of kerb and/or located in indented parking bay build outs to avoid conflict with awnings.
- (f) A minimum clearance of 1.2m between the back of the kerb and any verge pathway must be provided to accommodate the street trees.
- (g) Street trees are of a species type that offers a clear trunk with a high canopy, generally in accordance with Maps 21A & 21B (Indicative Planting Palette) of this document, and are compatible with buildings, hard paved areas, overhead and underground services, and should be capable of creating closed linear canopy along the footpath verge.
- (h) Street trees and verge elements are located to preserve safe access, on street car parking, sight lines and pedestrian movements in relation to vehicle/bicycle movement and driveway access, generally in accordance with Map 7 (Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway Location Plan) of this document.
- (i) Awnings along active frontages are setback an appropriate distance (minimum 1.5m) from the back of kerb alignment to allow for the provision of street trees on the standard alignment.
- (j) Low garden planting is to be provided to areas around street trees, pedestrian crossing points, active frontages and WSUD devices.
- (k) WSUD devices located within verges, generally in accordance with Map 11 (Urban Infrastructure Network Stormwater Drainage) of this document, are restricted to bio-retention

areas and are to be integrated with a landscaping outcome to achieve consistent amenity with other low garden plantings.

# Mixed Use Access Streets - Types 1 & 2

- 4.2.4.3 Mixed Use Access Streets are to be designed to incorporate the following:
  - (a) Formal street tree planting, footpaths, and turf within verges outside of commercial and retail zones.
  - (b) Street trees provided on verges at 6 8 metre spacings to all road frontages.
  - (c) A minimum clearance of 1.2m between the back of the kerb and any verge pathway must be provided to accommodate the street trees.
  - (d) Street trees are in accordance with the list provided in Section 4.2.4.12 of this document, and are compatible with buildings, hard paved areas, overhead and underground services.
  - (e) Street trees and verge elements are located to preserve safe access, on street car parking, sight lines and pedestrian movements in relation to vehicle movement and driveway access, generally in accordance with Map 7 (Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway Location Plan) of this document.
  - (f) Low garden planting is limited to areas around street trees, active frontages and WSUD devices.
  - (g) WSUD devices located within verges, generally in accordance with Map 11 (Urban Infrastructure Network Stormwater Drainage) of this document, are restricted to bio-retention areas and are to be integrated with a landscaping outcome to achieve consistent amenity with other low garden plantings.

### **Collector Streets**

4.2.4.4 Landscaping along Collector Streets is generally restricted to street trees with the use of low planted gardens utilising sub-tropical plant species selected from Maps 21A and 21B (Indicative Planting Palette) of this document. Low gardens are limited to areas around street trees, gather nodes, park edges and pedestrian crossing points at signalised intersections and roundabouts, and uncovered WSUD devices.

- 4.2.4.5 Turf within verges will be permitted where it is undesirable for low planted gardens.
- 4.2.4.6 Landscaping along Collector Streets is in general accordance with the following:
  - (a) Street trees are of a species type that offers a clear trunk with a high canopy and are compatible with buildings, hard paved areas, overhead and underground services;
  - (b) Street trees are planted with spacing typically at 7.5 metres having regard to the location of marked kerbside car parking spaces;
  - (c) Street tree species should be capable of creating closed linear canopy along the footpath verge;
  - (d) Feature tree plantings are catered for in all roundabouts;
  - (e) Street trees are permitted within open bio-pods where required to deliver desired streetscape continuity and spatial canopy requirements.
- 4.2.4.7 Street furniture and verge treatments are installed generally in accordance with Map 21 (Materials Palette for the Village Park and Neighbourhood Collector (Central Spine)) of this document.
- 4.2.4.8 Surface treatments are provided at major pedestrian crossings (i.e. intersection of Collector Streets with Florey Boulevard and Lake Kawana Boulevard and at the interface with parks) to delineate the crossing and assist with way finding.
- 4.2.4.9 Footpaths to verges along Collector Streets are of a high amenity, quality finish and are to include coloured or plain concrete with patterning expressed via saw cuts, granite or architectural pavers.
- 4.2.4.10 WSUD devices located within the Collector Street verges are restricted to bio-retention areas and are to be integrated with a landscaping outcome.
- 4.2.4.11 Water sensitive urban design devices are installed generally in accordance with Map 11 (Urban Infrastructure Network Stormwater Drainage) of this document.

### **Access Streets**

- 4.2.4.12 The following street tree species are to be incorporated into the streetscape design, and distributed throughout the residential neighbourhood such that a ratio of one (1) tree for every lot is achieved, with placement having regard to infrastructure locations and preservation of site lines:
  - Elaeocarpus obovatus (Hard Quandong);
  - Backhousia citriodora (Lemon Scented Myrtle);
  - Cupaniopsis anacardioides (Tuckeroo);
  - Melaleuca viridiflora weeping (Weeping Paperbark);
  - Banksia integrifolia (Coast Banksia);
  - Brachychiton bidwilii (Little Kurrajong);
  - Euroshinus falcate (Ribbon Wood);
  - Glochidion ferdinandi (Cheese Tree);
  - Syzygium oleosum (Blue Lilly Pilly); and
  - Alectryon coriaceus (Beach Birdseye).
- 4.2.4.13 Street trees are to be provided with adequate sub-surface growing media to ensure their long-term health and durability.

# 4.2.5 Community Facilities

- 4.2.5.1 Community facilities are provided within the Detailed Planning Area in accordance with the requirements of the Kawana Waters Development Agreement, the Community Development Strategy and Map 8 (Community Facilities Site) of this document. The Detailed Planning Area Plan identifies sites for the future provision of:
  - (a) A Branch Library / Cultural Centre over the site nominated on Map 8 (Community Facilities Site) of this document; and
  - (b) A Child Care Centre (minimum 45 Place centre) in accordance with the Community Development Strategy which must be located in accordance with Table 1 of this document.

## 5.0 URBAN DESIGN PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

#### 5.1 Urban Design Performance Criteria for the whole of the Detailed Planning Area

	Specific Outcome	Probable Solution			
Lot S	ize				
01	Lot size and dimensions provide for building envelopes suited to the intended form of development and do not compromise the functionality of the street network, infrastructure and streetscape landscaping.  S1.1 Varied lot sizes and frontages are distributed such that the street network as well as the ability to provide in landscaping is maintained:  Land Use Area 1 – Residential A:-				
		Dwelling Type	Minimum Lot Size	Frontage Width	
		Dwelling House	180m²	≥ 8.5m	
		Terrace House	180m <sup>2</sup>	≤ 8.5m	
		Duplex Dwelling	500m <sup>2</sup>	≥ 15m	
		distributed su	uch that at least 65% 2.5m, with at least 159	Detailed Planning Area a of detached housing lots of these lots having a front of the second	s have a
		Precinct	Minim	um Lot Size	
		5	2,500n		
		6	3,500n		
		7	2,500n		
		8 9	1,800n 4,000n		_
		10	2,500n		1
		11	4,500n		1
		12	6,000n	$n^2$	
		13	4,000n		
		14	4,500n	m <sup>2</sup>	

	Specific Outcome			Probable Sol	ution	
		15		5,500n	n <sup>2</sup>	
		Land I	Jse Area 3 – Co	ommercial & Mixed U	se:-	
		Prec	inct	Minim	um Lot Size	
		16		3,000n		
		17 18		5,000n 3,500n		
		19		3,000n		
		Land Use Area 4 – Community Facilities:-  Precinct Minimum Lot Minimum			-	
				Minimum Lot Size	Minimum Frontage Width	
		20		7,000m <sup>2</sup>	25m	
		S1.2	No Probable S	Solution prescribed fo	or Land Use Area 4 (Open S	Space).
Storn	nwater Management (On-Site)					
O2	Development on allotments within Land Use Areas 2, 3 & 4 is to provide for stormwater quality management infrastructure that is designed and constructed in accordance with contemporary best practice standards for water sensitive urban design.	S2.1	development v to Comply Queensland) Sensitive Urb Queensland I	within Land Use Areas  — Stormwater Qua Version 1.0 May 201  pan Design Technica Healthy Waterways I	t infrastructure associates 2, 3 & 4 complies with the <i>Lality Management (Sout.</i> 0 <i>Water by Design</i> and the <i>Al Design Guidelines (Sout.</i> Partnership) and is design Council's adopted Engi	Deemed h East e Water of the East ned and
О3	Development on allotments within Land Use Areas 2, 3 & 4 is to comply with the stormwater quality management objectives set out in the relevant State Government regulations in force at the time of development.	S3.1	Queensland S Queensland F	State Planning Policy	Use Areas complies w (where applicable) and Soc 2031 Implementation Guide	uth East

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
04	Development on allotments within Land Use Areas 2, 3 & 4 avoids discharging <sup>1</sup> 'treated' stormwater into <sup>2</sup> 'un-	S4.1	'Treated' stormwater discharged from development within these Land Use Areas, accords with the following:
treated' stormwater within the public stormwater network.		<ul> <li>(a) connects to a lawful point of discharge; and</li> <li>(b) connects to a dedicated 'treated' stormwater network (where provided); or</li> <li>(c) connects directly into the nearest public stormwater pit (where there is no dedicated 'treated' stormwater network provided).</li> </ul>	
		S4.2	Development ensures that under no circumstances shall a development's 'treated' stormwater discharge to the footpath, kerb and channel, or pavement surface of a public road.
Car P	arking & Access		
O5	O5 The layout and design of parking bays, manoeuvring areas, queuing areas, set down/pickup areas, and driveways ensures that on-site parking and servicing areas are clearly defined, safe, easily accessible and meet user requirements, including people with disabilities, pedestrians, cyclists and public transport services, where	S5.1	Vehicular access for Land Use Areas 2, 3 & 4 is provided in accordance with Map 7 (Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway Location Plan) of this document. If Precincts 6, 9 & 10 are developed as a single, consolidated site, alternative driveway locations to those shown on Map 7 (Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway Location Plan) may be permitted.
	relevant.	S5.2	Vehicular crossings are designed in accordance with Council's adopted standard drawings.
		S5.3	Parking bays, manoeuvring areas, queuing areas, set down/pickup areas, aisles and driveways are designed in accordance with the dimensions and to the standards specified in:
			(a) AS2890.1 – Parking Facilities: Off-street Car Parking; and
			(b) AS2890.2 – Parking Facilities: Off-street Commercial Vehicles facilities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 'treated' stormwater is stormwater that has been treated to a standard commensurate with the relevant State Government regulations in force at the time. <sup>2</sup> 'un-treated' stormwater is all stormwater from a development that has bypassed a stormwater treatment device designed and constructed to current best practice standards.

	Specific Outcome		Pro	bable Solution
		S5.4		oeuvring areas (excluding Dwelling Houses, olex Dwellings) provide for vehicles to enterward motion.
		S5.5	Engineering design of accordance with Council's	all parking and manoeuvring areas is in adopted standards.
O6	Residential development provides on-site car and cycle parking at a rate that adequately services the needs of the use, without encouraging or reinforcing reliance on private vehicles.	S6.1		of on-site residential car parking spaces with the rates nominated in Table 3 below:
			Use	Minimum Rate
		Accor Deve	dential Uses (limited to mmodation Building, Cluster lopment, Motel and Multiple ling only):	
			welling Unit comprising 1 or 2 edrooms*	1 space per unit
			welling Unit comprising 3 or nore bedrooms*	1.25 spaces per unit
		- 0	n-site Visitor Spaces	1 space per 3 units
		capab will be purpos parkin	room which is reasonably ole of being used as a bedroom e regarded as a bedroom for the ses of calculating on site car ig requirements (e.g. study, a room).	
		Aged	Persons Home	1 space per 4 accommodation units; and 1 space per 6 nursing home beds; and 1 space per 2 employees; and visitor parking provided at 50% of the above parking requirements
		Retire	ement Community	1 space per dwelling unit; and

Specific Outcome	Pro	obable Solution
		visitor car parking provided at 0.25 spaces per dwelling unit
	Dwelling House, Terrace House and Duplex Dwelling	2 spaces per dwelling unit, with at least one space capable of being covered (parking spaces may be provided in tandem)
	Caretaker's Residence	1 space per residence
	Bed and Breakfast - Homestay	1 additional space per guest suite in addition to the Dwelling House requirements
	Display Home	2 spaces which may be provided in tandem
	Home Occupation	1 visitor space in addition to dwelling requirements
		f on-site cycle parking spaces provided is in somminated in Table 4 below:  rking Rates*
	Use	Minimum Rate
	Multiple Dwelling	1 resident space / dwelling + 1 visitor space / 4 dwellings
	Retirement Community	1 resident space / unit + 1 visitor space / 10 units
	Aged Persons Home	1 employee space / 10 beds + 1 visitor space / 10 beds
	Accommodation Building	1 resident space / 10 rooms + 1 visitor space / 20 rooms
	Where interchangeable use ri applicable bicycle parking rate	ights are sought for the same unit, the highest e will apply.

	Specific Outcome		Pro	bable Sol	ution	
07	Visitor parking spaces are accessible at all times.	S7.1	No Probable Solution pre	scribed.		
О8	Sufficient on-site car parking is provided for the number and type of vehicles likely to be generated by the commercial activity.	S8.1	The minimum number of on-site commercial car parking sprovided is in accordance with the rates nominated in Table 5 b  Table 5 – Non-Residential Car Parking Rates			
			Use		On-Site Rates	
			Child Care Centre	1 space 5 childre	/ 2 employees + 1 space / en	
			Commercial Premises	1 / 30m <sup>2</sup>	² total use area	
			Cottage Crafts & Sales	1 / 20m²	² total use area	
			Food Outlet	1 / 10m <sup>2</sup>	² total use area	
			Function Room	1 / 15m <sup>2</sup>	² total use area	
			Heath Care Premises	1 / 20m <sup>2</sup>	<sup>2</sup> gross floor area	
			Hotel	1 / gues	t room	
			Indoor Entertainment	1 / 20m <sup>2</sup>	<sup>2</sup> total use area	
			Local Store	1 / 30m <sup>2</sup>	<sup>2</sup> total use area	
			Nightclub	1 / 15m <sup>2</sup>	<sup>2</sup> dining/entertaining area	
			Restaurant	1 / 15m <sup>2</sup>	<sup>2</sup> dining area	
			Shop	1 / 20m <sup>2</sup>	<sup>2</sup> total use area	
		\$8.2		with the	commercial cycle parking rates nominated in Table 6 b Parking Rates	
			Use		On-Site Rates	

	Specific Outcome	Probable Solution		
			Local Store, Food Outlet, Shop and Restaurant	1 employee space / 100m² GFA + 1 customer space / 100m² GFA
О9	For Land Use Areas 2, 3 & 4 sufficient on-site parking and manoeuvring area is provided to accommodate the number and type of service vehicles generated by the development activity.	S9.1	For Land Use Areas 2, 3 & 4 provisi and service areas to accommodate to a service bay for one medium rig with AS2890.2 Parking Facilities facilities and Council's adopted English	on-site refuse collection in addition id vehicle, designed in accordance s: Off-street commercial vehicle
O10	For Land Use Areas 2, 3 & 4 provision is made for a reasonable portion of the total number of on-site car	S10.1	The number of car parking spaces complies with the relevant provision	
	parking spaces to be wheelchair accessible spaces (with at least one space per site) and identified and reserved for such access.	S10.2	Access to parking spaces for peo AS1428 – Design for Access and M	
		S10.3		with disabilities comply with the g Facilities: Off-street parking for
011	Mixed use development provides car parking for residents that is clearly marked and physically separated from the car parking provided for other uses within the building.	S11.1	No Probable Solution prescribed.	
Energ	y Efficiency			
012	Development in Land Use Area 2 (Residential B) and Land Use Area 3 (Mixed Use and Commercial) is designed to respond to the local climatic conditions and thereby reduce reliance on artificial heating and cooling systems, energy and water consumption	S12.1	The Development demonstrates and design energy efficiency, whe equivalent 4 Star Green Star Researchmarked against the Green Bustratings system, or for bustratings system, buildings are designated building Australian Building Green	ere buildings achieve at least an ating Design and As Built V1.2 ilding Council of Australia's (GBCA) ildings not addressed by the GBCA gned to achieve a 4.5 star Whole
		S12.2	Development incorporates fundam an energy efficient built form, being	

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
			(a) appropriate building orientation;
			(b) adequate shading through the provision of appropriate building design elements including fenestration, roof projections, sun control devices and other vertical and horizontal façade projections.
		S12.3	Multi-unit residential dwellings sited above podium level(s) are predominantly oriented east / north-east, to maximise climatic efficiencies.
Acid S	Sulfate Soils		
O13	Development works are managed to avoid or minimise the release of acid and metal contaminants into the	S13.1	The Development works do not disturb acid sulfate soils when undertaking excavation or filling works, or when extracting groundwater
	environment.	S13.2	If acid sulfate soils or potential acid sulfate soils are disturbed by development works:-
			(a) the release of acid and metal contaminants into the environment is avoided by appropriate treatment and management of disturbed acid sulfate soils and drainage waters in accordance with the provisions of the Queensland State Planning Policy; and
			(b) if the works involve excavation of more than 100m³ of soil or sediment, or more than 500m³ of filling, an acid sulfate soils management strategy outlining how the proposed works will comply with the required outcomes of the Queensland State Planning Policy is prepared in conjunction with the Site Development Plan, and is reviewed by Council in conjunction with its assessment of the Site Development Plan.
014	Basements (where proposed) are designed and constructed as water excluding structure.	S14.1	No Probable Solution prescribed.
Adver	tising Devices		
O15	Advertising Devices within the Detailed Planning Area:	S15.1	Permanent Advertising Devices are designed and located in accordance with Local Planning Policy PDLPP 7.0/01 – Siting and

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
	(a) are to compliment, or at least do not unreasonably detract from, the desirable characteristics of the		Design of Advertising Devices (Caloundra City Planning Scheme 1996).
	natural and built environment;  (b) are designed and integrated so as to minimise visual		Assessment level to be determined by the Caloundra City Planning Scheme 1996.
	clutter; and  (c) are constructed to satisfactory standards of public safety.	S15.2	The location and design requirements of any temporary Advertising Devices are to be identified in a subsequent Site Development Plan. Such advertising devices are limed to those advertising emerging developments within the Kawana Waters Master Planned area.
Acous	tic Quality		
O16	Development is located, designed, constructed and operated to maintain appropriate levels of acoustic amenity for noise sensitive development.	S16.1	The Acoustic Quality Objectives specified in Schedule 1 of the Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy 2008 are achieved
O17	Mitigation measures incorporated into noise sensitive development to ameliorate road traffic noise achieves appropriate internal and external noise levels.	S17.1	Noise sensitive development is constructed in accordance with Australian Standard AS3671-1989 Acoustics – Road traffic noise intrusion – building siting and construction to achieve the satisfactory internal noise levels stipulated in Australian Standard AS2107-2000 Acoustics – Recommended design sound levels and reverberation times for building interiors.
		S17.2	All noise affected lots and proposed acoustic barriers, including barrier heights are identified on the Site Development Plan.
O18	For Land Use Areas 2, 3 & 4 development involving live entertainment or amplified music and voices maintains a satisfactory level of amenity for surrounding noise sensitive development.	S18.1	Development is to achieve the acoustic quality objectives of the Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy 2008.
O19	For development in Land Use Areas 2, 3 & 4 which includes:	S19.1	Development complies with the Noise Impact Assessment Criteria provided in Table 7 below at all nearby and adjacent noise sensitive places.
	<ul> <li>(a) industrial plant – fixed or mobile;</li> <li>(b) commercial plant – air-conditioning, refrigeration, deliveries, waste storage and collection; or</li> </ul>		OR

Specific Outcome	Probable Solution
(c) residential air conditioning;	Where the noise levels specified in Table 7 cannot be achieved, mitigation measures are adopted to achieve an appropriate degree of
and where there is a potential for:	acoustic amenity at the affected sensitive place. Such measures, in order of preference, include one or more of the following:
(a) noise emissions to affect existing (or proposed)	,
potentially noise sensitive development; or	(a) reduction of source noise levels to prevent the impact occurring
(b) noise emissions from existing development to adversely affect a proposed potentially noise	(this includes provision of additional sound insulation to the building housing the noise source);
sensitive development;	(b) redesign of building layouts and orientation to maximise buffer distances and noise shielding;
a satisfactory level of amenity is achieved.	(c) provision of noise barriers to provide noise reductions to external and internal spaces; and
	(d) acoustic treatment of buildings achieves satisfactory design sound levels for internal occupancies, as specified in AS 2107:2000 Acoustics – Recommended Design Sound Levels and Reverberation

#### **Table 7 - Noise Impact Assessment Criteria**

Time	Noise Sensitive Place	Commercial Place
7 am – 6 pm	$L_{Amax,adj} \le L_{Abg} + 5 dB$	$L_{Amax,adj} \le L_{Abg} + 10 \text{ dB}$
6 pm – 10 pm	$L_{Amax,adj} \le L_{Abg} + 5 dB$	L <sub>Amax,adj</sub> <= L <sub>Abg</sub> + 10 dB
10 pm – 7 am	L <sub>Amax,adj</sub> <= + 3 dB	L <sub>Amax,adj</sub> <= L <sub>Abg</sub> + 8 dB
10 pm – 7 am (sleep disturbance criteria)	The FICAN 1997 sleep threshold of 5% awakenings must be complied with. The sleep disturbance curve is represented by the following equation: Percentage awakenings = 0.0087 x (L <sub>Abg</sub> - 30) <sup>179</sup> .	n/a

#### Notes

- (a) L<sub>Abg</sub> is the minimum average background sound pressure level for the time period nominated.
   (b) L<sub>Amax,adj,T</sub> is the maximum 15-minute adjusted sound pressure level for the time period nominated from the noise source of interest.
   (c) Refer to the definitions presented in the Noise Measurement Manual (Environmental Protection Agency 2000) for further details.

