

Amendment Instrument

Sunshine Coast Planning Scheme 2014 (Administrative and Minor Amendment) No. 7 – Minor Editorial and Operational Matters

Made under the *Sustainable Planning Act 2009*, section 117 (Process for preparing, making or amending local planning instruments)

This amendment has effect on and from 15 August 2016



1. Short title

This amendment instrument may be cited as the Sunshine Coast Planning Scheme 2014 (Administrative and Minor Amendment) No. 7.

2. Commencement

This amendment instrument has effect on and from 15 August 2016.

3. Purpose

The purpose of this amendment instrument is to:

- (a) correct factual matters incorrectly stated in the Sunshine Coast Planning Scheme 2014;
- (b) correct formatting, spelling, grammatical and mapping errors in the Sunshine Coast Planning Scheme 2014;
- (c) correct cross-referencing errors in the Sunshine Coast Planning Scheme 2014;
- (d) provide drafting clarification for certain provisions in the Sunshine Coast Planning Scheme 2014;
- (e) reflect updated use definitions in the Queensland Planning Provisions (version 4.0); and
- (f) appropriately reflect a number of development approvals in the Sunshine Coast Planning Scheme 2014.

4. Amendment table

This amendment instrument amends the component of the *Sunshine Coast Planning Scheme 2014* in Table 1, Column 1, in respect of the provisions stated in Table 1, Column 2, in the manner stated in Table 1, Column 3.

Table 1 Amendment table

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Planning scheme component	Planning scheme provision	Amendment
Part 5 (Tables of assessment), section 5.5 (Levels of assessment – material change of use)	Table 5.5.19 (Rural zone)	Amend as shown in Appendix A
Part 5 (Tables of assessment), section 5.9 (Levels of assessment – local plans)	Section 5.9.7 (Maroochy North Shore local plan), Table 5.9.7 (Maroochy North Shore local plan: material change of use)	Amend and renumber as shown in Appendix A
Part 5 (Tables of assessment), section 5.9 (Levels of assessment – local plans)	Table 5.9.7.2 (Maroochy North Shore local plan: building work)	Insert as shown in Appendix A
Part 5 (Tables of assessment), section 5.9 (Levels of assessment – local plans)	Table 5.9.7.3 (Maroochy North Shore local plan: operational work)	Insert as shown in Appendix A
Part 7 (Local plans), section 7.2.5 (Buderim local plan code)	Section 7.2.5.4 (Assessment criteria), Table 7.2.5.4.1 (Criteria for assessable development)	Amend as shown in Appendix A
Part 7 (Local plans), section	Section 7.2.6.4 (Assessment	Amend as shown in Appendix A

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Planning scheme component	Planning scheme provision	Amendment
7.2.6 (Caloundra local plan code)	criteria), Table 7.2.6.4.1 (Criteria for assessable development)	
Part 7 (Local plans), section 7.2.7 (Caloundra West local plan code)	Section 7.2.7.4 (Assessment criteria), Table 7.2.7.4.1 (Criteria for assessable development)	Amend as shown in Appendix A
Part 7 (Local plans), section 7.2.18 (Maroochy North Shore local plan code)	Section 7.2.18.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)	Amend as shown in Appendix A
Part 7 (Local plans), section 7.2.18 (Maroochy North Shore local plan code)	Section 7.2.18.4 (Assessment criteria), Table 7.2.18.4.1 (Criteria for assessable development)	Amend as shown in Appendix A
Part 7 (Local plans), section 7.2.23 (Palmwoods local plan code)	Section 7.2.23.4 (Assessment criteria), Table 7.2.23.4.1 (Criteria for assessable development)	Amend and renumber as shown in Appendix A
Part 7 (Local plans), section 7.2.23 (Palmwoods local plan code)	Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan elements)	Amend as shown in Appendix A
Part 8 (Overlays), section 8.2.7 (Flood hazard overlay code)	Section 8.2.7.3 (Assessment criteria), Table 8.2.7.3.3 (Flood levels and flood immunity requirements for development and infrastructure)	Amend as shown in Appendix A
Part 9 (Development codes), section 9.2 (Statewide codes), section 9.2.3 (Reconfiguring a lot (subdividing one lot into two lots) and associated operational work code)	Section 9.2.3.2 (Assessment criteria), Table 9.2.3.2.1 (Reconfiguring a lot (subdividing one lot into two lots) and associated operational work requiring compliance assessment)	Amend as shown in Appendix A
Part 9 (Development codes), section 9.3.5 (Dual occupancy code)	Section 9.3.5.3 (Assessment criteria), Table 9.3.5.3.1 (Criteria for self assessable and assessable development)	Amend as shown in Appendix A
Part 9 (Development codes), section 9.3.6 (Dwelling house code)	Section 9.3.6.3 (Assessment criteria), Table 9.3.6.3.1 (Criteria for self assessable and assessable development)	Amend as shown in Appendix A
Part 9 (Development codes), section 9.3.19 (Sport and recreation uses code)	Section 9.3.19.2 (2) (Purpose and overall outcomes)	Amend as shown in Appendix A
Part 9 (Development codes), section 9.4.4 (Reconfiguring a lot code)	Section 9.4.4.3 (Assessment criteria), Table 9.4.4.3.1 (Criteria for assessable development)	Amend as shown in Appendix A
Part 9 (Development codes), section 9.4.4 (Reconfiguring a	Section 9.4.4.3 (Assessment criteria), Table 9.4.4.3.2 (Minimum lot size and	Amend as shown in Appendix A

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Planning scheme component	Planning scheme provision	Amendment
lot code)	dimensions)	
Part 10 (Other plans), section 10.2 (Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre (PRAC) Structure Plan)	Section 10.2.3.3.2 (Tables of assessment for a material change of use), Table 10.2.3.3K (Sunshine Plaza Precinct table of assessment)	Amend as shown in Appendix A
Schedule 1 (Definitions)	SC1.1 (Use definitions)	Amend as shown in Appendix A
Schedule 1 (Definitions)	SC1.2 (Administrative definitions)	Amend as shown in Appendix A
Schedule 2 (Mapping)	Zone Map ZM21 (Maroochy North Shore Local Plan Area)	Amend as shown in Appendix B
Schedule 2 (Mapping)	Zone Map ZM40	Amend as shown in Appendix B
Schedule 2 (Mapping)	Zone Map ZM46 (Golden Beach/Pelican Waters Local Plan Area)	Amend as shown in Appendix B
Schedule 2 (Mapping)	Biodiversity, Waterways and Wetlands Overlay Map OVM21C(i) (Maroochy North Shore Local Plan Area)	Amend as shown in Appendix B
Schedule 2 (Mapping)	Biodiversity, Waterways and Wetlands Overlay Map OVM21C(ii) (Maroochy North Shore Local Plan Area)	Amend as shown in Appendix B
Schedule 2 (Mapping)	Bushfire Hazard Overlay Map OVM21D (Maroochy North Shore Local Plan Area)	Amend as shown in Appendix B
Schedule 2 (Mapping)	Height of Buildings and Structures Overlay Map OVM21H (Maroochy North Shore Local Plan Area)	Amend as shown in Appendix B
Schedule 2 (Mapping)	Biodiversity, Waterways and Wetlands Overlay Map (ii) – OVM2C, OVM7C, OVM15C, OVM16C and OVM26C	Amended maps included at Appendix B

Appendix A Amendment schedule (text)

Part 5 (Tables of Assessment)

Table 5.5.19 Rural zone

Note—the level of assessment for a material change of use may be affected by Division 2 of the Regulatory Provisions of the SEQ Regional Plan 2009-2031.

	RU	RAL ZONE	
Defined use	Level of assessment	Assessment criteria	
Residential activities			
Dwelling house	Self assessable	Dwelling house code	
Nature-based tourism	Code assessable if for	Rural zone code Nature and	rural based
	a camping ground or not	Applicable local plan tourism code	raidi bacca
	more than 8 holiday	code • Prescribed	other
	cabins.	development o	odes
	Impact assessable if not otherwise specified.	The planning scheme	
Short-term	Code assessable if for	Rural zone code Nature and	rural based
accommodation	a farm stay or not more	Applicable local plan tourism code	
	than 8 holiday cabins.	code • Prescribed	other
		development o	codes
	Impact assessable if not otherwise specified.	The planning scheme	
Business activities	not otherwise specified.		
Home based business	Exempt if:-		
nome basea basiness	(a) for a home office;		
	or		
	(b) involving a home		
	based child care service licensed		
	under the Child		
	Care Act 2002.		
	Self assessable if not	Home based business	
	otherwise specified.	code	
Market	Exempt if:-		
	(a) conducted by a not- for-profit		
	organisation; and		
	(b) located on Council		
	owned or controlled		
	land.	The allowabase shows	
	Impact assessable if not otherwise specified.	The planning scheme	
Sales office	Self assessable if for a	Sales office code	
	prize home.		
	Impact assessable if	The planning scheme	
01	not otherwise specified.		
Shop	Code assessable if:- (a) for an art and craft	Rural zone code Business uses Applicable local plan design code	and centre
	centre; and	Applicable local plan design code code Prescribed	other
	(b) not exceeding a	development c	
	gross floor area of	·	
	300m ² . Impact assessable if	The plane's a selection	
	not otherwise specified.	The planning scheme	
Industry activities	not otherwise specifica.		
Extractive industry	Code assessable if	Rural zone code Extractive indu	stry code
	located in Precinct	Applicable local plan code • Prescribed	other
	RUR1 (Meridan Plains	development o	codes
	Extractive Resource		
	Area). Impact assessable if	The planning scheme	
	not otherwise specified.	- The planning sellenie	
Transport depot	Self assessable if	Rural industries code	
	involving the storage of		
	not more than 2		
	vehicles. Impact assessable if	The planning scheme	
	not otherwise specified.		
Community activities			
Community use	Exempt if:-		
•	(a) located on Council		
	owned or controlled		



5.9.7 Maroochy North Shore local plan

Table 5.9.7.1 Maroochy North Shore local plan: material change of use

Note—this table identifies variations to the level of assessment for a defined use specified in **Table 5.5.1 (Low density residential zone)**, <u>Table 5.5.2 (Medium density residential zone)</u> and **Table 5.5.16 (Community facilities zone)**. This table must be read in conjunction with **Table 5.5.1**, <u>Table 5.5.2</u> and **Table 5.5.16**.

Defined use	Level of assessment	Assessment criteria
	S ZONE - PRECINCT MNS	LPP - 1 (SUNSHINE COAST AIRPORT)
Residential activities		
Short-term accommodation	Exempt if:- (a) located on Council owned or controlled land; and (b) associated with air services.	
	Code assessable if not associated with air services.	Community facilities
Business activities		
Food and drink outlet	Exempt if:- (a) located on Council owned or controlled land; and (b) associated with air services.	
	Code assessable if not associated with air services.	Community facilities zone code Maroochy North Shore local plan code Business uses and centre design code Prescribed other development codes
Office	Exempt if:- (a) located on Council owned or controlled land; and (b) associated with air services.	
	Code assessable if not associated with air services.	Community facilities
Service station	Code assessable	Community facilities
Shop	Exempt if:- (a) located on Council owned or controlled land; and (b) associated with air services.	
	Code assessable if:- (a) not exceeding 300m² gross leasable floor area; and (b) not associated with air services.	Community facilities zone code Maroochy North Shore local plan code design code Prescribed other development codes
	Impact assessable if not otherwise specified.	
Industrial activities		
Low impact industry	Exempt if:- (a) located on Council owned or	

Defined use	Level of assessment	Assessment criteria
	Self assessable if:- (a) not associated with air services; and (b) in an existing building.	Industry uses code Transport and parking code
	Code assessable if not otherwise specified.	Community facilities zone code Maroochy North Shore local plan code Industry uses code Prescribed other development codes
Community activities		
Community care centre	Impact assessable	The planning scheme
Educational establishment	Exempt if:- (a) located on Council owned or controlled land; and (b) associated with air services.	
	Impact assessable if not otherwise specified.	The planning scheme
Sport and recreation activi	ties	
Club	Impact assessable	The planning scheme
Indoor sport and recreation	Impact assessable	The planning scheme
Outdoor sport and recreation	Impact assessable	The planning scheme
Other activities	l =	
Parking station	Exempt if:- (a) located on Council owned or controlled land; and (b) associated with air services.	
	Code assessable if not otherwise specified.	Community facilities
Telecommunications facility	Code assessable	Community facilities Telecommunications facility code Maroochy North Shore local plan code Telecommunications facility code Prescribed other development codes
LOW DENSITY RESIDENTI 2 (TOWN OF SEASIDE)	IAL ZONE AND MEDIUM	DENSITY RESIDENTIAL ZONE - PRECINCT MNS LPP -
Any use	Exempt if in accordance with subdivision permit no. 51480 (as modified by permit no. CCC03/0053) and the endorsed "Urban Code - Toward Community", for the Town of Seaside.	The planning scheme
	not otherwise specified.	

Part 5

Table 5.9.7.2 Maroochy North Shore local plan: building work

Note—this table identifies variations to the level of assessment for building work specified in **Table 5.7.1 (Building work)**. This table must be read in conjunction with **Table 5.7.1**.

<u>Development</u>	Level of assessment	Assessment criteria
LOW DENSITY RESIDENT	TAL ZONE AND MEDIUM	DENSITY RESIDENTIAL ZONE - PRECINCT MNS LPP -
2 (TOWN OF SEASIDE)		
Building work	Exempt if in	
	accordance with	
	subdivision permit no.	
	51480 (as modified by	
	permit no.	
	CCC03/0053) and the	
	endorsed "Urban	
	Code - Toward	
	Community", for the	
	Town of Seaside.	
	Impact assessable if	The planning scheme
	not otherwise	
	specified.	

Table 5.9.7.3 Maroochy North Shore local plan: operational work

Note—this table identifies variations to the level of assessment for operational work specified in **Table 5.8.1** (Operational work). This table must be read in conjunction with **Table 5.8.1**.

