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- (i) Building forms, landscaping and signage complement landscape features and provide for these features to remain intact and undiminished.

Table 3.8.2.1 Regionally significant landscape features

Landscape features		
Mountains, ridgelines, escarpments and foothills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Blackall Range • Conondale Range • Mooloolah Range • Glass House Mountains • Mount Coolum • Mount Eerwah • Mount Emu 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mount Mellum • Mount Ninderry • Mount Peregian • Peachester escarpment • Maleny escarpment • Buderim escarpment
Waterways	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mary River • Maroochy River • Mooloolah River 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pumicestone Passage • Stanley River
Water bodies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cooloolabin Dam • Ewen Maddock Dam • Lake Baroon 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wappa Dam • Lake Weyba
Other landscape elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Beaches • Parabolic high dunes • Coastal headlands 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Islands, particularly Mudjimba Island and Bribie Island • Ocean.

3.8.3 Element 2 – Sub-tropical character and locally responsive design

3.8.3.1 Specific outcomes

- (a) The sub-tropical character of the Sunshine Coast is reflected and enhanced throughout the built environment.
- (b) Sub-tropical landscapes, including appropriate street tree planting create shade and cooling micro-climates, and attractive, leafy urban environments.
- (c) A high standard of urban design and landscaping is provided that:-
- (i) is sensitive to a local setting as described in local plans;
 - (ii) enhances the character, identity, and natural and cultural associations of the local area;
 - (iii) reinforces the positive elements of character, identity and landscape of the local area;
 - (iv) responds to relevant topographic and landscape influences;
 - (v) contributes to a sense of place and the creation of pleasant, living environments; and
 - (vi) creates healthy and safe environments that support community activity and participation, healthy lifestyles and the prevention of crime.
- (d) The height of buildings and other structures recognises the distinctive character and amenity of the Sunshine Coast as a place with a predominantly low-medium rise built form which is intentionally distinct from other places in metropolitan South East Queensland.
- (e) Areas of higher buildings are limited to *regional activity centres* and nominated areas within the Sunshine Coast Enterprise Corridor which are intended to be the focus for economic activity, tourism and infill residential development.

3.8.4 Element 3 – Cultural heritage and character

3.8.4.1 Specific outcomes

- (a) Places of cultural heritage significance, including areas of built environment character, areas of *streetscape* and landscape heritage, and Aboriginal and non-aboriginal places are protected and managed in accordance with the Australia ICOMOS Burra Charter.

- (b) Development is sensitive in its design response and the manner in which it relates to and addresses places of cultural heritage significance.
- (c) Where a distinctive historical character is formed by a cluster of buildings or *streetscapes*, that character is maintained and enhanced.
- (d) The adaptive re-use of *local heritage places* is encouraged where sympathetic to cultural heritage values.

3.8.5 Element 4 – Community, educational and cultural facilities

3.8.5.1 Specific outcomes

- (a) A diverse and appropriate range of community services and facilities are provided to support the physical, safety, cultural, educational, health and social needs of the Sunshine Coast Region and are connected by *active transport* networks.
- (b) Major regional social infrastructure and services and community and cultural facilities are directed to the Maroochydoore Principal Regional Activity Centre so as to reinforce the role of this centre, provide a focus for facilities and services, reduce transport demands and provide better access to facilities and services for the whole of the region.
- (c) Other types of social infrastructure and services and community and cultural facilities are generally established within *regional activity centres* to support their role in servicing the needs of sub-regional population catchments.
- (d) Community meeting places that are integrated with community facilities and/or open space and sport and recreation facilities and which encourage the congregation of people and community interaction are established within activity centres.

3.8.6 Element 5 – Open space and sport and recreation facilities

3.8.6.1 Specific outcomes

- (a) Open space and sport and recreation facilities are well located, and designed to encourage healthy, active living and to support the outdoor lifestyle enjoyed by residents and visitors to the Sunshine Coast.
- (b) All communities have the opportunity to access green areas and green corridors throughout the urban environment including through ensuring that new development contributes to the availability of useable on-site open space, public space and communal areas to promote activity and community interaction.
- (c) Regional recreational trails provide key corridors for exploring rural and natural landscapes outside of urban areas.

3.8.7 Element 6 – Inclusion and equity

3.8.7.1 Specific outcomes

- (a) People of all abilities are able to access and utilise meeting places, community facilities, open space and other places of community interest.

3.8.8 Strategic framework maps

- (1) **Strategic Framework Map SFM 6 (Community identity, character and social inclusion elements)** identifies elements of the strategic framework as relevant to the community identity, character and inclusion theme and in particular identifies the following:-
 - (a) The regional inter-urban break separating the Sunshine Coast from the Brisbane to Caboolture metropolitan area;

ASSESSMENT BENCHMARKS FOR ASSESSABLE DEVELOPMENT AND REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCEPTED DEVELOPMENT FOR OVERLAYS		
Development subject to overlay ⁹	Category of development and category of assessment	Assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development ¹⁰
<p><i>rural activity group</i> in the Rural zone; or</p> <p>(vii) erecting a structure for a <i>tourist attraction</i> in the Tourism zone in Precinct TOU2 (Aussie World); or</p> <p>(viii) erecting a building or structure associated with a <i>prescribed rooftop use</i>.</p>		
<p>Material change of use if:-</p> <p>(a) not exceeding the maximum height specified for the <i>site</i> on the applicable Height of Buildings and Structures Overlay Map; and</p> <p>(b) for a use other than a <i>dual occupancy</i> or <i>dwelling house</i>.</p>	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Height of buildings and structures overlay code
Heritage and character areas overlay – where involving a <i>local heritage place</i>¹⁴		
<p>Material change of use if involving a <i>local heritage place</i> as identified on a Heritage and Character Areas Overlay Map.</p>	<p>Code assessment if the change of use:-</p> <p>(a) will not result in building work involving the complete or partial demolition, relocation or removal of elements that contribute to the significance¹⁵ of a <i>local heritage place</i>; and</p> <p>(b) is provisionally made accepted development by a table of assessment for material change of use.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heritage and character areas overlay code
	<p>Impact assessment if the change of use will result in building work involving the complete or partial demolition, relocation or removal of elements that contribute to the significance¹⁵ of a <i>local heritage place</i>.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The planning scheme
	<p>No change if not otherwise specified above.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heritage and character areas overlay code
<p>Reconfiguring a lot if involving a <i>local heritage place</i> as identified on a Heritage and Character Areas Overlay Map.</p>	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heritage and character areas overlay code
<p>Building work not associated with a material change of use if involving a <i>local heritage place</i> as identified on a Heritage and Character Areas Overlay Map, other than maintenance works that do not affect the external appearance or integrity of elements that contribute to the significance¹⁵ of a <i>local heritage place</i>.</p>	<p>Code assessment if the building work does not involve the complete or partial demolition, relocation or removal of elements that contribute to the significance¹⁵ of a <i>local heritage place</i>.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heritage and character areas overlay code
	<p>Impact assessment if the building work involves the complete or partial demolition,</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The planning scheme

¹⁴ Note—The planning scheme depicts *State heritage places* for information purposes only. State heritage places should be identified by checking the State heritage register. Development involving a *State heritage place* is subject to the provisions of the *Planning Regulation 2017*.

¹⁵ Note - The heritage significance of each *local heritage place* is described in **SC6.10 Planning scheme policy for heritage and character areas overlay code**.

ASSESSMENT BENCHMARKS FOR ASSESSABLE DEVELOPMENT AND REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCEPTED DEVELOPMENT FOR OVERLAYS		
Development subject to overlay ⁹	Category of development and category of assessment	Assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development ¹⁰
	relocation or removal of elements that contribute to the significance ¹⁵ of a <i>local heritage place</i> .	
Operational work involving filling or excavation exceeding 50m³ if on a <i>local heritage place</i> as identified on a Heritage and Character Areas Overlay Map.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heritage and character areas overlay code
Operational work involving placing an advertising device on premises if involving a <i>local heritage place</i> as identified on a Heritage and Character Areas Overlay Map.	Code assessment if the operational work is provisionally made accepted development by the applicable table of assessment for operational work.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heritage and character areas overlay code
	No change if not otherwise specified above.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heritage and character areas overlay code
Operational work involving vegetation clearing if on a <i>local heritage place</i> identified on a Heritage and Character Areas Overlay Map.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heritage and character areas overlay code
Heritage and character areas overlay – where involving land in proximity to a local heritage place		
Material change of use , other than in an existing building, if involving <i>land in proximity to a local heritage place</i> as identified on a Heritage and Character Areas Overlay Map.	Code assessment if the material change of use is provisionally made accepted development by a table of assessment for material change of use.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heritage and character areas overlay code
	No change if not otherwise specified above.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heritage and character areas overlay code
Reconfiguring a lot if involving <i>land in proximity to a local heritage place</i> as identified on a Heritage and Character Areas Overlay Map.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heritage and character areas overlay code
Operational work involving filling or excavation exceeding 50m³ if involving <i>land in proximity to a local heritage place</i> as identified on a Heritage and Character Areas Overlay Map.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heritage and character areas overlay code
Operational work involving placing an advertising device on premises if involving <i>land in proximity to a local heritage place</i> as identified on a Heritage and Character Areas Overlay Map.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heritage and character areas overlay code
Heritage and character areas overlay – where within a character area		
Material change of use , other than in an existing building, if within a <i>character area</i> as identified on a Heritage and Character Areas Overlay Map.	Code assessment if the change of use:- (a) will not result in building work involving the complete or partial demolition, relocation or removal of a <i>character building</i> ; and (b) is provisionally made accepted development by the applicable table of assessment for material change of use.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heritage and character areas overlay code
	Impact assessment if the change of use will result in building work involving the complete	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The planning scheme