#### **Air Quality**

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
O20	Development in Land Use Areas 2, 3 & 4 is located, designed, constructed and operated to ensure that odour, dust and particulate emissions do not cause an environmental nuisance either:  (a) in the surroundings of the proposed development; or (b) at the proposed development.	S20.1	The Air Quality Objectives specified in Schedule 1 of the Environmental Protection (Air) Policy 2008 are achieved.
Lighti	ng		
O21	Where development in Land Use Areas 2, 3 & 4 has the potential to cause a loss of amenity as a result of light spillage, lighting devices are suitably located, designed and installed to:-  (a) minimise light spillage on surrounding premises; (b) preserve an acceptable degree of lighting amenity at surrounding premises; (c) provide covers or shading around lights; (d) direct lights downwards; (e) position lights away from potentially affected areas; and (f) enable brightness of lights to be adjusted to low levels.	S21.1	Compliance with AS4282-1997: Control of the Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting is achieved.
O22	Car Park lighting and pedestrian walkway lighting in Land Use Areas 2, 3 & 4 is located, designed and constructed to mitigate adverse amenity impacts.	S22.1 S22.2	Lighting levels are in accordance with AS1158.3.1:1999: Road Lighting – Pedestrian Area (Category P) Lighting – Performance and Installation Design Requirements.  In achieving the above, AS4282 – 1997: Control of the Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting is also met.

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
O23	Development is located, designed, constructed and operated with appropriate waste management facilities which achieves the following:  (a) development provides opportunities to minimise waste generation and increase re-use and recycling; (b) development provides for waste management facilities which are conducive to the storage of waste in an environmentally acceptable, nuisance free and aesthetically appropriate manner; (c) waste storage facilities are functionally appropriate for users of the facilities; and (d) waste collection services are undertaken in a safe, efficient and unobstructed manner.	S23.1	No Probable Solution prescribed.
O24	Adequate provision is made for refuse collection for all lots.	S24.1	Lots that do not have a frontage readily serviceable by a refuse collection vehicle or have an irregular frontage are allocated concrete bin pads to enable ease of access by refuse collection vehicles
On-St	reet Car Parking		
O25	Development within Land Use Area 1 (Residential A) is designed to ensure that adequate provision is made for on-street car parking.	S25.1	<ul> <li>car parking at the following rates:-</li> <li>(a) 1 space per 2 dwelling houses for lots with an area of 300m² or less; and</li> <li>(b) 2 spaces per 3 dwelling houses for larger lots</li> </ul>

### 5.2 Urban Design Performance Criteria specific to Land Use Area 1 – Residential A

	Specific Outcome		Probab	le Solution	
Dwel	ling Houses and Terrace Houses				
Build	ling Envelopes				
01	Dwelling Houses and Terrace Houses are positioned on lots to achieve optimum urban design and liveability	S1.1 Terrace Houses comply with the following Development Control T			
	outcomes, relevant to the size of the dwelling lot.		Development	Control Table 1	
			Built Form	Minimum Setback Requirement	
	Specific Provisions applicable to terraces with vehicular access from a Laneway				
		First Storey setback to Laneway	1.0m where a double garage provided or 5.5m where a single garage provided		
		2 <sup>nd</sup> & 3 <sup>rd</sup> storey setback to Laneway (Projections & Balconies)	0.0m		
			First Storey setback to frontage other than a laneway (i.e. Collector St or open space)	3.0m where private open space centrally located     4.0m where private open space located at street frontage	
			2 <sup>nd</sup> & 3 <sup>rd</sup> storey setback to frontage other than a laneway (Projections & Balconies)	2.0m where private open space centrally located     3.0m where private open space located at street frontage	
			Specific provisions applicable to te Access Street	erraces with vehicular access from an	
			Garage & First Storey setback to Access Street	5.5m	
			2 <sup>nd</sup> & 3 <sup>rd</sup> storey setback to Access Street (Projections & Balconies)	3.0m	

Specific Outcome	Probab	le Solution	
	First Storey setback to Collector St	3.0m where private open space centrally located      4.0m where private open space located at street frontage	
	2 <sup>nd</sup> & 3 <sup>rd</sup> storey setback to Collector St (Projections & Balconies)	2.0m where private open space centrally located     3.0m where private open space located at street frontage	
	General Provisions a	pplicable to all Terraces	
	Side Boundary Setback	0.0m up to 80% of property boundary in length	
	Side Boundary Setback for Semi- detached Terrace Lots	1.5m	
	Minimum Built Form Second Storey	Minimum 50% lot width (not applicable to single storey terraces)	
	Minimum Building Height	2 storeys, unless nominated on a subsequent Site Development Plan as permitting a single storey Terrace*	
	* In instances where Terraces are developed in a row where a single so outcome is permitted, a consistent building height is to be applied to dwelling (i.e. either all single storey or double storey terrace dwellings		
	Maximum Building Height	3 storeys	
	Private Open Space (POS)	Private open space is provided at ground level that is at least 16m² in area with a minimum dimension of 4m and accessible from a living area of the dwelling. Where this area is provided in a central location to the dwelling / building envelope the minimum dimension may be 3m.	
	8.5m width comply with the follo	n 300m² in area and frontage greater than wing Development Control Table 2:	

cific Outcome		Probable Solution
	Control	Lot Size  Detached Lots  < 300m <sup>2</sup> & > 8.5m frontage
	Front Setback	
	- to habitable room	3.0m
	- to garage door	5.5m
	Rear Setback to habi	table room
	- first storey	1.5m**
	- second storey	3m**
	- third storey	3m**
	** 4.5m where ab	utting the Western Waterway
	Side Setback (Manda	tory Built to Boundary)
	- first storey	0.0m <sup>1</sup>
	- second storey	0.0m <sup>2</sup>
	- third storey	0.0m <sup>2</sup>
	greater <sup>2</sup> up to 7.5m in lengt	n or 50% of the property boundary, whichever is  h. Must be located at the front of the dwelling and built to boundary wall.
	(Non-built to Bounda	•
	- first storey	1.0m
	- second storey	1.0m
	- third storey	1.0m
	Side setback for corr	ner lots (secondary frontage)
	- first storey	2.0m
	- second storey	2.0m
	- third storey	2.0m
	Site Cover	
	Maximum	60%

Specific Outcome		Probable Solution		
	Building Height			
	Maximum	3 storeys, unless nominated on a subsequent Ste Development Plan as having a maximum permitted height of 2 storeys		
	Private Open Space	Private Open Space		
	Private open space is provided at ground level that:  • is at least 16m² in size (excluding rainwater tanks);			
	<ul> <li>enables access f</li> </ul>	rom a living area of the house.		
	than 8.5m width bu Development Contro	Dwelling Houses on lots greater than 300m² in area and frontage greater than 8.5m width but less than 12.5m width comply with the following Development Control Table 3:  Development Control Table 3		
	Control			
	Control	Lot Size		
	Control			
	Control Front Setback	Lot Size  Detached Lots		
		Lot Size  Detached Lots		
	Front Setback	Lot Size  Detached Lots > 300m² & > 8.5m frontage		
	Front Setback - to habitable room	Lot Size  Detached Lots > 300m² & > 8.5m frontage  3.0m 5.5m		
	Front Setback - to habitable room - to garage door	Lot Size  Detached Lots > 300m² & > 8.5m frontage  3.0m 5.5m		
	Front Setback - to habitable room - to garage door Rear Setback to habit	Lot Size  Detached Lots > 300m² & > 8.5m frontage  3.0m 5.5m able room		
	Front Setback - to habitable room - to garage door Rear Setback to habit - first storey	Lot Size  Detached Lots > 300m² & > 8.5m frontage  3.0m 5.5m table room  1.5m**		
	Front Setback  - to habitable room  - to garage door  Rear Setback to habit  - first storey  - second storey  - third storey	Lot Size     Detached Lots     > 300m² & > 8.5m frontage     3.0m     5.5m     sable room     1.5m**     3.0m**		
	Front Setback  - to habitable room  - to garage door  Rear Setback to habit  - first storey  - second storey  - third storey  ** 4.5m where abu	Lot Size		
	Front Setback  - to habitable room  - to garage door  Rear Setback to habit  - first storey  - second storey  - third storey  ** 4.5m where abu	Detached Lots > 300m² & > 8.5m frontage  3.0m 5.5m  able room  1.5m** 3.0m** 3.0m**  3.0m**  Boundary-Optional & Mandatory)  0.0m ¹		
	Front Setback  - to habitable room  - to garage door  Rear Setback to habit  - first storey  - second storey  - third storey  ** 4.5m where abut  Side Setback (Built to	Detached Lots > 300m² & > 8.5m frontage  3.0m 5.5m able room  1.5m** 3.0m** 3.0m** bting Western Waterway Boundary-Optional & Mandatory)		

Specific Outcome			Probable Solution	
		greater  2 up to 7.5m in length above a first storey	or 50% of the property boundary, whichever is  . Must be located at the front of the dwelling and built to boundary wall. boundary walls are not adopted, standard side	
		(Non-built to Boundary) Side Setback		
		- first storey	1.0m	
	•	- second storey	1.0m	
		- third storey	1.0m	
		Side setback to corne	r lots (secondary frontage)	
		- first storey	2.0m	
		- second storey	2.0m	
		- third storey	2.0m	
		Site Cover		
		Maximum	60%	
		Building Height		
		Maximum	3 storeys, unless nominated on a subsequent Ste Development Plan as having a maximum permitted height of 2 storeys	
		Private Open Space		
		·	rovided at ground level that:	
			size (excluding rainwater tanks);	
		<ul><li>has no dimension less than 4.0m; and</li><li>enables access from a living area of the house.</li></ul>		
	Ĺ	enables access from a living area of the nouse.		
	S1.4	<b>4</b> Dwelling Houses on lots greater than 300m² in area and a frontage 12.5m wide or greater comply with the following Development Control Table 4:		
		D	evelopment Control Table 4	
		Control	Lot Size	
			Detached Lots	

Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
		> 300m <sup>2</sup> & > 8.5m frontage
	Front Setback to Stree	t
	- to habitable room	3.0m
	- to garage door	5.5m
	Rear Setback to habita	ible room
	- first storey	1.5m**
	- second storey	3.0m**
	- third storey	3.0m**
	** 4.5m where abutt	ing the Western Waterway
	Side Setback (Built to	Boundary Optional)
	- first storey	0.0m <sup>1</sup>
	- second storey	0.0m <sup>2</sup>
	- third storey	0.0m <sup>2</sup>
	greater	or 50% of the property boundary, whichever is
	above a first storey b	Must be located at the front of the dwelling and built to boundary wall.
	Where optional built to be setbacks apply as follow	ooundary walls are not adopted, standard side /s:
	(Non-built to Boundary	y) Side Setback
	- first storey	1.0m
	- second storey	1.0m
	- third storey	1.0m
	Side setback to corner	lots (secondary frontage)
	- first storey	2.0m
	- second storey	2.0m
	- third storey	2.0m
	Site Cover	
	Maximum	60%
	<b>Building Height</b>	

Specific Outcome Probable Solution			Probable Solution
		Minimum	2 storeys where nominated by subsequent Site Development Plan
		Maximum	3 storeys, unless nominated on a subsequent Ste Development Plan as having a maximum permitted height of 2 storeys
		Private Open Space	
		Private open space is p	rovided at ground level that:
			size (excluding rainwater tanks);
			less than 4.0m; and
		<ul> <li>enables access fr</li> </ul>	om a living area of the house.
	S1.5	where the second s	less than 12.5m are only permitted double garages storey extends over the garage towards the street um of 1.0m for a minimum width of 50% of the garage
	S1.6	Houses are measur	ndary setbacks for Terrace Houses and Dwelling red to the wall of the building. Eaves should not a 450mm to the lot boundary.
	S1.7	Built to boundary wa	lls for Terrace Houses and Dwelling Houses:
		Building Code constructed at t wall); and	ding design and construction requirements under the of Australia (where two or more dwellings are the same time they may share a common boundary ows or openings to the side boundary.
			other structures (including swimming pools) are to al integrity of retaining wall(s) is maintained.
	S1.8	retaining wall, is to b adjacent to the walk	ear boundary setback, measured from the back of e provided to all structures (including pools) located table waterfront. All structures shall be founded a below the zone of influence of the retaining wall and

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
			shall be designed such that they do not impose any lateral load on the retaining wall.
Terra	ce House Lots and Semi-detached Terrace House Lots		
O2	Terrace House lots and Semi-detached Terrace House lots are to be located and designed to enhance diversity of housing choice and frame key thoroughfares by establishing consistency in linear built form, without adversely impacting on the functionality of the street	diversity of hfares by m, without the street House lots are not to be delivered in adjoining lots, without providing in Terrace House lots to the purpose of continuous, linear built form;	When having vehicle access from a Residential Access Street, Terrace House lots are not to be delivered in a continuous row of more than 3 adjoining lots, without providing intermittently spaced Semi-detached Terrace House lots to the purpose of providing breaks in the otherwise continuous, linear built form;
	network or the amenity of neighbouring dwellings.	S2.2	When having vehicle access from a Residential Laneway, Terrace House lots are not to be delivered in a continuous row of more than 6 adjoining lots, without providing intermittently spaced Semi-detached Terrace House lots to the purpose of providing breaks in the otherwise continuous, linear built form;
		S2.3	No combined row of Terrace House lots and Semi-detached Terrace House lots is to be longer than 6 adjoining lots, unless;
			<ul> <li>(a) Having frontage to an existing Collector Road (Florey Boulevard) or a Neighbourhood Collector Street, as represented in Map 7 (Vehicle Movement Network Plan &amp; Driveway Location Plan) of this document;</li> </ul>
			or
			(b) Having frontage to an area of public open space, as represented in Map 6 (Open Space Plan) of this document, whether or not that house frontage is separated from the open space area by a road;
		S2.4	Where a combined row of Terrace House lots and Semi-detached Terrace House lots is longer than 6 adjoining lots, Semi-detached Terrace House lots are to be intermittently spaced to the purpose of providing breaks in the otherwise continuous, linear built form;
		S2.5	Corner lots are to contain Semi-detached Terrace Houses, to the purpose of framing any row of Terrace House lots (including Semi-detached Terrace House lots) and presenting a desirable address to street corners;

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
		S2.6	Terrace House lots and Semi-detached Terrace House lots are developed with adequate drainage infrastructure to enable the flow of stormwater captured on-site to the lawful point of discharge in accordance with QUDM
Build	ing Design (Sub-Tropical Elements)		
О3	Dwellings are to incorporate sub-tropical design features to maximise energy efficiency and user comfort.	S3.1	Sub-tropical design elements are incorporated within residential design including but not limited to:
			(a) The maximising of natural light and cross-ventilation;
			<ul> <li>(b) The provision of fixed and adjustable sun shading devices to contro direct solar access;</li> </ul>
			(c) The provision of roof eave overhangs to walls, wall openings and balconies.
		S3.2	For all terrace lots, buildings must ensure the provision of natural light and ventilation to core living areas.
		S3.3	Terrace lots with an east-west orientation and a building length exceeding 8m must ensure the provision of natural light and ventilation being either
			<ul> <li>(a) Centrally located private open space areas that have direct access from living areas at ground level; or</li> </ul>
			(b) The use of building offsets and openings such as light wells of similar, that are open to the sky and service core living areas.
Resid	dential Amenity		
04	Adequate protection is given to the privacy of dwellings and open space areas, with direct overlooking between	S4.1	First storey windows and openings are to be screened by fencing (for side and rear boundaries only).
	<ul> <li>dwellings being minimised by consideration being given to:</li> <li>(a) building layout;</li> <li>(b) location and design of windows, balconies, verandahs and decks; and</li> <li>(c) the provision of screening devices and landscaping.</li> </ul>		For levels above the first storey, privacy screening is required on window or openings of habitable rooms where those windows or openings ar within 2m of a side boundary. Suitable screening includes:

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
			(a) fixed obscure glazing in any part of the window below 1.5m above floor level; or
			(b) fixed external screens; or
			(c) sill heights of 1.5m above floor level.
		S4.2	Where a direct view is available from balconies, landings, terraces and decks into windows, balconies, landings, terraces and decks in an adjacent house or dwelling, that view is screened
		S4.3	All clothes drying and rubbish storage areas are screened from the street and public open space areas.
		S4.4	Height of fences/walls on any road alignment or boundary adjacent to public realm areas do not exceed:  (a) 1.8 metres if 50% transparent  (b) 1.2 metres if solid
		S4.5	Combined height of retaining wall and fence does not exceed 2.0 metres, except where balustrading is required to prevent falls from a drop greater than 1.0 metres.
Car P	arking / Access / Driveway Location		
O5	On-site car parking is provided at a rate that adequately services the needs of the use, without encouraging or reinforcing reliance on private vehicles.	S5.1	Car Parking for Dwelling Houses and Terrace Housing is provided at a rate of 2 spaces per dwelling, with at least one space capable of being covered (parking spaces may be provided in tandem).
О6	Access to lots is provided in an orderly manner which does not compromise service, on-street car parking, street trees and refuse collection.	S6.1	Driveway locations are detailed on the relevant Site Development Plan.
07	Garages do not dominate the street frontage.	S7.1	Garage doors have a maximum width of 6 metres.
08	All garages are to be accessed via a single width driveway across the verge which is a maximum width of 3.5 metres at the kerb line and 4.0 metres at the property boundary.	S8.1	No Probable Solution prescribed.