<u>Development</u>	Level of assessment	Assessment criteria	
	IAL ZONE AND MEDIUM	DENSITY RESIDENTIAL ZON	E - PRECINCT MNS LPP -
2 (TOWN OF SEASIDE)			
Operational work – landsc	ape work		
<u>Operational</u> work involving landscape work	Exempt if in accordance with		
associated with a material change of use	subdivision permit no. 51480 (as modified by permit no.		
	CCC03/0053) and the endorsed "Urban Code – Toward Community", for the Town of Seaside.		
	Code assessable if not otherwise specified.	Landscape code Maroochy North Shore local plan code	
Operational work - engine	ering work		
Operational work involving engineering work associated with a material change of use	Self assessable if associated with a dwelling house.	Dwelling house code AO7.1 and AO9 of Table 9.3.6.3.1 (Criteria for self assessable and assessable development).	
	Code assessable if not otherwise specified.	Maroochy North Shore local plan code Stormwater management code Works, services and infrastructure code	 Transport and parking code (other than AO3.1 and AO3.2 of Table 9.4.8.3.1 Criteria for self assessable and assessable development
Operational work involving engineering work not associated with a material change of use	Self assessable if associated with a dwelling house.	Dwelling house code AO7.1 and AO9 of Table 9.3.6.3.1 (Criteria for self assessable and assessable development).	
	Code assessable if not otherwise specified.	Maroochy North Shore local plan code Stormwater management code Works, services and infrastructure code	 Transport and parking code (other than AO3.1 and AO3.2 of Table 9.4.8.3.1 Criteria for self assessable and assessable development
Operational work – filling of	or excavation		
Operational work involving	Exempt if involving		

<u>Development</u>	Level of assessment	Assessment criteria
filling or excavation (other	cumulative filling or	
than the placement of	excavation of not more	
topsoil) associated with a	than 50m ³ of material.	
material change of use	Self assessable if	Dwelling house code
	associated with a	AO12 of Table 9.3.6.3.1
	dwelling house.	(Criteria for self
	_	assessable and
		assessable
		development).
	Code assessable if	Maroochy North Shore • Works, services and
	not otherwise	local plan code infrastructure code
	specified.	Stormwater management
		code
Operational work involving	Exempt if involving	
filling or excavation (other	cumulative filling or	
than the placement of	excavation of not more	
topsoil) not associated	than 50m ³ of material.	
with a material change of	Self assessable if	Dwelling house code
use	associated with a	AO12 of Table 9.3.6.3.1
<u> </u>	dwelling house.	(Criteria for self
	awening ricase.	assessable and
		assessable
		development).
	Code assessable if	Maroochy North Shore • Works, services and
	not otherwise	local plan code infrastructure code
	specified.	Stormwater management
	<u>эрссиіса.</u>	code
Operational work – placing	on advertising device o	
	<u> </u>	ii piciliises
Operational work involving	Exempt if in	
placing an advertising	accordance with	
device on premises.	subdivision permit no.	
	51480 (as modified by	
	permit no.	
	CCC03/0053) and the	
	endorsed "Urban	
	Code – Toward	
	Community" for the	
	Town of Seaside.	
	Impact assessable if	The planning scheme
	not otherwise	
	specified.	

	nco Outcomos	Accontable	Outcomos
PO4	nce Outcomes Development contributes to the	Acceptable	Outcomes Development adjacent to a primary
F04	establishment of attractive and coherent	A04.1	streetscape treatment area or
	streetscapes and gateways to enhance		gateway/entry point identified on Figure
	the sense of arrival to, and village		7.2.5A (Buderim local plan elements):-
	character of. Buderim.		(a) incorporates architectural and
	onaractor or, Badomin.		landscape treatments which
			enhance the sense of arrival to, and
			the village character of, Buderim and
			emphasise corner locations; and
			(b) incorporates building design such as
			varied roof forms, changes in
			materials and variations in projected
			and recessed elements and facades.
		AO4.2	Development provides for streetscape
		A04.2	improvements which complement existing
			or proposed streetscape works in the
			local area to ensure continuity of
			streetscapes and landscape design.
			Note—Section 0.4.2 (Landscene code) cote
			Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes
			including entry statement landscapes.
			Note—a landscape master plan may provide
			further guidance regarding particular
			streetscape treatments in a local plan area.
			Note—streetscape materials and palettes can
			be referenced from the Council's Infrastructure
			and Guideline Standards for each centre as
PO5	Dovelopment provides for the retention	AO5.1	required.
. 03	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape	AUJ. 1	Development protects and emphasises, and does not intrude upon, the important
	elements including significant views and		sight lines to coastal and rural hinterland
	vistas, existing character trees and		landscapes where identified on Figure
	areas of significant <i>vegetation</i>		7.2.5A (Buderim local plan elements).
	contributing to the setting, character		
	and sense of place of Buderim.	AO5.2	Development provides for the retention
			and enhancement of existing mature
			trees and character vegetation
			contributing to the vegetated setting and
			backdrop of the local plan area including:-
			(a) vegetation on ridgelines and along
			watercourses and gullies;
			(b) the hoop pines behind Burnett Street;
			(c) the camphor laurel trees along Main
			Street;
			(d) Poinciana trees along King
			Street/Main Street/ Burnett Street;
			(e) the fig trees in Wirreanda Park; and(f) other character vegetation identified
			on Figure 7.2.5A (Buderim local
			plan elements).
			Note in come circumstances the gradienties
			Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native
			species that make a comparable contribution to
			local character may also satisfy the Acceptable
PO6	Development on land identified as a	AO6	Outcome. No acceptable outcome provided.
1-00	local ecological linkage on Figure	AUG	·
	7.2.5A (Buderim local plan elements)		Editor's Note—Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity,
	7.2.0A (Buderiiii local plair cicilicitis)		
	facilitates the provision of the local		waterways and wetlands overlay code) sets



Performan	ice Outcomes	Acceptable	Outcomes
PO38	Development in the Tourist	AO38	No acceptable outcome provided.
1 000	accommodation zone where on Lot 1	A000	No acceptable outcome provided.
	RP106064, located on the corner of		
	Leeding Terrace and The Esplanade,		
	Bulcock Beach:-		
	(a) may provide for residential uses or a mix of residential and		
	business uses;		
	(b) where business uses are		
	proposed, maintains a <i>primary</i>		
	active street frontage to The		
	Esplanade;		
	(c) provides for a maximum site		
	cover of:-		
	(i) 70% for that part of a		
	building not exceeding 8.5		
	metres in height; and		
	(ii) 35% for that part of a		
	building exceeding 8.5		
	metres in height;		
	(d) provides access from Leeding		
	Terrace, other than where for		
	permanent accommodation; and		
	(e) maintains setbacks to Otranto		
	Avenue in accordance with		
	Acceptable Outcome AO4 in		
	order to maintain uninterrupted		
	sight lines to the Pumicestone		
	Passage and Bribie Island.		
	ent in the High Density Residential Zone		
PO39	Development in the High density	AO39	Development provides for buildings
	residential zone on sites fronting		which:-
	Bombala Terrace, Canberra Terrace,		(a) are designed and located to
	Maltman Street South, Verney Street,		respond to the natural topography,
	or Queen Street is designed to		such as by stepping down the
	minimise the physical and visual		slope;
	impacts of development on the		(b) have a maximum site cover of 25%
	prominent ridgeline that defines the		for that part of any building
	western and northern boundaries of		exceeding 6 storeys in height; and
	the Kings Beach area.		(c) are well spaced with a slender
			rather than bulky appearance.
	ent in the Medium Density Residential Z		
PO40	Development in the Medium density	AO40	The layout and design of development
	residential zone at the following		ensures that:-
	locations is compatible with the		(a) buildings have the appearance of
	predominantly detached housing		one or more individual buildings on
	character of these locations:-		the site, with each building being
	(a) Currimundi, in the vicinity of		the scale of a dwelling house;
	Currimundi Road, Hume Parade,		(b) buildings step down in height for
	Watson Street and Robe Street;		that part of a building within 4
	(b) Dicky Beach, in the area bounded		metres of a side boundary shared
	by Beerburrum Street, Coolum		with a dwelling house;
	Street, Tinbeerwah Street and		(c) buildings have living rooms and
	Cooroora Street;		dwelling entries oriented to the
	(c) Dicky Beach, in the vicinity of		street; and
	Ngungun Street;		(d) buildings are set within densely
	(d) Dicky Beach, in the area bounded		landscaped grounds.
	by Elizabeth Street, Wilson		
	Avenue and Mackay Street; and		
	(e) Moffat Beach, in the area		
	bounded by Moffat Street,		
	Bennett Street, Russell Street and		
Davidan	Rinaldi Street.	7 (! - : 2	DUDATA and Lat 4 DD405570 O1
		Lone (Lot 0 i	BUP474 and Lot 1 RP135579, Canberra
Terrace, C		A O 44	Development provides for building
PO41	Development is adequately set back	AO41	Development provides for buildings and



Performa	ince Outcomes	Acceptable	Outcomes
	to be integrated with the proposed		
	Aroona transit station and support		
	the achievement of transit oriented		
	development outcomes;		
	(c) provides for any large format retail		
	use to be sleeved and located		
	behind smaller scale fine grain		
	built form elements;		
	(d) provides for the maximum gross		
	leasable floor area for business		
	uses in the Local centre zone at		
	this location to not exceed		
	5,000m ² ; and		
	(e) provides for the establishment of a		
	central community meeting place		
	such as a village square or plaza		
	which:-		
	(i) effectively integrates with the		
	local centre and the Aroona		
	transit station;		
	(ii) provides a comfortable, safe and attractive environment for		
	pedestrians;		
	·		
	(iii) integrates with and is overlooked by active uses;		
	and		
	(iv) includes public artwork,		
	shade and seating.		
Developr	ment in the Medium Density Residential	Zone	
PO13	Development in the Medium density	AO13	Development in the Medium density
1 0 .0	residential zone provides for a	//	residential zone within 800 metres of the
	significant resident population to be		proposed Aroona transit station, where
	accommodated within the primary		identified on Figure 7.2.7A (Caloundra
	catchment of the Aroona transit station		West local plan elements), provides for
	so as to support the functional		the establishment of high quality, low rise
	efficiency of the Dedicated Public		multi-unit residential uses at densities of
	Transport Corridor (CAMCOS) and		between 25 and 50 equivalent dwellings
	promote transit oriented development		per hectare.
	outcomes.	ļ	'
Developr	ment in the Low Density Residential Zon	e (Precinct C	AW LPP-1, Homestead Drive)
	Development for reconfiguring a lot in		Development for reconfiguring a lot in the
	the Low density residential zone in		Low density residential zone in Precinct
	Precinct CAW LPP-1 (Homestead		CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified
	Drive) identified on Local Plan Map		CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 does not
	Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 protects the low density		CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 does not provide for lots fronting Discovery Drive,
	Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 protects the low density residential character of Discovery Drive,		CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 does not provide for lots fronting Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court to be
	Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 protects the low density residential character of Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court.		CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 does not provide for lots fronting Discovery Drive,
	Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 protects the low density residential character of Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court. ment in the Rural Residential Zone		CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 does not provide for lots fronting Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court to be further subdivided.
Developr PO15	Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 protects the low density residential character of Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court. ment in the Rural Residential Zone Development for reconfiguring a lot in	AO15	CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 does not provide for lots fronting Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court to be further subdivided. Development for reconfiguring of lot in
	Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 protects the low density residential character of Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court. The Rural Residential Zone Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Rural residential zone provides for	AO15	CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 does not provide for lots fronting Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court to be further subdivided. Development for reconfiguring of lot in the Rural residential zone provides for a
	Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 protects the low density residential character of Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court. ment in the Rural Residential Zone Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Rural residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots	AO15	CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 does not provide for lots fronting Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court to be further subdivided. Development for reconfiguring of lot in
	Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 protects the low density residential character of Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court. ment in the Rural Residential Zone Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Rural residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that:-	AO15	CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 does not provide for lots fronting Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court to be further subdivided. Development for reconfiguring of lot in the Rural residential zone provides for a
	Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 protects the low density residential character of Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court. ment in the Rural Residential Zone Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Rural residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that:- (a) is sympathetic to the prevailing	AO15	CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 does not provide for lots fronting Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court to be further subdivided. Development for reconfiguring of lot in the Rural residential zone provides for a
	Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 protects the low density residential character of Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court. ment in the Rural Residential Zone Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Rural residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that:- (a) is sympathetic to the prevailing rural residential character of the	AO15	CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 does not provide for lots fronting Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court to be further subdivided. Development for reconfiguring of lot in the Rural residential zone provides for a
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	Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 protects the low density residential character of Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court. ment in the Rural Residential Zone Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Rural residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that:- (a) is sympathetic to the prevailing rural residential character of the area in which it is located; and (b) sensitively responds to site	AO15	CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 does not provide for lots fronting Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court to be further subdivided. Development for reconfiguring of lot in the Rural residential zone provides for a
PO15	Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 protects the low density residential character of Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court. ment in the Rural Residential Zone Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Rural residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that:- (a) is sympathetic to the prevailing rural residential character of the area in which it is located; and (b) sensitively responds to site constraints.		CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 does not provide for lots fronting Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court to be further subdivided. Development for reconfiguring of lot in the Rural residential zone provides for a minimum lot size of 1 hectare.
	Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 protects the low density residential character of Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court. ment in the Rural Residential Zone Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Rural residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that:- (a) is sympathetic to the prevailing rural residential character of the area in which it is located; and (b) sensitively responds to site constraints. Development in the Rural residential	AO15	CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 does not provide for lots fronting Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court to be further subdivided. Development for reconfiguring of lot in the Rural residential zone provides for a
PO15	Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 protects the low density residential character of Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court. **ment in the Rural Residential Zone** Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Rural residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that:- (a) is sympathetic to the prevailing rural residential character of the area in which it is located; and (b) sensitively responds to site constraints. Development in the Rural residential zone to the west of Sugarbag Road and		CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 does not provide for lots fronting Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court to be further subdivided. Development for reconfiguring of lot in the Rural residential zone provides for a minimum lot size of 1 hectare.
PO15	Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 protects the low density residential character of Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court. ment in the Rural Residential Zone Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Rural residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that:- (a) is sympathetic to the prevailing rural residential character of the area in which it is located; and (b) sensitively responds to site constraints. Development in the Rural residential zone to the west of Sugarbag Road and Sunset Drive provides for low impact		CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 does not provide for lots fronting Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court to be further subdivided. Development for reconfiguring of lot in the Rural residential zone provides for a minimum lot size of 1 hectare.
PO15	Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 protects the low density residential character of Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court. ment in the Rural Residential Zone Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Rural residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that:- (a) is sympathetic to the prevailing rural residential character of the area in which it is located; and (b) sensitively responds to site constraints. Development in the Rural residential zone to the west of Sugarbag Road and Sunset Drive provides for low impact rural residential living in a bushland		CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 does not provide for lots fronting Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court to be further subdivided. Development for reconfiguring of lot in the Rural residential zone provides for a minimum lot size of 1 hectare.
PO15	Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 protects the low density residential character of Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court. ment in the Rural Residential Zone Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Rural residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that:- (a) is sympathetic to the prevailing rural residential character of the area in which it is located; and (b) sensitively responds to site constraints. Development in the Rural residential zone to the west of Sugarbag Road and Sunset Drive provides for low impact rural residential living in a bushland setting, and is designed in a manner		CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 does not provide for lots fronting Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court to be further subdivided. Development for reconfiguring of lot in the Rural residential zone provides for a minimum lot size of 1 hectare.
PO15	Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 protects the low density residential character of Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court. **ment in the Rural Residential Zone** Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Rural residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that:- (a) is sympathetic to the prevailing rural residential character of the area in which it is located; and (b) sensitively responds to site constraints. Development in the Rural residential zone to the west of Sugarbag Road and Sunset Drive provides for low impact rural residential living in a bushland setting, and is designed in a manner which:-		CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 does not provide for lots fronting Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court to be further subdivided. Development for reconfiguring of lot in the Rural residential zone provides for a minimum lot size of 1 hectare.
PO15	Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 protects the low density residential character of Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court. ment in the Rural Residential Zone Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Rural residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that:- (a) is sympathetic to the prevailing rural residential character of the area in which it is located; and (b) sensitively responds to site constraints. Development in the Rural residential zone to the west of Sugarbag Road and Sunset Drive provides for low impact rural residential living in a bushland setting, and is designed in a manner		CAW LPP-1 (Homestead Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM44 does not provide for lots fronting Discovery Drive, Homestead Drive and Manor Court to be further subdivided. Development for reconfiguring of lot in the Rural residential zone provides for a minimum lot size of 1 hectare.