ASSESSMENT BENCHMARKS FOR ASSESSABLE DEVELOPMENT AND REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCEPTED DEVELOPMENT FOR OVERLAYS		
Development subject to overlay ⁹	Category of development and category of assessment	Assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development ¹⁰
	or partial demolition, relocation or removal of a <i>character building</i> .	
	No change if not otherwise specified above.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heritage and character areas overlay code
Reconfiguring a lot if within a <i>character area</i> as identified on a Heritage and Character Areas Overlay Map.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heritage and character areas overlay code
Building work not associated with a material change of use if:- (a) within a <i>character area</i> as identified on a Heritage and Character Areas Overlay Map; and (b) involving any of the following external building work to a <i>character building</i> :- (i) extensions or other structures located forward of the existing front building alignment; (ii) extensions not forward of the existing front building alignment having a <i>gross floor area</i> exceeding 10m ² ; (iii) enclosing a front verandah; (iv) a change of external building material or cladding used for the roof, or the front or side elevation; (v) a change to the pitch or layout of the building roof; or (vi) a change of window placement or window design in the front facade.	Code assessment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heritage and character areas overlay code
Building work not associated with a material change of use if:- (a) within a <i>character area</i> as identified on a Heritage and Character Areas Overlay Map; and (b) involving the complete or partial demolition, relocation or removal of a <i>character building</i> .	Impact assessment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The planning scheme
Operational work involving filling or excavation exceeding 50m³ if within a <i>character area</i> as identified on a Heritage and Character Areas Overlay Map.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heritage and character areas overlay code
Operational work involving placing an advertising device on premises if within a <i>character area</i> as identified on a Heritage and Character Areas Overlay Map.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heritage and character areas overlay code
Landslide hazard and steep land overlay		
Material change of use other than in an existing building if:- (a) on <i>steep land</i> or a landslide hazard area as identified on a Landslide Hazard and Steep Land Overlay Map; and (b) for a use other than animal husbandry or cropping.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Landslide hazard and steep land overlay code
Reconfiguring a lot if on <i>steep land</i> or a landslide hazard area as identified on a Landslide Hazard and Steep Land Overlay Map.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Landslide hazard and steep land overlay code
Operational work associated with material change of use or reconfiguring a lot if:- (a) on <i>steep land</i> or a landslide hazard area as identified on a Landslide Hazard and Steep Land Overlay Map; and (b) involving:- (i) earthworks exceeding 50m ³ (other than the placement of topsoil); (ii) <i>vegetation clearing</i> ; or (iii) redirecting the existing flow of surface or ground water.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Landslide hazard and steep land overlay code
Operational work involving filling or excavation not associated with a material change of use or reconfiguring a lot if :- (a) on <i>steep land</i> or a landslide hazard area as identified on a Landslide Hazard and Steep Land Overlay Map; and	Code assessment if:- (a) provisionally made accepted development by the table of assessment in	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Landslide hazard and steep land overlay code

ASSESSMENT BENCHMARKS FOR ASSESSABLE DEVELOPMENT AND REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCEPTED DEVELOPMENT FOR OVERLAYS		
Development subject to overlay ⁹	Category of development and category of assessment	Assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development ¹⁰
(b) involving:- (i) earthworks exceeding 50m ³ (other than the placement of topsoil); or (ii) redirecting the existing flow of surface or ground water.	Section 5.8 (Categories of development and categories of assessment – operational work); other than:- (b) where on Council owned or controlled land; and (c) undertaken by or on behalf of the Council.	
	No change if not otherwise specified above.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Landslide hazard and steep land overlay code
Operational work involving vegetation clearing not associated with a material change of use or reconfiguring a lot if on <i>steep land</i> or a landslide hazard area as identified on a Landslide Hazard and Steep Land Overlay Map.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Landslide hazard and steep land overlay code
Building work not associated with a material change of use, other than minor building work , if on <i>steep land</i> or a landslide hazard area as identified on a Landslide Hazard and Steep Land Overlay Map.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Landslide hazard and steep land overlay code
Regional infrastructure overlay – where within the gas pipeline corridor and buffer or water supply pipeline and buffer		
Material change of use , other than in an existing building, if:- (a) within the gas pipeline corridor and buffer or water supply pipeline and buffer as identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map; and (b) involving any of the following:- (i) a use in the <i>residential activity group</i> , other than a <i>dual occupancy</i> or <i>dwelling house</i> ; (ii) a use in the <i>business activity group</i> ; (iii) a use in the <i>industrial activity group</i> ; (iv) a use in the <i>community activity group</i> ; (v) a use in the <i>sport and recreation activity group</i> ; (vi) a use in the <i>rural activity group</i> , other than <i>animal husbandry</i> , <i>cropping</i> or <i>roadside stall</i> ; or (vii) a use in the <i>other activity group</i> .	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Regional infrastructure overlay code
Reconfiguring a lot if:- (a) within the gas pipeline corridor and buffer or water supply pipeline and buffer as identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map; and (b) increasing the number of lots.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Regional infrastructure overlay code
Operational work associated with reconfiguring a lot if within the gas pipeline corridor and buffer or water supply pipeline and buffer as identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Regional infrastructure overlay code
Operational work involving filling or excavation not associated with a material change of use or reconfiguring a lot if within the gas pipeline corridor and buffer or water supply pipeline buffer as identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Regional infrastructure overlay code
Regional infrastructure overlay – where within the high voltage electricity transmission line and buffer		
Material change of use , other than in an existing building, if:- (a) within the high voltage electricity transmission line and buffer as identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map; and (b) involving any of the following:- (i) a use in the <i>residential activity group</i> , other than a <i>dual occupancy</i> or <i>dwelling house</i> ; (ii) a use in the <i>business activity group</i> ;	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Regional infrastructure overlay code

ASSESSMENT BENCHMARKS FOR ASSESSABLE DEVELOPMENT AND REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCEPTED DEVELOPMENT FOR OVERLAYS		
Development subject to overlay ⁹	Category of development and category of assessment	Assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development ¹⁰
(iii) a use in the <i>industrial activity group</i> ; (iv) a use in the <i>community activity group</i> ; (v) a use in the <i>sport and recreation activity group</i> ; (vi) a use in the <i>rural activity group</i> , other than <i>animal husbandry, cropping or roadside stall</i> ; or (vii) a use in the <i>other activity group</i> , other than <i>major electricity infrastructure</i> .		
Reconfiguring a lot if:- (a) within the high voltage electricity transmission line and buffer as identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map; and (b) increasing the number of lots.	No change	• Regional infrastructure overlay code
Operational work associated with reconfiguring a lot if within the high voltage electricity transmission line and buffer as identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map.	No change	• Regional infrastructure overlay code
Operational work involving filling or excavation not associated with a material change of use or reconfiguring a lot if:- (a) within the high voltage electricity transmission line and buffer as identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map; and (b) involving:- (i) excavating 100m ³ or more of material; or (ii) filling land with 500m ³ or more of material with an average depth of 0.5 metres or greater.	No change	• Regional infrastructure overlay code
Regional infrastructure overlay – where within the sewage treatment plant and buffer		
Material change of use , other than in an existing building, if:- (a) within the wastewater treatment plant and buffer as identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map; and (b) involving any of the following:- (i) a use in the <i>residential activity group</i> , other than a <i>dual occupancy or dwelling house</i> ; (ii) a use in the <i>business activity group</i> ; (iii) a use in the <i>community activity group</i> , except for <i>cemetery</i> ; or (iv) a use in the <i>sport and recreation activity group</i> .	No change	• Regional infrastructure overlay code
Reconfiguring a lot if:- (a) within the wastewater treatment plant and buffer as identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map; and (b) increasing the number of residential lots.	No change	• Regional infrastructure overlay code
Regional infrastructure overlay – where within the major road corridor and buffer, railway corridor and buffer or dedicated transit corridor and buffer		
Material change of use if:- (a) within the major road corridor and buffer, railway corridor and buffer or dedicated transit corridor and buffer as identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map; and (b) involving a <i>sensitive land use</i> , other than a <i>dual occupancy or dwelling house</i> .	No change	• Regional infrastructure overlay code
Reconfiguring a lot if:- (a) within the major road corridor and buffer, railway corridor and buffer or dedicated transit corridor and buffer as identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map; and (b) increasing the number of <i>sensitive land use</i> development lots.	No change	• Regional infrastructure overlay code
Scenic amenity overlay		
Material change of use , other than in an existing building, if:- (a) in an area subject to the scenic amenity overlay as identified on a Scenic Amenity Overlay Map; and	No change	• Scenic amenity overlay code

ASSESSMENT BENCHMARKS FOR ASSESSABLE DEVELOPMENT AND REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCEPTED DEVELOPMENT FOR OVERLAYS		
Development subject to overlay ⁹	Category of development and category of assessment	Assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development ¹⁰
(b) involving any use, other than <i>animal husbandry, cropping, dual occupancy, dwelling house, roadside stall and wholesale nursery</i> .		
Reconfiguring a lot if on land subject to the scenic amenity overlay as identified on a Scenic Amenity Overlay Map.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Scenic amenity overlay code
Operational work involving filling or excavation if:- (a) on land subject to the scenic amenity overlay as identified on a Scenic Amenity Overlay Map; and (b) involving earthworks exceeding 100m ³ .	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Scenic amenity overlay code
Operational work involving placing an advertising device on premises if on land subject to the Scenic amenity overlay as identified on a Scenic Amenity Overlay Map.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Scenic amenity overlay code
Operational work involving vegetation clearing not associated with a material change of use or reconfiguring a lot if on land subject to the Scenic amenity overlay as identified on a Scenic Amenity Overlay Map.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Scenic amenity overlay code
Water resource catchments overlay		
Material change of use if:- (a) within a <i>water resource catchment area</i> as identified on a Water Resource Catchments Overlay Map; (b) involving any use other than <i>dual occupancy or dwelling house</i> ; and (c) involving any of the following:- (i) the establishment, expansion or upgrading of an on-site wastewater treatment system; or (ii) an increase in the number of people being accommodated or working on the <i>site</i> .	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Water resource catchments overlay code
Reconfiguring a lot if:- (a) within a <i>water resource catchment area</i> as identified on a Water Resource Catchments Overlay Map; and (b) increasing the number of lots.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Water resource catchments overlay code
Operational work involving filling or excavation not associated with a material change of use or reconfiguring a lot if:- (a) within a <i>water resource catchment area</i> as identified on a Water Resource Catchments Overlay Map; and (b) involving the following:- (i) excavating 100m ³ or more of material; or (ii) filling land with 500m ³ or more of material with an average depth of 0.5 metres or greater.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Water resource catchments overlay code
Operational work involving vegetation clearing not associated with a material change of use or reconfiguring a lot if within a <i>water resource catchment area</i> as identified on a Water Resource Catchments Overlay Map.	No change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Water resource catchments overlay code

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7.2 Local plan codes

7.2.1 Beerburrum local plan code

7.2.1.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) within the Beerburrum local plan area as shown on Map ZM54 contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Beerburrum local plan code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) The following provisions of the code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development:-
 - (a) **section 7.2.1.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)**;
 - (b) **Table 7.2.1.4.1 (Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development)**; and
 - (c) **Figure 7.2.1A (Beerburrum local plan elements)**.