	Specific Outcome		Pr	obable Solution	
Duple	x Dwellings				
Site S	uitability				
O9	Duplex Dwellings are located on sites whereby the development is complementary to adjacent development and limited to the sites nominated in a subsequent Site	S9.1	Development Plan.	tions are as nominated by a	·
	Development Plan.		Lot in a subsequent Site		9
Buildi	ng Envelopes				
O10	Duplex dwelling sites have a minimum site area of 500m <sup>2</sup> clear of any access strip or easement.	S10.	No probable solution pres	scribed.	
011	The duplex dwelling is sited and designed so that it does not unduly prejudice the daylight or privacy available to any adjoining land that is used or is intended to be used for residential purposes.	S11.	1 Minimum building setback	ks are as follows:	
			Setback to all road frontages	s (applicable to all storeys)	
			<ul> <li>to habitable room</li> </ul>	3.0m	
			<ul> <li>to garage door</li> </ul>	5.5m	
			Setback to all other boundar	ries	
			<ul><li>first storey</li></ul>	1.0m	
			<ul><li>second storey</li></ul>	1.0m	
			<ul><li>third storey</li></ul>	1.0m	
			Building Height		
			Maximum	3 storeys	
			Private Open Space		
			Private open space is provid ground level that:		
				excluding rainwater tanks);	
			has no dimension less the analysis access from a live.	nan 4.0m; and ving area of the dwelling unit.	
			enables access from a li	ving area or the dwelling unit.	

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
		S11.2	Side and rear boundary setbacks are measured to the wall of the building. Eaves should not encroach closer than 450mm to the lot boundary.
			Note: Building and other structures (including swimming pools) are to ensure the structural integrity of retaining wall(s) is maintained.
O12	The design of the duplex dwelling is of a high standard and contributes to the streetscape character of the locality.	S12.1	Each dwelling unit has a distinct layout that is not a mirror image of the adjoining dwelling unit.
Buildi	ing Design (Sub-Tropical Elements)		
O13	Dwellings are to incorporate sub-tropical design features to maximise energy efficiency and user comfort.	S13.1	Sub-tropical design elements are incorporated within residential design, including but not limited to:
			(a) The maximising of natural light and cross-ventilation;
			(b) The provision of fixed and adjustable sun shading devices to control direct solar access;
			(c) The provision of roof eave overhangs to walls, wall openings and balconies.
Car P	arking / Access / Driveway Location		
014	On-site car parking is provided at a rate that adequately services the needs of the use, without encouraging or reinforcing reliance on private vehicles.	S14.1	Car Parking for Duplex Dwellings is provided at a rate of 2 spaces per dwelling, with at least one space capable of being covered (parking spaces may be provided in tandem).
O15	Access to lots is provided in an orderly manner which does not compromise service, on-street car parking, street trees and refuse collection.	S15.1	Driveway locations are detailed on the relevant Site Development Plan.
O16	Garages do not dominate the street frontage.	S16.1	Garages have a maximum width of 6 metres.
017	For each dwelling unit garages are to be accessed via a single width driveway across the verge which is a maximum	S17.1	No Probable Solution prescribed.

Specific Outcome			Probable Solution
	width of 3.5 metres at the kerb line and 4.0 metres at the property boundary.		
Home	Occupation		
O18	The premises is managed and operated as a bona fide working from home activity.	S18.1	The Home Occupation is conducted within a Dwelling House or Duplex Dwelling or within another enclosed structure such as a shed or a garage on the same site.
		S18.2	An occupant of the Dwelling House or Duplex Dwelling conducts the Home Occupation.
		S18.3	The conduct of the Home Occupation cannot include the employment of persons on the site other than the residents.
O19	A Home Occupation is limited in size and scale so that the amenity of the existing neighbourhood is protected and the home based business remains ancillary to the residential use of the dwelling.	S19.1	The total gross floor area used for the Home Occupation does not exceed 50m².
		S19.2	No more than 2 customers or clients are present at any one time and no more than 6 customers or clients are present in any one day.
O20	The activities conducted on the premises are appropriate to a residential location.	S20.1	The Home Occupation does not interfere with the amenity of the neighbourhood from the operation of machinery or electrical equipment, or from light, vibration, smell, fumes, smoke, vapour, steam, soot, ash, grit, oil, dust, waste water, waste products, electrical interference or otherwise.
		S20.2	There is no public display or offering for retail sale of goods on the premises.
		S20.3	Materials used or goods manufactured, serviced or repaired are stored within a building on the premises.
		S20.4	The Home Occupation does not involve any activity defined as an Environmentally Relevant Activity in the <i>Environmental Protection Regulation</i> 1998.

Specific Outcome		Probable Solution		
O21	The Home Occupation is conducted within a building that has a predominantly residential amenity and character.	S21.1	The external appearance and character of the dwelling is not modified to accommodate the home based business.	
		S21.2	<ul> <li>The internal layout of the dwelling:</li> <li>(a) is designed to enable the reversion of the home based business to a residential use without modification; or</li> <li>(b) is not modified to accommodate the home based business to the extent that it cannot be reverted back to a residential use without further works.</li> </ul>	
Display Home, Temporary House and Land Sales Office				
O22	Lots identified for Display Homes and Temporary House and Land Sales Offices are to be identified in a subsequent Site Development Plan.	S22.1	Site Development Plan is to demonstrate compliance with Part 4 Section 4.5 and Local Planning Policy PDLPP 4.5/01 – Display Homes of Caloundra City Planning Scheme 1996.	

# 5.3 Urban Design Performance Criteria specific to Land Use Area 2 – Residential B

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution		
Site C	Cover				
01	Development footprints are designed in a manner which:  (a) allows for adequate spaces and landscaping between buildings; and  (b) allows sufficient area at ground level for communal open space, site facilities, resident and visitor parking, landscaping and maintenance of a residential streetscape.	S1.1 S1.2	Site Cover for Aged Persons Home and Retirement Community does not exceed 50%.  No probable solution prescribed for all other forms of development except that if Precincts 6, 9 & 10 are developed as a single, consolidated lot the site cover of any part of the development above two storeys does not exceed 35%.		

	Specific Outcome	Probable Solution
Build	ing Setback	
O2	All buildings and associated structures are adequately setback from the street and side and rear boundaries of the site to:  (a) protect the streetscape character of the local area;	
	<ul> <li>(b) maintain a quality level of amenity to the publicly accessible waterfront;</li> <li>(c) ensure there is no significant loss of amenity to residents on adjoining sites, including reducing over shadowing and overlooking of adjoining sites;</li> <li>(d) provide separation and spacing between buildings;</li> <li>(e) maintain acceptable levels of natural ventilation and light access to adjacent properties;</li> <li>(f) ensure the structural integrity of retaining wall(s) is maintained; and</li> <li>(g) provide a high quality and interesting built form and enhance key vistas.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>S2.2 For Precincts 12 – 15 and 17 &amp; 18 (where developed for residential purposes) situated North of Lake Kawana Boulevard, side boundary setbacks above ground level are to achieve the following, where adjoining another residential lot:</li> <li>(a) 4 metre side boundary setback, measured to the outermost projection of a balcony; and</li> <li>(b) 5 metre side boundary setback, measured to the façade.</li> <li>S2.3 For Precincts 17 &amp; 18, where developed for residential purposes, a minimum building setback of 3 metres is to be maintained to the Lake Kawana Boulevard and Central Boulevard frontages</li> </ul>
Build	ing Siting, Design and Layout	
О3	The height of development is compatible with the desired character of the Detailed Planning Area	S3.1 Building heights within Land Use Area 2 do not to exceed 8 storeys, in accordance with Map 14 (Building Heights Plan) of this document.
04	Design and layout provides:  (a) a visible clear and articulated pedestrian entrance to and from the building;  (b) minimal potential for pedestrian and vehicular conflict;	is located on the primary street frontage;

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
	<ul> <li>(c) an active frontage to the street or adjacent parkland or other parkland areas; and</li> </ul>		(c) vehicular access to the site is separate from the pedestrian access; and
	(d) opportunities to promote casual surveillance of public and semi-public spaces.		(d) street and parkland frontages comprise "semi-active uses/spaces" such as habitable rooms of dwelling units, common recreation areas (indoor and outdoor) and landscaped areas, to facilitate casual surveillance.
O5	Building design demonstrates 3-dimensional modelling that reduces:	S5.1	The building incorporates vertical and horizontal articulation to ensure that no unbroken elevation is longer than 15 metres.
	(a) building scale and bulk; and	S5.2	The building incorporates most or all of the following design elements:
	(b) the appearance of continuous blank walls through the use of articulation and changes in material and colour.		(a) variations in plan shape, such as curves, steps, recesses, projections or splays;
			(b) variations in vertical profile, with steps or slopes at different levels;
			<ul> <li>(c) variations in the treatment and patterning of windows, sun protection devices, or other elements of a façade treatment at a finer scale than the overall building structure;</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>(d) a layered façade effect, where the planes containing most windows are recessed behind penetrated planes, structural framing, balustrades, friezes, grilles or sun shading devices;</li> </ul>
			(e) balconies, verandahs or terraces; and
			(f) planting, particularly on podiums, balconies, terraces and low level roof decks.
О6	Development utilises a tripartite form – base, middle, top and has a top level and roof form that is designed to provide for an articulated and visually interesting skyline silhouette.	S6.1	No probable solution prescribed.
07	Development provides for a high standard of building form by incorporating the following:	S7.1	Screening devices that are used for privacy, partial weather protection or façade articulation should incorporate a variety of design treatments that reflect the site's location and cultural heritage. Suggested

	Specific Outcome	Probable Solution
(a)	visually interesting and articulated façade treatments to all elevations visible from street frontages and public open space;	treatments could include the use of artistic imagery, organic forms or nature based design detailing.
(b)	a combination of built form elements, landscaping and fencing treatments that collectively contribute to the creation of an attractive interface with adjacent streets and areas of public open space;	
(c)	building elements such as articulated roof forms, variation of façade materials and changes in projected and recessed elements and facades;	
(d)	primary building orientation to Lake Kawana Boulevard for Precincts 7, 8, and 10, to Prosperity Drive for Precinct 6 and to the corner of Lake Kawana Boulevard and Prosperity Drive for Precinct 9;	
(e)	predominant orientation of living areas, openings and balconies to the walkable waterfront from Precincts 11 – 15, to the purpose of promoting casual surveillance and passive interaction with that public domain;	
(f)	maximisation of natural light and breezes to all internal living areas;	
(g)	incorporation of architectural and landscape treatments which:	
	(i) emphasise corner locations; and	
	(ii) provide for the establishment of high quality, deep planted landscaping along all street frontages; and	
	(iii) contribute to the establishment of visually interesting and coherent streetscapes.	
(h)	large feature / legacy trees are provided in the locations nominated on Map 6.	

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
О8	Development addresses the public realm, contributes to a residential character and achieves a high level of amenity for dwellings within the site.	S8.1	The number of dwelling units, windows and balconies of habitable rooms that address adjoining streets, communal recreation areas and open space is maximised.
О9	Development is designed to ensure car parking areas, services and mechanical plant do not detrimentally impact on the amenity of the dwelling units and streetscape.	S9.1	Services and mechanical plant, including individual air conditioning equipment for dwelling units is visually integrated into the design and finish of the building, or effectively screened from view.
Parkii	ng and Access		
O10	Vehicle and pedestrian access is provided in an orderly manner that does not compromise the function of the street, public safety or efficient movement.	S10.1	Development access is provided generally in accordance with Map 7 (Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway Location Plan) of this document. If Precincts 6, 9 & 10 are developed as a single, consolidated site, alternative driveway locations to those shown on Map 7 (Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway Location Plan) may be permitted.
011	Adequate on-site car parking is provided to cater to the demands generated by the particular use.	S11.1	Car parking is provided on-site in accordance with the rates nominated in Section 5.1 of this Master Plan.
O12	Development is designed to ensure car parking and servicing areas do not detrimentally impact on the amenity	S12.1	Car parking areas or other associated structures are integrated into the design of the development such that:-
	of the dwelling units and streetscape.		(a) they are screened from view from frontages to streets, parks, pathways and adjoining land;
			(b) they are not located between the building and the street address; and
			(c) basement or semi-basement car parking areas do not protrude above the adjacent ground level by more than 1 metre, when measured to underside of the slab which constitutes the roof of the car park structure.
O13	Resident and visitor car parking is sited and designed so as to minimise the visual impact of car parks provided atgrade.	S13.1	Car parking areas for residential developments are distributed as follows:

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
			(a) 50% of the total visitor parking required for the site, provided atgrade; and
			(b) Remaining visitor parking is to be accessible at all times;
			(c) Resident car parking is provided in either a basement or sub-basement or podium arrangement.
O14	At-grade car parking areas are to contain adequate landscaping to deliver sun protection for vehicles, and to provide visual relief to the hardscape area.	S14.1	Large canopy shade trees are provided at regular intervals throughout surface car parking areas and along exposed internal roadways. Trees are provided within a minimum planting area of 1.2m <sup>2</sup> and at a minimum interval of one tree per 6 car parking bays.
		S14.2	Trees and planting areas provided within surface car parks are protected from vehicles by either raised kerbs or where surface runoff is directed into planters as WSUD initiatives, wheel stops, bollards or alternative restriction devices may be used.
		S14.3	Where surface car parking is located above a basement, mechanical shading devices or trees planted in podium planters may be used to provide shade to the car park provided large canopy trees are established around the perimeter of the site to screen the surface parking area.
Privac	y and Amenity		
O15	Dwelling units, private open spaces and adjoining residential uses are provided with a reasonable level of privacy.	S15.1	Windows of one dwelling unit are not located directly opposite windows of another dwelling unit, unless views are controlled by screening devices, landscaping or design of the opening.
		S15.2	Where habitable room windows look directly at habitable room windows in an adjacent dwelling unit within 2 metres at the ground storey or 9 metres at levels above the ground storey, privacy is protected by:-
			(a) window sill heights being a minimum of 1.5 metres above floor level; or

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
			<ul><li>(b) fixed opaque glazing being applied to any part of a window below</li><li>1.5 metres above floor level; or</li></ul>
			(c) fixed external screens; or
			(d) if at ground level, screen fencing to a minimum height of 1.5 metres.
		S15.3	For development up to and including 3 storeys in height, the outlook from windows, balconies, stairs, landings, terraces and decks or other private, communal or public areas is screened, where direct view would otherwise be available into private open space of an adjacent, existing dwelling.
O16	Noise from communal open space areas, service areas or plant and equipment does not unreasonably impact upon residents of dwelling units or on neighbouring residential properties or other noise sensitive uses.	S16.1	Indoor and outdoor communal recreation facilities, mechanical plants and associated facilities (including air conditioning equipment), are positioned to minimise potential adverse impacts on residential amenity.
017	Development is designed to ensure mechanical plants do not detrimentally impact on the amenity of the dwelling units, streetscape and public realm.	S17.1	Services and mechanical plant, including individual air conditioning equipment for dwelling units is visually integrated into the design and finish of the building or effectively screened from view.
		S17.2	Air conditioner external condenser units are not to be placed on balconies (to ensure that the comfort and useability of the areas is not adversely impacted by the operation of the units).
Buildi	ng Design (Sub-Tropical Elements)		
O18	O18 Elements of sub-tropical design are integrated into the design of development, and include but are not limited to:		No probable solution prescribed.
	(a) the maximising of natural light and cross ventilation;		
	<ul><li>(b) the provision of fixed and adjustable sun shading devices to control direct solar access;</li></ul>		
	<ul><li>(c) the provision of roof eave overhangs to walls, wall openings and balconies;</li></ul>		

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
	(d) the provision of deep planting zones at ground level that support significant shade trees, separate to car parking areas to reduce heat gain.		
O19	Where double stacked buildings are proposed, the development must incorporate ventilated cores that are:  (a) non-mechanical  (b) remain open at all building edges to allow light and breezes into the core of the building	S19.1	No probable solution prescribed.
Open	Space/Landscaping and Fencing		
O20	Development incorporates communal and private open space and landscaping such that residents have sufficient level area to engage in communal activities, enjoy private and semi-private spaces and accommodate visitors.  For Aged Persons Home, Retirement Community, Multiple Dwellings and Accommodation Building:  (a) Each dwelling unit above ground storey is provided with a balcony having a minimum 12m² with a minimum dimension of 3m (i.e. accommodating a core 3m x 3m square area within the total area);  (b) The minimum area and minimum dimension/depth of the balcony is to be actual useable floor area:  (i) exclusive of balustrading, storage areas, clothes drying facilities etc.;  (ii) calculated as measured from the inside edge of any walls, balustrading or screening.	S20.1	<ul> <li>Aged Persons Home, Retirement Community, Multiple Dwellings and Accommodation Building:</li> <li>(a) A minimum of 20% of the site area is provided as communal open space with each space having a minimum dimension of 4 metres;</li> <li>(b) Each ground storey dwelling unit is provided with a private landscaped courtyard or similar open space area accessible from the main living area of the dwelling unit with a minimum area of 20m² and a minimum dimension of 4 metres (i.e. accommodating a 3.5m x 3.5m square area within the total area);</li> <li>Note: Clothes drying areas, driveways, private open space, and landscape buffering requirements do not form part of the communal open space requirement.</li> </ul>
O21	Landscaping on the site:  (a) enhances privacy between dwellings, rooming	S21.1	A minimum 2m wide landscaping buffer is provided to the full frontage/s of the site.
	units and private open space on the site and adjoining premises;	S21.2	Development incorporates deep planting areas (free from basements and underground services) to allow for the establishment of large

		Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
	(c)	assists in providing microclimatic control to buildings, communal and private open space; makes a positive contribution to the streetscape; and		trees. Deep planting areas are to be provided in prominent locations (e.g. on street corners). Each deep planting area is a minimum of 4m x 4m in size.
	(d)	maintains opportunities for casual surveillance of public and semi-public spaces.	S21.3	A minimum of 25% of all trees provided on site are capable of growing above 3m.
O22	areas, areas	evelopment is to integrate well-designed landscape pedestrian spaces, courtyards and/or recreation that are usable and appropriate for the built form in of scale, composition, character, safety and privacy.	S22.1	No probable solution prescribed.
O23	addres	selections for Communal Open Space areas must see functional issues of the development, its ster and privacy needs by considering: watering requirements; screening and buffering needs; street frontage and kerb appeal; shading and potential overshadowing; limb, foliage or seed drop issues.	S23.1	No probable solution prescribed.
O24	Fence (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h)	s and walls in landscaping are to: assist the development to address the street and/or walkable waterfront; assist safety and surveillance; enable the use of private open space abutting the street; provide an acoustic barrier for traffic noise; assist in highlighting entrances; maintain important views from the street; assist in allowing access for cooling breezes; and do not unduly impact upon the amenity of the site and surrounding area.	\$24.1 \$24.2 24.3 24.4	High solid fences or walls are avoided along street frontages.  Front fences and walls have a maximum height of:  (a) 1.8 metres if 50% transparent; or  (b) 1.2 metres if solid.  Front fences and walls are setback behind the 2 metre wide landscape strip.  A 1.8m high solid screen fence is provided along:  (a) the full length of all rear site boundaries; and  (b) the full length of all side site boundaries to the front building line.
O25		ocation, height, extent and materials of retaining must be designed to minimise visual impact.	S25.1	Combined height of retaining wall and fence does not exceed 2.0 metres, except where balustrading is required to prevent falls from a drop greater than 1.0 metres.