Part 7 (Local plans) - Section 7.2.18 (Maroochy North Shore local plan code)

- (2) The purpose of the Maroochy North Shore local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) The Maroochy North Shore local plan area is to remain a predominantly low density coastal urban area comprising a number of beachside residential communities and the Sunshine Coast Airport as well as significant tourist and sport and recreation facilities.
 - (b) Urban development within the Maroochy North Shore local plan area is limited to land within the urban growth management boundary so as to protect environmental areas and landscape values, avoid further urban development on heavily constrained land, particularly low lying and flood prone land, and provide for the efficient provision of *infrastructure* and services. Whilst some limited consolidation is expected within allocated zones, further significant residential development is not supported in the local plan area due to flooding and environmental constraints.
 - (c) Development within the local plan area protects the primary function of the Sunshine Coast Airport as a major airport and aviation precinct and provides for its expansion over time.
 - (d) Development within the Sunshine Coast Airport (Precinct MNS LPP-1) provides for the establishment of a range of uses and activities that are compatible with the primary function of the airport including aviation related business and industrial uses. Development at the Sunshine Coast Airport does not compromise the Sunshine Coast Activity Centre Network.
 - (e) Development and land use in the vicinity of the Sunshine Coast Airport is compatible with the Airport's existing and potential future operations, such that airport operations will not be affected and land use conflicts are minimised.
 - (f) Development is designed and sited in recognition of the constraints presented by the existing and potential airport operations, local flooding and drainage constraints and significant environmental areas, including the beaches, foreshore, waterways and wetlands.
 - (g) Development retains key landscape character and natural environment elements and protects significant views contributing to the character and landscape setting of the local plan area, including those to and from Mount Coolum, particularly from the David Low Way and Sunshine Motorway.
 - (h) Development in the Local centre zone at Pacific Paradise supports the role and function of the centre as a local (full service) activity centre providing a business and community focus for the local plan area. Development contributes to a low-scale, compact centre with a village character which provides an attractive interface and gateway to David Low Way and other local roads through high quality building design and the provision of landscape treatments, active frontages and off street car parking.
 - (i) Other smaller business centres at Mudjimba, North and South Marcoola and Twin Waters continue to function as local (not full service) activity centres providing a basic level of convenience goods and services to nearby residents. Local centres remain compact, with any expansion and enhancement limited to land included within the Local centre zone. No new business centres are established within the Maroochy North Shore local plan area.
 - (j) Development in the Low density residential zone, Medium density residential zone and Local centre zone is designed to protect and reinforce the low key coastal village character of the established residential communities within the local plan area.
 - (k) The Town of Seaside (Precinct MNS LPP-2) continues to be developed as an integrated residential community based on "new urbanism" principles. Development contributes to the establishment of a walkable integrated residential community providing a mix of dwelling types, supported by <u>limited small scale local a local (not full service) activity centre providing limited</u>-convenience shopping and local business uses. <u>Development reflects the distinct architectural features and landscape design of existing development within the precinct.</u>
 - (I) Development in the Tourist accommodation zone at Marcoola (Precinct MNS LPP-3 (Marcoola Tourist Accommodation)), located along David Low Way, remains a focus for visitor accommodation and ancillary uses. Development is designed to respond to local climatic conditions and airport noise, enhance facilities and pedestrian connectivity to the beach and foreshore, provide an attractive presentation to David Low Way and conserve the frontal dune system and remaining coastal heath vegetation communities.





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Developme Accommod PO15 E A F	ent	and enhancement of the environmental and landscape			Ì				
PO15 E	ent	•							
PO15 E	ent	values of the area							
PO15 E			7	/D :		MALO	I DD 0	Morrage	Territor
PO15 [a L A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		in the Tourist Accommodatio	n Zone	(Pro	ecinci	IVINS	LPP-3,	Marcoola	Iourist
a L A		elopment in the Tourist	AO15		Deve	elopmen	it in	the	Tourist
F		mmodation zone in Precinct MNS						e in Precin	ct MNS
F	LPP-	,			LPP-	-	(Marc	oola	Tourist
		ommodation) identified on Local				mmoda		بالمراجعة المراجعة	:
1.7	Pian (a)	Map LPM21:- provides a focus for high density			(a)	provide		dominantly with limite	visitor Ilema ba
	(α)	tourist and airport related						uses includir	
		accommodation and ancillary				restaur	ants ar	nd boutique	shops
		retail and entertainment/catering						ound level	
		uses that contribute to the tourism						designed e	ntrances
		focus of the precinct and complement the Sunshine Coast			(b)		ernal spa	ices; non-residenti	عمورا اد
		Airport;			(0)			a maximum	
((b)	is designed in a manner which						area of 150	
		responds to local climatic					ses to b	e located o	n corner
		conditions and the beachfront			(-)	sites;			
1	(c)	setting; achieves a high level of visual			(c)		orates goies and te	enerous ve	ianuans,
'	(0)	amenity and attractive			(d)			Idings which	address
		presentation to David Low Way;			(-,	the fro	ntages 1	to David Lo	w Way,
((d)	provides interesting and diverse						s streets ar	nd main
		public outdoor spaces that extend			(-)		rian area		اد ماد داند
		around and through the Precinct and link the David Low Way to the			(e)			create attrac lic spaces i	
		beach:						ards, squai	
((e)	avoids direct service vehicle and				garden	s that	extend arou	ınd and
		car park access to David Low						ecinct and lin	nk David
	(f)	Way;			/f\		ay to the		wowo of
	(f)	conserves the frontal dune system from both direct and indirect			(f)			ppropriate v ernal space	
		impacts; and				prevaili		ds and n	
((g)	protects the remaining wildflower				aircraft	noise;		
		heathland in the Precinct.			(g)			irect access	to David
					(h)	Low W	•	land	scaping,
					(11)	•		tive species	
								ting characte	
								getation;	
					(i)		orates o		dscaping
								d Low Way often buildir	
						and	provide		attractive
						presen	tation to	the street;	
					(j)			buildings, s	
								alls, to be se 0 metres f	
								o metres if ary of the lot	
					(k)			emaining w	
						heathla			
		n the Tourist Accommodation Zon		Nate					
		elopment in the Tourist	AO16		No a	cceptab	le outcor	ne provided.	
-		mmodation zone at Twin Waters ort provides for:-							
	(a)	the retention of the site as a							
'	·/	significant tourist facility;							
((b)	buildings which are low rise and							
		respect the scale of surrounding							
,	(c)	development and <i>vegetation</i> ; the protection of significant							
((0)	environmental areas including							



Douform	anas Outcomes	Acceptable	Outcomes
гепоппа	ince Outcomes	Acceptable	Outcomes including gable, hip, pitched or multiple
			gable roof forms.
PO2	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements including historical landmarks,	AO2.1	Development provides for the retention of old stone retaining walls, historical landmarks, memorials and monuments.
	significant views and vistas, existing character trees and areas of significant vegetation contributing to the character, setting, and sense of place of Palmwoods.	AO2.2	Development protects and emphasises, and does not intrude upon, important view lines to the Blackall Range and other views to surrounding rural and natural areas where identified on Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan elements).
		AO2.3	Development protects and enhances existing mature trees and character vegetation including: (a) riparian vegetation along Paynter Creek and the major drainage lines running north from Rifle Range Road across Palmwoods School Road and Dunning Street; (b) vegetation in Kolora Park identified on Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan elements); (c) bushland along Woombye-Palmwoods Road, Eudlo Road and Palmwoods-Montville Road; and (d) other character vegetation identified on Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan elements).
			of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.
PO3	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent streetscapes and gateways to enhance the rural town character of, and sense of entry and arrival to, Palmwoods.	AO3.1	Development adjacent to a primary streetscape treatment area or identified gateway/entry point on Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan elements) incorporates architectural and landscape treatments and other design elements which enhance the sense of entry and arrival to, and rural town character of, Palmwoods, and emphasise corner locations.
		AO3.2	Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of streetscapes and landscape design.
			Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes.
			Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.
			Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.
PO4	Development provides through block	<u>AO4</u>	Development provides visible, safe,
_	pedestrian linkages which:-		comfortable and attractive through block
	(a) are located to reflect the desire		pedestrian linkages where identified on



Acceptable Outcomes

elements).

Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan



Performance Outcomes

of pedestrian movement

between major points of attraction

and public spaces;

Performa	ince Outcomes	Acceptable	Outcomes
- опонис	protection for pedestrians;		grained shopfronts addressing the
	(f) uses traditional building materials;		street;
	and		(d) respects the layout, scale (including
	(g) provides functional and integrated		height and setback) and character of
	access, car parking and servicing		existing buildings;
	areas which preserve the integrity		(e) provides all-weather protection for
	of existing stone retaining walls		pedestrians in the form of continuous
	and do not dominate the street.		awnings and/or light verandah
			structures with decorative (non-load
			bearing) posts over footpath areas in
			conjunction with mature or semi-
			mature shade trees planted along the
			site frontage adjacent to the
			kerbside;
			(f) has simple, traditional Queensland-
			style roof designs such as hipped or
			gabled and parapet walls of various
			shapes facing the street;
			(g) has building openings overlooking
			and addressing the street;
			(h) incorporates vertical proportions on
			the front façade and well defined
			shopfronts and entry doors;
			(i) uses traditional building materials (timber cladding and corrugated iron
			roofing);
			1
			(j) uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and
			cladding materials;
			(k) ensures that signage is integrated
			with the building;
			(I) includes provision of landscaping,
			shaded seating and consistent and
			simple paving materials on footpaths;
			(m) provides for vehicular access to be
			from the rear of sites where required
			to preserve old stone retaining walls;
			and
			(n) retains on-street car parking and
			provides for on-site car parking
			behind buildings at the rear of the
			development.
PO <u>12</u> 11	Redevelopment of disused railway land	AO <u>12</u> 11	No acceptable outcome provided.
	adjacent to Main Street in the vicinity of	_	
	Church Street:-		
	(a) provides for the development of		
	community activities and/or		
	business activities, in particular, a		
	supermarket (where not otherwise		
	established in the local plan area);		
	(b) does not compromise or adversely		
	impact upon the current or future		
	operation of the North Coast Rail		
	Line;		
	(c) provides for the retention and/or		
	adaptive re-use of existing heritage		
	buildings and features;		
	(d) provides for safe and convenient		
	pedestrian access to the railway		
	station;		
	(e) provides an attractive and active		
	streetfront address to Main Street		
	and the future pedestrian link to the		
	railway station;		
	(f) retains public parking servicing the		
Ī	railway station integrated within the		



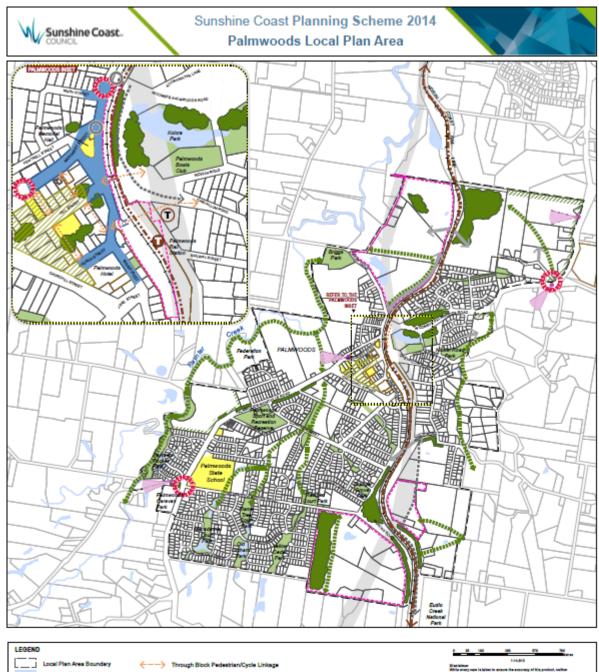
Porforma	ince Outcomes	Accontable	Outcomes
remonina	development design; and	Acceptable	Outcomes
	(g) is designed such that opportunities		
	for possible future expansion are		
	retained following realignment of		
	the rail line.		
Develop	ment in the Medium Impact Industry Zon	0	
PO1312	Development in the Medium impact	AO <u>1312</u>	No acceptable outcome provided.
1 0 <u>13</u> 72	industry zone:-	AO <u>13</u> 12	No acceptable outcome provided.
	(a) provides safe and efficient		
	vehicular access;		
	(b) is effectively screened from		
	Palmwoods-Montville Road;		
	(c) provides appropriate riparian		
	buffers to Paynter Creek and		
	protects water quality; and		
	(d) protects the amenity of surrounding		
	or nearby residential areas.		
Develop	ment in the Low Impact Industry Zone		
PO <u>1413</u>	Development in the Low impact industry	AO <u>14</u> 13	No acceptable outcome provided.
	zone:-		,
	(a) is limited to small scale and low		
	impact industry uses that are		
	compatible with a rural town		
	setting;		
	(b) integrates with existing developed		
	areas;		
	(c) provides safe and efficient		
	vehicular access;		
	(d) is effectively screened from, or		
	provides an attractive street front		
	address, to Main Street; and		
	(e) protects the amenity of surrounding		
	or nearby residential areas.		
_ ,			
	ment in the Low Density Residential Zon		
Developr PO <u>15</u> 14	ment in the Low Density Residential Zon Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density	e AO <u>15</u> 14.1	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density
	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lot sizes		residential zone has a minimum lot size of
	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is		
	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is sympathetic to the rural town character	AO <u>15</u> 14.1	residential zone has a minimum lot size of 800m ² .
	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of the Palmwoods local		residential zone has a minimum lot size of 800m². Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density
	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is sympathetic to the rural town character	AO <u>15</u> 14.1	residential zone has a minimum lot size of 800m². Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for regular-
	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of the Palmwoods local	AO <u>15</u> 14.1	residential zone has a minimum lot size of 800m ² . Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for regular-shaped lots with a grid street layout and
PO <u>15</u> 14	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of the Palmwoods local plan area.	AO <u>15</u> 14.1	residential zone has a minimum lot size of 800m². Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for regular-shaped lots with a grid street layout and subdivision pattern.
	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of the Palmwoods local plan area. Reconfiguring a lot within the Low	AO <u>15</u> 14.1	residential zone has a minimum lot size of 800m². Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for regular-shaped lots with a grid street layout and subdivision pattern. Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density
PO <u>15</u> 14	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of the Palmwoods local plan area. Reconfiguring a lot within the Low density residential zone:-	AO <u>15</u> 14.1	residential zone has a minimum lot size of 800m². Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for regular-shaped lots with a grid street layout and subdivision pattern. Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone:-
PO <u>15</u> 14	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of the Palmwoods local plan area. Reconfiguring a lot within the Low density residential zone:- (a) is designed to sensitively respond	AO <u>15</u> 14.1	residential zone has a minimum lot size of 800m². Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for regular-shaped lots with a grid street layout and subdivision pattern. Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone:- (a) provides for a subdivision layout
PO <u>15</u> 14	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of the Palmwoods local plan area. Reconfiguring a lot within the Low density residential zone:- (a) is designed to sensitively respond to site characteristics and avoids	AO <u>15</u> 14.1	residential zone has a minimum lot size of 800m². Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for regular-shaped lots with a grid street layout and subdivision pattern. Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone:- (a) provides for a subdivision layout which minimises the extent of cut and
PO <u>15</u> 14	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of the Palmwoods local plan area. Reconfiguring a lot within the Low density residential zone:- (a) is designed to sensitively respond to site characteristics and avoids significant scarring of the	AO <u>15</u> 14.1	residential zone has a minimum lot size of 800m². Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for regular-shaped lots with a grid street layout and subdivision pattern. Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone:- (a) provides for a subdivision layout which minimises the extent of cut and fill required to accommodate new lots
PO <u>15</u> 14	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of the Palmwoods local plan area. Reconfiguring a lot within the Low density residential zone:- (a) is designed to sensitively respond to site characteristics and avoids significant scarring of the landscape; and	AO <u>15</u> 14.1	residential zone has a minimum lot size of 800m². Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for regular-shaped lots with a grid street layout and subdivision pattern. Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone:- (a) provides for a subdivision layout which minimises the extent of cut and fill required to accommodate new lots and roads; and
PO <u>15</u> 14	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of the Palmwoods local plan area. Reconfiguring a lot within the Low density residential zone:- (a) is designed to sensitively respond to site characteristics and avoids significant scarring of the landscape; and (b) provides for an interconnected,	AO <u>15</u> 14.1	residential zone has a minimum lot size of 800m². Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for regular-shaped lots with a grid street layout and subdivision pattern. Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone:- (a) provides for a subdivision layout which minimises the extent of cut and fill required to accommodate new lots and roads; and (b) incorporates an interconnected
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Performa	ince Outcomes	Acceptable	Outcomes
- STOTTIC	(e) is designed to sensitively respond		
	to site characteristics and avoids		
	significant scarring of the		
	landscape;		
	(f) protects visual amenity from		
	Woombye-Palmwoods Road,		
	Eudlo Road and the re-aligned rail		
	line;		
	(g) provides an integrated, legible and		
	permeable road, cycle and		
	pathway network which connects		
	residential neighbourhoods to the		
	town centre, community, sport and		
	recreation facilities and open		
	space;		
	(h) provides appropriate open space to		
	service the local community; and		
	(i) provides effective buffering to		
DOGGE	adjoining rural areas and uses.	A 00005	Nia accomtable
PO <u>26</u> 25	Development of surplus railway land	AO <u>2625</u>	No acceptable outcome provided.
	immediately adjoining the Palmwoods		
	Town Centre, where identified on		
	Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan elements), and made available in		
	the life of the planning scheme:-		
	(a) provides for the improvement of the		
	town centre and the consolidation		
	of Main Street as the focus for		
	centre activities and community		
	interaction;		
	(b) provides for predominantly open		
	space and community activities,		
	with limited business and		
	residential activities;		
	(c) is sympathetic to the rural town		
	character and heritage of		
	Palmwoods and provides a		
	coherent and attractive streetfront		
	address;		
	(d) provides safe and convenient		
	access to the new railway station,		
	Kolora Park and surrounding		
	areas;		
	(e) effectively integrates with existing		
	developed areas and the new railway station; and		
	(f) where for business uses, provides		
	an active <i>frontage</i> to Main Street		
	and the pedestrian link to the new		
	railway station.		
PO <u>2726</u>	Development provides for surplus	AO <u>2726</u>	Development of surplus railway land or
	railway land and rural land within the	_	rural land within the urban growth
	urban growth management boundary		management boundary is undertaken in
	made available in the life of the		accordance with a local master plan that
	planning scheme to be master planned		has been subject to public consultation
	and occur in a logical sequence,		and implemented either through a
	providing for the efficient and timely		planning scheme amendment or a
	provision of infrastructure and services.		preliminary approval pursuant to Section
			242 of the Act.