7.2.1.2 Context and setting

This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Beerburrum local plan code.

The Beerburrum local plan area is located on the North Coast Rail Line in the far southern part of the Sunshine Coast.

The local plan area comprises the small rural village of Beerburrum and residential areas immediately to the south of the village, and has a land area of approximately 69 hectares.

The Beerburrum local plan area is set within a picturesque rural and natural landscape at the base of Mount Beerburrum, which forms part of the National heritage listed Glass House Mountains. Beerburrum State Forest and Beerburrum Creek are other key features of this picturesque landscape setting.

A general store, agricultural supplies store and motor vehicle repair premises located along Beerburrum Road provide convenience goods and a basic level of services to local residents and visitors.

The Beerburrum State School and Parrot Park, located across the road from the general store provide a focus for community activity within the local plan area. The Beerburrum School of Arts in Anzac Avenue is another significant community meeting place.

A number of items and places of cultural heritage significance are found in the Beerburrum local plan area, including the former Beerburrum Bakery, Soldier Settlement House, Beerburrum School of Arts and the Anzac Avenue Memorial Trees, which reflect Beerburrum's involvement in the soldier settlement scheme for Diggers who served in World War I.

The Beerburrum community enjoys a quiet, relaxed lifestyle where surrounding open space, rural vistas and privacy are key features. A focus on community activities in the village area, outdoor recreation and heritage are also important elements of this lifestyle.

Residential areas are generally characterised by low density development comprising dwelling houses on relatively large lot sizes. This large lot size adds to the open streetscape character of the local plan area and is necessary for the effective on-site treatment and disposal of waste water.

Beerburrum Road and Beerburrum-Woodford Road are major roads in the local plan area. The Beerburrum railway station has recently undergone a significant upgrade.

The Beerburum local plan area has only limited urban services. Although reticulated water is available to the local plan area, reticulated sewerage is not available and is not planned to be made available in the life of the planning scheme.

7.2.1.3 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Beerburum local plan code is to provide locally relevant planning provisions for the assessment of development within the Beerburum local plan area.
- (2) The purpose of the Beerburum local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) Beerburum remains a small village with an intimate rural character and identity.
 - (b) Urban development in the Beerburum local plan area is limited to land within the urban growth management boundary so as to protect and reinforce Beerburum’s discrete rural village character and identity, provide for the efficient provision of *infrastructure* and services, protect significant environmental areas and avoid land substantially constrained to development.
 - (c) Development retains the key built form, *streetscape*, landscape character and natural environment elements that contribute to the setting, character and identity of the Beerburum local plan area as a rural village with a strong sense of place and associations with the past.
 - (d) The form and scale of development is low key with buildings that are low rise and cover a comparatively small area of the *site* thereby leaving significant areas for landscaping and *private open space*.
 - (e) Development in the Local centre zone supports the role and function of the Beerburum local centre as a small local (not full service) activity centre serving the basic convenience needs of residents and visitors. Whilst development in the Local centre zone provides for the expansion and enhancement of business uses, residents continue to rely upon Glass House Mountains Township, Beerwah or other centres in the Moreton Bay Regional Council area to fulfil most of their business and industry needs.
 - (f) The traditional built form character of Beerburum, and particularly the village centre, is retained and new development is designed to complement the traditional built form and *streetscape* character of the local plan area.
 - (g) Development in the Low density residential zone maintains large urban size lots to preserve the rural village character and provide for the effective treatment and disposal of effluent on-site.
 - (h) Development in the Low impact industry zone respects the amenity of surrounding residential areas and is designed to protect the *streetscape* character of Anzac Avenue.
 - (i) Development in the local plan area is supported by a network of open space that meets the needs of the local community and facilitates safe and convenient pedestrian and cycle connections between and around key destinations within the local plan area.

7.2.1.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 7.2.1.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Beerburum Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that is consistent with and reflects the traditional rural village architectural character of Beerburum in terms of scale, siting, form, composition and use of materials.	AO1.1	Development provides for the retention and/or adaptive re-use, with limited modification, of buildings which have cultural heritage significance. Editor’s Note— Section 8.2.9 (Heritage and character areas overlay code) sets out requirements for development on or in proximity to

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
		<p>AO1.2</p> <p>AO1.3</p>	<p><i>local heritage places and in character areas.</i></p> <p>Buildings and structures incorporate traditional external building materials, such as timber cladding and corrugated iron roofs.</p> <p>For residential, business and community activities, roof forms use simple, traditional Queensland style roof designs including gable, hip, pitched or multiple gable roof forms.</p>
PO2	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements including historical landmarks, significant views and vistas, existing character trees and areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the setting, character and sense of place of Beerburrum.	<p>AO2.1</p> <p>AO2.2</p> <p>AO2.3</p>	<p>Development provides for the retention of historical landmarks, memorials and monuments.</p> <p>Development protects and emphasises, and does not intrude upon, the important sight lines to Mount Beerburrum identified on Figure 7.2.1A (Beerburrum local plan elements).</p> <p>Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature trees and character <i>vegetation</i> that contributes to the streetscape character and vegetated backdrop to the village including:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the memorial trees along Anzac Avenue; (b) riparian vegetation along Beerburrum Creek; and (c) other character <i>vegetation</i> identified on Figure 7.2.1A (Beerburrum local plan elements). <p>Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.</p>
PO3	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> and gateways that reflect and enhance the sense of entry to and the rural village character of Beerburrum.	<p>AO3.1</p> <p>AO3.2</p>	<p>Development adjacent to a primary streetscape treatment area or gateway/entry point identified on Figure 7.2.1A (Beerburrum local plan elements) incorporates architectural and landscape treatments and other design elements which enhance the sense of arrival to and the rural village character of Beerburrum.</p> <p>Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes.</p> <p>Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.</p> <p>Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.</p>
PO4	Development for a <i>food and drink outlet</i> does not:-	AO4	No acceptable outcome provided.
	(a) provide for the establishment of		

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	a <i>high volume convenience restaurant</i> ; or (b) incorporate a <i>drive-through facility</i> .		
Development in the Local Centre Zone			
PO5	Development in the Local centre zone provides for small scale uses that:- (a) support Beerburrum's role and function as a local (not full service) activity centre; and (b) provide a basic level of convenience goods and services to local residents and visitors.	AO5	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO6	Development in the Local centre zone:- (a) is sympathetic to the rural village character and identity of Beerburrum; (b) complements the traditional built form and <i>streetscape</i> of the main street; and (c) provides integrated and functional parking and access arrangements that do not dominate the street.	AO6	Development in the Local centre zone:- (a) provides for Beerburrum Road to be established as a wide, attractive and pedestrian friendly main street; (b) respects the layout, scale (including height and <i>setback</i>) and character of development on adjoining sites; (c) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i> , built to the front boundary where identified on Figure 7.2.1A (Beerburrum local plan elements) ; (d) has a maximum <i>plot ratio</i> of 1:1; (e) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous cantilevered awnings and/or light verandah structures with non-load bearing posts over footpath areas in conjunction with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside; (f) has simple, traditional Queensland style roof designs, such as hipped or gabled, and parapets facing the street; (g) has building openings overlooking the street; (h) uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials; (i) ensures that signage is integrated with the building; (j) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths; (k) provides for on-site car parking at the rear or to one side of the development; and (l) provides for shared access driveways to minimise vehicular access across active street <i>frontages</i> .
PO7	Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Local centre zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that:- (a) are sympathetic to the rural village character and identity of Beerburrum; and (b) provides for adequate on-site effluent disposal.	AO7	Reconfiguring a lot in the Local centre zone provides for lots which are a minimum of 2,000m ² in area, or larger where required to provide for adequate on-site effluent disposal.
Reconfiguring a Lot in the Low Density Residential Zone			
PO8	Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that:-	AO8	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lots which are a minimum of 1,500m ² in area, or larger where required to provide for adequate on-site

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	(a) are sympathetic to the rural village character and identity of Beerburrum; and (b) provides for adequate on-site effluent disposal.		effluent disposal.
Development in the Low Impact Industry Zone			
PO9	Development in the Low impact industry zone is sympathetic to the predominantly residential character of the surrounding area and the heritage <i>streetscape</i> values of Anzac Avenue.	AO9	The layout and design of development in the Low impact industry zone:- (a) provides vehicle access from Acacia Avenue or Anzac Avenue, located at one side of the <i>site</i> ; (b) has a shopfront presence to Anzac Avenue which respects the character and heritage significance of the area; (c) is of a scale which respects the surrounding residential setting; and (d) provides for any larger access doors (e.g. roller doors) to be located side-on to adjacent streets.



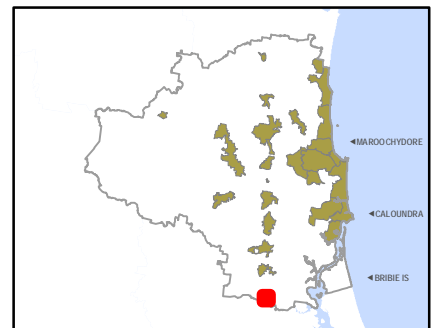
LEGEND

- Local Plan Area Boundary
- Waterway^{Note 1}
- Primary Active Street Frontage
- Primary Streetscape Treatment Area
- Local Ecological Linkage
- Greenspace^{Note 1}
- Community Activity/Facility^{Note 1}
- Character Vegetation
- Gateway/Entry Point
- Mountain or Hill
- Significant View
- Heritage Place^{Note 2}
- Dedicated Public Transport Corridor
- Transit Hub
- Indicative Road Linkage/Access Point
- Proposed Rail Corridor Upgrade

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1:6,651

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Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).