Specific Outcome			Probable Solution		
		S25.2	Retaining walls, where not provided as an interface between development sites and the walkable waterfront, do not exceed 1m in height unless stepped or terraced so that landscaping can soften visual impact.		
Site F	Site Facilities				
O26	Adequate on-site facilities are provided for storage and collection of refuse in a manner which provides reasonable standards of amenity for residents.	S26.1	A communal refuse storage area for wheelie bins (9 units or less) or a suitable single refuse bin collected by a contractor (10 units or more), is located and designed such that it:  (a) is provided within an appropriately designed and well-ventilated part of a building situated close to the likely point of collection; or  (b) if this is not reasonably practicable and an outdoor area is provided, such an area is:  (c) no closer than 3 metres to any frontage and 1.5 metres to any other site boundary;  (d) enclosed on three sides with a screen wall extending 0.2 metres above the height of the refuse receptacles;  (e) screened by dense planting with or without mounding; and  (f) adequately separated from dwellings so as to avoid any undesirable impact of odour or noise from refuse collection services.		
O27	Development is designed and operated to minimise the production of greenhouse gas emissions by implementing a range of emissions limiting measures including, but not limited to, the following:-  (a) use of solar power or other non-polluting, renewable energy sources to supply part or all of the development's energy needs; and  (b) for residential development, provision of a non-mechanical (natural) clothes drying area for each dwelling unit, except where adequate non	S27.1	No probable solution prescribed.		

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution		
	mechanical communal clothes drying facility are provided.				
O28	Where individual clothes drying areas are provided on balconies, they do not adversely impact on the amenity of public places or neighbouring residential premises.	S28.1	Individual clothes drying areas are concealed or screened from public view.		
O29	Non mechanical communal clothes drying facilities are provided where dwelling units are not provided with individual drying facilities.	S29.1	Where individual clothes drying facilities are not provided for each dwelling unit, one or more outdoor clothes drying areas are provided in an accessible location, calculated at 5m² per dwelling unit, with a minimum area of 15m² to a maximum area of 60m², and of a minimum dimension of 2 metres, equipped with robust clothes lines.		
Home	Home Occupation				
O30	The premises is managed and operated as a bona fide working from home activity.	S30.1	The Home Occupation is conducted within a dwelling unit or within another enclosed structure such as a shed or a garage on the same site.		
		S30.2	An occupant of the dwelling unit conducts the Home Occupation.		
O31	A Home Occupation is limited in size and scale so that the amenity of the existing neighbourhood is protected and the home based business remains ancillary to the residential use of the unit.	S31.1	The total gross floor area used for the Home Occupation does not exceed 50m².		
		S31.2	No more than 2 customers or clients are present at any one time and no more than 6 customers or clients are present in any one day.		
O32	The activities conducted on the premises are appropriate to a residential location.	S32.1	The Home Occupation does not interfere with the amenity of the neighbourhood from the operation of machinery or electrical equipment, or from light, vibration, smell, fumes, smoke, vapour, steam, soot, ash, grit, oil, dust, waste water, waste products, electrical interference or otherwise.		
		S32.2	There is no public display or offering for retail sale of goods on the premises.		

Specific Outcome	Probable Solution		
	2.3 Materials used or goods manufactured, service within a building on the premises.	ced or repaired are stored	
	2.4 The Home Occupation does not involve an Environmentally Relevant Activity in the E Regulation 1998.		
O33 The Home Occupation is conducted within a dwelling unit that has a predominantly residential amenity and character.	3.1 The external appearance and character of modified to accommodate the home based b		
character.	<ul> <li>The internal layout of the dwelling unit house</li> <li>(a) is designed to enable the reversion of the to a residential use without modification;</li> <li>(b) is not modified to accommodate the hone extent that it cannot be reverted back to further works.</li> </ul>	ne home based business or ne based business to the	
Requirements for Dual Key Units			
O34 Dual Key units do not exceed 20% of the maximum dwelling unit yield allocated for the precinct in which they are located.	I.1 No probable solution prescribed.		
Requirements for a Caretakers Residence			
O35 Caretakers Residence are only provided where demonstrated to be a legitimate support for other activities on the site.	5.1 Site Development Plan is to demonstrate Planning Policy PDLPP 4.3/01 – Caretakers		
Requirements for a Display Home and Temporary House and L	Requirements for a Display Home and Temporary House and Land Sales Office		
O36 Display Homes and Temporary House and Land Sales Offices are appropriately located so as to ensure they do not adversely affect the amenity of the residential neighbourhood.	<b>5.1</b> Site Development Plan is to demonstrate Planning Policy PDLPP 4.5/01 – Display Hon		
Requirements for staged developments on Precincts 6, 9 and	Requirements for staged developments on Precincts 6, 9 and 10, where they are being developed as a consolidated site		

		Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
O37	cons	ere Precincts 6, 9 and 10 are being developed as a solidated development site and staged development is bosed: -	S37.1	No probable solution prescribed.
	(a)	the early stage/s of development are designed and constructed in a manner which provides for, or supports the future provision of the subsequent development stage/s. The design and construction must be in accordance with the intent and outcomes for the Detailed Planning Area as expressed in this document; and		
	(b)	the percentage of the site occupied by each development stage is generally equal to the percentage of the minimum yield for the site being delivered as part of that stage; or		
	(c)	there is a legally binding agreement in place between the land owner, the developer and the Council that guarantees the provision of the subsequent stage/s of development.		

# 5.4 Urban Design Performance Criteria specific to Land Use Area 3 – Commercial & Mixed Use

	Specific Outcome	Probable Solution
Built	Form	
01	Development ensures the delivery of built form that:  (a) incorporates architectural treatments into the building façade to avoid the presentation of extensive blank walls; and  (b) is adequately articulated to break up building bulk and mass.	as well as aesthetic function, including but not limited to the use of the following design elements:

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
			<ul> <li>(b) recessing of windows behind the penetrated planes of the building façade;</li> <li>(c) balconies;</li> <li>(d) artwork;</li> <li>(e) structural framing;</li> <li>(f) balustrades.</li> </ul>
O2	The height of development is compatible with the desired character of the Detailed Planning Area	S2.1	Building heights within Land Use Area 3 do not to exceed 8 storeys, in accordance with Map 14 (Building Heights Plan) of this document.
О3	Car parking and servicing areas which are incorporated into development as partial or semi-basement, at-grade or within levels constructed above ground, are to be contained within the building and appropriately screened from public view.	S3.1	basement or at ground level and where delineated on Map 13 (Active Frontage Plan) of this document as having a primary or secondary active frontage, are sleeved by appropriate commercial and retail uses, resulting in the effective concealment of the car park structure and serving area from that frontage identified by Map 13 (Active Frontage Plan).
		S3.2	All other car parking is effectively screened from public view by the use of appropriate building materials which have a low degree of visual permeability and high aesthetic quality.
		S3.3	Partial basement car parking does not protrude more than 1m above finished ground level, when measured to underside of the slab which constitutes the roof of the car park structure.
O4	Development nominated on Map 13 (Active Frontage Plan) of this document as having an address to a primary or secondary active frontage is designed and constructed in a way to create lively, safe, comfortable and interesting frontages to the building and complement key pedestrian thoroughfares.		re addressing a Primary Active Frontage:  At ground level, buildings with frontages identified on Map 13 (Active Frontage Plan) of this document:  (a) comprise activities that are likely to foster casual, social and business interaction for extended periods (such as shop fronts,

Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
		indoor/outdoor cafes and restaurants) to the full length of the identified frontages;
		(b) present a minimum of 50% of building frontage as openings and windows;
		(c) present clear or relatively clear windows to the street frontage;
		(d) where required for security purposes, provide grills or translucent security screens rather than solid shutters, screens or roller-doors;
		(e) provide the primary pedestrian entry to the building from the identified frontage.
	S4.2	Development above the ground storey where not accommodating podium car parking, facilitates casual surveillance of adjoining streets and public spaces from buildings through the provision of verandahs, balconies, windows and other openings orientated to the identified frontage(s).
	Where	addressing a Secondary Active Frontage:
	S4.3	At ground level, buildings with frontages identified on Map 13 (Active Frontage Plan) of this document:
		(a) incorporate foyers that interface with the public domain / footpath and contain activities and spaces that attract activity (such as reception desks, foyers/seating areas, cafes, shop front galleries and display spaces).
		(b) where required for security purposes, provide grills or translucent security screens rather than solid shutters, screens or roller-doors;
		(c) provide the primary pedestrian entry to the building from the identified frontage.
	S4.4	Development above the ground storey where not accommodating car parking, facilitates casual surveillance of adjoining streets and public spaces from buildings, through the provision of verandahs, balconies, windows and other openings orientated to the identified frontage(s).

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
O5	Active uses at ground level (e.g. cafes & restaurants) are designed such that they do not obstruct or pose a hazard to key pedestrian thoroughfares	S5.1	Dining opportunities provided to ground floor uses are located in the following areas, generally as depicted on Map 17K (Indicative Cross Sections) of this document:
			(a) where not situated internally within a ground floor tenancy, within the 1.5m – 5.0m variable ground floor building setback; and
			(b) beyond the 2.0 metre wide pedestrian zone.
		S5.2	Ground floor tenancies are to have the same floor level as the adjoining pedestrian thoroughfares to present consistency in streetscape, and reduce the incidence of trip hazards for patrons and pedestrians.
О6	Development is designed to ensure car parking areas, services and mechanical plant do not detrimentally impact on the amenity of the dwelling units and streetscape.	S6.1	Services and mechanical plant, including individual air conditioning equipment for dwelling units is visually integrated into the design and finish of the building, or effectively screened from view.
Building Setbacks			
07	Where a building has a primary or secondary active frontage, as nominated on Map 13 (Active Frontage Plan), setbacks are to comply with Map 16 (Land Use Area 3 –	S7.1	The street edge (front) setback of development fronting the Mixed Use Collector Street – Type 2 (Precincts 16 & 19) is in general accordance with Map 17K (Indicative Cross Sections) of this document.
	Setbacks Plan) of this document.	S7.2	The street edge (front) setback of development fronting Lake Kawana Boulevard (Precincts 17 & 18) is in general accordance with Map 16 (Land Use Area 3 – Setbacks Plan) of this document;
		S7.3	The street edge setback of development fronting the Sub-Arterial Road (Precincts 16 & 17) is in general accordance with Map 16 (Land Use Area 3 – Setbacks Plan) of this document.
O8	All building adjacent to residential development sites are to provide sufficient setback such as to ensure the privacy of residents (where applicable) and maintain a quality level of amenity to the publicly accessible waterfront.	S8.1	Setbacks are to comply with Map 16 (Land Use Area 3 – Setbacks Plan) of this document.
Awnir	ngs		

	Specific Outcome	Probable Solution
О9	Continuous cantilevered awnings are provided for the entire length of the Primary and Secondary Active Frontages identified for Precinct 16, the Primary Active Frontage for Precinct 19 and the Secondary Active Frontage for Precinct 18 of this document, being;	S9.1 No probable solution prescribed
	(a) A 3m awning width extending from the building podium; and	
	(b) A minimum awning height of 3.5m to a maximum height of 4.5m, when measure from the finished footpath level to the outer edge of the awning.	
Grou	nd Storey Height	
O10	Development over Precincts 16 and 19 is to provide a ground storey height of 3.5 m between floor level and underside of the floor above for the entire length of the Primary and Secondary Active Frontages as shown on Map 13 (Active Frontage Plan) of this document, for the purpose of facilitating the adaptability of the ground floor tenancies and maintaining a consistent built form for the entire length of these relevant street frontages.	S10.1 No probable solution proscribed
Podiu	ım Height	
011	The podium provided to commercial and mixed use development is not to exceed two storeys in height. Regardless of whether a one or two storey podium is provided, it is to be built to the front and side property alignment, in accordance with Map 16 (Land Use Area 3 – Setbacks Plan) of this document.	
End o	of Trip Facilities	

	Specific Outcome	Pr	obable Solution
012	, ,	S12.1 All development is to	provide bicycle parking at the following rates:
	parking or storage, that:	1111	Rate
	(a) is located close to each building's pedestrian entrance;	Land Use	Minimum
	(b) is obvious, easily and safely accessible;	Commercial & Mixed Use	1 per 200m² of GFA
	<ul><li>(c) is secure;</li><li>(d) is dispersed on large sites for easy access to</li></ul>	Other Uses	No Probable Solution prescribed
	destination; (e) does not impact adversely on visual amenity; and (f) does not impede the movement of pedestrians or other vehicles.		
O13	Development is to provide for end of trip facilities that encourage the end user to utilise alternative transport modes, particularly cycling and walking.		provide end of trip facilities (change rooms, toilets males and females) with shower cubicles at the
			Rate
		Land Use	Minimum
		Commercial & Mixed Use	<ul> <li>1 cubicle up to 500m² GFA, 1 unisex;</li> <li>2 cubicles up to 1,000m² GFA, 1 male &amp; 1 female in separate change rooms;</li> <li>4 cubicles up to 3, 000m² GFA, 2 male and 2 female in separate change rooms;</li> <li>6 cubicles up to 6,000m² GFA, 3 male and 3 female in separate change rooms</li> <li>8 cubicles up to 10,000m² GFA, 4 male and 4 female in separate change rooms</li> <li>Greater than 10,000m² GFA, an additional shower facilities will be required at a rate of 1 female and 1 male shower for every 5,000m² GFA.</li> </ul>

	Specific Outcome	Probable Solution	
Featu	re Lighting	AND  1 employee locker per 2 bicycle parking spaces  Other Uses - No Probable Solution prescribed	
O14	Feature lighting that supports and enhances the functionality of the public realm and creates visual interest is encouraged for developments within Land Use Area 3, where fronting a Mixed Use Collector Street Type 1 or Type 2.	Type 1) or opposite the Village Park assists with defining edges of paragraphs spaces and built form through the inclusion of appropriate lighting.	
Child	Care Centre		
O15	A minimum 45 place Child Care Centre is provided in accordance with the requirements of the Queensland Development Code.		
O16	Where provided as a standalone Child Care Centre over Precinct 18, development delivers an attractive presentation to the corner of Lake Kawana Boulevard and the Mixed Use Collector Street Type 2.	which:	anted erwise

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
		S16.2	Development adjacent to the Secondary Active Frontage along the Mixed Use Collector Street achieves the following design outcomes:
			(i) Ground and podium level (where provided) to be built to the property boundary;
			(ii) Provision of an awning over the pedestrian footpath in accordance with Specific Outcome O9;
			(iii) Provision of a pedestrian entry from this frontage;
			(iv) Minimum 65% clear glazing at ground level
		S16.3	Development adjacent to the Lake Kawana Boulevard frontage achieves the following design outcomes:
			(i) Provision of a minimum 2 metre wide landscape strip to the full length of the frontage;
			(ii) Maintain overlooking of the street for at least 65% of the length of the street frontage; and
			(iii) Provision of a pedestrian entry from this frontage.
Parkir	ng and Access		
017	Vehicle and pedestrian access is provided in an orderly manner that does not compromise the function of the street, public safety or efficient movement.	\$17.1	Development access is provided generally in accordance with Map 7 (Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway Location Plan) of this document.
O18	Adequate on-site car parking is provided to cater to the demands generated by the particular use.	S18.1	Car parking is provided on-site in accordance with the rates nominated in Section 5.1 of this Master Plan.
O19	Resident and visitor car parking is sited and designed so as to minimise the visual impact of car parks provided atgrade.	S19.1	Car parking areas for residential developments are distributed as follows:

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution
		(a)	50% of the total visitor parking required for the site, provided at-grade; and
			(b) Remaining visitor parking is to be accessible at all times;
			(c) Resident car parking is provided in either a basement or sub-basement or podium arrangement.
O20	At-grade car parking areas are to contain adequate landscaping to deliver sun protection for vehicles, and to provide visual relief to the hardscape area.	S20.1	Large canopy shade trees are provided at regular intervals throughout surface car parking areas and along exposed internal roadways. Trees are provided within a minimum planting area of 1.2m² and at a minimum interval of one tree per 6 car parking bays.
		S20.2	Trees and planting areas provided within surface car parks are protected from vehicles by either raised kerbs or where surface runoff is directed into planters as WSUD initiatives, wheel stops, bollards or alternative restriction devices may be used.
Mixed	Use Development		
O21	Mixed use developments provide reasonable standards of amenity, privacy and security for residents and visitors.		Entries are clearly defined, signposted, well lit for safety, and separated from other non-residential building users.
			Safe and secure parking areas are provided for residential uses that are clearly marked, easily accessible and distinguishable from non-residential building users.
			Undesirable visual, noise and odour impacts to streets, public, communal and private open space areas and residential dwelling units are minimised by:
			(a) providing vehicle loading/unloading and refuse storage/collection facilities within enclosed service yards or courtyards;
			(b) locating site service facilities and refuse storage/collection areas away from residential dwelling units;

Specific Outcome	Probable Solution		
	(c) designing and locating ventilation and mechanical plants so that prevailing breezes do not direct undesirable noise and odours toward nearby dwelling units.		
Requirement for residential components of mixed use development in Land Use Area 3			
Residential development within Land Use Area 3 that forms part of a mixed use development is designed in accordance with the requirements outline in Section 5.3 'Urban Design Performance Criteria specific to Land Use Area 2 – Residential B' – Specific Outcomes O15 to O35 and associate Probable Solutions of this document (with the exception of S21.1 relating to frontage landscaping).			
Requirements for residential development in Land Use Area 3, where not involving a non-residential component			
Residential development within Land Use Area 3 that does not form part of a mixed use development (i.e. does not involve a non-residential component) is designed in accordance with the requirements outlined in Section 5.3 'Urban Design Performance Criteria specific to Land Use Area 2 – Residential B' of this document.			