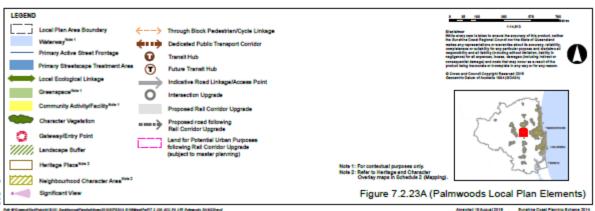


Table 8.2.7.3.3 Flood levels and flood immunity requirements for development and infrastructure

Column 1 Type of development	Column 2 Flood level (DFE/	'DSTE\22	Column 3 Minimum design level ^{23 24 25}		
rype of development	Column 2A	Column 2B	Column 3A	Column 3B	
	Recurrence Interval	Planning period for climate change	Surface ²⁶	Floor	
General		<u> </u>			
Business	1% <i>AEP</i>	2100	<i>DFE/DSTE</i> or Historical	DFE/DSTE + 0.5m or Historical + 0.6m	
Industrial	1% <i>AEP</i>	2100	DFE/DSTE + 0.5m or Historical + 0.6m	DFE/DSTE + 0.5m or Historical + 0.6m	
Residential	1% AEP	2100	DFE/DSTE + 0.5m or Historical + 0.6m	DFE/DSTE + 0.5m or Historical + 0.6m	
Community (Child care centre / Educational establishment)	0.5% AEP	2100	DFE/DSTE or Historical	DFE/DSTE + 0.5m or Historical + 1m	
Other than as specified above	1% AEP	2100	DFE/DSTE + 0.5m or Historical + 0.6m	DFE/DSTE + 0.5m or Historical + 0.6m	
Community activities that are essen	tial community infras	structure (recommen		0.0111	
Emergency service facilities other than police facilities ²⁷	0.2% <i>AEP</i>	2100	DFE/DSTE or Historical	DFE/DSTE + 0.5m or Historical + 1m	
Emergency shelter	0.2% AEP	2100	DFE/DSTE or Historical	DFE/DSTE + 0.5m or Historical + 1m	
Hospitals and associated facilities	0.2% AEP	2100	DFE/DSTE or Historical	DFE/DSTE + 0.5m or Historical + 1m	
Police facilities ²⁷	0.5% AEP	2100	<i>DFE/DSTE</i> or Historical	DFE/DSTE + 0.5m or Historical + 1m	
Stores of valuable records or items of historic or cultural significance	0.5% AEP	2100	<i>DFE/DSTE</i> or Historical	DFE/DSTE + 0.5m or Historical + 1m	
Utilities that are essential communit	y infrastructure (reco	ommended flood leve	el (RFL)		
Major switch yards and substation	0.5% AEP	2100	DFE/DSTE or Historical	DFE/DSTE + 0.5m or Historical + 1m	
Power station	0.2% AEP	2100	DFE/DSTE or Historical	DFE/DSTE + 0.5m or Historical + 1m	
Sewage treatment plant ²⁸	0.01% <i>AEP</i>	2100	N/A	DFE/DSTE or Historical + 1m	
Water treatment plant	0.5% AEP	2100	DFE/DSTE or Historical	DFE/DSTE + 0.5m or Historical + 1m	
Infrastructure ²⁹					
Access roads and car parking	10% AEP	2100	DFE/DSTE and maximum inundation depth of 250mm during 1% AEP event	N/A	
Collector streets and above	1% AEP	2100	DFE/DSTE	N/A	
Other than as specified above	1% AEP	2100	DFE/DSTE or Historical	DFE/DSTE or Historical	
Hazardous and other materials		T			
Manufacture and storage of hazardous materials in bulk	1% AEP	2100	DFE/DSTE + 0.5m or Historical + 1m	DFE/DSTE + 0.5m or Historical + 1m	

Note—the *DFE/DSTE* is the nominated recurrent event at the end of the nominated planning period.

Part 8

Note—the minimum design level is the *DFE/DSTE*, (including freeboard where nominated). Where the *DFE/DSTE* is unavailable the minimum design level is the historic level (including freeboard where nominated).

Note—for development which is reconfiguring a lot for urban purposes, the minimum design level nominated applies to the entire lot and all associated *infrastructure*.

Note—for development which is reconfiguring a lot for rural or rural residential purposes, the minimum design level nominated applies to the building envelope or *development footprint* area only, subject to access to the building envelope or *development footprint* area from the road network being trafficable during the 1% AEP event and flood-free during the 3950% AEP event.

Note—surface level requirements apply to development for reconfiguring a lot only.

Note—some emergency services and police facilities (e.g. water police and search and rescue operations) are dependent on direct water access. The flood levels do not apply to these aspects but other operational areas should be located above the recommended flood level to the greatest extent feasible.

Note—for a sewage treatment plant, the recommended flood level applies only to electrical and other equipment that, if damaged by flood water or debris, would prevent the plant from functioning. This equipment should either be protected from damage or designed to withstand inundation.

Note—minimum design levels for *infrastructure* apply to standalone *infrastructure* only. Where *infrastructure* is proposed as part of development, the minimum design levels nominated for that development category also apply to the associated *infrastructure*.

Firebreaks	
Forestry for wood production of 40 hectares to 100 hectares	10 metres
Forestry for wood production greater than 100 hectares	20 metres, or a 10 metre break that is free of flammable material that is greater than 1 metre high followed by a 10 metre fuel reduction area where forestry for wood production trees are pruned up to a minimum height of 5 metres, commencing once trees are greater than 10 metres in height.

9.2.3 Reconfiguring a lot (subdividing one lot into two lots) and associated operational work code

9.2.3.1 **Purpose**

(1) The purpose of the Reconfiguring a lot (subdividing one lot into two lots) and associated operational work code is for assessing requests for compliance assessment for development for reconfiguring a lot that requires compliance assessment as prescribed under Table 5.4.2 (Prescribed levels of assessment: reconfiguring a lot) in Part 5 (Tables of assessment).

Note—development subject to compliance assessment must be able to achieve compliance with the compliance outcomes for a compliance permit to be issued.

Note—if compliance with the code is not possible, the development cannot be considered for compliance assessment and a development application for assessable development must be made to the local government as outlined in Schedule 18 of the Regulation.

9.2.3.2 Assessment criteria

Table 9.2.3.2.1 Reconfiguring a lot (subdividing one lot into two lots) and associated operational work requiring compliance assessment

	ance Outcomes
Lot Des	sign
CO1	Each lot complies with the minimum <i>frontage</i> requirements specified in Column 4 of Table 9.4.4.3.2 (Minimum lot size and dimensions) as applicable to the zone in which the subject <i>site</i> is located.
CO2	Each lot complies with the minimum building envelope requirements specified in Column 3 of Table 9.4.4.3.2 (Minimum lot size and dimensions) as applicable to the zone in which the subject <i>site</i> is located.
CO3.1	On land in the industrial zone, no rear lots are created.
CO3.2	On land in a residential zone, any rear lot complies with the following:-
	(a) the number of adjoining rear lots does not exceed three;
	(b) only one rear lot is provided behind each standard lot;
	(c) no more than two rear lot access strips directly adjoin each other; and
	(d) no more than two rear lots gain access from the head of a cul-de-sac.
CO4	The reconfiguration ensures that any existing building or structure is <i>setback</i> to any new property boundary in accordance with the <i>setback</i> requirements for the existing use as specified in the applicable use code and any applicable local plan code.
CO5	The reconfiguration ensures that any proposed building or structure can comply with boundary <i>setback</i> requirements for the proposed future use of the land as specified in the applicable use code and any applicable local plan code.
CO6.1	The reconfiguration ensures that any proposed building or structure avoids easements, such as easements for trunk sewer lines.
CO6.2	No new lots are created where a proposed building or structure cannot be constructed due to existing or planned underground or aboveground <i>infrastructure</i> .
CO7	No new lots are created on land subject to flooding up to and including the <u>declared level</u> <u>determined by Council.</u> Defined Flood Event (DFE) as identified on the Flood Hazard



in the highest level above Australian Height Datum (AHD). CO8 If the land is located in a Designated Bushfire Prone Area, the reconfiguration does no involve premises identified as being greater than low risk. CO9 No new lots are created where the existing slope of the land is 15 per cent or greater. Infrastructure CO10 For premises located in a reticulated water area, each lot is connected to the reticulate water supply infrastructure network. OR For premises located outside a reticulated water area, each lot is provided with a alternative potable water supply source (e.g. rainwater, bore water), with a minimum storag capacity of 45,000 litres. CO11 For premises located in a sewered area¹, each lot is connected to the reticulated sewer infrastructure network. OR For premises located outside a sewered area, each lot provides for an effluent treatment and disposal system in accordance with the requirements of Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002. CO12 Each lot is connected to an electricity supply infrastructure network. CO13 Each lot is connected to a telecommunications infrastructure network. CO14 Infrastructure (water supply, sewerage, roads, stormwater quality and quantity, recreations parks, land only for community purposes) is designed and constructed in accordance with the standards specified in the Planning scheme policy for development works. Access CO15 Each lot has lawful, safe and practical access to the existing road network via:- (a) direct road frontage; or (b) an access strip (for a rear lof); or (c) an access strip (for a rear lof); or (d) where access to a lot is proposed via an access strip or easement, the access strip or easement.	CO8 CO9 Infrastru CO10 CO11	Overlay Maps, or an Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP) of 1 per cent, whichever results in the highest level above Australian Height Datum (AHD). If the land is located in a Designated Bushfire Prone Area, the reconfiguration does not involve premises identified as being greater than low risk. No new lots are created where the existing slope of the land is 15 per cent or greater. Lecture For premises located in a reticulated water area, each lot is connected to the reticulated water supply infrastructure network. OR For premises located outside a reticulated water area, each lot is provided with an alternative potable water supply source (e.g. rainwater, bore water), with a minimum storage capacity of 45,000 litres. For premises located in a sewered area ¹ , each lot is connected to the reticulated sewer infrastructure network. OR For premises located outside a sewered area, each lot provides for an effluent treatment and disposal system in accordance with the requirements of Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002. Each lot is connected to an electricity supply infrastructure network.
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CO17 The maximum length of an access strip or easement does not exceed 40 metres.		
	CO17	The maximum length of an access strip or easement does not exceed 40 metres.
CO18 The gradient of an access strip or easement does not exceed 15%.	CO18	The gradient of an access strip or easement does not exceed 15%.
standards specified in the Planning scheme policy for development works.		
Stormwater	Stormwa	50.0
	CO20	Onsite erosion and the release of sediment or sediment-laden stormwater from the premises is minimised at all times including during construction and complies with the standards specified in the Planning scheme policy for development works .
	CO21	Filling or excavation on the premises does not exceed a maximum of one metre vertical change in natural ground level at any point.
	CO22	Filling or excavation does not cause ponding on the premises or adjoining land.

Editor's note—sewered area is defined in the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002* and means a service area for a sewerage service under the *Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008*.