Figure 7.2.1A (Beerburrum Local Plan Elements)

frontage of Simpson Street, providing an attractive pedestrian, cycle and visual link between the town centre and residential areas and the railway station.

- (h) Development in the High density residential zone, Medium density residential zone and Low density residential zone occurs in an integrated manner with higher residential densities provided within walking distance of the town centre and railway station to support transit oriented development. Development provides for walkable neighbourhoods with good pedestrian and cycle connectivity to employment, community and recreation areas as well as a diverse range of lot sizes and housing choices contributing to the creation of a well serviced, connected and affordable place to live.
- (i) Residential expansion areas in the Low density residential zone at the northern and southern extent of the local plan area provide for large residential lot sizes and a corresponding dwelling mix comprising predominantly single *household* detached housing, which is sympathetic to the character of adjacent residential areas and provides an appropriate transition to surrounding rural areas.
- (j) Development within the Low density residential zone, particularly along Pine Camp Road and Peachester Road, provides for appropriate *buffers* to the nearby poultry industries.
- (k) Development in the Rural residential zone provides for lot sizes and a road and lot layout which preserves the character and amenity of the rural residential area, and provides for appropriate *buffers* to Coochin Creek and the Glass House Mountains National Park (Mount Coochin section).
- (l) Development within the Specialised centre zone to the south of the Kilcoy-Beerwah Road overpass provides for an integrated development which appropriately addresses the constraints of the *site*. Development provides for high quality design and landscaping which softens the visual impact of new premises, especially as viewed from the Kilcoy-Beerwah Road overpass and Steve Irwin Way. Development does not detract from the role of the Beerwah Town Centre as the primary focus for centre activities.
- (m) The industrial area to the east of Steve Irwin Way is consolidated and expanded to include additional allocated land south of Roys Road and west of Burys Road. Development provides for a range of lot sizes to cater for a range of medium and low impact industrial uses set within an integrated, modern and visually appealing industry park with a high level of environmental performance.
- (n) Development provides appropriate landscape buffering to Steve Irwin Way in order to effectively screen and soften built form elements and maintain the visual amenity of this road as a scenic route.
- (o) Development provides for the retention of important viewlines from public places to the Glass House Mountains.
- (p) Development does not compromise or adversely impact upon the future provision or operation of the North Coast Rail Line or the Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS) between Beerwah and Caloundra South.

7.2.2.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 7.2.2.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Beerwah Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that enhances the modern country town character of Beerwah in terms of form, composition and use of materials.	AO1.1	Development provides for the retention and/or adaptive re-use, with limited modification, of buildings which have cultural heritage significance. Editor's Note—Section 8.2.9 (Heritage and character areas overlay code) sets out requirements for development on or in proximity to <i>local heritage places</i> and in <i>character areas</i> .

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
		AO1.2	Buildings and structures incorporate traditional external building materials, such as timber cladding and corrugated iron roofs.
		AO1.3	For residential, business and community activities, roof forms use simple, traditional Queensland style roof designs including gable, hip, pitched, skillion or multiple gable roof forms.
		AO1.4	Development uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials.
PO2	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements including historical landmarks, significant views and vistas, existing character trees and areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the setting, character and sense of place of Beerwah.	AO2.1	Development provides for the retention of historical landmarks, memorials and monuments.
		AO2.2	Development protects and emphasises, and does not intrude upon, the important sight lines to Mount Coochin and other important views identified on Figure 7.2.2A (Beerwah local plan elements) .
		AO2.3	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature trees and character <i>vegetation</i> that contributes to the vegetated backdrop and character of the Beerwah local plan area including:- (a) native <i>vegetation</i> adjacent to Coochin Creek; (b) bushland areas between Parkside Drive and Peachester Road; (c) native <i>vegetation</i> at the foothills of Mount Coochin; (d) bushland areas along Roberts Road and Kilcoy-Beerwah Road; and (e) other character <i>vegetation</i> identified on Figure 7.3A (Beerwah local plan elements) . Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.
PO3	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent gateways and <i>streetscapes</i> that enhance the modern rural town character of, and sense of entry and arrival to, Beerwah.	AO3.1	Development adjacent to a primary streetscape treatment area or identified gateway/entry point on Figure 7.2.2A (Beerwah local plan elements) incorporates architectural and landscape treatments and other design elements which:- (a) enhance the sense of arrival to and the modern rural town character of Beerwah; and (b) emphasise corner sites and locations.
		AO3.2	Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design.

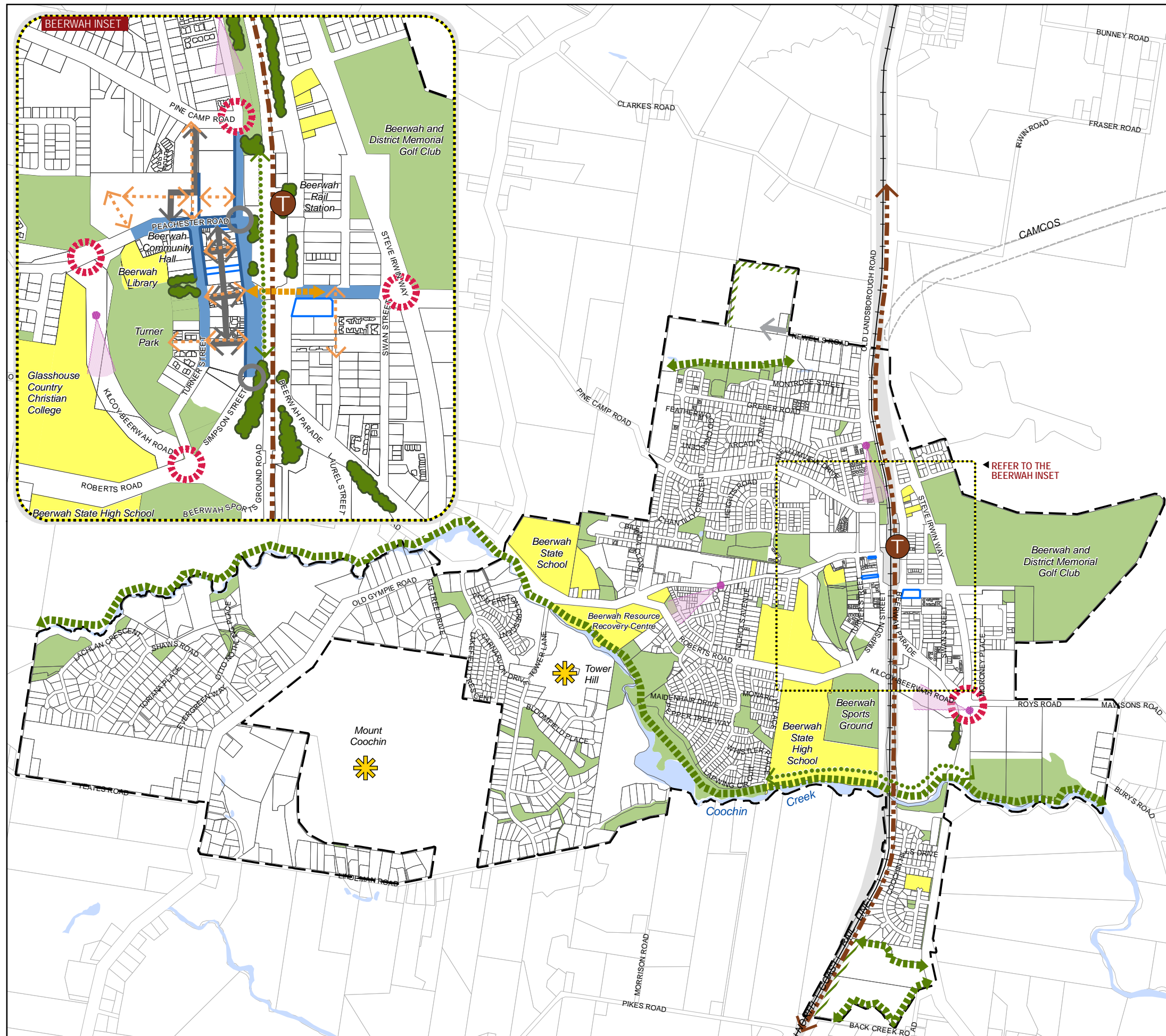
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes.</p> <p>Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.</p> <p>Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the Council's Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.</p>
PO4	Development adjacent to Steve Irwin Way incorporates a dense <i>landscape buffer</i> to visually screen and soften built form elements and maintain and enhance the visual amenity of the road as a scenic route.	AO4	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO5	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of an open space corridor (greenspace link):- (a) along both sides of the rail line from Pine Camp Road south to Kilcoy-Beerwah Road; and (b) along Coochin Creek.	AO5	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of a <i>public open space</i> corridor where identified as a greenspace link on Figure 7.2.2A Beerwah local plan elements).
PO6	Development on land with frontage to Coochin Creek identified as a local ecological linkage on Figure 7.2.2A (Beerwah local plan elements) facilitates the provision of the local ecological linkage.	AO6	No acceptable outcome provided. Editor's Note—Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity, waterways and wetlands code) sets out requirements for the provision of ecological linkages.
PO7	Development does not compromise the provision and continued operation of:- (a) the North Coast Rail Line; and (b) the Dedicated Public Transport Corridor from Beerwah to Caloundra South (CAMCOS).	AO7	No acceptable outcome provided.
Built form			
PO8	Multi-storey buildings are designed in a manner that preserves important view lines through design measures such as:- (a) the location, configuration and orientation of buildings and structures on the <i>site</i> ; (b) use of <i>setbacks</i> ; and (c) built form which provides for gaps or openings in buildings and structures.	AO8	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Major Centre Zone			
PO9	Development in the Major centre zone:- (a) supports Beerwah's role and function as a small major regional activity centre; and (b) provides a wide range of local and higher order goods and services to residents of Beerwah and surrounding areas including Beerburum, Glass House Mountains, Landsborough, Peachester and Mooloolah.	AO9	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO10	Development in the Major centre zone:- (a) enhances the character and identity of Beerwah as a modern country town; (b) provides for new or extended large floor plate retail uses to be sleeved	AO10	Development in the Major centre zone:- (a) provides for Simpson Street to be maintained and enhanced as a wide, attractive and pedestrian friendly main street; (b) provides for new or extended large