# 5.5 Urban Design Performance Criteria specific to Land Use Area 4 – Community Facilities

Specific Outcome		Probable Solution		
Building Address, Building Setbacks and Active Frontages				
01	Development is to primarily address the central spine and the Village Park adjacent the eastern and northern boundaries of the site.		The main pedestrian access to the development is from the central spine.  A minimum 30% of the length of the eastern boundary is occupied by built form, with a minimum 50% of the built form incorporating pedestrian awning or alternative shade protection covering of the main entry point and other relevant design elements.	

	Specific Outcome		Probable Solution	
O2	Development is to provide a secondary but still significant address of built form to the north to the Village Park such as to provide legibility to the main entry, passive surveillance of public spaces, optimum climate responsive design and maximised parkland and water views from within.		The building frontage to the north and the Village Park is to provide a minimum of 30% of building frontage as openings and windows.	
Car Parking & Access (On-Site)				
О3	Car parking and vehicle access is provided and designed to be convenient yet unobtrusive.	S3.1	Access to on-site car parking areas is in accordance with the access point indicated on Map 7 (Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway Location Plan) of this document.	
		S3.2	On-site car parking and servicing areas are constructed as basement, partial basement or at ground level such that they are effectively screened from public view by the use of appropriate building materials which have a low degree of visual permeability and high aesthetic quality.	
O4	On-site vehicle manoeuvring areas must not visually impact the Village Park interface.	S4.1	Vehicle movement areas associated with the community facility are effectively visually screened from the Village Park by appropriate landscaping.	

#### 6.0 <u>SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN REQUIREMENTS</u>

#### 6.1 Requirements for Site Development Plan

6.1.1 Following approval of this Detailed Planning Area Plan, a subsequent Site Development Plan(s) will be required for each of the Site Development Plan Precincts 1 – 20 identified on Map 4 (Site Development Plan (SDP) Precincts) of this document, delivered in accordance with the Master Planned Community Development Process of DCP 1.

6.1.2 Each Site Development Plan shall contain a statement of compliance demonstrating that the proposed development complies with the Development Criteria and Urban Design Performance Criteria outlined in Sections 4 and 5 of this document (as applicable).

Provision can be made for a Supplementary Table of Development Assessment within the Site Development Plan to nominate land uses and development works (e.g. operational works [including civil works, landscaping works, electrical reticulation and advertising devices etc.]) as being self-assessable, when accompanied by design detail that demonstrates a high level of accordance with this Detailed Planning Area Plan.

Alternatively, provision can be made for the Supplementary Table of Development Assessment to nominate land uses and development works over Site Development Plan Precincts 5 – 15 and 20 as being subject to subsequent development applications for Material Change of Use and Operational Works, where a reduced level of design detail is contained within the Site Development Plan.

- 6.1.3 A Site Development Plan may apply over multiple precincts.
- 6.1.4 Unless already delivered on another Precinct, the Site Development Plan for Precinct 17 must allocate sufficient space within the building(s) and/or the proposed lot(s) for a minimum 45 place Child Care Centre to comply with the requirements of the Development Agreement and Queensland Development Code MP 5.4 and satisfy the licensing requirements of Department of Education and Training. Child Care Centre must be identified as the only permitted use for the allocated area.

#### 7.0 MAPS AND TABLES

This Detailed Planning Area Plan comprises the following:

#### <u>Maps</u>

Map 1 – Locality Plan

Map 2 – Land Subject of Master Plan

Map 3 – Land Use Areas

Map 4 – Site Development Plan (SDP) Precincts

- Map 5 Pedestrian & Cycle Movement Plan
- Map 6 Open Space Plan
- Map 7 Vehicle Movement Network & Driveway Location Plan
- Map 8 Community Facilities Site
- Map 9 Urban Infrastructure Network Water
- Map 10 Urban Infrastructure Network Sewer
- Map 11 Urban Infrastructure Network Stormwater Drainage
- Map 12 Public Transport Plan
- Map 13 Active Frontage Plan
- Map 14 Building Heights Plan
- Map 15 On-Street Car Parking Provision Plan
- Map 16 Land Use Area 3 Setbacks Plan
- Map 17 Indicative Cross Sections Reference Locations
- Map 17A Indicative Cross Sections
- Map 17B Indicative Cross Sections
- Map 17C Indicative Cross Sections
- Map 17D Indicative Cross Sections
- Map 17E Indicative Cross Sections
- Map 17F Indicative Cross Sections
- Map 17G Indicative Cross Sections
- Map 17H Indicative Cross Sections
- Map 17I Indicative Cross Sections
- Map 17J Indicative Cross Sections
- Map 17K Indicative Cross Sections
- Map 17L Indicative Cross Sections
- Map 17M Indicative Cross Sections
- Map 17N Indicative Cross Sections
- Map 18 Village Park Design Principles
- Map 19 Neighbourhood Park Design Principles
- Map 20 Precinct Park Design Principles
- Map 21 Materials Palette for the Village Park and Neighbourhood Collector (Central Spine)
- Map 21A Indicative Planting Palette

Map 21B – Indicative Planting Palette

#### **Tables**

Table 1 – (Table of Development)

Table 2 – (Minor Storm Event Criteria)

Table 3 – Residential Car Parking Rates

Table 4 – Residential Cycle Parking Rates

Table 5 – Non-Residential Car Parking Rates

Table 6 – Non-Residential Cycle Parking Rates

Table 7 - Noise Impact Assessment Criteria

#### 8.0 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

#### 8.1 DCP 1 Requirements

The Detailed Planning Area Plan must comply with:

- (a) the Structure Plan Maps;
- (b) approval of the Structure Plan;
- (c) the Planning Scheme including DCP 1;
- (d) the Development Agreement;
- (e) Development Lease No. 2;
- (f) the Transport Infrastructure Agreement; and
- (g) the Hospital Infrastructure Agreement.

#### 8.2 The Structure Plan

The Detailed Planning Area Plan complies with the Structure Plan Maps.

#### 8.3 Master Plan Determination No. 1 (Approval of Structure Plan) 1999

The Detailed Planning Area Plan complies with the Approved Structure Plan in that:

- (a) it is consistent with the intent of Birtinya Island, as specified in Section 15.3 (Intent of Birtinya Island) of the Structure Plan Development Criteria;
- (b) it complies with the relevant structure of Birtinya Island, as specified in Section 15.4 (Structure of Birtinya Island) of the Structure Plan Development Criteria as it applies to DPA 11; and
- (c) it does not contain any development other than that nominated by Section 15.4 (Structure of Birtinya Island) of the Structure Plan Development Criteria.

#### 8.4 The Planning Scheme Including DCP 1

The Detailed Planning Area Plan complies with the Planning Scheme requirements including DCP 1 in that:

- (a) it complies with the provisions of section 7.4.3 (Detailed Planning Area Plan) of DCP 1; and
- (b) it complies with the provisions of Section 4.10.2(I) of DCP 1 as they apply to Detailed Planning Area 11.

#### 8.5 Development Agreement

The Detailed Planning Area Plan complies with the requirements of the Development Agreement in that it complies with the provisions of section 6 of the Development Agreement.

#### 8.6 Development Lease No 2

The Detailed Planning Area Plan complies with the requirements of Development Lease No 2 in that:

- (a) no part of this Detailed Planning Area Plan is in conflict with any condition or requirement of Development Lease No 2; and
- (b) the Development Agreement recognises that the leasehold land held under Development Lease No 2 is subject to the Master Plan Process as set out in sections 7.3.2 and 7.4 of DCP 1.

#### 8.7 Interpretation Rules

- 8.7.1 Terms used in this Detailed Planning Area Plan have the meaning given in Part 9 (Meaning of Words and Interpretation) of the Caloundra Town Planning Scheme unless otherwise defined in this Detailed Planning Area Plan.
- 8.7.2 Interpretation of words on terms used in this Detailed Planning Area Plan are to be interpreted in accordance with Part 9 (Meaning of Works and Interpretation) of the Planning Scheme unless the context otherwise indicates or requires.
- 8.7.3 The following are defined within the Planning Scheme, however are varied as follows for use within Detailed Planning Area 11:
  - (a) "Storey" means a vertical dimension within a building which is situated between one floor and the floor level next above it, or if there is no floor above it, the ceiling or roof. Where such a dimension exceeds 3 metres, it comprises 2 storeys, unless incorporated into the design of a three (3) storey Dwelling House or Terrace House (where permitted by a subsequent Site Development Plan) for the purpose of avoiding a flat roofline.

The term includes a space for the storage of goods or for the accommodation of vehicles.

- (b) "Gross Floor Area" means the sum of floor areas (inclusive of all walls, columns and balconies, whether roofed or not) of all storeys of every building located on site, excluding the area (if any) used for:
  - (a) building services;
  - (b) a ground floor public lobby;

- (c) a common lift foyer serving more than one tenancy;
- (d) a public mall in a Shopping Centre;
- (e) all areas associated with the parking, loading and manoeuvring of motor vehicles;
- (f) unenclosed publically accessible walkway(s) not greater than 2.5 metres wide which function as a secondary access at the rear of a building and located at ground level;
- (g) end of trip facilities for cyclists;
- (h) areas at or below existing natural ground level, or below a constructed roof level not greater than one metre above existing natural ground level;
- (i) unenclosed balconies and/or decks;
- (j) unenclosed areas not greater than 5.0 metres in width adjacent to an identified primary active frontage located at ground level;
- (k) unenclosed areas not greater than 2.5 metres in width over which the building extends and/or is cantilevered at ground level; or
- (I) toilets.
- (c) "Semi-detached Terrace House Lot" refers to those terrace house lots that are located at the end of a row of terraces, serving to provide a break in the continuous built form by way of a setback to one side boundary.
- (d) "Dual-Key Unit" means a dwelling unit that is comprised of two (2) separately keyed areas that are accessed via a common entry foyer. Only one (1) of these areas is to be self-contained (i.e. containing food preparation/cooking facilities, washer, dryer and/or laundry). The non-self-contained area has the appearance and function of a bedroom and is limited to 35m<sub>2</sub> in area (excluding balcony areas and common foyer areas) such that it is not able to be fitted with individual food preparation/cooking facilities, washer, dryer and/or laundry.

Dual-key unit configurations are to be included on a single title and are not permitted to be subdivided by way of building format plan.

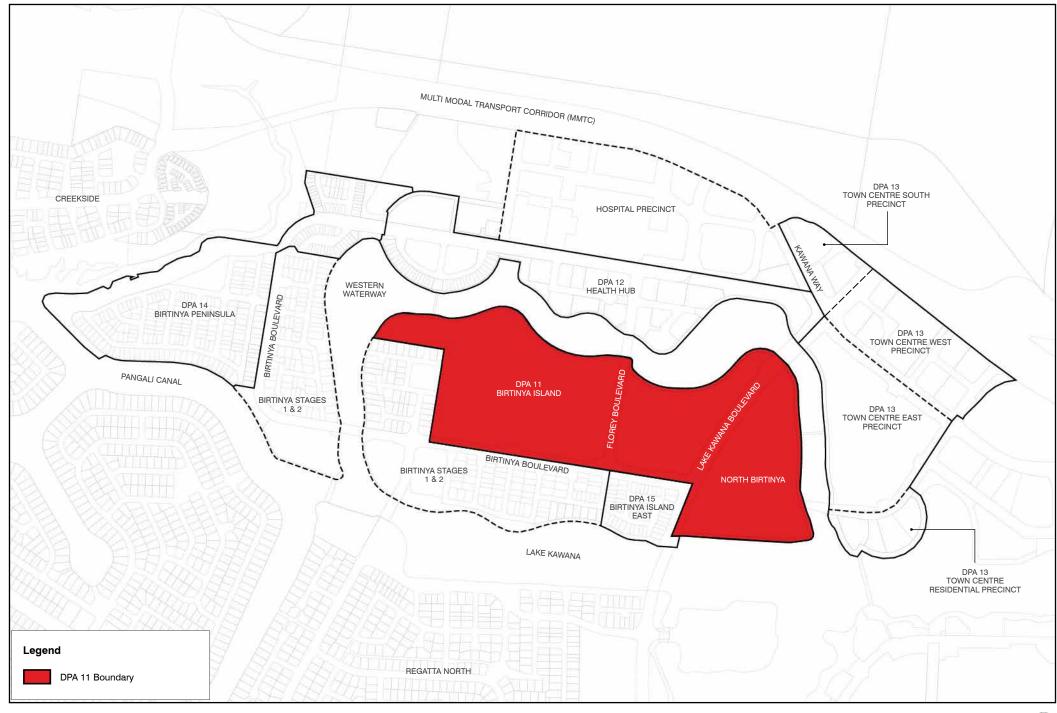
#### 8.8 Use Definitions

8.8.1 'Planning Scheme' – means the Planning Scheme of the City of Caloundra gazetted on 2 August 1996 (as amended).

#### 8.9 Supporting Information

As required under Annexure 1 of the Conditions of Approval of Master Plan Determination No 1 (Approval of Structure Plan) 1999. The following Supporting Information was attached to the application to which the document relates:

- (a) Local Area Traffic Network Study;
- (b) Acoustic Study;
- (c) Car Park Management Plan;
- (d) Water & Sewer Network Analysis Plan;
- (e) Stormwater Management Report;
- (f) Urban Stormwater Quality Management Plan.