Doutous		Accontoble	Outcomes
Pertorma	ance Outcomes	Acceptable	
			developed or approved for a dual occupancy; and
Hoight o	l f Buildings and Structures		(c) has a slope of not more than 15%.
PO2	The height of the dual occupancy is	AO2	The height of the dual occupancy does
	consistent with the preferred character		not exceed:-
	of a local area and does not adversely		(a) for a site included in a centre zone—
	impact on the amenity of adjacent		the height specified on the applicable
	premises having regard to:-		Height of Buildings and Structures
	(a) overshadowing;		Overlay Map; or
	(b) privacy and overlooking;		(b) for a site included in the Medium
	(c) views and vistas;		density residential zone or Low
	(d) building appearance; and		density residential zone—8.5 metres,
	(e) building massing and scale as		notwithstanding the height specified
	seen from neighbouring premises.		on the applicable Height of Buildings
			and Structures Overlay Map.
	er and Density		
PO3	The dual occupancy:-	AO3.1	The site cover of the dual occupancy
	(a) is of a scale that is compatible with		does not exceed:-
	surrounding development;		(a) 50% where a single storey dual
	(b) does not present an appearance of		occupancy;
	bulk to adjacent premises, road or		(b) 40% where the dual occupancy is 2
	other areas in the vicinity of the		or more storeys in height; or
	site;		(c) 50% for the ground floor and 30% for
	(c) maximises opportunities for the		the upper floors where the dual
	retention of existing vegetation and		occupancy is 2 or more storeys in
	allows for soft landscapes between		height.
	buildings and the street;		
	(d) allows for adequate area at ground	AO3.2	The maximum number of bedrooms per
	level for outdoor recreation,		dwelling in the dual occupancy does not
	entertainment, clothes drying and		exceed 3.
	other site facilities; and		
	(e) facilitates on-site stormwater		
	management and vehicular access.		
Streetsc	ape Character		
PO4	The dual occupancy is designed and	AO4.1	Each dwelling has an individual design
	constructed to:-		such that the floor plan is not a mirror
	(a) provide an attractive address to all		image of the adjoining dwelling and
	street frontages;		includes distinct external design elements
	(b) make a positive contribution to the		(e.g. variations in roof line, facade,
	preferred streetscape character of		treatment or position of main entrances
	the locality;		and garages, window treatments and
	(c) provide shading to walls and	1	shading devices).
	windows of the dual occupancy;	1	
	(d) minimise opportunities for	AO4.2	The dual occupancy is setback at least
	residents to overlook the <i>private</i>		4.5 metres from any street frontage, with
	open space areas of neighbouring		any garage or carport associated with the
	premises; and		dual occupancy setback at least 6
	(e) maximise the retention of existing	1	metres.
	mature trees within the frontage	1	
	setback, to retain streetscape	AO4.3	Any garage or carport is setback a
	character.		minimum of 1.5 metres from the main
			face of the associated dwelling, or in line
			with the main face of the associated
			dwelling, where the dwelling incorporates
			a front verandah or portico projecting
			a front verandah or portico projecting forward of the main face or faces.
		AO4.4	a front verandah or portico projecting forward of the main face or faces. The dual occupancy (other than a
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		AO4.4	a front verandah or portico projecting forward of the main face or faces. The dual occupancy (other than a garage, carport or shed), is setback from any side or rear property boundary in accordance with the boundary clearance



Dorforma	anas Outsamas	Accontable	Outcomes
	Den Space Sufficient private open space is provided to allow for the amenity and reasonable recreation needs of the occupants of the dual occupancy.	Acceptable AO5	or less; (b) 2 metres for any part of the building that is higher than 4.5 metres, but not higher than 7.5 metres; and (c)(a) 2 metres plus 0.5 metres for every 3 metres of any part of the building that exceeds 7.5 metres in height. Each dwelling is provided with private open space at ground level free of buildings which:- (a) is at least 50m² in area; (b) comprises not more than two separate parts; (c) has one part directly accessible from the main living area which:- (i) is at least 25m² in area; (ii) has a minimum dimension of 4 metres; and (iii) has a maximum gradient of 1 in
			20 (5%).
PO6	Buildings and structures are adequately setback from canals and other artificial waterways or waterbodies (e.g. lakes) to:- (a) protect the structural integrity of the canal/waterway/waterbody profile and revetment wall; and (b) ensure no unreasonable loss of amenity occurs to adjacent land and dwellings, having regard to:- (i) privacy and overlooking; (ii) views and vistas; (iii) building character and appearance; and (iv) building massing and scale as seen from neighbouring premises.	AO6	Buildings and structures exceeding 1 metre in height above ground level (other than pool fencing which is at least 75% transparent) are setback a minimum of 4.5 metres from the property boundary adjacent to the canal or artificial waterway/waterbody.
Site Land	•		
PO7	The dual occupancy incorporates site landscapes that:- (a) provide an attractive landscape setting for the enjoyment and appreciation of residents; (b) integrate the development into the surrounding urban landscape;	A07.1	The site is fully landscaped with turf and tree and shrub species. At least 20% of the site is retained for soft landscapes (i.e. not used as hardstand area).
	(c) effectively define and screen private open space and service areas; (d) utilise locally native vegetation species as the major planting theme; and (e) maximise the retention of existing mature trees in order to retain the landscape character of the area.	AO7.4	A minimum 1 metre wide landscape strip is provided along the full length of the street <i>frontage</i> (excluding driveways and pathways). A 1.8 metre high solid screen fence is provided along: (a) the full length of all rear <i>site</i> boundaries; and (b) the full length of all side <i>site</i>
		AO7.5	boundaries to the front building line. Fences or walls are not provided along street frontages. OR
			Fences or walls to street frontages are



Performa	ince Outcomes	Acceptable	
		AO2.2	Note—AO2.1(a) alternative provision to QDC. Where located on a lot in a residential zone, the total width of a garage door facing a street (and that is visible from the road <i>frontage</i>) does not exceed 6 metres within any one plane, with any additional garage door being set back a further 1 metre from the street <i>frontage</i> to break up the apparent width of the garage facade.
Setbacks	s in Residential Zones		
PO3	Where located in a residential zone, the dwelling house is set back from any road frontage so as to:- (a) achieve a close relationship with, and high level of passive surveillance of, the street; (b) create a coherent and consistent streetscape, with no or only minor variations in frontage depth; (c) make efficient use of the site, with opportunities for large back yards; (d) provide reasonable privacy to residents and neighbours on adjoining lots; and (e) maintain reasonable access to views and vistas, prevailing breezes and sunlight for each dwelling house.	AO3	Where located in a residential zone, the dwelling house (other than a garage, carport or shed) is setback to any road frontage at least:- (a) 4.5 metres for the ground storey; and (b) 6 metres for any levels above the ground storey. Note—AO3 alternative provision to QDC.
Sethacks	s in Rural and Rural Residential Zones		
PO4	Where located in the Rural zone, the	AO4.1	Where located on a lot in the Rural zone,
	dwelling house is set well back from any road frontage so as to:- (a) maintain an open visual landscape dominated by natural elements (rather than built structures); (b) preserve the amenity and character of the rural or rural residential area, having regard to building massing and scale as seen from the road and neighbouring premises; (c) protect views and vistas; (d) avoid or minimise noise and dust nuisance from sealed roads, existing State controlled roads and extractive industry transport routes; and (e) protect the functional characteristics of existing State controlled roads and extractive industry transport routes.	AO4.2	and the lot has an area of more than 2 hectares, the <i>dwelling house</i> (including any associated garage, carport or shed) is set back at least:- (a) 40 metres from a State controlled road or an extractive industry <i>transport route</i> ; (b) 20 metres from any other road; or (c) if an extension not exceeding 50m² <i>gross floor area</i> and within, under or structurally part of an existing <i>dwelling house</i> , the <i>setback</i> of the existing <i>dwelling house</i> on the <i>site</i> . Where located on a lot in the Rural zone, and the lot has an area of not more than 2 hectares, or where located on a lot in the Rural residential zone, the <i>dwelling house</i> (including any associated garage, carport or shed) is set back at least:- (a) 10 metres from any road <i>frontage</i> ; or (b) if an extension not exceeding 50m² <i>gross floor area</i> and within, under or structurally part of an existing <i>dwelling house</i> , the <i>setback</i> of the existing <i>dwelling house</i> on the <i>site</i> . Note—AO4.1 and AO4.2 alternative provisions to QDC.
POF	Where leasted in the Dural rose or	AO5 1	
PO5	Where located in the Rural zone or Rural residential zone, the dwelling house is set back from side and rear boundaries so as to:- (a) maintain an open visual landscape dominated by natural elements	AO5.1	Where located on a lot in the Rural zone, the <i>dwelling house</i> (including any associated garage, carport or shed) is set back from any side or rear boundary at least:- (a) 3 metres where the lot has an area
	adminated by natural diditionts	l	(%) 5 mondo midro intrido dir dica



9.3.19 Sport and recreation uses code

9.3.19.1 Application

This code applies to assessable development identified as requiring assessment against the Sport and recreation uses code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.

9.3.19.2 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Sport and recreation uses code is to ensure sport and recreation uses are developed in appropriate locations, meet the needs of users and protect the amenity of surrounding premises.
- (2) The purpose of the Sport and recreation uses code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - sport and recreation uses are established in appropriate locations that provide convenient access for users;
 - sport and recreation uses are located and designed so as to be compatible with the preferred character of the local area;
 - sport and recreation uses involving the establishment of major facilities provide high quality buildings, structures and facility design;
 - (d) sport and recreation uses do not have an adverse impact upon the amenity of existing or proposed future residential areas or neighbouring premises; and
 - (e) sport and recreation uses provide *access*, car parking, public transport and other services and utilities commensurate with the scale and nature of the use.

9.3.19.3 Assessment criteria

Table 9.3.19.3.1 Criteria for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes					
Location	Location and Facility Design						
PO1	The sport and recreation use is located and designed so as to be:- (a) convenient to users; and (b) compatible with the preferred character of the local area.	AO1	No acceptable outcome provided.				
PO2	The sport and recreation use:- (a) is effectively designed to meet the needs of users, having regard to the scale and nature of the use; (b) has buildings and structures that are fit for purpose; and (c) in the case of a major sport, recreation and entertainment facility, has buildings and structures that incorporate passive design responses that acknowledge and reflect the region's sub-tropical climate.	AO2	No acceptable outcome provided.				
PO3	The sport and recreation use ensures that mechanical plant and equipment and storage areas associated with the use are designed and screened so as to provide an attractive address to streets and adjoining properties.	AO3	No acceptable outcome provided.				
Road Sy	stem and Public Transport						
PO4	The surrounding road system is capable of accommodating the additional traffic	AO4	No acceptable outcome provided.				



Performa	ance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes		
	Dimensions of Lots			
PO3	Development provides for the size, dimensions and orientation of lots to:- (a) be appropriate for their intended use in accordance with the intent of the applicable zone code; (b) be consistent with the prevailing urban fabric (where applicable)	AO3.1	Except where otherwise specified in a structure plan or local plan code, a lot complies with the minimum lot size specified in Column 2 of Table 9.4.4.3.2 (Minimum lot size and dimensions). Except where otherwise specified in a	
	and the preferred character of the local area; (c) where for residential lots, provide sufficient area for a suitable building envelope, vehicle access and useable private open space, without the need for major	700.2	structure plan or local plan code, a lot contains a minimum square or rectangular area and a minimum <i>frontage</i> that complies with Columns 3 and 4 respectively of Table 9.4.4.3.2 (Minimum lot size and dimensions) .	
	earthworks and retaining walls; (d) where for commercial and industrial lots, provide sufficient area to accommodate a wide range of industry and commercial use types; (e) where not located in a sewered area, provide an area for the safe and sustainable on-site treatment	AO3.3	All reconfigured lots on land subject to a constraint or valuable feature identified on an overlay map contains a building envelope marked on a plan of development that demonstrates that there is an area sufficient to accommodate the intended purpose of the lot that is not subject to the constraint or valuable feature or that appropriately responds to	
	and disposal of effluent; (f) take account of and respond appropriately to natural values	AO3.4	the constraint or valuable feature. No additional lots are created on land	
	and site constraints; and (g) in the case of land included in the Rural zone, prevent the fragmentation of rural land.		included in:- (a) the Environmental management and conservation zone; (b)(a) the Limited development (landscape residential) zone; or (e)(b) the Rural residential zone (outside of the rural residential growth management boundary).	
		AO3.5	Lot boundaries and roads are aligned to avoid traversing ecologically important areas.	
Small Re	esidential Lots			
PO4	Development provides for small residential lots (of less than 600m²) to be created in limited circumstances where:- (a) consistent with the intent of the zone and compatible with the preferred character of the local	AO4.1	Notwithstanding Acceptable Outcome AO3.1 (above), small residential lots may be created on land in one of the following zones:- (a) the Emerging community zone; or (b) the Medium density residential zone.	
	area; and (b) on land that is fit for purpose and not subject to topographic constraints.	AO4.2	The land on which small residential lots are created has a <i>slope</i> of not more than 10%.	
PO5	Small residential lots (of less than 600m²) are developed in accordance with a plan of development, which demonstrates that:- (a) most lots are provided with a	AO5.1	A plan of development complies with the design criteria for small residential lots specified in Table 9.4.4.3.3 (Design criteria for small residential lots).	
	north-south orientation to optimise opportunities for passive solar design and natural airflow; (b) the development is efficiently configured and provides laneway access that optimises the use of public streets by pedestrians and minimises pedestrians/vehicle conflict points;	AO5.2	Each small residential lot is capable of containing a rectangle suitable for building purposes where the long axis of the rectangle faces between 30° east and 20° west of true north.	



Minimum lot size and dimensions 13 14 15 16 Table 9.4.4.3.2

Column 1	Column 2			Column 3	Column 4
Zone	Minimum lot size			Minimum	Minimum
	Column 2A	Column 2B	Column 2C	square or rectangle	frontage (metres)
	Slope ≤ 15%	Slope > 15% and ≤ 20%	Slope > 20%	(metres)	
Low density residential zone	600m²	1,000m²	1,500m²	15 x 20	15
Medium density residential zone	800m²	1,000m²	1,500m²	15 x 20	15
High density residential zone	800m²	1,000m²	1,500m²	20 x 30	20
Tourist accommodation zone	1,000m²	1,000m²	1,500m²	20 x 40	20
Principal centre zone	400m²	1,000m²	1,000m²	10 x 12	Not specified
Major centre zone	400m²	1,000m²	1,000m²	10 x 12	Not specified
District centre zone	400m²	1,000m²	1,000m²	10 x 12	Not specified
Local centre zone	400m²	1,000m²	1,000m²	10 x 12	Not specified
Specialised centre zone	1,000m²	1,000m²	1,000m²	20 x 40	20
Sport and recreation zone	Not specified	Not specified	Not specified	Not specified	Not specified
Open space zone	Not specified	Not specified	Not specified	Not specified	Not specified
Low impact industry zone	1,000m²	1,000m²	1,000m²	20 x 40	20
Medium impact industry zone	1,500m²	1,500m²	1,500m²	30 x 40	30
High impact industry zone	4,000m²	4,000m²	4,000m²	30 x 40	40
Waterfront and marine industry zone	1,000m²	1,000m²	1,000m²	20 x 40	20
Community facilities zone	Not specified	Not specified	Not specified	Not specified	Not specified
Environmental management and conservation zone	Not specified	Not specified	Not specified	Not specified	Not specified
Environmental management and conservation zone	No new lots to be created				
Limited development (landscape residential) zone	No new lots to be created				
Rural zone	100 hectares	100 hectares	100 hectares	Not specified	250
Rural residential zone where within the rural residential growth management boundary.	6,000m² (minimum average 1 hectare)	6,000m² (minimum average 1 hectare)	6,000m² (minimum average 1 hectare)	50 x 100	60
Rural residential zone not otherwise specified.	No new lots to be created				
Emerging community zone	10 hectares	10 hectares	10 hectares	Not specified	100
Tourism zone	Not specified				



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¹³ Note—the minimum lot size requirements specified in column 2 of Table 9.4.4.3.2 (Minimum lot size and dimensions) may be varied by an applicable local plan or structure plan.