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>and located behind smaller scale, fine grain built form elements;</p> <p>(c) creates vibrant and active streets and public spaces;</p> <p>(d) provides a continuous pedestrian friendly facade including all weather protection for pedestrians; and</p> <p>(e) provides integrated and functional parking and access arrangements that do not dominate the street.</p>		<p>floor plate retail uses to be sleeved and located behind smaller scale, fine grain built form elements;</p> <p>(c) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i> built to the boundary at street level where identified on Figure 7.2.2A (Beerwah local plan elements);</p> <p>(d) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous cantilevered awnings and/or light verandah structures with non-load bearing posts over footpath areas in conjunction with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside;</p> <p>(e) has building openings overlooking the street;</p> <p>(f) ensures that signage is integrated with the building;</p> <p>(g) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths;</p> <p>(h) provides for on-site car parking at the rear or to one side of the development;</p> <p>(i) avoids direct service vehicle and car park access to Simpson Street;</p> <p>(j) provides for development fronting Turner Street on sites not identified as having a <i>primary active street frontage</i> to comprise of buildings that address the street with a maximum front boundary <i>setback</i> of 2 metres and/or densely landscaped car parking areas.</p>
PO11	<p>Development in the Major centre zone provides for improved vehicular circulation and connectivity within the Beerwah town centre by providing for:-</p> <p>(a) the continued operation of existing laneways; and</p> <p>(b) the provision of new dedicated public vehicular access laneways which extend and connect existing laneways.</p>	AO11	<p>Development provides dedicated public vehicular access laneways where identified on Figure 7.2.2A (Beerwah local plan elements).</p>
PO12	<p>Development in the Major centre zone provides through block pedestrian linkages which:-</p> <p>(a) are located to reflect the desire lines of pedestrian movement between major points of attraction and public spaces in particular between the Railway Station, Simpson Street, Turner Street and Turner Park;</p> <p>(b) provide a safe alternative to the street based pedestrian and cycle movement network; and</p> <p>(c) provide a comfortable pedestrian environment in terms of access, width, shelter, materials and function.</p>	AO12	<p>Development provides visible, safe, comfortable and attractive through block pedestrian linkages where identified on Figure 7.2.2A (Beerwah local plan elements).</p>
PO13	<p>Development in the Major centre zone on sites that adjoin the former Beerwah</p>	AO13	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	School of Arts or former Beerwah Butchery is designed in a manner which respects and complements the character and heritage values of these <i>local heritage places</i> .		
Development in the Local Centre Zone			
PO14	Development in the Local centre zone:- (a) provides for a mix of residential uses and small scale local convenience goods and services only; (b) does not detract from the Major centre zone as the primary location for centre activities within Beerwah; and (c) is designed in a manner which respects and complements the character and heritage values of the Beerwah Hotel.	AO14	No acceptable outcome provided. Editor's Note— Section 8.2.9 (Heritage and character areas overlay code) sets out requirements for development on or in proximity to <i>local heritage places</i> and in <i>character areas</i> .
PO15	Development in the Local centre zone:- (a) enhances the character and identity of Beerwah as a modern country town; (b) provides a continuous pedestrian friendly facade including all weather protection for pedestrians; and (c) provides integrated and functional parking and access arrangements that do not dominate the street.	AO15	Development in the Local centre zone:- (a) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous cantilevered awnings and/or light verandah structures with non-load bearing posts over footpath areas in conjunction with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside; (b) has building openings overlooking the street; (c) ensures that signage is integrated with the building; (d) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths; and (e) provides for on-site car parking at the rear or to one side of the development.
Development in the High Density Residential Zone			
PO16	Development in the High density residential zone:- (a) provides for medium to high density residential accommodation in locations close to the Beerwah Town Centre and railway station; (b) occurs on large, integrated development sites through the co-ordinated amalgamation of existing lots; (c) provides for buildings which are designed to address, and optimise casual surveillance to, public streets, parks and other areas of community activity; and (d) improves pedestrian connectivity to the railway station and business areas.	AO16.1 AO16.2	Development in the High density residential zone:- (a) provides for residential accommodation in the form of low rise apartment buildings, townhouses and the like; (b) amalgamates lots to create a minimum development <i>site</i> of 1,000m ² ; (c) ensures that the amalgamated lots do not isolate excluded lots; and (d) provides for buildings which address and optimise casual surveillance to public areas, particularly to Simpson Street and Turner Park. Development provides for high quality, attractive and comfortable pedestrian and cycle linkages to the railway station and business areas including where identified on Figure 7.2.2A (Beerwah local plan elements) .
Development in the Low Density Residential Zone			
PO17	Development in the Low density	AO17	A minimum separation distance of 500m

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	residential zone has an appropriate separation distance from intensive animal industries (poultry).		is provided from an existing or approved poultry shed to the nearest boundary of a residential lot.
PO18	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone at the northern and southern extent of the local plan area provides for large lot sizes, and a configuration of lots, which:- (a) is sympathetic to the character of adjacent residential areas; (b) are used predominantly for single <i>household</i> detached housing; and appropriately transitions to the adjacent and surrounding rural areas.	AO18	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone north of Montrose Street and south of Coochin Hills Drive provides for:- (a) a minimum lot size of 600m ² , and an average lot size of at least 800m ² ; and (b) any lots intended for a <i>dual occupancy</i> or <i>secondary dwelling</i> , to be nominated on a plan of development, with the lots nominated for these dwellings to not exceed 5% and 20% of total lots, respectively.
Development in the Rural Residential Zone			
PO19	Development in the Rural residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that: (a) is sympathetic to the existing rural residential character of the area; and (b) provides for adequate on-site effluent disposal.	AO19	Reconfiguring a lot in the Rural residential zone provides for lots with a minimum lot size of 2,500m ² .
PO20	Development adjacent to the Glass House Mountains National Park or other <i>ecologically important areas</i> provides a vegetated open space <i>buffer</i> to protect the sustainability of vegetation communities and maintain visual amenity.	AO20	No acceptable outcome provided. Editor's Note— Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity, waterways and wetlands overlay code) sets out <i>buffer</i> distances and other requirements for development on land adjacent to conservation areas and other <i>ecologically important areas</i> .
Development in the Specialised Centre Zone			
PO21	Development in the Specialised centre zone:- (a) provides predominantly for <i>showrooms</i> and other compatible uses; (b) does not compete with the role and function of the Beerwah Town Centre; (c) occurs in accordance with a <i>local area structure plan</i> for the whole of the area included in the zone; (d) avoids flood prone land, protects native <i>vegetation</i> areas and provides appropriate riparian buffers to Coochin Creek; (e) provides safe and efficient vehicular <i>access</i> ; (f) provides for high quality design and mature landscaping which softens the visual impact of premises when viewed from the Kilcoy-Beerwah Road overpass; and (g) provides for a substantial <i>landscape buffer</i> to screen development from Steve Irwin Way.	AO21	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Medium Impact Industry Zone			
PO22	Development in the Medium impact industry zone:- (a) integrates with existing developed areas;	AO22	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (b) avoids flood prone land, protects native <i>vegetation</i> areas and provides appropriate riparian buffers to Coochin Creek; (c) provides safe and efficient vehicular <i>access</i> from Roys Road; (d) provides for a substantial <i>landscape buffer</i> to screen development from Steve Irwin Way; and (e) provides landscaped visual and acoustic attenuation to nearby residential uses. 	



LEGEND

- Local Plan Area Boundary
- Waterway^{Note 1}
- Primary Active Street Frontage
- Primary Streetscape Treatment Area
- Local Ecological Linkage
- Greenspace^{Note 1}
- Community Activity/Facility^{Note 1}
- Greenspace Link
- Character Vegetation
- Landscape Buffer
- Gateway/Entry Point
- Mountain or Hill
- Significant View
- Heritage Place^{Note 2}
- Through Block Pedestrian/Cycle Linkage
- Pedestrian Connection
- Indicative Access Laneway
- Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS)
- Dedicated Public Transport Corridor
- Transit Hub
- Indicative Road Linkage/Access Point
- Proposed Rail Corridor Upgrade

Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (mapping).



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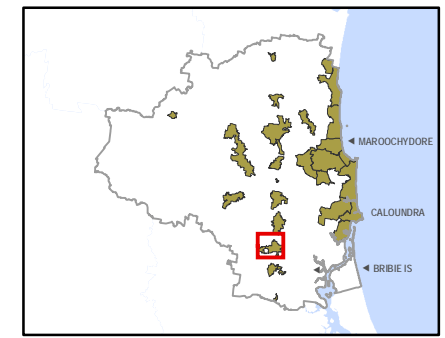


Figure 7.2.2A
(Beerwah Local Plan Elements)

- (g) The Mapleton Village Centre functions as a local (not full service) activity centre oriented to providing for the basic convenience needs of residents of the village and nearby rural residential areas.
- (h) Whilst opportunities exist for the expansion and improvement of business functions within the Local centre zone at Montville and Mapleton, residents of the Blackall Range local plan area continue to rely upon Maleny, Palmwoods or Nambour to fulfil most of their business and industry needs.
- (i) Tourism development in the local plan area retains a primary focus on nature and/or hinterland based tourism experiences and small scale visitor accommodation and services and is of a scale and intensity that is compatible with and subservient to the rural village character and rural and natural values of the local plan area. Existing tourist service nodes in the Rural zone, such as the existing node at Kondalilla Falls Road, Flaxton, are retained. Any additional development proposals in these areas are small scale and are compatible with and enhance the existing function of the tourist node whilst not detracting from the role and function of Montville and Mapleton as the local centres for the area.
- (j) Although not consistently represented throughout the whole of the local plan area, the traditional built form, heritage and *streetscape* character reflected in many buildings and places (i.e. Montville Village Hall, Saint Mary's Church, the Mapleton Tavern and the *streetscape* of Main Street/Maleny-Montville Road at Montville) is retained and reinforced through the design and construction of new development.
- (k) Development in Montville village centre improves pedestrian and visual linkages from Main Street to Russell Family Park wherever practicable.
- (l) Other than for the purpose of providing a *retirement facility* or *residential care facility* in the Low density residential zone, development in the Low density residential zone and Rural residential zone provides for low density living on relatively large urban and rural residential lots.