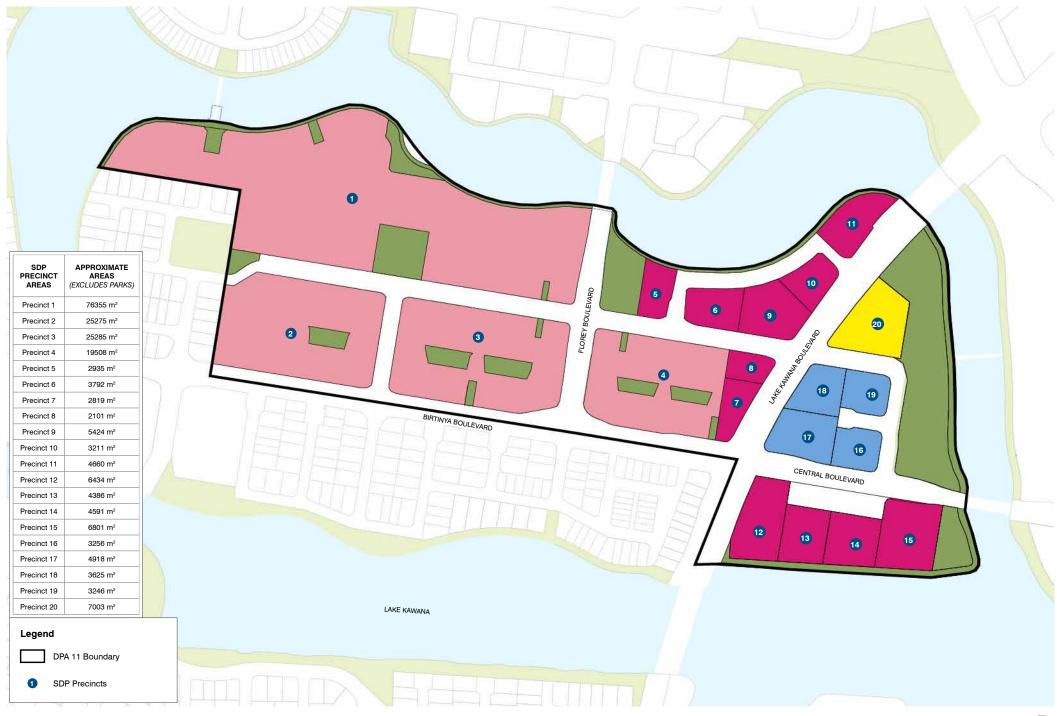


NORTH





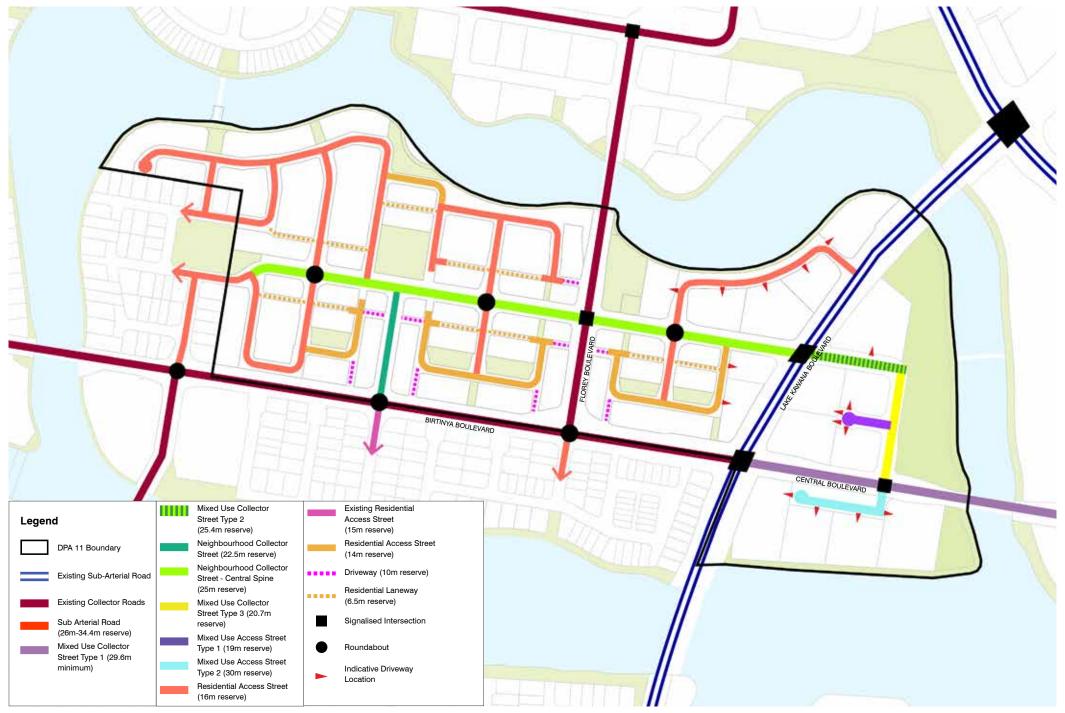
MAP 3: LAND USE AREAS

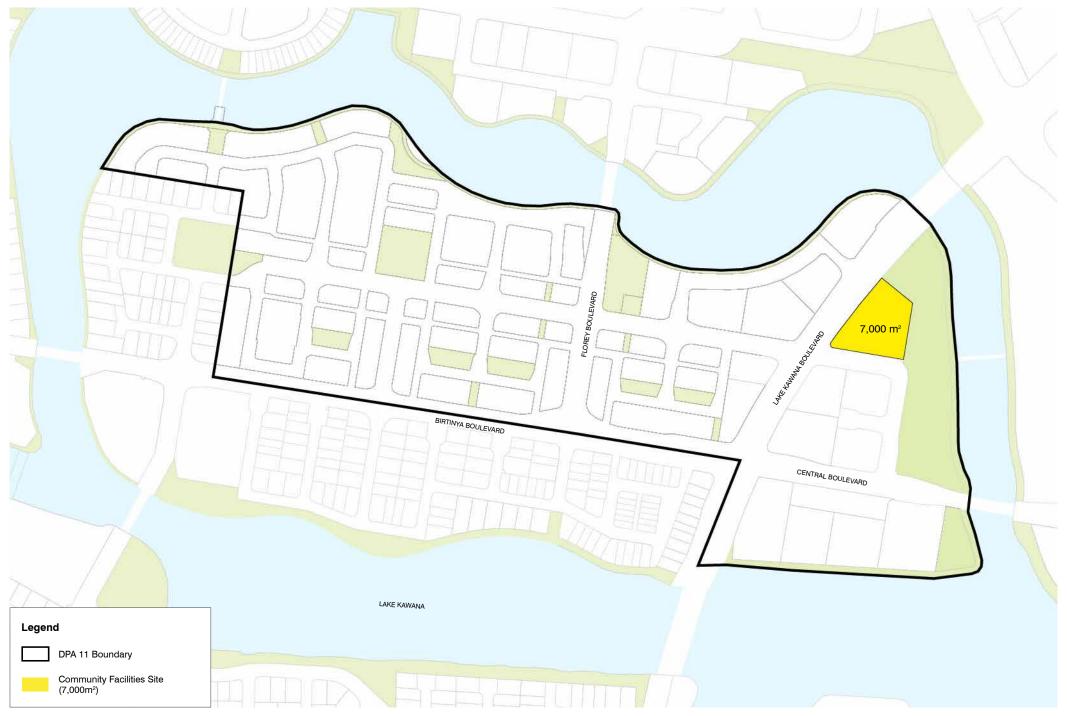


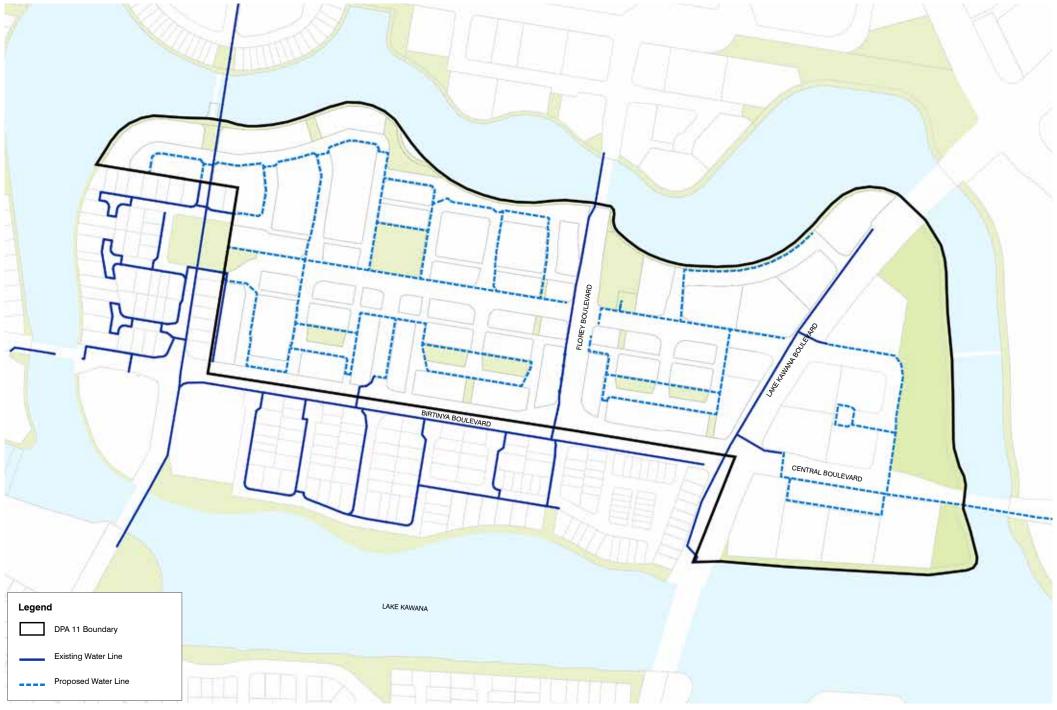




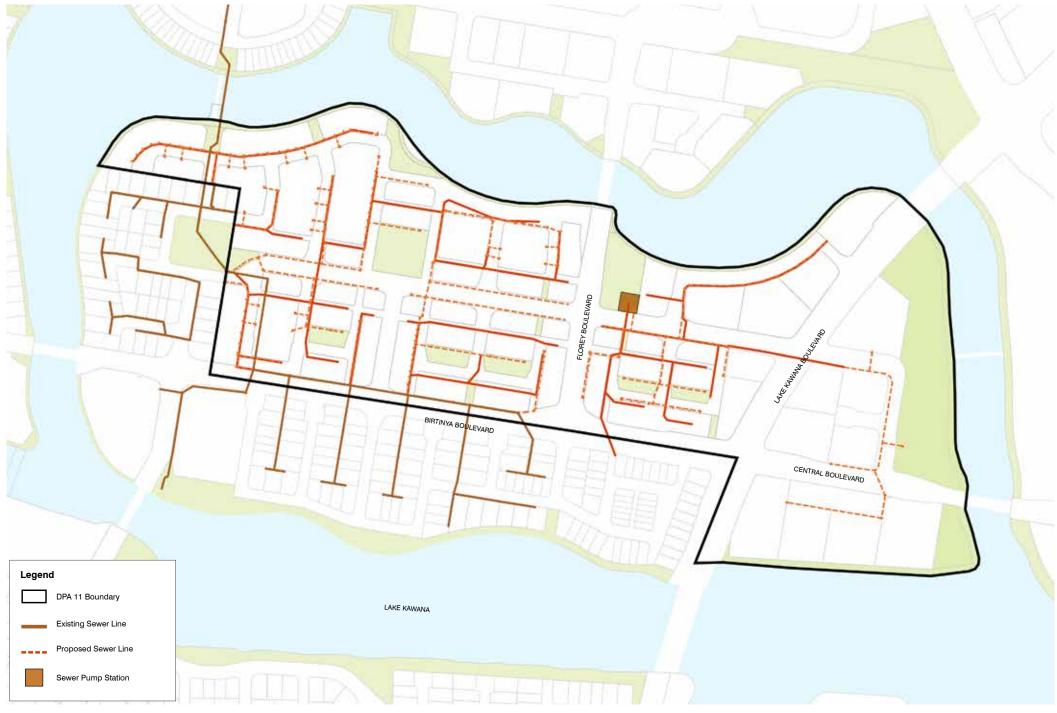




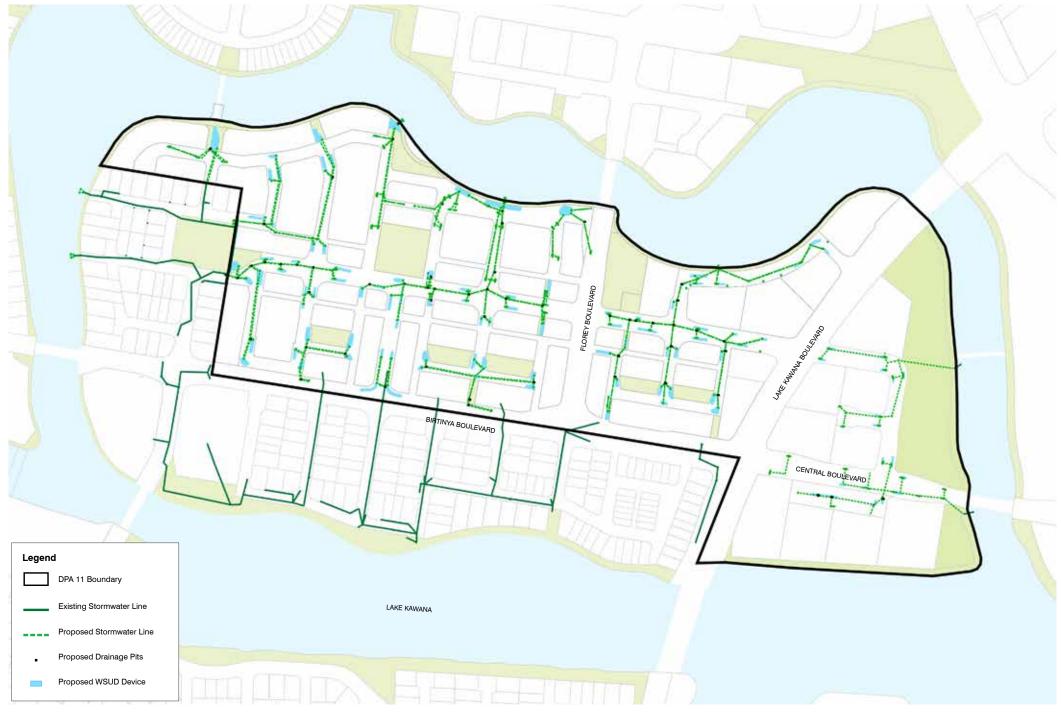




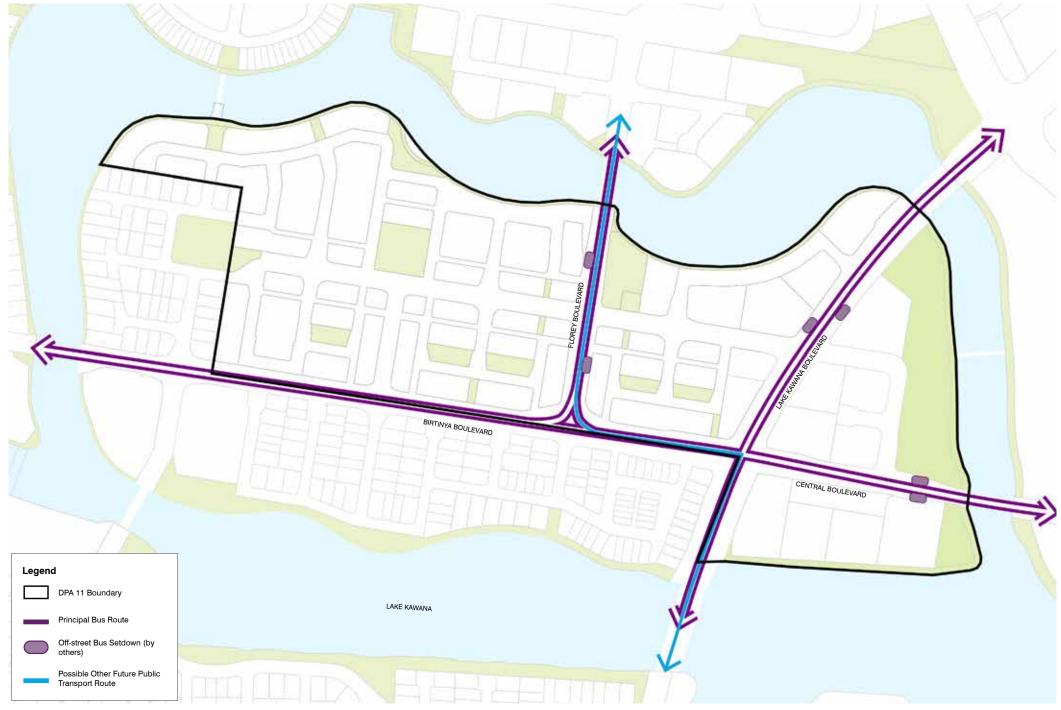




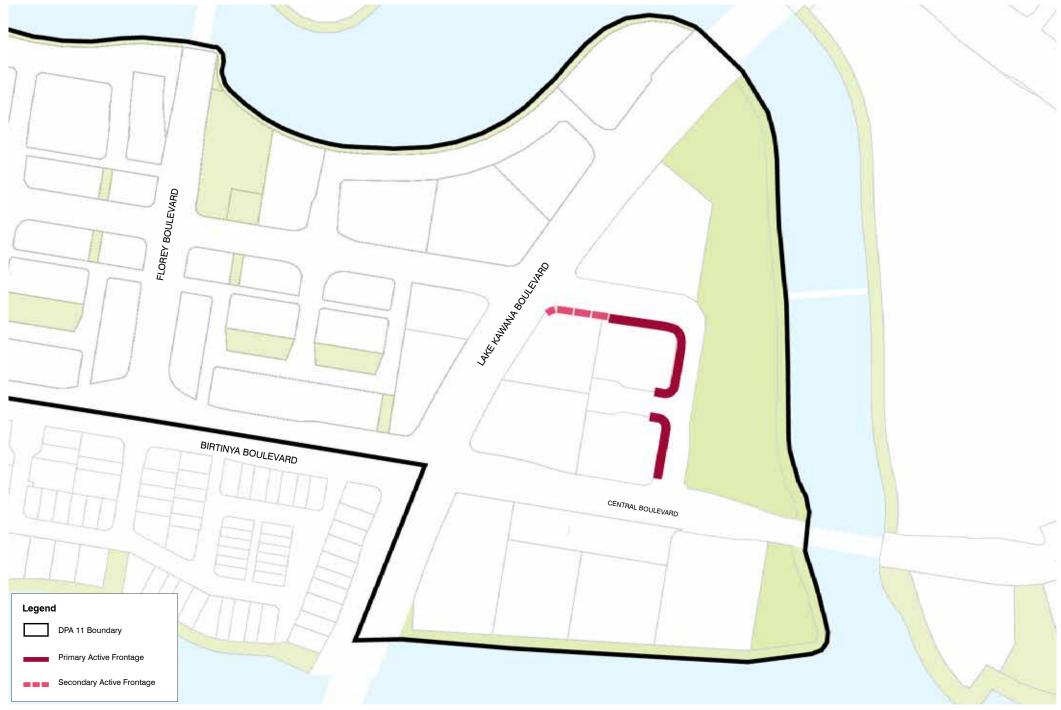








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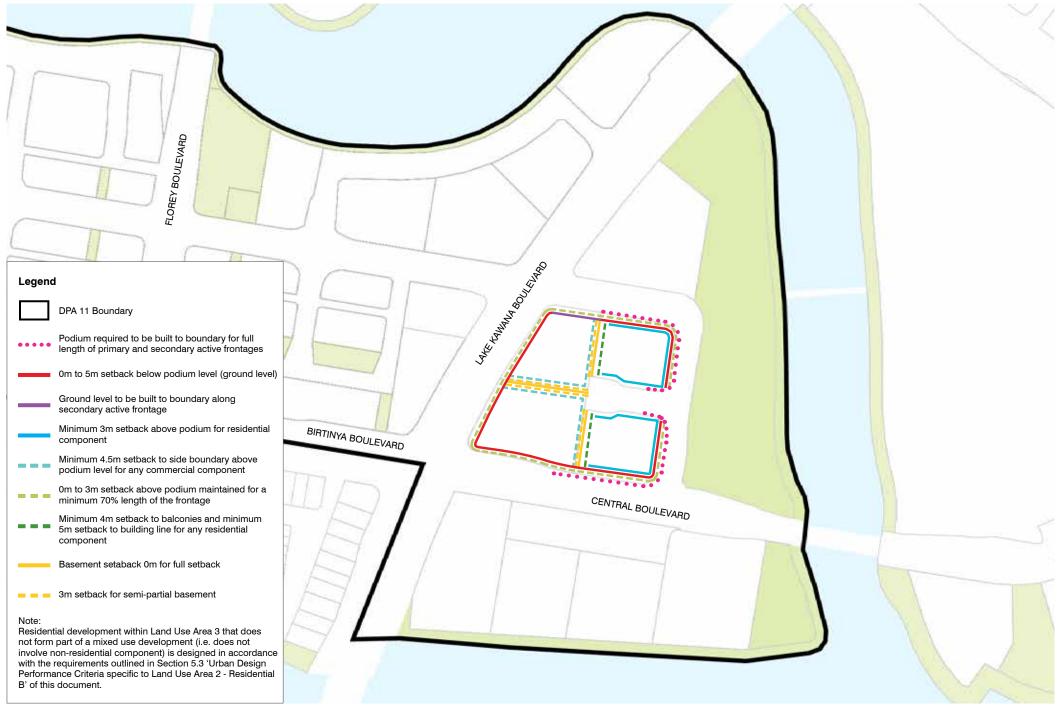


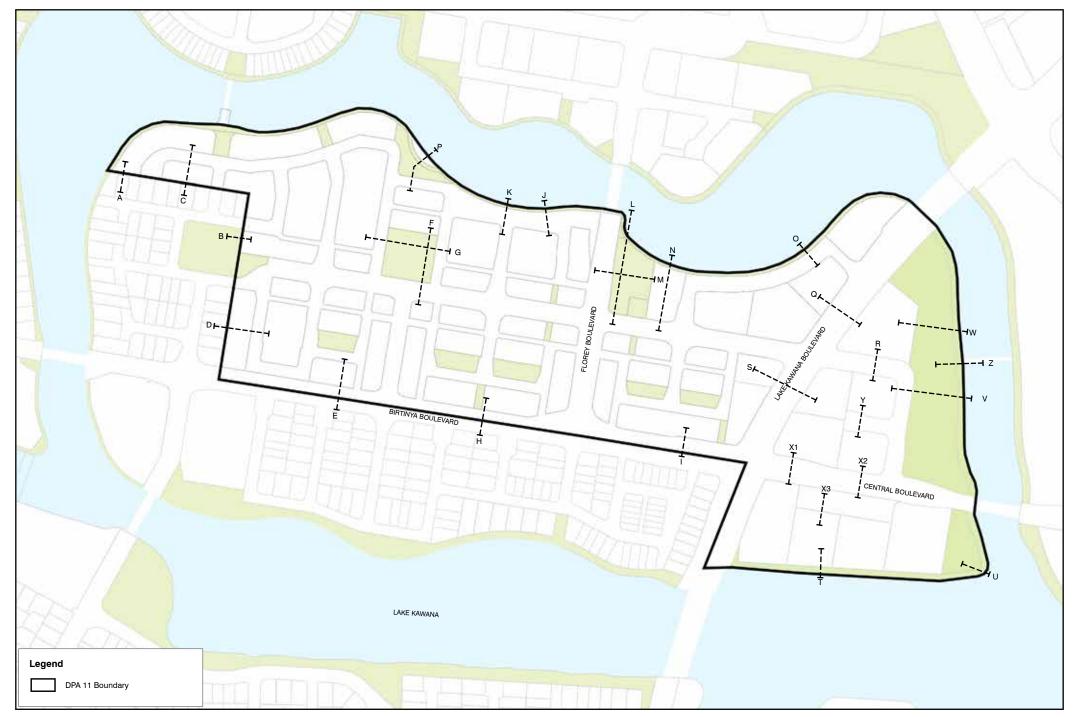
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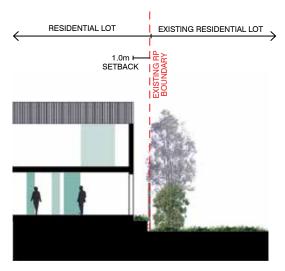