Note—where a local plan or structure plan varies the minimum lot size requirements specified in column 2 of **Table 9.4.4.3.2** (Minimum lot size and dimensions), it does not override the requirement for a larger lot size to be provided on sloping sites (i.e.

column 2B and 2C of **Table 9.4.4.3.2** continue to apply to the extent relevant).
 Note—for land included in the Medium density residential zone or Emerging community zone, the minimum lot size requirements specified in column 2 of **Table 9.4.4.3.2** (**Minimum lot size and dimensions**) may be varied by an approved plan of development that provides for a minimum lot size of 300m² and complies with the criteria for small lot housing.
 Note—where **Table 9.4.4.3.2** (**Minimum lot size and dimensions**) has not specified a minimum lot size or other dimension,

development must satisfy Performance Outcome PO3.

Part 10

SUNSHINE PLAZA PRECINCT

Development identified in a table of assessment as self assessable or code assessable that exceeds the height limit for
the site specified on Other Plans Map OPM M5 (Maroochydore PRAC Master Planned Area Height of Buildings
and Structures) is impact assessable except where the Sustainable Planning Regulation 2009 specifies a different
level of assessment.

Defined Use	Level of Assessment	Assessment Criteria
	0.11	design code
Office if in an existing building. (Consistent use)	Self assessable	Maroochydore structure plan area code (Section 10.2.4.3: AO27.1, AO27.2, AO29 and AO30) Transport and podicing and actions are actions.
Office if not otherwise	Code assessable	Transport and parking code Maroochydore structure plan Prescribed other
specified. (Consistent use)	Code assessable	area code development codes • Business uses and centre
	0.11	design code
Sales office	Self assessable	Maroochydore PRAC structure plan code (Section 10.2.4.3: AO27.1, AO27.2, AO29 and AO30) Sale office code
Shop if:-	Self assessable	Maroochydore structure plan area code (Section 10.2.4.3:
(a) in an existing building; and		AO27.1, AO27.2, AO29 and AO30) Transport and parking code
(b) not for a department store.		
(Consistent use) Shop if for a department	Impact assessable	Margachydara structura plan area cada
store. (Inconsistent use)	impact assessable	Maroochydore structure plan area code Sunshine Coast Planning Scheme as applicable to the Master Planned Area
Shop if not otherwise	Code assessable	Maroochydore structure plan
specified. (Consistent use)		area code development codes • Business uses and centre
•		design code
Shopping centre if:- (a) in an existing building and not involving a new department store;	Self assessable	Maroochydore structure plan area code (Section10.2.4.3: AO27.1, AO27.2, AO29 and AO30) Transport and parking code
or (b) being on Lot 60 RP		
862779, Lot 61 CP 816941, Lot 63 RP 866871 & Lot 8 RP 181890 and in accordance with the		
Order in Council dated 20 February 1992. (Consistent use)		
Shopping centre if not otherwise specified. (Inconsistent use)	Impact assessable	Maroochydore structure plan area code Sunshine Coast Planning Scheme as applicable to the Master Planned Area
Theatre	Code assessable	Maroochydore structure plan
(Consistent use)	Couc assessable	area code development codes • Business uses and centre
Veterinary services if in an existing building.	Self assessable	design code Maroochydore structure plan area code (Section 10.2.4.3: AO27.1, AO27.2, AO29 and 30)
(Consistent use)		Transport and parking code
Veterinary services if not otherwise specified. (Consistent use)	Code assessable	Maroochydore structure plan area code Business uses and centre
hades total and to		design code
Industrial activities	Colf concent la	Managhadan atmatum alam 1 /0 / 100 100
Service industry if:- (a) in an existing building; and	Self assessable	Maroochydore structure plan area code (Section 10.2.4.3: AO27.1, AO27.2, AO29, and AO30) Transport and parking code. Transport and parking code.
(b) having a gross leasable floor area not exceeding 450m². (Consistent use)		Transport and parking code
Service industry if:- (a) not in an existing building; and (b) having a gross leasable floor area not	Code assessable	Maroochydore structure plan area code Business uses and centre design code Prescribed development codes
exceeding 450m². (Consistent use)		

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Use	Definition	Examples include	Does not include the following examples
Community residence	Any dwelling used for accommodation for a maximum of six persons who require assistance or support with daily living needs, share communal spaces and who may be unrelated. The use may include a	Hospice	Dwelling house, dwelling unit, residential care facility, rooming accommodation, short-term accommodation
	resident support worker engaged or employed in the management of the residence.		
Community use	Premises used for providing artistic, social or cultural facilities and community support services to the public and may include the ancillary preparation and provision of food and drink.	Public art gallery, community centre, community hall, library, museum	Cinema, club, hotel, nightclub entertainment facility, place of worship
Crematorium	Premises used for the cremation or aquamation of bodies.		Cemetery
Cropping	Premises used for growing plants or plant material for commercial purposes where dependent on the cultivation of soil. The use includes harvesting and the storage and packing of produce and plants grown on the <i>site</i> and the <i>ancillary</i> repair and servicing of machinery used on the <i>site</i> .	Fruit, nut, vegetable and grain production, forestry for wood production, fodder and pasture production, plant fibre production, sugar cane growing, vineyard	Permanent plantations, intensive horticulture, rural industry
Dual occupancy	Premises containing two dwellings each for a separate household, and consisting of: • a single lot, where neither dwelling is a secondary dwelling • two lots sharing common property where one dwelling is located on each lot. on one lot (whether or not attached) for separate households.	Duplex, two dwellings on a single lot (whether or not attached), two dwellings within one single community title scheme under the Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997, two dwellings within the one body corporate to which the Building Units and Group Title Act 1980 continues to apply.	Dwelling house, multiple dwelling
Dwelling house	A residential use of premises for one household that contains a single dwelling. The use includes out-buildings and works normally associated with a dwelling house and may include a secondary dwelling.	<u> </u>	Caretaker's accommodation, dual occupancy, rooming accommodation, short-term accommodation, student accommodation, multiple dwelling
Dwelling unit	A single <i>dwelling</i> within premises containing non-residential use(s).	'Shop-top' apartment	Caretaker's accommodation, dwelling house

Column 1 Use	Column 2 Definition	Column 3 Examples include	Column 4 Does not include
			the following examples
	The use includes independent living units and may include serviced units where residents require some support with health care and daily living needs.		Схипірієз
	The use may also include a manager's residence and office, food and drink outlet, amenity buildings, communal facilities and accommodation for staff.		
Roadside stall	Premises used for the roadside display and sale of goods in rural areas.	Produce stall	Market
Rooming accommodation	Premises used for the accommodation of one or more households where each resident: • has a right to occupy one or more rooms; • does not have a right to occupy the whole of the premises in which the rooms are situated; • may be provided with separate facilities for private use; • may share communal facilities or communal space with one or more of the other residents. The use may include: • rooms not in the same building on-site; or • provision of a food or other service; or • on-site management or staff and associated accommodation.	Boarding house, hostel, monastery, off-site student accommodation	Hospice, community residence, dwelling house, short-term accommodation, multiple dwelling
Rural industry	Premises used for storage, processing and packaging of products from a rural use. The use includes processing, packaging and sale of products produced as a result	Packing shed	Intensive animal husbandry, intensive horticulture, roadside stall, wholesale nursery, winery, abattoir, agricultural supplies store
	of a rural use where these activities are <i>ancillary</i> to a rural use on or adjacent to the <i>site</i> .		
Rural workers accommodation	Any premises used as quarters for staff employed in the use of land for rural purposes, such as agriculture, intensive animal husbandry and forestry, conducted on a lot in the same ownership whether or not such quarters are self-contained.	Farm workers accommodation	Short-term accommodation, caretaker's accommodation, dual occupancy, dwelling house, nature or rural based tourist accommodation, non- resident workers accommodation,

Column 1 Use	Column 2 Definition	Column 3 Examples include	Column 4 Does not include the following examples
			multiple dwellings.
Sales office	The temporary use of premises for displaying a land parcel or buildings that can be built for sale or can be won as a prize. The use may include a caravan or relocatable dwelling or structure.	Display dwelling	Bank, office
Service industry	Premises used for industrial	Audio visual	High impact industry,
	activities that have no external air, noise or odour emissions from the <i>site</i> and can be suitably located with other non-industrial uses.	equipment repair, film processing bicycle repairs, clock and watch repairs, computer repairs, dry cleaning, hand engraving, jewellery making, laundromat, locksmith, picture framing, shoe repairs, tailor	low impact industry, medium impact industry, research and technology industry, special industry
Service station	Premises used for the sale of fuel including petrol, liquid petroleum gas, automotive distillate and alternative fuels.		Car wash
	The use may include, where ancillary, a shop, food and drink outlet, maintenance, repair servicing and washing of vehicles, the hire of trailers, and supply of compressed air.		
Shop	Premises used for the display, sale or hire of goods or the provision of personal services or betting to the public.	Hairdresser, liquor store, department store, discount department store, discount variety stores, betting agencies, supermarket, corner store	Adult store, food and drink outlet, showroom, market
Shopping centre	Premises comprising two or more individual tenancies that is comprised primarily of shops, and that function as an integrated complex.		
Short-term accommodation	Premises used to provide short-term accommodation for tourists or travellers for a temporary period of time (typically not exceeding three consecutive months) and may be self-contained.	Motel, backpackers, cabins, serviced apartments, accommodation hotel, farm stay	Hostel, rooming accommodation, tourist park
	The use may include a manager's residence and office and the provision of recreation facilities for the exclusive use of visitors.		
Showroom	Premises used primarily for the sale of goods of a related	Bulky goods sales, motor vehicles sales	Food and drink outlet, shop, outdoor sales

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Use	Definition	Examples include	Does not include
			the following
			examples
	water, hydraulic power or		infrastructure,
	gas;		substation, renewable
	• sewerage, drainage or		energy facility,
	stormwater services;		transport depot
	 transport services including road, rail or water; 		
	waste management facilities; or		
	network <i>infrastructure</i> .		
	network iimastractare.		
	The use includes maintenance		
	and storage depots and other		
	facilities for the operation of		
	the use.		
Veterinary	Premises used for veterinary		Animal keeping
services	care, surgery and treatment of		
	animals that may include		
	provision for the short-term		
	accommodation of the animals		
Warehouse	on the premises. Premises used for the storage	Self-storage sheds	Hardware and trade
Wateriouse	and distribution of goods,	Sell-Storage Sileus	supplies, outdoor
	whether or not in a building,		sales, showroom,
	including self-storage facilities		shop
	or storage yards.		
	The use may include sale of		
	goods by wholesale where		
	ancillary to storage.		
	The use does not include retail		
	The use does not include retail sales from the premises or		
	industrial uses.		
Wholesale	Premises used for the sale of		Bulk landscape
nursery	plants, but not to the general		supplies, garden
,	public, where the plants are		centre
	grown on or adjacent to the		
	site.		
	The use many finished and (
	The use may include sale of gardening materials where		
	gardening materials where these are ancillary to the		
	primary use.		
Winery	Premises used for		Rural industry
	manufacturing of wine, which		
	may include the sale of wine		
1	manufactured on site.		

Column 1	Column 2	
Column 1 Term	Column 2 Definition	
	 vegetation; (iv) is not located in or within 10 metres of the high bank of a natural waterway or wetland, other than a waterway with a revetment wall; (v) is not located on land identified as a landslide hazard area on a Landslide Hazard and Steep Land Overlay Map; (vi) does not involve the removal of vegetation on a heritage place; and (vii) does not involve the removal of vegetation identified as character vegetation in a local plan. 	
	Editor's note—vegetation clearing which is defined as exempt vegetation clearing for the purposes of the planning scheme may be subject to assessment under State and/or Federal legislation.	
Extractive resources	Natural deposits of sand, gravel, quarry rock, clay, and soil extracted from the earth's crust and processed for use in construction. The term does not include minerals under the <i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i> such as metal ores, coal, clay for ceramic purposes, foundry sand, limestone and silica sand mined and used for their chemical properties, and rock mined in block or slab form for building or monumental purposes.	
Filling or excavation	The removal or importation of material to or from a lot or the relocation of material within a lot that will change the ground level of the land.	
Floodplain	An area of land adjacent to a creek, river, estuary, lake, dam or artificial channel, which is subject to inundation by the <i>Probable Maximum Flood (PMF)</i> .	
Frontage	Any boundary line, or part thereof, of a lot which coincides with the alignment of a road.	
Full line supermarket	A <i>supermarket</i> offering all or most major lines of groceries for sale and having a gross leasable floor area generally in excess of 2,500m ² .	
	Examples—larger types of the examples cited for the term supermarket.	
Gross floor area (GFA)	The total floor area of all <i>storeys</i> of a building (measured from the outside of the external walls or the centre of a common wall), other than areas used for the following:- (a) building services, plant and equipment; (b) access between levels; (c) ground floor public lobby; (d) a mall; (e) the parking, loading and manoeuvring of motor vehicles; (f) unenclosed private balconies whether roofed or not.	
Gross leasable floor area (GL <u>F</u> A)	That part of the <i>gross floor area</i> of a building accommodating non-residential activities available to be rented by a tenant for exclusive use.	
High impact home based business activities	A type of home based business that involves one or more of the following activities:- (a) any form of vehicle repairs, services, detailing; (b) panel beating; (c) spray painting; (d) engine reconditioning, repairs; (e) wood working/manufacturing involving the use of power tools; (f) furniture manufacturing; (g) metal work; (h) welding.	
High volume convenience restaurant	The use of premises being fast food outlet for the preparation of take-away meals and foods for sale as a nationally or internationally franchised business, where provision is made for high customer turn over, facilities are provided for eating on the premises, and which may or may not include a <i>drive-through facility</i> .	
Home office	The use of premises being home based business for office activities which: (a) are subordinate to the residential component of the dwelling; (b) are conducted only by residents of the dwelling; (c) involve no client visits to the premises; (d) are located in the dwelling or an associated building, with no outside activity;	

Column 1 Term	Column 2 Definition	
	(d) controlled distributor;(e) distributor; or(f) district collector.	
Major utility	The use of premises being <i>utility installation</i> for: (a) the generation of power (including electricity or gas) from a power plant; (b) the storage or treatment of water, sewage or refuse; or (c) any other Local Government, State or Federal Government purpose which is not a defined use. The term includes <i>ancillary</i> maintenance and storage depots and other facilities for the operation of the use.	
Maritime development	Development that requires a location in, or adjacent to, <i>tidal waters</i> to function.	
Mezzanine	An intermediate floor with a room.	
Minor building work	An alteration, addition or extension to an existing building(s), where: (a) which results in an increase in the gross floor area, including balconies, of the building(s) of is less than five per cent of the gross floor area of the existing building(s) or 50m², whichever is the lesser; and (b) where the building work does not intrude into any boundary setback specified as an acceptable solution in an applicable use code.	
Minor electricity infrastructure	All aspects for development for an electricity supply network as defined under the <i>Electricity Act 1994</i> , (or for private electricity works that form an extension of, or provide service connections to properties from the network), if the network operates at standard voltages up to and including 66kV.	
	 This includes:- (a) augmentations/upgrades to existing powerlines where the voltage of the infrastructure does not increase; and (b) augmentations to existing substations (including communication facilities for controlling works as defined under the Electricity Act 1994) where the voltage of the infrastructure does not increase, and where they are located at an existing substation lot. 	
Mixed use building	A use of premises that integrates residential uses with non-residential uses such as business uses or <i>community uses</i> .	
Mixed use development	Development which comprises a mix of residential and non-residential uses such as business uses or <i>community uses</i> , either within a single building (horizontally or vertically) or multiple buildings of different use.	
Natural ground level	Means:- (a) the level of the ground of the lot on the day the first plan of survey showing the lot was registered; or (b) if the level of the ground on the day mentioned in paragraph (a) is not known, the natural level of the ground or probable natural level of the ground as determined by a cadastral surveyor.	
Net developable area	The area of land available for development. It does not include land that cannot be developed due to constraints such as acid sulphate soils, conservation land, flood affected land or steep slope.	
	Note—for the purpose of a priority infrastructure plan, <i>net developable area</i> is usually measured in hectares, net developable hectares (net dev ha).	
Netserv Plan	A distributor-retailer's plan about its water and wastewater networks and provision of water service and wastewater service pursuant to section 99BJ of the South East Queensland Water (Distribution and Retail Restructuring) Act 2009.	
Non-juvenile koala habitat tree	A <i>koala habitat tree</i> that has a height of more than four (4) metres, or a trunk with a circumference of more than 31.5 centimetres at 1.3 metres above the ground, or both.	
Non-urban zone	Means each of the following zones:- (a) Community facilities zone if located outside the urban growth management	