Editor's note—*Council* supports the establishment of an appropriately located *retirement facility/residential care facility* in the Blackall Range local plan area.
- (m) Development protects and emphasises and does not intrude upon significant coastal and hinterland views and vistas and the rural and natural landscape values of scenic routes.
- (n) The significant environmental values and scenic quality of Linda Garrett Environmental Park, Mapleton Falls National Park, Kondalilla National Park and the Lake Baroon catchment area are protected and enhanced.

7.2.3.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 7.2.3.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Blackall Range Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that is consistent with and retains the discrete rural village identity and architectural character of the Blackall Range and, in particular, the villages of Montville and Mapleton, in terms of scale, siting, form, composition and use of materials.	AO1.1	Development provides for the retention and/or adaptive reuse, with limited modification, of buildings which have cultural heritage, character or townscape significance. Editor's note— Section 8.2.9 (Heritage and character areas overlay code) sets out requirements for development on or in proximity to <i>local heritage places</i> and in <i>character areas</i> . Note— Figure 7.2.3B (Places of high community value) illustrates how places of high community value, such as Misty's Mountain Restaurant, add considerably to the architectural landscape, monumental, cultural and historic significance of the Blackall Range. This building acts as a prominent visual focus and has a rich history.
		AO1.2	Development provides for buildings, structures

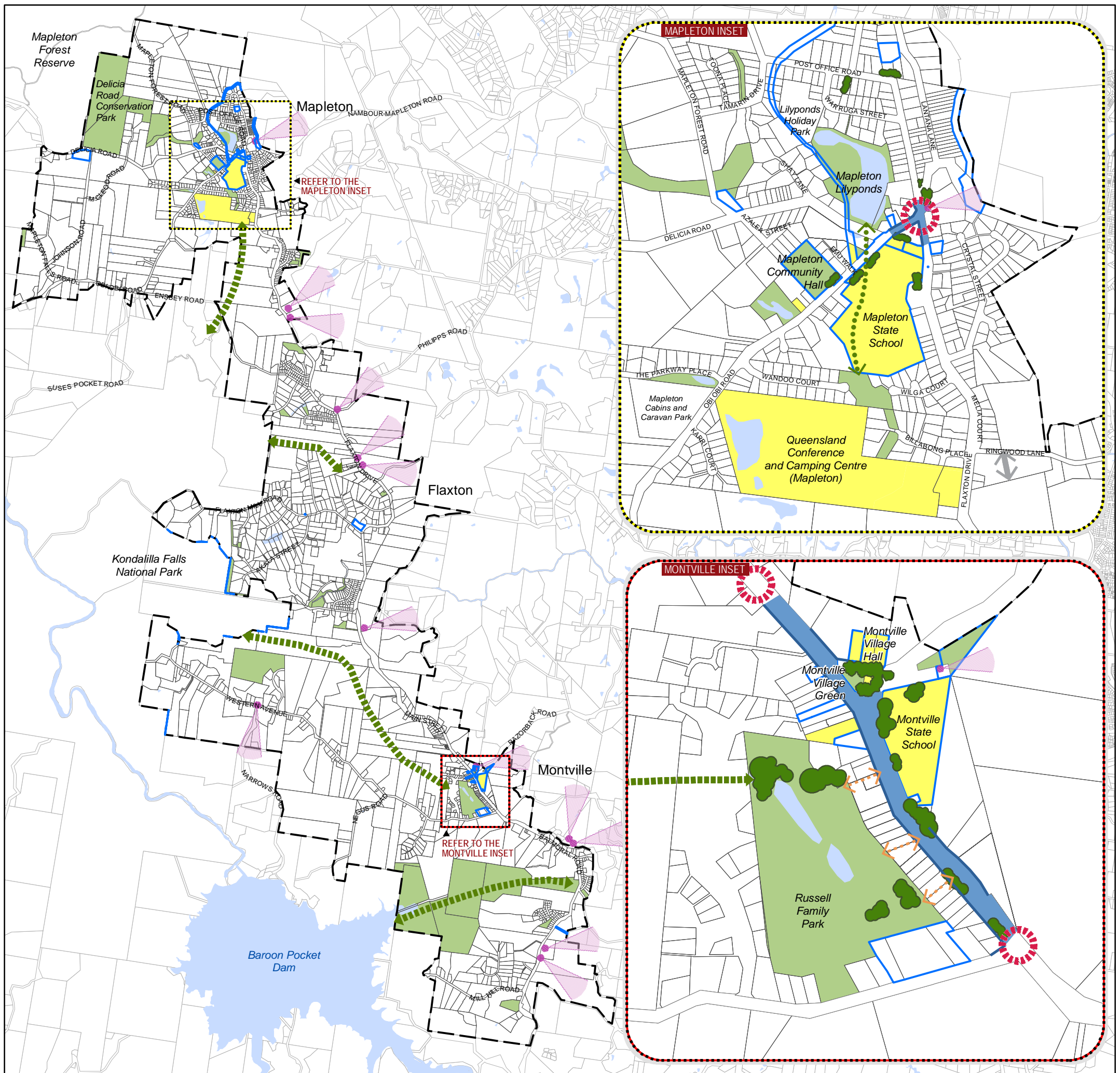
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>and landscaping that are consistent with and reflect the traditional townscape and architectural character demonstrated by such buildings as the Montville Village Hall, Saint Mary's Anglican Church, The Lookout, the Mapleton Tavern and the <i>streetscape</i> of Main Street/Maleny-Montville Road at Montville.</p> <p>AO1.3</p> <p>Buildings and structures incorporate traditional external building materials, such as timber cladding and corrugated iron roofs.</p> <p>AO1.4</p> <p>Development provides for buildings and structures to incorporate roof forms that are consistent with the traditional Queensland style including gable, hip, pitched, or multiple gable roof forms.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.3C (Typical Queensland vernacular roof designs) illustrates roof forms that are consistent with the character of the Blackall Range.</p> <p>AO1.5</p> <p>Development provides for any new building or structure to have a maximum floor plate of 500m².</p>
PO2	<p>Development provides for buildings and structures that:-</p> <p>(a) are low rise and present a <i>building height</i> consistent with development on adjoining and surrounding land;</p> <p>(b) do not visually dominate the street, adjacent properties, surrounding spaces or the existing skyline, particularly in areas of high scenic value;</p> <p>(c) preserve the amenity of surrounding land, including sunlight to neighbouring properties; and</p> <p>(d) respect the scale of surrounding <i>vegetation</i>.</p>	AO2	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.3D (Buildings of consistent height and bulk as to achieve a human scale), Figure 7.2.3E (Use of vegetation to break up large building masses) and Figure 7.2.3F (Use of street trees and site frontage landscaping) illustrate buildings that have a scale and design that is consistent with development and <i>vegetation</i> on the <i>site</i> and surrounding land.</p>
PO3	Development provides for buildings and structures that have a maximum height of 2 <i>storeys</i> .	AO3	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO4	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements contributing to the setting, character and sense of place of the Blackall Range including historical landmarks, existing character trees and areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> and rural landscape character.	AO4.1 AO4.2	<p>Development provides for the retention of hedgerows, old stone retaining walls, landmarks, memorials and monuments.</p> <p>Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature trees and character <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the character and vegetated backdrop to the local plan area including:</p> <p>(a) <i>vegetation</i> on ridgelines or along <i>waterways</i>;</p> <p>(b) <i>vegetation</i> on land with slopes generally of 25% or greater or on land prone to slippage;</p> <p>(c) species of local importance (i.e. bunya pines (<i>Araucaria bidwillii</i>), macadamia species (<i>Macadamia interifolia</i> and <i>M. ternifolia</i>) and <i>Romnalda strobilacea</i> species); and</p> <p>(d) other character <i>vegetation</i> identified on</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>Figure 7.2.3A (Blackall Range local plan elements).</p> <p>Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.</p> <p>AO4.3 Development provides for fences to remain a minor visual element in the landscape by utilising either post and rail or post and wire fencing forms.</p> <p>AO4.4 Except in urban or highly trafficked areas where traffic regulation is required, development provides for road verges and edges that have a rural laneway character.</p>
PO5	<p>Development protects and emphasises and does not intrude upon significant coastal and hinterland views and vistas and the rural and natural landscape values of scenic routes by providing for buildings, structures and other works that:-</p> <p>(a) are unobtrusive and have a scale and bulk that is subservient to the natural and rural landscape with building forms that are visually broken up;</p> <p>(b) are located so as not to interfere with or adversely impact upon scenic views, particularly from Maleny-Mapleton Road / Flaxton Drive / Mapleton-Montville Road;</p> <p>(c) have exterior surfaces with colours that allow buildings to blend in with the natural and rural landscape; and</p> <p>(d) are designed to sensitively respond to site characteristics and avoid scarring of the landscape.</p>	<p>AO5.1</p> <p>AO5.2</p> <p>AO5.3</p> <p>AO5.4</p> <p>AO5.5</p> <p>AO5.6</p> <p>AO5.7</p>	<p>Development protects and emphasises, and does not intrude upon, important sight lines and views to coastal and rural hinterland landscapes, including where identified on Figure 7.2.3A (Blackall Range local plan elements).</p> <p>Development is sympathetic to and enhances the visual appeal and amenity of Flaxton Drive, Main Street, Maleny-Montville Road, Montville-Mapleton Road, Obi Obi Road, Kondalilla Falls Road and Western Avenue as major or locally significant scenic routes by minimising the exposure of buildings to roadways, using unobtrusive building forms and providing appropriate landscaping.</p> <p>Development provides for buildings which are comprised of a number of small, separate buildings which are visually separated by <i>vegetation</i> or landscaping.</p> <p>Development on a lot which is included in the Rural zone and located on the eastern side of Maleny-Montville Road / Montville-Mapleton Road, is designed and constructed such that the roofline of any building or structure does not extend above the level of the road.</p> <p>Buildings or structures, including the roof, have the colour of muted earth/environmental tones and non reflective materials and textures that blend with the hinterland rural and natural environment.</p> <p>Note—Appropriate external surface colours will depend upon the existing native <i>vegetation</i> and backdrop but may include muted tones such as green, olive green, blue green, grey green, yellow green, green blue, indigo, brown and blue grey.</p> <p>Development provides for the retention of existing <i>vegetation</i> and incorporates landscaping to visually screen and soften built form elements, whilst not impeding distance views or view corridors from a scenic route.</p> <p>Development involving reconfiguration of a lot provides for a subdivision layout which minimises the extent of cut and fill required to</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>accommodate new lots and roads.</p> <p>Editor's Note—Section 8.2.12 (Scenic amenity overlay code) contains additional requirements for development on land adjoining a scenic route or within a high scenic area.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.3G (Siting of built elements) illustrates how to ensure that buildings, structures and roadways integrate into the landscape.</p>
PO6	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> and gateways that reflect and enhance the sense of entry to, and the rural village character of, Montville and Mapleton.	AO6.1	<p>Development adjacent to a primary streetscape treatment area or gateway/entry point identified on Figure 7.2.3A (Blackall Range local plan elements) incorporates architectural and landscape treatments and other design elements which:-</p> <p>(a) enhance the sense of arrival to and the rural village character of Montville and Mapleton; and</p> <p>(b) emphasise corner locations.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.3H (Embellishments – use of components which create a distinctive character) illustrates how a belvedere has been incorporated on a street corner.</p>
		AO6.2	<p>Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes.</p> <p>Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.</p> <p>Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.</p>
PO7	Development for a <i>food and drink outlet</i> does not:- (a) provide for the establishment of a <i>high volume convenience restaurant</i> ; or (b) incorporate a <i>drive-through facility</i> .	AO7	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO8	Development for the purposes of a <i>tourist attraction, tourist park</i> , or other activity with a primary emphasis on tourism related facilities or services:- (a) retains a primary focus on nature and/or hinterland based tourism experiences and small scale visitor accommodation and services; and (b) is of a scale and intensity that is compatible with and subservient to the rural village character and rural and natural values of the Blackall Range.	AO8	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO9	Development in the Rural zone on Kondalilla Falls Road, Flaxton:- (a) provides for limited expansion	AO9	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>of small scale activities such as <i>short-term accommodation</i> and <i>food and drink outlets</i> which enhance the existing rural/nature based tourism service role of the immediate area;</p> <p>(b) does not detract from the role of Montville and Mapleton as the local centres for the area, in particular, by providing for retail or commercial activities which should be located in a centre; and</p> <p>(c) does not adversely impact upon the amenity of nearby residential areas.</p>		
PO10	Development is sited and designed in a manner which is responsive to local topography.	AO10	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Editor's Note—Section 8.2.10 (Landslide hazard and steep land overlay code) sets out requirements for development on <i>steep land</i>.</p>
Development in the Local Centre Zone			
PO11	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> <p>(a) is sympathetic to the rural village character of Montville and Mapleton;</p> <p>(b) is designed to address the street;</p> <p>(c) complements the traditional built form and <i>streetscape</i>;</p> <p>(d) in the case of Montville, contributes to the role of the village as a tourist node;</p> <p>(e) is landscaped to soften the dominance of built forms and hard surfaces; and</p> <p>(f) provides integrated and functional parking and access arrangements that do not dominate the street.</p>	AO11	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> <p>(a) respects the layout, scale (including height and <i>setback</i>) and character of development on adjoining sites;</p> <p>(b) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i>, built to the front boundary or <i>setback</i> a maximum of 3 metres from the front boundary, where identified on Figure 7.2.3A (Blackall Range local plan elements);</p> <p>(c) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous cantilevered awnings and/or light verandah structures with decorative non-load bearing posts over footpath areas with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside;</p> <p>(d) incorporates functional and decorative building features such as window hoods, louvres, shutters, ornamental panels and brackets, finials, fret work, gable vents and stained glass;</p> <p>(e) incorporates building openings and windows overlooking the street with vertical lines and rhythm;</p> <p>(f) incorporates large building voids (such as display windows), broken up through the use of posts, mullions, rails or other detailing that maintain the vertical emphasis of the building;</p> <p>(g) provides parapets or other visually compatible treatment which provides an interesting, distinctive and compatible top level to the building façade;</p> <p>(h) ensures that signage is integrated with the building and incorporates colours, layout and lettering consistent with or complementary to the overall colour scheme and architecture of the individual building and surrounding buildings;</p> <p>(i) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths that are consistent</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>with the character of its setting; and</p> <p>(j) provides for on-site car parking at the rear or to one-side of the development.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.3I (Awnings and parapets) illustrates the use of awnings and parapets on traditional commercial buildings in rural settlements.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.3J (Appropriate detailing) illustrates how appropriate detailing contributes to the quality of buildings and promotes harmony between them. The level of ornamentation should be consistent with the complexity of the building.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.3K (Sensitive signage) illustrates how appropriate signage that is in character with the area can be integrated with development.</p> <p>Note— Figure 7.2.3L (Hard landscape components) illustrates examples of hard landscape components which may be appropriate for use in the Blackall Range.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.3M (Landscaping) illustrates how the use of street trees and lower storey plantings in the Local centre zone provide shade, reinforce a village character and provide an attractive, non-threatening environment for pedestrians.</p>
PO12	Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Local centre zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is sympathetic to the village character and identity of Montville and Mapleton and provides for adequate on-site effluent disposal.	AO12	Development in the Local centre zone provides for lots which are a minimum of 2,000m ² in area, or larger where required to provide for adequate on-site effluent disposal.
PO13	Development in the Local centre zone in Montville village centre provides for improved pedestrian and visual linkages between Main Street and Russell Family Park through use of existing laneways and connections and new through block connections where appropriate.	AO13	Development provides visible, safe, comfortable and attractive through block pedestrian linkages where identified on Figure 7.2.3A (Blackall Range local plan elements) .
Development in the Low Density Residential Zone and Rural Residential Zone			
PO14	Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone and Rural residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that:- (a) is sympathetic to the rural village character and identity of Montville and Mapleton and the rural residential character of Flaxton; and (b) provides for adequate on-site effluent disposal.	AO14.1 AO14.2 AO14.3	<p>Development in the Low density residential zone provides for lots which are a minimum of 2,000m² in area, or larger where required to provide for adequate on-site effluent disposal.</p> <p>Development in the Rural residential zone provides for lots which are a minimum of 2 hectares in area.</p> <p>Development provides for a street layout and configuration of lots that respects the existing open village or informal rural residential <i>streetscape</i>.</p>