MAP 14: BUILDING HEIGHTS PLAN





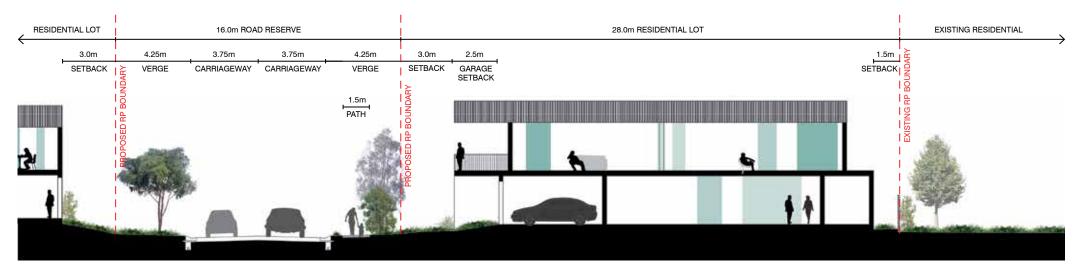




SECTION A - RESIDENTIAL ADJACENT TO EXISTING RESIDENTIAL

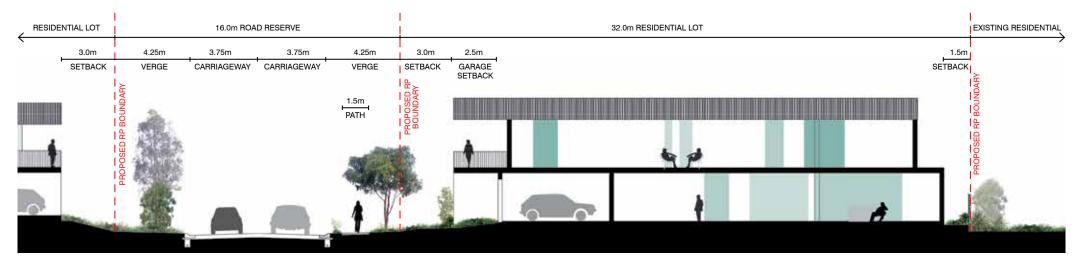


SECTION B - RESIDENTIAL ADJACENT TO EXISTING PARKLAND

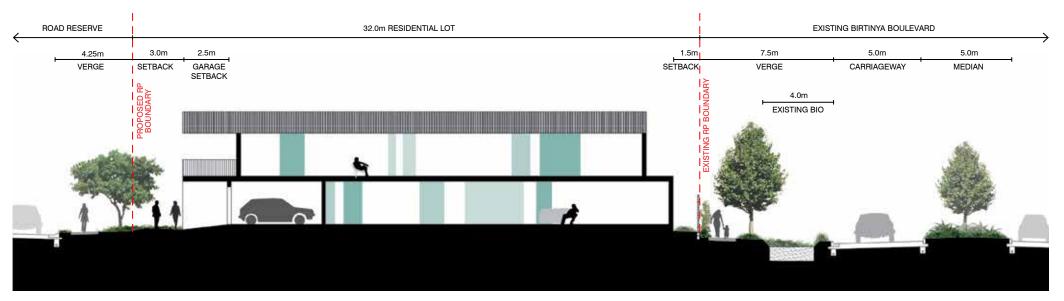


SECTION C - RESIDENTIAL STREET TO EXISTING RESIDENTIAL LOTS

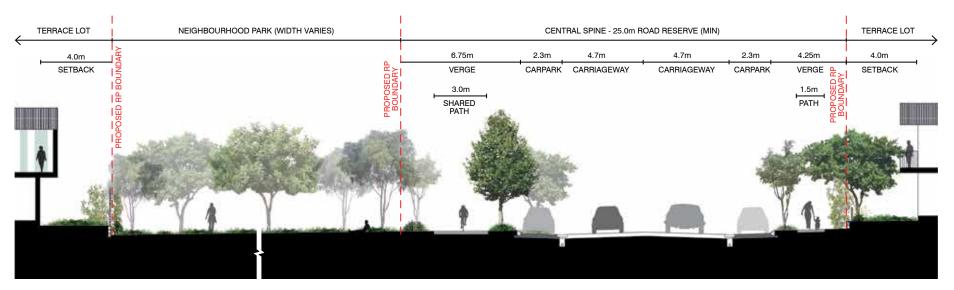




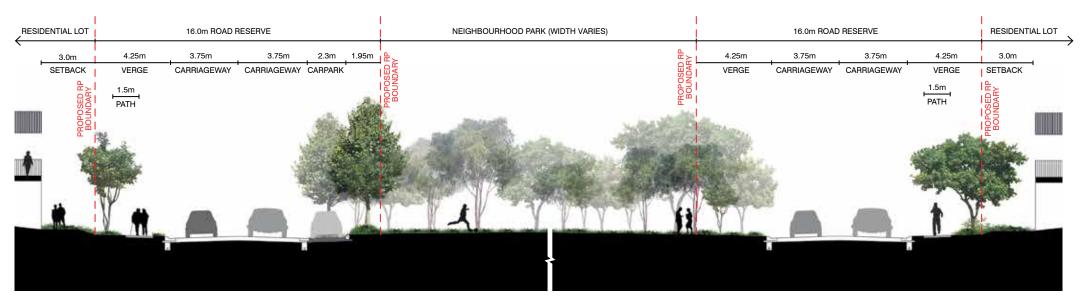
SECTION D - RESIDENTIAL STREET TO EXISTING RESIDENTIAL LOTS



SECTION E - RESIDENTIAL ALONG EXISTING BIRTINYA BOULEVARD

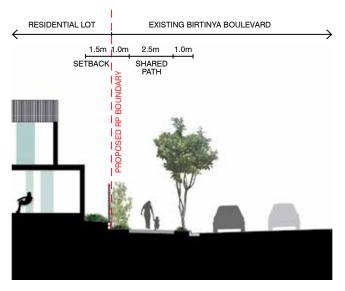


SECTION F - TERRACE LOT ADJACENT TO NEIGHBOURHOOD PARK



SECTION G - RESIDENTIAL LOTS TO NEIGHBOURHOOD PARK TO RESIDENTIAL LOTS

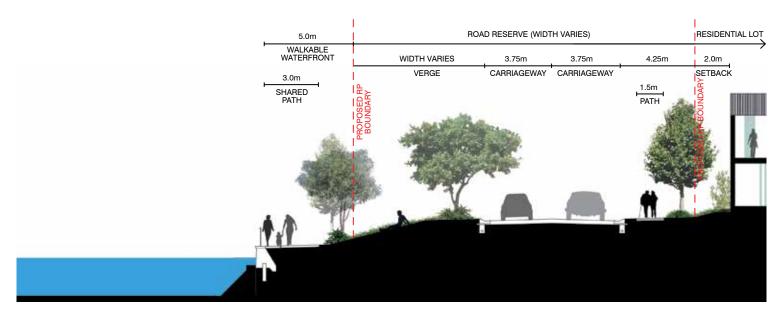
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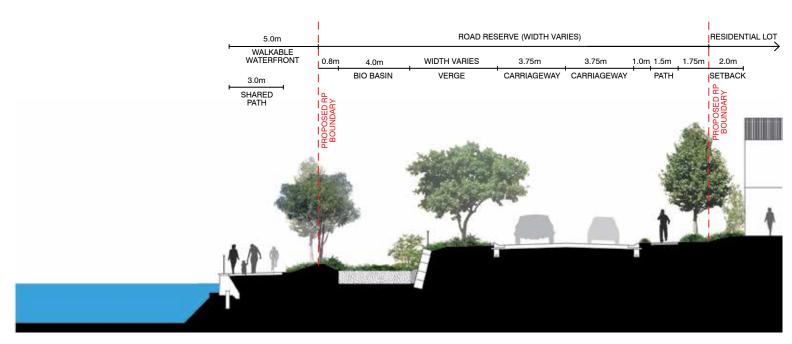
SECTION H - RESIDENTIAL LOT ALONG EXISTING BIRTINYA BOULEVARD



SECTION I - RESIDENTIAL LOT ALONG EXISTING BIRTINYA BOULEVARD



SECTION J - NEIGHBOURHOOD COLLECTOR STREET ADJACENT TO WATERFRONT



SECTION K - NEIGHBOURHOOD COLLECTOR STREET ADJACENT TO WATERFRONT AND BIO BASIN

NORTH

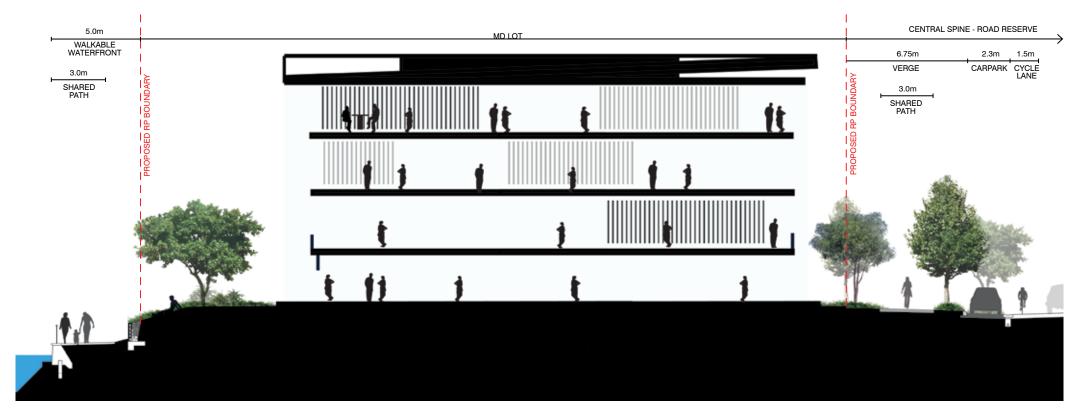


SECTION L - NEIGHBOURHOOD COLLECTOR STREET ADJACENT TO WATERFRONT AND NEIGHBOURHOOD PARK

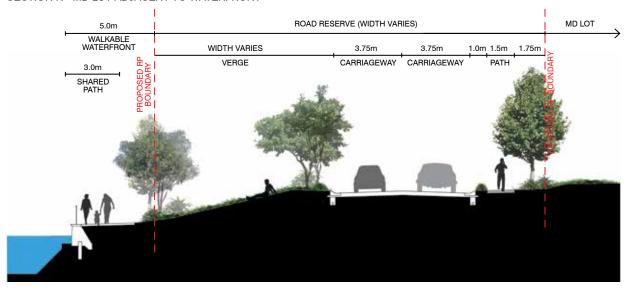


SECTION M - FLOREY BOULEVARD TO MD SITE THROUGH NEIGHBOURHOOD PARK

SCALE 1:200 0 2 4 6 8 10



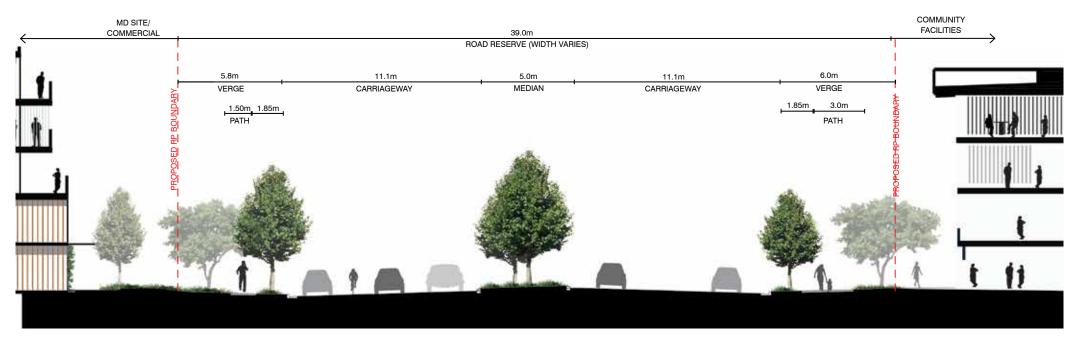
# SECTION N - MD LOT ADJACENT TO WATERFRONT