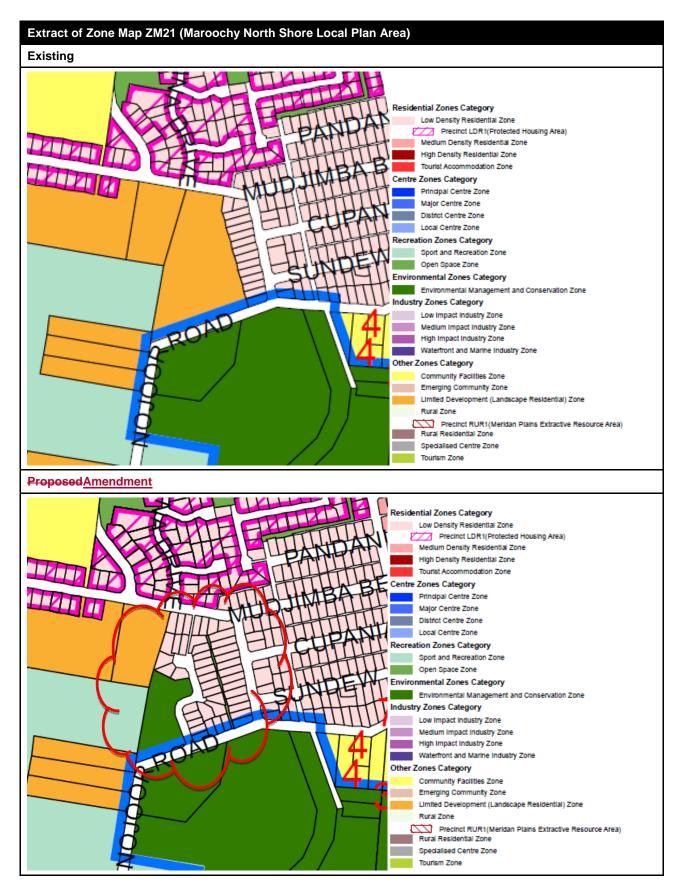
Column 1 Term	Column 2 Definition
	SIGN F
	SIGN >
Site	Any land on which development is carried out or is proposed to be carried out whether such land comprises the whole or part of one lot or more than one lot if each of such lots is contiguous.
Site cover	The proportion of the <i>site</i> covered by a building(s), structure(s) attached to the building(s) and carport(s), calculated to the outer most projections of the building(s) and is expressed as a percentage.
	The term does not include:- (a) any structure or part thereof included in a landscaped open space area such as a gazebo or shade structure; (b) basement car parking areas located wholly below ground level: (b)(c) eaves and sun shading devices.
	Editor's note—For the purpose of determining compliance with assessment criteria for site cover and setback, development is deemed to comply with the assessment criteria if the development exceeds the assessment criteria only by reason of the inclusion of an outermost projection which is part of a building or structure that is: - an eave of a roof; or - a sunhood or the like attached to the wall of a building or structure to provide shade or shelter to the wall.
Slope	 Means:- (a) for the purpose of reconfiguring a lot:- (i) where the proposed lot is contained wholly within a single slope category shown on a slope analysis, the slope of that category; or (ii) where a proposed lot is contained within more than one slope category shown on a slope analysis, the predominant slope of the use area, as follows:- (A) where the use area is contained within one slope category shown on a slope analysis, the slope of that category; or (B) where the use area is contained within more than one slope category shown on a slope analysis, the slope is the average of all predominant slopes of the use area. (b) for the purposes of building works or material change of use, the slope of the use area is that determined as follows:- (i) where the use area has one predominant slope, that slope; or (ii) where the use area has more than one predominant slope, the average of all predominant slopes. For the purposes of this definition, predominant slope (%) = (x ÷ y) x 100 where:-
	 'x' is the vertical distance in metres between the highest point and the lowest point of the area, and 'y' is the horizontal distance in metres measured in a straight line between the highest point and the lowest point of the area.
	Where the area has more than one predominant slope e.g. a knoll or gully, the

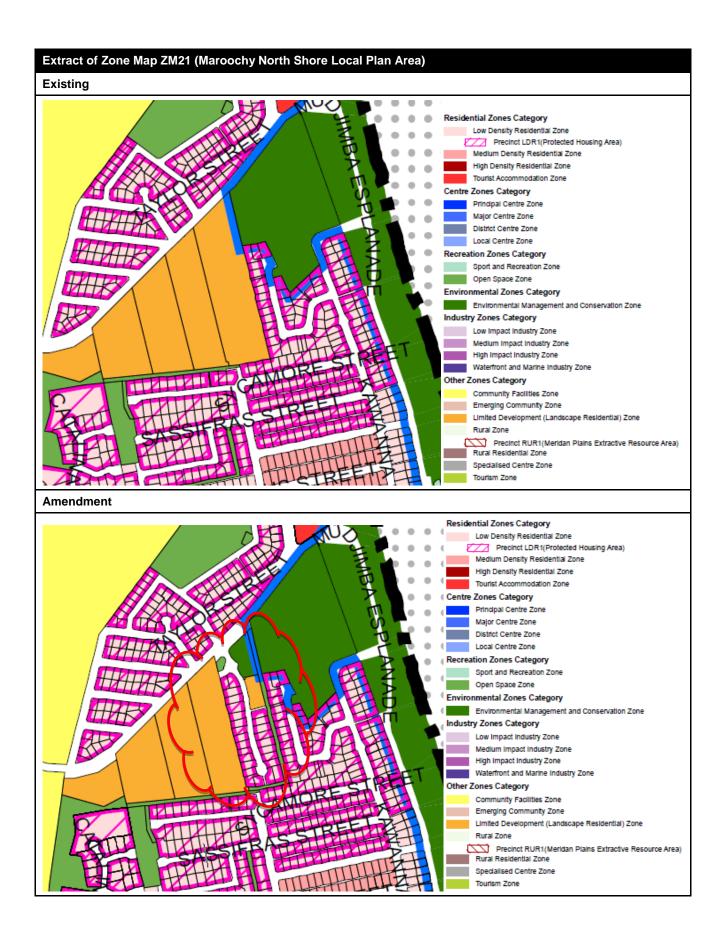
Column 1 Term	Column 2 Definition	
	average of all predominant slopes applies.	
Slope analysis	Means a diagram prepared by a licensed surveyor indicating the <i>slope</i> of the <i>site</i> based on one metre contour intervals using the following <i>slope</i> categories:- (a) up to 15%; (b) 15% or more but less than 20%; (c) 20% or more but less than 25%; (d) 25% or more.	
Sport and recreation activity group	The uses identified in Figure SC1.1.2E (Sport and recreation activity group) as forming part of the <i>sport and recreation activity group</i> .	
State heritage place ¹	A place of State cultural heritage significance as entered in the Queensland Heritage Register under the Queensland Heritage Act 1992.	
Steep land	Land comprising slopes of 15% or greater.	
Storey	A space that is situated between one floor level and the floor level next above, or if there is no floor above, the ceiling or roof above, but not a space that contains only: (a) a lift shaft, stairway or meter room; (b) a bathroom, shower room, laundry, water closet, or other sanitary compartment; or (c) a combination of the above. A mezzanine is a storey. A roofed structure on or part of a rooftop that does not solely accommodate building plant and equipment is a storey. A basement is not a storey.	
Storm tide	An area subject to storm tide inundation during the defined storm tide event.	
inundation area	All area subject to storm tide intribution during the defined storm tide event.	
Streetscape	The collective combination of urban form elements that constitute the view of a street and its public and private domains. These elements include buildings, roads, footpaths, <i>vegetation</i> , open spaces and street furniture.	
Supermarket	A single self-contained retailing outlet with fast service checkout facilities offering groceries and associated goods and services for sale. Examples – Aldi, Coles, Foodstore, IGA, Woolworths.	
Temporary use	A use that is impermanent and may be irregular or infrequent that does not require the construction of <u>a</u> permanent buildings or the installation of permanent <i>infrastructure</i> or services.	
Third party advertising device	An advertising device placed on premises for the purpose of advertising a matter not associated with the primary purpose for which the premises is used or developed.	
Tidal waters	Means:- (a) the sea and any part of a harbour or <i>waterway</i> ordinarily within the ebb and flow of the tide at spring tides; or (b) the water downstream from a downstream limit declared under the <i>Water Act 2000</i> .	
Transport hierarchy	The transport hierarchy shown on Figure 9.4.8A (2031 Functional Transport Hierarchy).	
Transport network	All transport corridors within the defined <i>transport hierarchy</i> , network of pedestrian and cyclist links and network of public transport links.	
Transport route	A <i>transport route</i> shown on an Extractive Resource Areas Overlay Map, being the primary route for the transport of extracted resources from the extractive resource	

¹ Editor's note—State heritage places are shown on the Heritage and Character Areas Overlay Maps for information purposes only. Development involving a State heritage place is subject to the provisions of the Queensland Heritage Act 1992.

Column 1 Term	Column 2 Definition	
	area to a State-controlled road.	
Ultimate development	The realistic extent of development anticipated to be achieved when a <i>site</i> (or projection area or infrastructure <i>service catchment</i>) is fully developed.	
Urban purposes	For the purpose of priority infrastructure plans, <i>urban purposes</i> includes residential (other than rural residential), retail, commercial, industrial, community and government related purposes.	
Urban zone	Means each of the following zones:- (a) Low density residential zone; (b) Medium density residential zone; (c) High density residential zone; (d) Tourist accommodation zone; (e) Principal centre zone; (f) Major centre zone; (g) District centre zone; (h) Local centre zone; (i) Low impact industry zone; (j) Medium impact industry zone; (k) High impact industry zone; (l) Waterfront and marine industry zone; (m) Community facilities zone if located within the urban growth management boundary; (n) Emerging community zone; (o) Sport and recreation zone if located within the urban growth management boundary; (p) Specialised centre zone; and (q) Tourism area zone if located within the urban growth management boundary.	
Use area	Means the area comprising the total <i>gross floor area</i> of all buildings on the <i>site</i> and any other part of the <i>site</i> which is to be developedused.	
Vegetation	Trees, plants and all other organisms of vegetable origin, whether living or dead.	
Vegetation clearing	The destruction of <i>vegetation</i> or interference with its natural growth in any way including removing, clearing, slashing, cutting down, ringbarking, scar-barking, pushing or pulling over, poisoning (including by contamination), burning, flooding, draining or compacting of roots. The term does not include:- (a) destruction of standing <i>vegetation</i> by stock; (b) lopping a tree by cutting or pruning its branches, provided that it does not involve:- (i) removing the tree's trunk; or (ii) cutting or pruning the tree's branches so severely that it is likely to die; or (c) mowing of grass or lawn.	
Water resource catchment area	An area shown on a Water Resource Catchments Overlay Map as being a water resource catchment area.	
Water supply storage	A water supply storage area used for bulk water supply as shown on a Water	
144	Resource Catchments Overlay Map.	
Waterway	Resource Catchments Overlay Map. A river, creek or other stream, including a stream in the form of an anabranch or a tributary, in which water flows permanently or intermittently, regardless of the frequency of flow events, in a natural channel, whether artificially modified or not or in an artificial channel that has changed the course of the stream. A waterway includes any of the following located in it:- (a) in-stream islands; (b) benches; (c) bars. The term includes constructed storm water drains with surface water flows but not piped water drains.	

Appendix B Amendment schedule (maps)





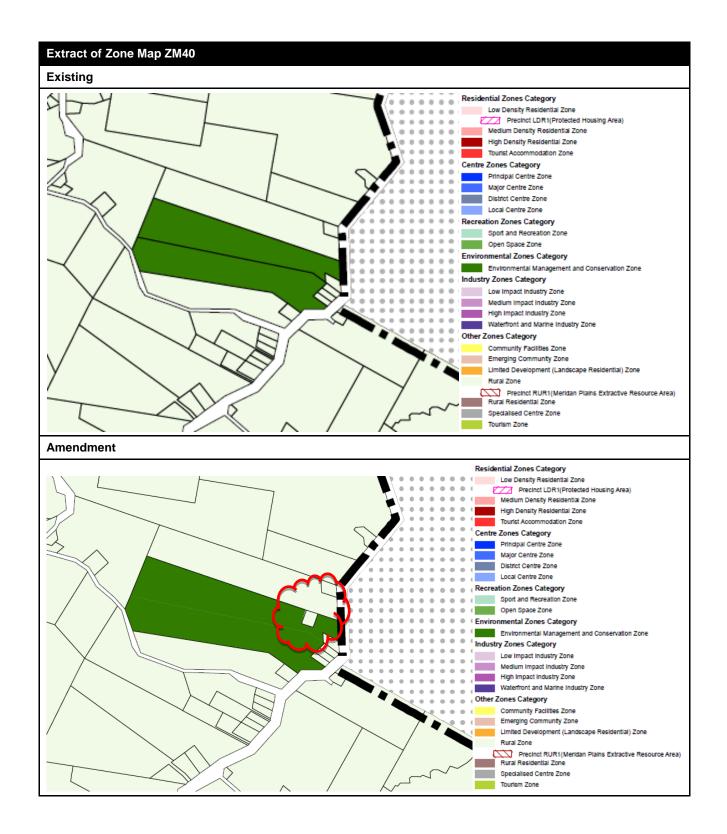
Extract of Zone Map ZM21 (Maroochy North Shore Local Plan Area)