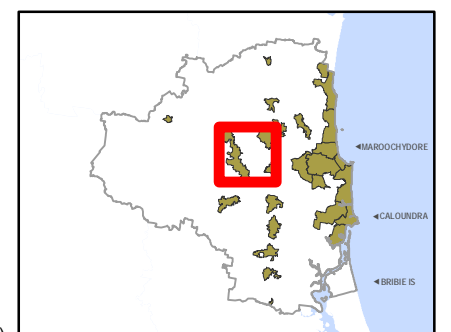
LEGEND

- Local Plan Area Boundary
- Waterway^{Note 1}
- Primary Active Street Frontage
- Primary Streetscape Treatment Area
- Local Ecological Linkage
- Greenspace^{Note 1}
- Community Activity/Facility^{Note 1}
- Greenspace Link
- Character Vegetation
- Gateway/Entry Point
- Heritage Place^{Note 2}
- Significant View
- Through Block Pedestrian/Cycle Linkage
- Indicative Road Linkage/Access Point

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Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).

Figure 7.2.3A (Blackall Range Local Plan Elements)

7.2.4 Bli Bli local plan code

7.2.4.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) within the Bli Bli local plan area as shown on Map ZM19 contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Bli Bli local plan code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) The following provisions of the code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development:-
 - (a) **section 7.2.4.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)**;
 - (b) **Table 7.2.4.4.1 (Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development)**; and
 - (c) **Figure 7.2.4A (Bli Bli local plan elements)**.

7.2.4.2 Context and setting

This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Bli Bli local plan code.

The Bli Bli local plan area is situated between the urban areas of Nambour, Maroochydore and Pacific Paradise in the central part of the Sunshine Coast. The Bli Bli local plan area includes the Bli Bli Village Centre and residential areas, the Maroochy River and Kirra Road rural residential area and the Parklakes urban residential community. The local plan area has a land area of approximately 740 hectares.

The Bli Bli local plan area is located within a rural setting with the significant environmental areas of the Maroochy River, Maroochy Wetlands Sanctuary, Petrie Creek and Parklands State Forest key elements within this landscape setting.

The topography of the local plan area is varied ranging from elevated and steeper slopes, providing views over the river valleys to the surrounding countryside, views to the north Buderim and Kunda Park escarpments and over the lowlands of the Maroochy River floodplain.

The Maroochy River rural residential area located in the northern part of the local plan area is characterised by dwelling houses on large sloping rural lots interspersed with remnant vegetation and some rural activities. The emerging Parklakes community comprises predominantly dwelling houses on urban size lots with a neighbourhood shopping and community precinct located at the eastern end of the area, with sport, recreational and environmental areas located in the north. An extension to the Parklakes community is planned to the north west of the existing community and is intended to provide additional community facilities including a school, environmental areas and open space. The existing residential community of Bli Bli consists predominantly of dwelling houses on urban size lots with larger lot sizes occurring in sloping and steeper vegetated ridgeline areas.