SECTION O - ROAD ADJACENT TO WATERFRONT
MAP 17G: INDICATIVE CROSS SECTIONS

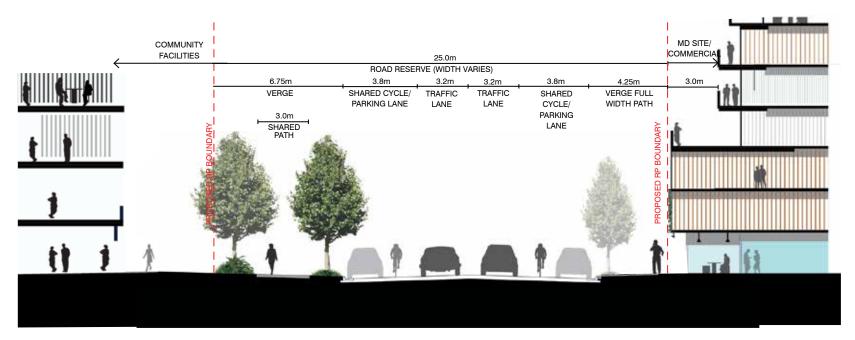


SECTION P - TERRACE LOTS TO PRECINCT PARK AND PROPOSED SANDY BEACH

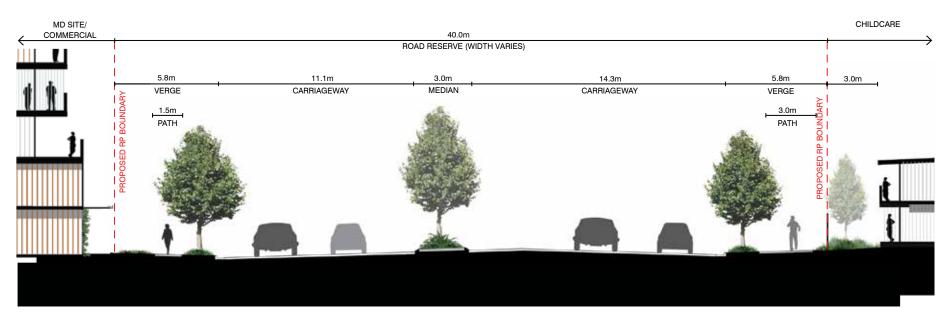


SECTION Q - MD LOT ON LAKE KAWANA BOULEVARD
MAP 17H: INDICATIVE CROSS SECTIONS



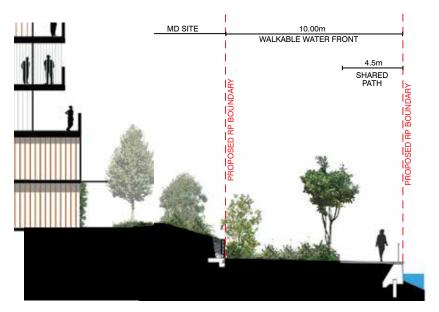


SECTION R - MIXED USE COLLECTOR STREET TYPE 1

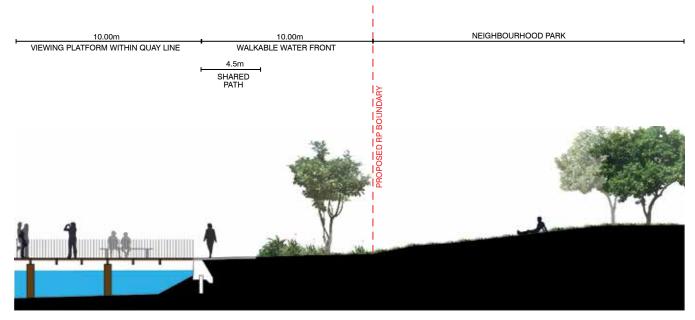


SECTION S - LAKE KAWANA BOULEVARD

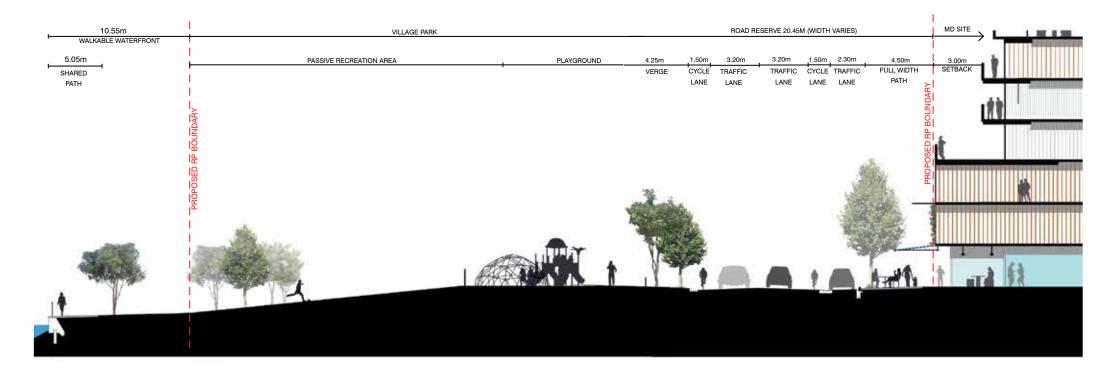




SECTION T - WALKABLE WATERFRONT



SECTION U - NEIGHBOURHOOD PARK 4

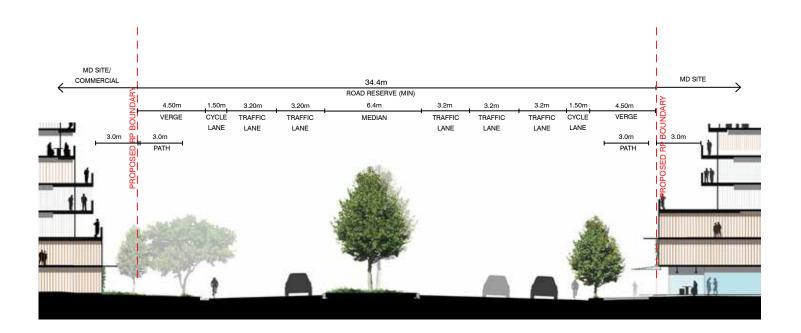


# SECTION V - VILLAGE PARK

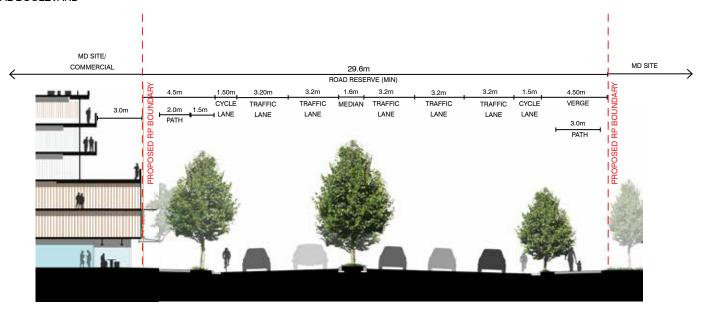


SECTION W - VILLAGE PARK

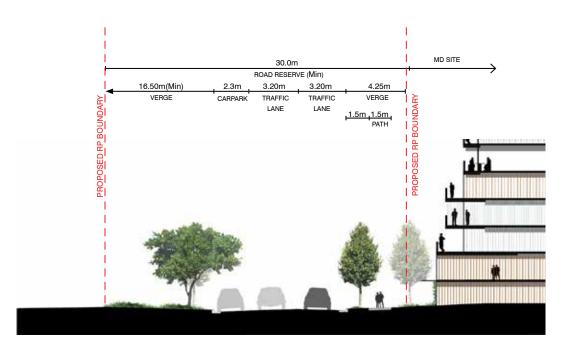
MAP 17K: INDICATIVE CROSS SECTIONS



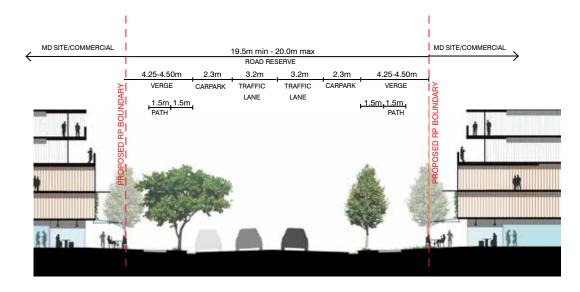
# SECTION X1 - CENTRAL BOULEVARD



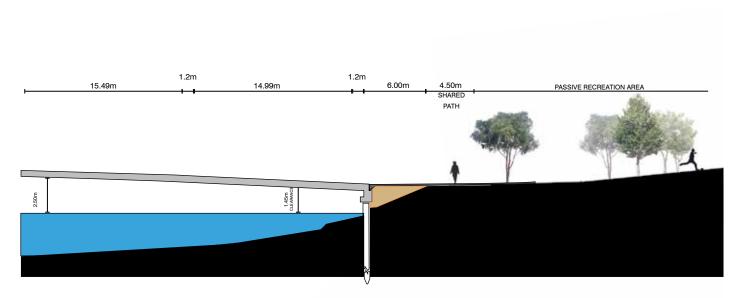
SECTION X2 - CENTRAL BOULEVARD



SECTION X3 - MD SITE



SECTION Y - MD SITE/COMMERCIAL



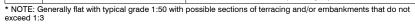
SECTION Z - BRIDGE LANDING

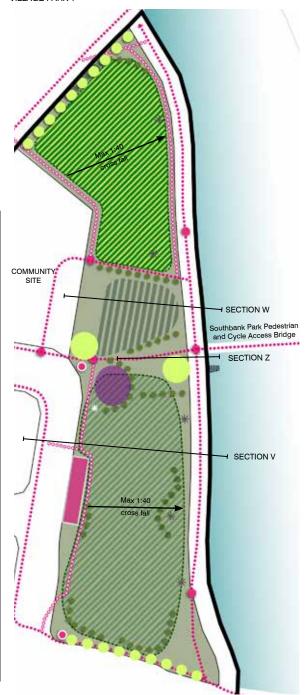
PARK LOCATIONS REFERENCE VILLAGE PARK 1 CHARACTER IMAGERY



# LEGEND

LEGEND				
INDICATIVE DESIGN ELEMENTS (all elements are indicatively illustrated only)		NOTES / DESIGN PRINCIPLES		
•••••	Primary Pedestrian Routes	» Predominant movements to, from, and through park, which are highly visible and accessible		
0000000	Secondary Pedestrian Routes	» Pedestrian paths reflect key desire lines through the park to surrounding streets		
	Place Marker	» Public artwork or sculpture at key sight-line terminus		
	Entry Statement	Consider provision of a small plaza or arbour structure with directional signage		
*	Shelters / picnic tables / seating / BBQ facilities	» Seating to take advantage of lake views, BBQ and picnic table facilities to be co-located with bins and drinking fountains. Min 10m² of shelter to be provided		
*	Public Toilets	» Proximity to areas of anticipated frequent use - kick about oval, amphitheatre, passive recreation area, and playground		
	Lake Access Point	» Canoe launch facilities		
	Playground area	» Fenced, to accommodate 20 children at any time		
	Amphitheatre	Semi-urban seating terraced downhill to walkable waterfront edge, platform stage at base		
	Kick about area	» 5,000m² recreation activity oval areas clear of vegetation and generally flat		
	Landscape area	» Planting beds, turf areas and low height mounding elements for visual interest		
	Indicative areas of flat space - passive recreation area *	» Turf area for informal play & running space which is mainly clear of vegetation and reasonably flat		
•••	Tree provision	Trees to be provided throughout park for amenity and shade. Include marker trees at entries for wayfinding		
	Buffer landscape treatment	» Buffer treatments (garden beds and landscape mounds)		
	Indicative Carpark	» On-site parking for 15 spaces		
• • •	Screening Trees	» Stand of large screening trees to a height that is a min of 7m (at maturity) above adjacent road level		
	Legacy Trees	» Large legacy trees aligned and coordinated with bridge connection and town square legacy trees		















## PARK LOCATIONS REFERENCE



* NOTE:	Generally flat with typical grade 1:50 with
possible	sections of terracing and/or embankments
that	do not exceed
1:3	

LEGEND				
INDICATIVE DESIGN ELEMENTS (all elements are indicatively illustrated only)		NOTES / DESIGN PRINCIPLES		
•••••	Primary Pedestrian Routes	>>	Predominant movements to, from, and through park, which are highly visible and accessible	
0000000	Secondary Pedestrian Routes	»	Pedestrian paths reflect key desire lines through the park to surrounding streets	
	Place Marker	>>	Public artwork or sculpture at key sight-line terminus	
	Entry Statement	»	Consider provision of a small plaza or arbour structure with directional signage	
*	Shelters / picnic tables / seating / BBQ facilities	»	Seating to take advantage of lake views, BBQ and picnic table facilities to be co-located with bins and drinking fountains	
*	Public Toilets	»	Proximity to areas of anticipated frequent use - kick about oval, amphitheatre, passive recreation area, and playground	
(*)	Playground area	»	Playground equipment to accommodate 5-10 children at any time	
	Lake Access Point	>>	Canoe launch facilities	
	Informal Play Area	»	Minimum of 1200m² which can also be used as an informal meeting / gathering area	
	Landscape area	>>	Planting beds, turf areas and low height mounding elements for visual interest	
((//)	Indicative areas of flat space - passive recreation area *	»	Turf area for informal play & running space which is mainly clear of vegetation and reasonably flat	
•••	Tree provision	>>	Trees to be provided throughout park for amenity and shade. Include marker trees at entries for wayfinding	

» Canoe launch facilities

## CHARACTER IMAGERY



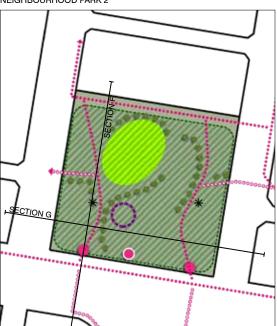








# NEIGHBOURHOOD PARK 2

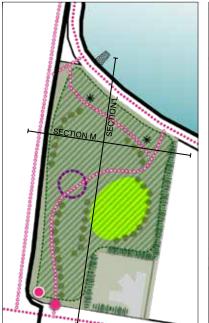


Buffer landscape treatment

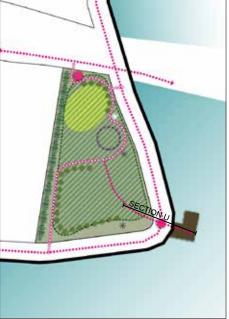
Lake Access Point

## NEIGHBOURHOOD PARK 3

» Buffer treatments (garden beds and landscape mounds)



## NEIGHBOURHOOD PARK 4



## PARK LOCATIONS REFERENCE



## CHARACTER IMAGERY













## PRECINCT PARK 1



# LEGEND

INDICATIVE DESIGN ELEMENTS (all elements are indicatively illustrated only)		NOTES / DESIGN PRINCIPLES	
,*==	Communal gathering area	Meeting area to cater for 2-6 people at one time     Area to include a communal BBQ and picnic tables /     shelters     Water taps, drinking fountains and bins located in close proximity	
*	Shelters / picnic tables / seating	» Seating to take advantage of lake views	
(*)	Playground area	» Playground equipment to accommodate 5-10 children at any time	
•••••	Primary Pedestrian Routes	» Predominant movements to, from, and through park, which are highly visible and accessible	
0000000	Secondary Pedestrian Routes	» Pedestrian paths reflect key desire lines through the park to surrounding streets	
	Entry Statement	Consider provision of a small plaza or arbour structure with directional signage	
	Potential beach area interface with Western Waterway	» Re-align walkable waterfront to accommodate new beach area	
	Landscape area	» Planting beds, turf areas and low height mounding elements for visual interest	
	Indicative areas of flat space - passive recreation area *	» Turf area for informal play & running space which is mainly clear of vegetation and reasonably flat	
• • •	Tree provision	» Trees to be provided throughout park for amenity and shade. Include marker trees at entries for wayfinding	
	Buffer landscape treatment	<ul> <li>Buffer treatments (garden beds and landscape mounds)</li> </ul>	

<sup>\*</sup> NOTE: Generally flat with typical grade 1:50 with possible sections of terracing and/or embankments that do not exceed 1:3

# **PAVEMENTS**



Footpaths: Plain grey concrete, broom finish



Tactile indicators: Stainless steel with grit insert ground surface indicator dots



Integrally Coloured Concrete with Lightly Coloured Concrete with Broom Finish. Exposed Aggregate





Minor Paths: Plain concrete



Access to Water: Formed concrete

# **FURNITURE**



Seating (modular): Powder-coated aluminium



Bike racks: Polished, marine grade 316 SS

Litter Bins: Stainless (lid) and mild steel (enclosure). Potential for custom powder-coating.



Bollards: Standard hardwood timber



Stone Faced Walls with integrated Seating



Shade Structure: Lightweight and robust materials



Barbecues: Powder-coated steel with stainless steel hotplate/door



Drinking Fountain: Stainless steel



Picnic Tables: Powder-coated aluminium



Shelters: Powder-coated steel framing and hardwood timber

TREES		
PLANT CODE	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME
ACM hem	Acmena hemilampra	Broad-leaved Lilly Pilly
ACM smi	Acmena smithii	Brush Box
ACR imp	Acronychia imperforata	Coastal Aspen
ALE cor	Alectryon coriaceus	Beach Birds Eye
ALL lit	Allocasurina littoralis	Black She Oak
ALE mol	Aleurites moluccana	Indian Walnut
ARA het	Araucaria heterophylla	Norfolk Island Pine
BAN int	Banksia integrifolia	Coast Banksia
BIS nob	Bismarckia nobilis	Lemon Scented GumBismarck Palm
BRA ace	Brachychiton acerifolius	Illawarra Flame Tree
BRA BD	Brachychiton	Bella Donna
BUC cel	Buckinghamia celsissima	Ivory Curl Tree
CAL vim	Callistemon viminalis	Weeping Bottlebrush
CAS cun	Casuarina cunninghamiana	River She-oak
CAS gla	Casuarina glauca	Swamp Oak
COR cit	Corymbia citriodora	Lemon Scented Gum
COR tes	Corymbia tessallaris	Moreton Bay Ash
CUP ana	Cupaniopsis anacardioides	Tuckeroo
ELA eum	Elaeocarpus eumundii	Eumundi, Smooth Leaved Quandong
ELA ret	Elaeocarpus reticulatus	Blueberry Ash
EUC ter	Eucalptus tereticornis	Forest Red gum
ELA obo	Elaeocarpus obovatus	Hard Quandong
EUC rac	Eucalyptus racemosa	Scribbly Gum
FIC hil	Ficus hillii	Hill's Weeping Fig
FIC mac	Ficus macrophylla	Moreton Bay Fig
GRE bai	Grevillea baileyana	White Oak
GRE rob	Grevillea robusta	Silky Oak
HAR pen	Harpullia pendula	Tulipwood
HIB RUB	Hibiscus tiliaceus 'Rubra'	Bronce Cottonwood
HIB til	Hibiscus tiliaceus	Cottonwood
JAC mim	Jacaranda mimosaefolia	Jacaranda
LIV aus	Livistona australis	Cabbage Tree Palm
LOP con	Lophostemon confertus	Brush Box

TREES (CONT.)			
PLANT CODE	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	
LOP sua	Lophostemon suaveolens		
MAG gra	Magnolia grandiflora 'Exmouth'	Bull Bay Magnolia	
MEL leu	Melaleuca leucadendra	Cajeput Tree	
MEL sal	Melaleuca salignus	Willow Bottlebrush	
MEL qui	Melaleuca quinquenervia	Broadleaf Paperbark	
MEL vir	Melaleuca viridiflora	Broad-leaved Tea Tree	
PAN ped	Pandanus pedunculatus	Coastal Screw Pine	
PON pin	Pongamia pinnata	Indian Beech Tree	
SYZ leu	Syzygium luehmannii	Small Leaved Lilly Pily	
TRI lau	Tristaniopsis laurina	Water Gum	
XAN chr	Xanthostemon chrysanthus	Golden Penda	

SHRUBS & ARCHITECTURAL FORMS			
PLANT CODE	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	
ACA LIM	Acacia cognata	Acacia Limelight	
ACM AM	Acmena 'Allyn Magic'	Dwarf Lilly Pilly	
ACA FET	Acacia cognata	Fettuccine River Wattle	
AGA att	Agave attenuata	Lion's Tail	
ALC RUB	Alcantarea imperialis 'Rubra'	Imperial Bromeliad	
BAN BC	Banksia spinulosa "Birthday Candles"	Dwarf Banksia	
BAN CC	Banksia spinulosa 'Coast Cushions'	Banksia Coastal Cushion	
BAN eri	Banksia ericifolia	Heath-leaved Banksia	
BAN int	Banksia integrifolia	Coast Banksia	
BAN spi	Banksia spinulosa Dwarf	Dwarf Banksia	
BAN rob	Banksia robur	Swamp Banksia	
BAN obl	Banksia oblongifolia	Fern-leaved Banksia	
BLE ind	Blechnum indicum	Swamp Water Fern	
CAL BB	Callistemon hybrid	Callistemon Betka Beauty	
CAL FIR	Calistemon citrinus	Firebrand	
CAL ER	Calistemon citrinus	Ewan Road	

SHRUBS & ARCHITECTURAL FORMS (CONT.)			
PLANT CODE	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	
CAL EW	Callistemon	Edna Walling Scarlet Willow	
CAL LJ	Callistemon	Little John	
CAL MF	Callistemon	Matthew Flinders' Bottle- brush	
CAL pac	Callistemon pachyphyllus	Bottlebrush	
CAL PC	Calistemon	Pink Champagne	
CAL WA	Callistemon citrinus	White Anzac	
COD MAM	Codiaeum variegatum	Croton Mammy	
COR CAB	Cordyline australis	Cordyline 'Cabernett'	
COR neg	Cordyline negra	Negra	
COR rub	Cordyline fruticosa "Rubra"	Red Cordyline	
CRI ped	Crinum pedunculatum	Swamp Lily	
DOR exc	Doryanthes excelsa	Gymea Lily	
DOR pal	Doryanthes palmeri	Giant Spear Lily	
DRA mar	Dracaena marginata	Dragon tree	
GRE AB	Grevillea Amber Blaze	Amber Blaze	
GRE BB	Grevillea	Billy Bonkers	
GRE CC	Grevillea Cooroora Cascade	Cooroora Cascade	
GRE HG	Grevillea "Honey Gem"	G. banksii x G. pteridifolia	
GRE MO	Grevillea	Moonlight	
GRE MP	Grevillea	Misty Pink	
GRE PR	Grevillea	Banksii Prostrate Red	
GRE RM	Grevillea	Royal Mantle Grevillea	
HAK flo	Hakea florulenta	Twiggy Leaved Hakea	
IND aus	Indigofera australis	Native Indigo	
LEP per	Lepidozamia peroffskyana	Pineapple Zamia	
LEP pol	Leptospermum polygalifolium	Tantoon (formerly L. flavescens)	

SHRUBS & ARCHITECTURAL FORMS (CONT.)			
PLANT CODE	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	
MEL CT	Melaleuca	Claret Tops	
MEL thy	Melaleuca thymifolia	Thyme Honey Myrtle	
NAN NAN	Nandina domestica 'Nana'	Dwarf Sacred Bamboo	
PAN bap	Pandanus baptistii	"Variegated Dwarf Pandanus, White-striped Pandanus"	
PHI xan	Philodendron xanadu	Dwarf Philodendron	
PHO bro	Photinia	Super Bronze Photinia	
PHY mul	Phyllanthus multiflorus	Waterfall Plant	
PHY myr	Phyllanthus myrtifolius	Ceylon Myrtle	
PIT mis	Pittosporum	Miss Muffet	
STR jun	Strelitzia juncea	Rush-leafed Strelitzia	
STR reg	Strelitzia reginae	Bird of Paradise	
SYZ BB	Syzygium	Beach Ball	
SYZ CAS	Syzygium	Cascade Lilly Pilly	
SYZ RES	Syzygium australe	Syzygium Resilience	
YUC ele	Yucca elephantipes	Spineless Yucca, Soft- Tip Yucca	
WES fru	Westringia fruticosa	Blue Gem	
WES wyn	Westringia 'Wynyabbie Gem'	Coastal Rosemary	
ZAM fur	Zamia furfuracea	Jamaican Sago Tree / Cardboard Cycad	

GRASSES & GROUNDCOVERS			
PLANT CODE	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	
CAR app	Carex appressa	Tall Sedge	
CAR gla	Carpobrotus glaucescens	Pigface	
DIE bic	Dietes bicolor	African Iris	
DIE gra	Dietes grandiflora	Large Wild Iris	
FIC nod	Ficinia nodosa	Knobby Club-rush	
GAZ rig	Gazania rigens (mixed colours)	Treasure Flower	
GRE BRO	Grevillea	Bronze Rambler	
GRE tam	Grevillea lanigera 'Mt Tamboritha'	Spider Flower	
HAR vio	Hardenbergia violacea	Purple Coral-pea	

GRASSES & GROUNDCOVERS (CONT.)			
PLANT CODE	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	
HIB sca	Hibbertia scandens	Snake Vine	
HEM cv.	Hemerocallis cv.	Day Lily	
HYM lit	Hymenocallis littoralis	Spider Lily	
HYM spe	Hymenocallis speciosa	Spider Lily	
HEM cv.	Hemerocallis cv.	Day Lily	
IMP cyl	Imperata cylindrica	Blady Grass	
ISO nod	Isolepsis nodosa	Knobby Club-rush	
JUN usi	Juncus usitatis	Common Rush	
LIR EG	Liriope muscari 'Evergreen Giant"	Turf Lily	
LOM flu	Lomandra fluviatilis	Fine Leaf Lomandra	
LOM hys	Lomandra hystrix	Green Mat Rush	
LOM Ion	Lomandra longifolia	Long-Leaf Matt Rush	
LOM SHA	Lomandra fluviatilis 'Shara'	Fine Leaf Lomandra	
LOM WIN	Lomandra confertifolia "Wingarra"	Lomandra cultivar	
MEL aff	Melastoma affine	Native Lasiandra	
PAN gol	Pandorea 'Golden Showers'	Golden Showers	
PEN alo	Pennisetum alopecuroides "Purple Lea"	Swamp Foxtail	
PHI xan	Philodendron "Xanadu"	Dwarf Philodendron	
PHO BRO	Phormium tenax	Bronze Baby New Zea- land Flax	
PHY myr	Phyllanthus myrtifolius	Mousetail Plant	
PIT mis	Pittosporum tobira	Miss Muffett	
THE tri	Themeda triandra	Kangaroo Grass	
TRA jas	Trachelospermum jasminoides "Tricolour"	Tricolour Jasmine	
TRA var	Trachelospermum jasminoides Variegatum	Variegated Star Jasmine	

BIOPOD GRASSES & GROUNDCOVERS			
PLANT CODE	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	
FIC nod	Ficinia nodosa	Knobby Club-rush	
JUN usi	Juncus usitatis	Common Rush	