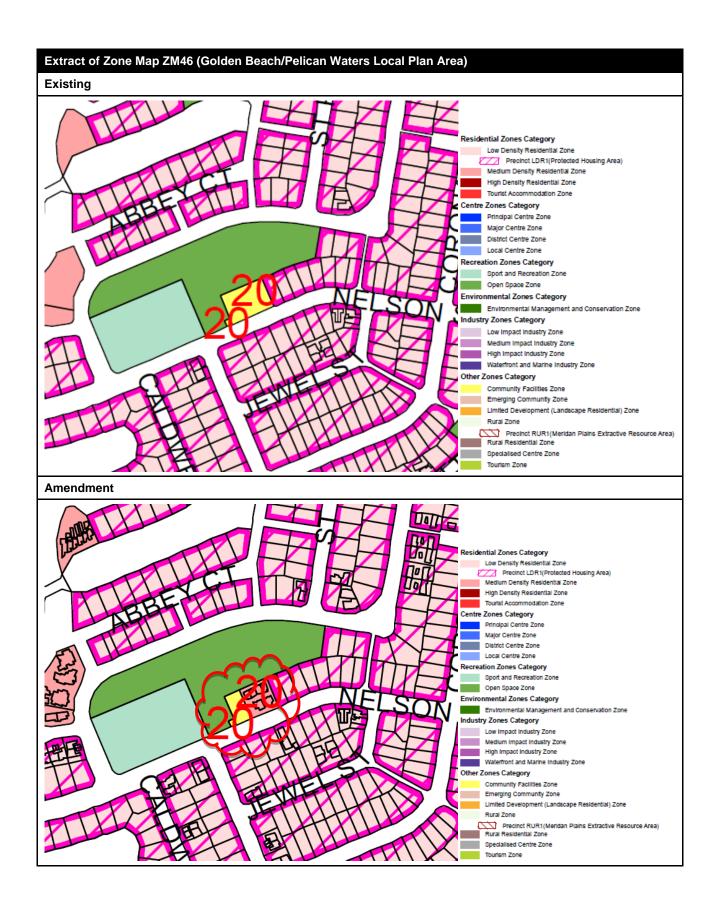
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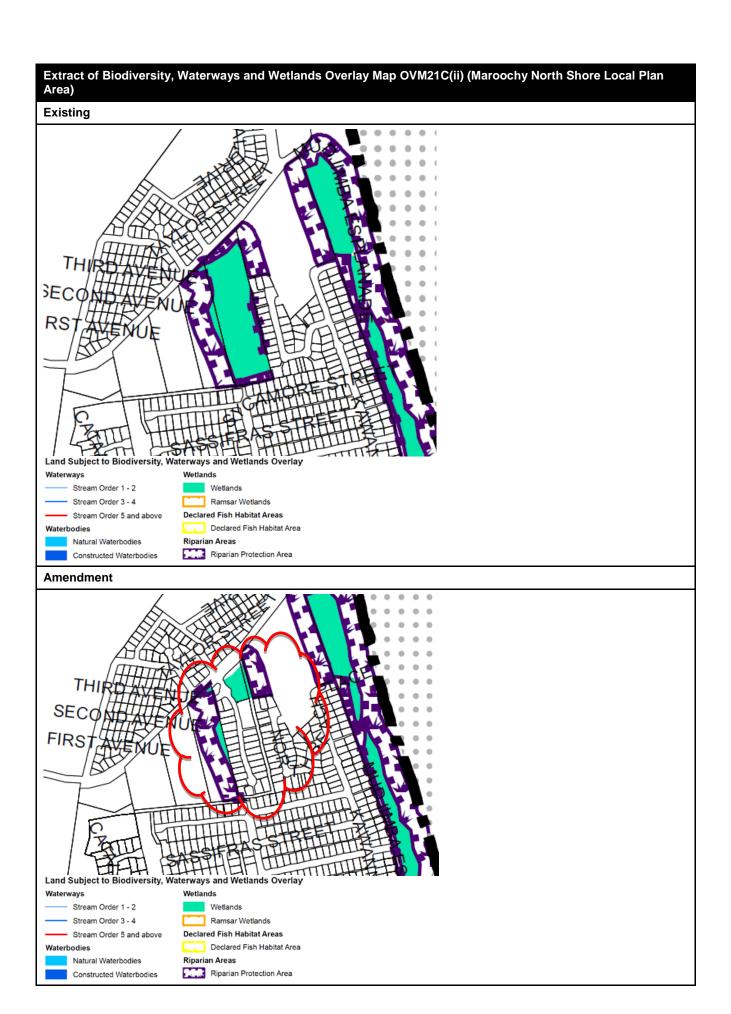
Amendment









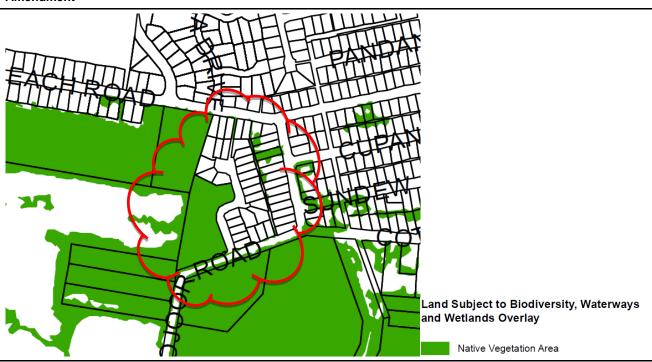


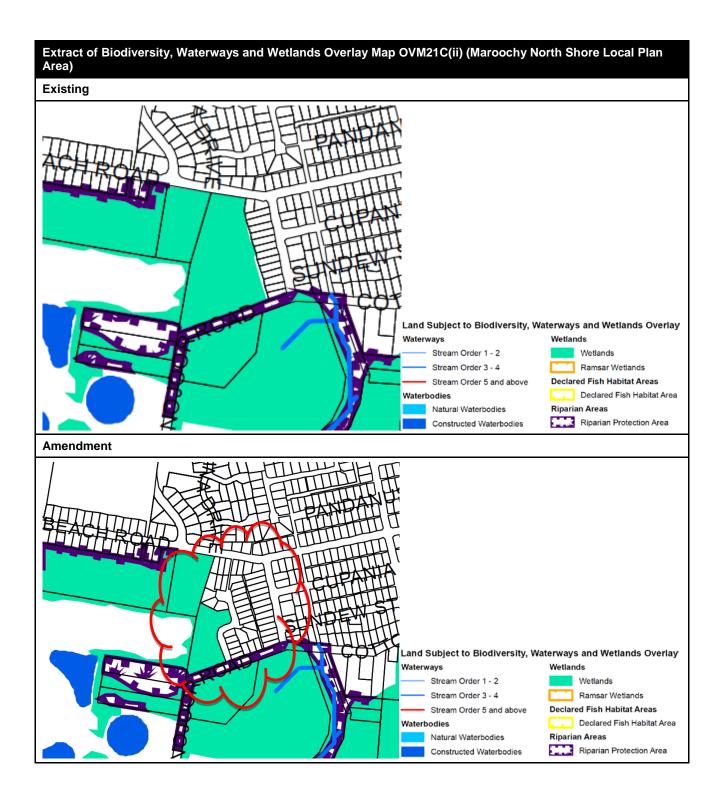
Extract of Biodiversity, Waterways and Wetlands Overlay Map OVM21C(i) (Maroochy North Shore Local Plan Area)

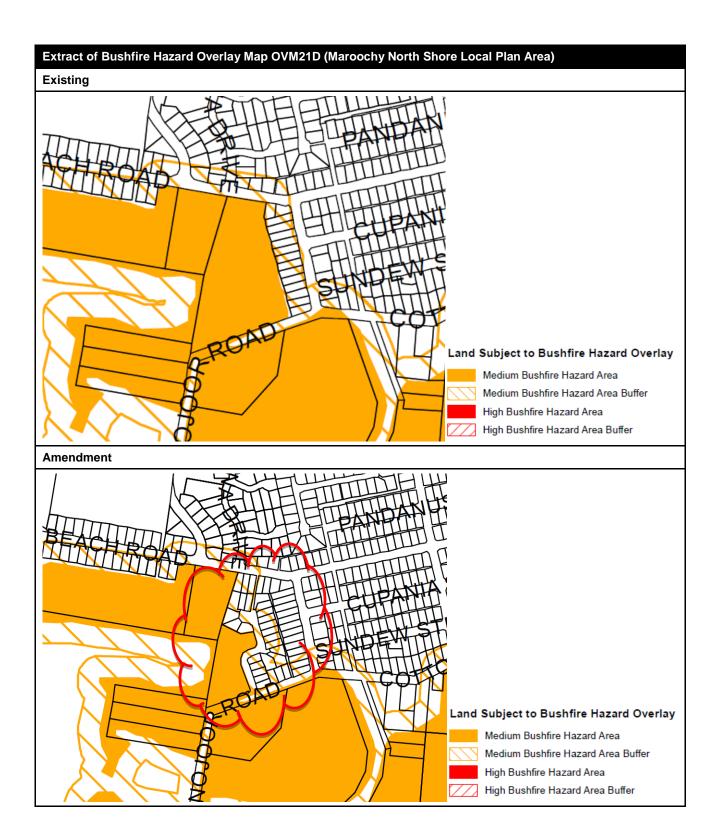
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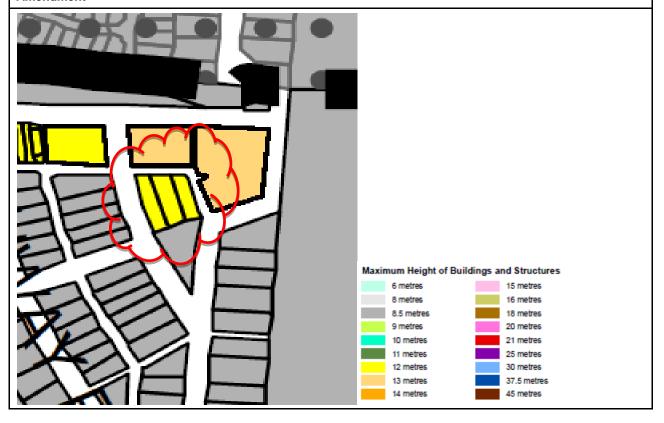


Extract of Height of Buildings and Structures Overlay Map OVM21H (Maroochy North Shore Local Plan Area)

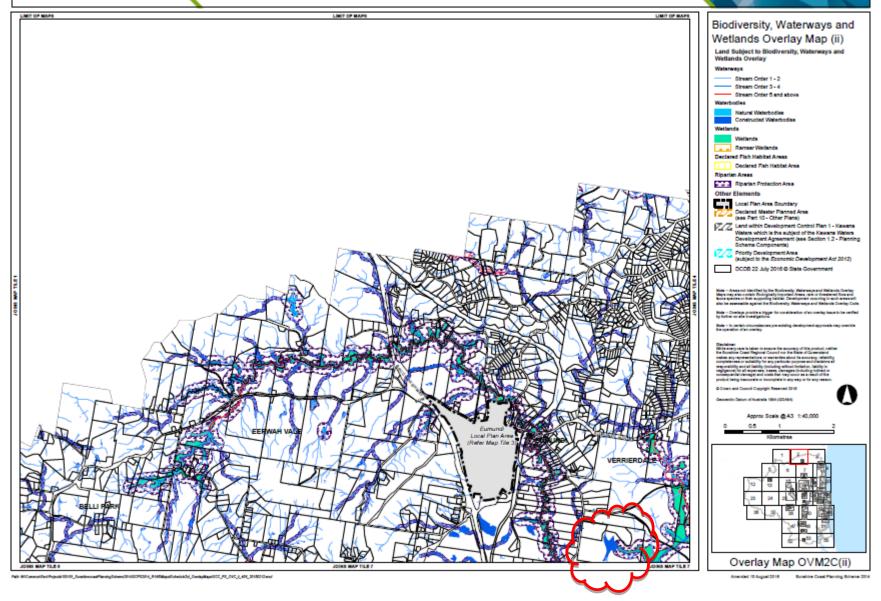
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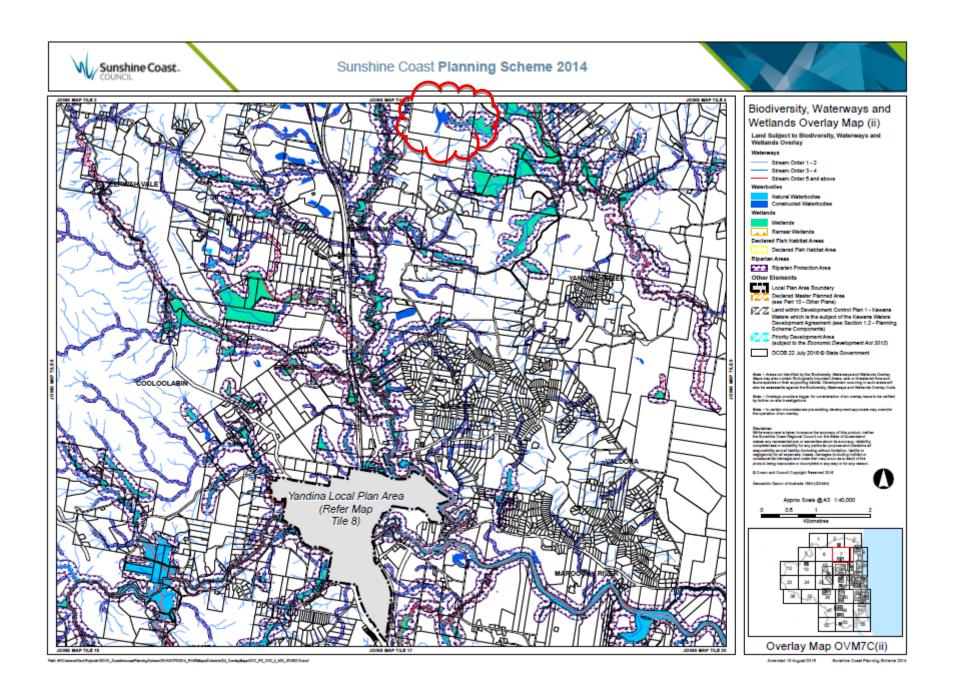


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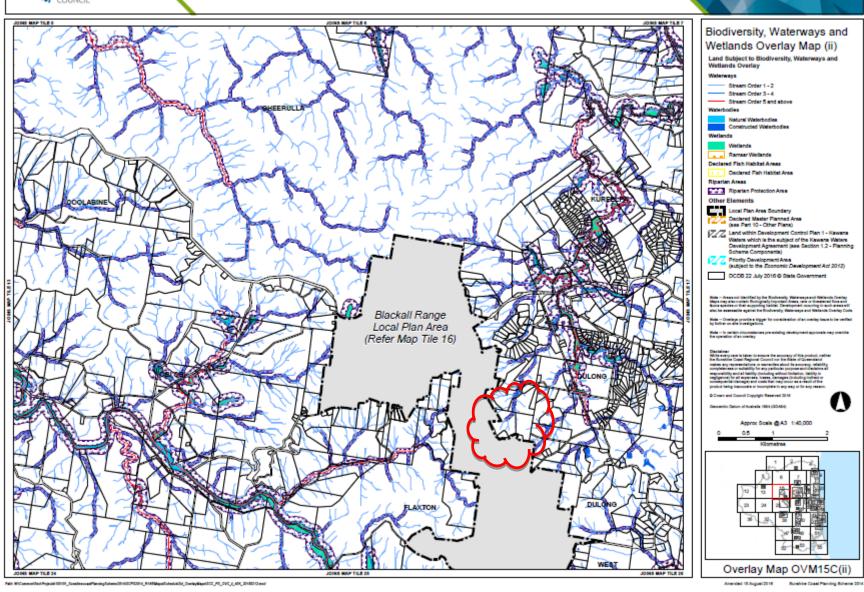














Sunshine Coast Planning Scheme 2014 Blackall Range Local Plan Area