The Bli Bli Village Centre, located on David Low Way, provides convenience shopping and a community focus for local residents. A smaller local business and community centre is to be established in Parklakes to service immediate residents. The former Bli Bli Presbyterian Church and Bli Bli Public Hall located near the intersection of Willis and School Roads are local heritage places that also provide a community focus area for local residents. Bli Bli is also supported by a number of small scale tourist attractions which exist within or adjoining the local plan area, including Sunshine Castle and GoWake Cable Park.

The existing remnant vegetation along the ridgelines and gullies and the adjoining wetland areas and waterways, including declared fish habitat areas, have significant environmental and scenic values and contribute to the amenity and character of the local plan area.

The Nambour-Bli Bli Road, Yandina-Bli Bli Road, David Low Way and Willis Road are major road links within the local plan area. Urban zoned land within the local plan area is connected, or has the ability to be connected, to reticulated water and sewerage.

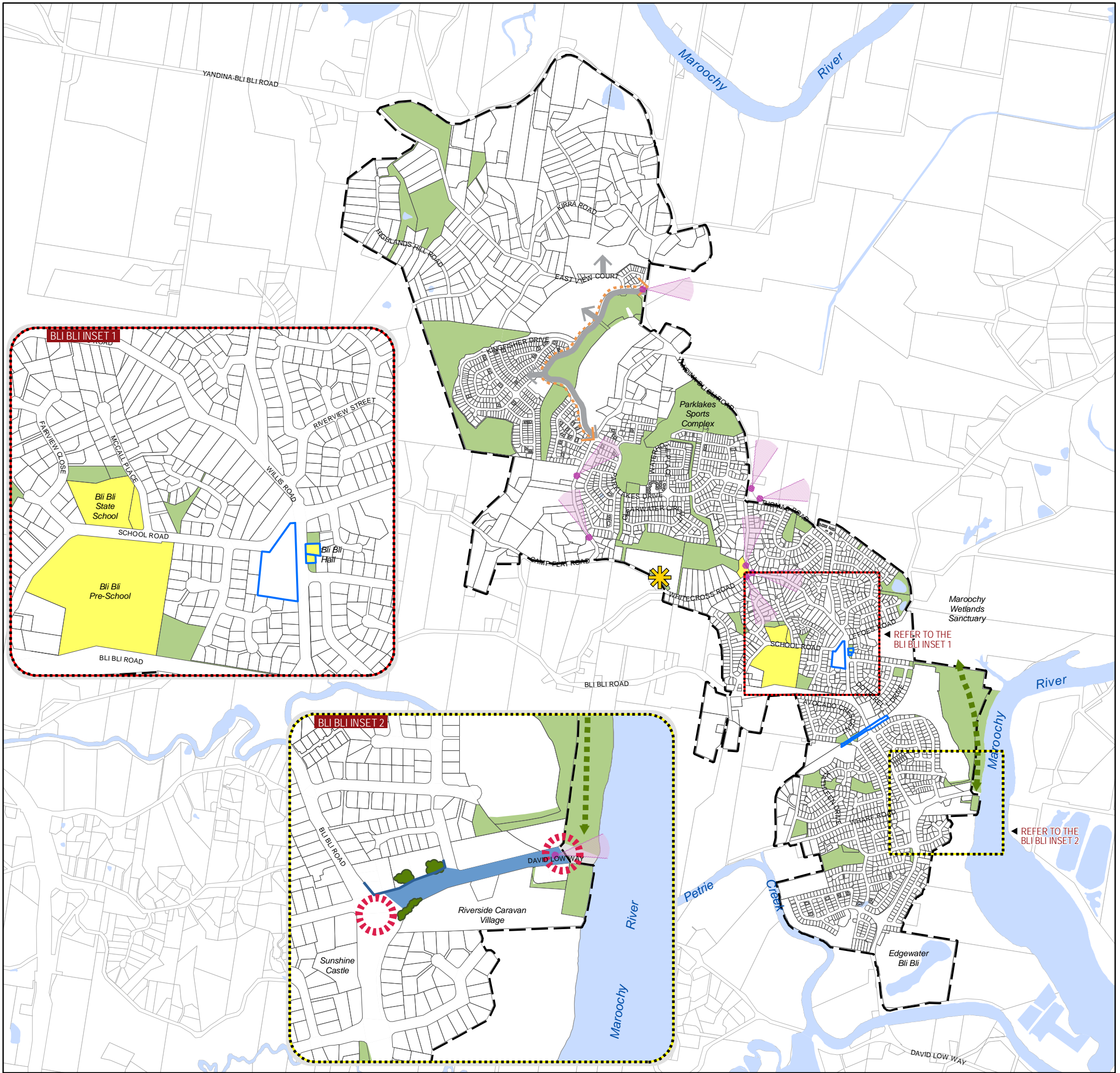
7.2.4.3 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Bli Bli local plan code is to provide locally relevant planning provisions for the assessment of development within the Bli Bli local plan area.
- (2) The purpose of the Bli Bli local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) The Bli Bli local plan area remains an attractive residential area comprising a number of urban and rural residential neighbourhoods and a village centre surrounded by a mosaic of farming land and natural areas.
 - (b) Urban and rural residential development in the Bli Bli local plan area is limited to land within the urban and rural residential growth management boundaries respectively so as to protect and reinforce Bli Bli's village character and identity, provide for the efficient provision of *infrastructure* and services, avoid constrained land and environmentally significant areas and protect the character and productivity of surrounding rural land.
 - (c) Development in the local plan area is designed and sited to protect key landscape features contributing to the rural and natural setting and character of the Bli Bli local plan area including existing *vegetation*, particularly along forested ridgelines and gullies, and significant views to surrounding countryside and across the Maroochy River *floodplain*, and to reflect the physical characteristics and constraints of the land, including the protection of sensitive slopes.
 - (d) The Bli Bli Village Centre, fronting the David Low Way, functions as a local (full service) activity centre providing a range of convenience goods and services to the Bli Bli community and surrounding rural and rural residential areas.
 - (e) Development in the Bli Bli Village Centre provides a range of small-scale business and community activities which activate the street *frontage* and include residential development located above the ground *storey* level. Whilst the business functions of the Bli Bli Village Centre may expand and be enhanced, the centre remains compact, with any expansion limited to land included within the Local centre zone. Residents continue to rely upon Nambour or Maroochydhore to fulfil their higher order business and industry needs.
 - (f) The Parklakes Local centre zone functions as a local (not full service) activity centre, providing a basic convenience level of business and community uses to service immediate residents. No new business centres are established within the Bli Bli local plan area.
 - (g) Development in the Low density residential zone maintains the primarily low density residential character of the Bli Bli local plan area.
 - (h) Development protects the Sunshine Castle as a significant landmark building and tourist attraction.
 - (i) Land in the Emerging community zone is master planned and developed in a coordinated manner that sensitively responds to the flooding, drainage and environmental constraints over this area. Development in this area provides for a range of land uses including residential uses, community uses and open space.
 - (j) Development in the local plan area is supported by a network of open space to meet the needs of the local community and facilitates safe and convenient pedestrian and cycle connections between and around key destinations within the local plan area.

7.2.4.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

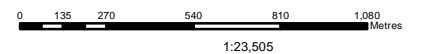
Table 7.2.4.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Bli Bli Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that are consistent with, and reflect the coastal urban character of, the local plan area and integrate with the natural landscape and skyline <i>vegetation</i> in terms of scale,	AO1.1	Development provides for building design which incorporates a mix of lightweight and textured external building materials, including timber finishes or masonry construction with variation provided in texture and detailing.



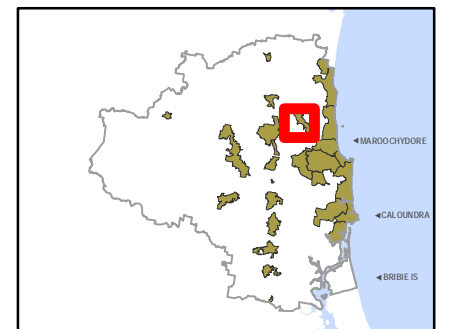
LEGEND

- Local Plan Area Boundary
- Waterway^{Note 1}
- Primary Active Street Frontage
- Primary Streetscape Treatment Area
- Local Ecological Linkage
- Greenspace^{Note 1}
- Community Activity/Facility^{Note 1}
- Character Vegetation
- Gateway/Entry Point
- Mountain or Hill
- Heritage Place^{Note 2}
- Significant View
- Key Pedestrian/Cycle Linkage
- Indicative Road Linkage/Access Point



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Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).

Figure 7.2.4A (Bli Bli Local Plan Elements)

- (k) Lot sizes for *dwelling houses* are large compared with other parts of the coastal urban area and allow for houses to be set within generous landscaped grounds so as to retain the prevailing low density character and amenity of the local plan area.
- (l) Development on lots fronting the southern end of Gloucester Road preserves the established large lot size and *frontage setbacks* that are a characteristic of this area.
- (m) Development in the Medium density residential zone provides for a mix of residential housing types with *dwellings* that are generally of a domestic scale or are provided in small groups so as to reduce the perceived scale and mass of development.
- (n) Development of the greenfield *site* located in the northern part of the local plan area and included in the Emerging community zone provides for an integrated residential development which appropriately addresses the constraints of the land and in particular minimises the visual impact of development on the prominent northern Buderim escarpment. A development solution involving small precincts of development set within a rehabilitated landscape setting is the preferred outcome.
- (o) The significant environmental values and scenic quality of Buderim Forest Park, Eric Joseph Foote War Memorial Sanctuary and the Rocky Creek Conservation Reserve and other local environmental parks and reserves are protected and enhanced.
- (p) Views from *public open space* to important landscape features such as beaches and the Glass House Mountains are retained.
- (q) Development provides for the protection of remnants of the Buderim to Palmwoods Tramway and the extension of public pedestrian access along the former tramway route.

7.2.5.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

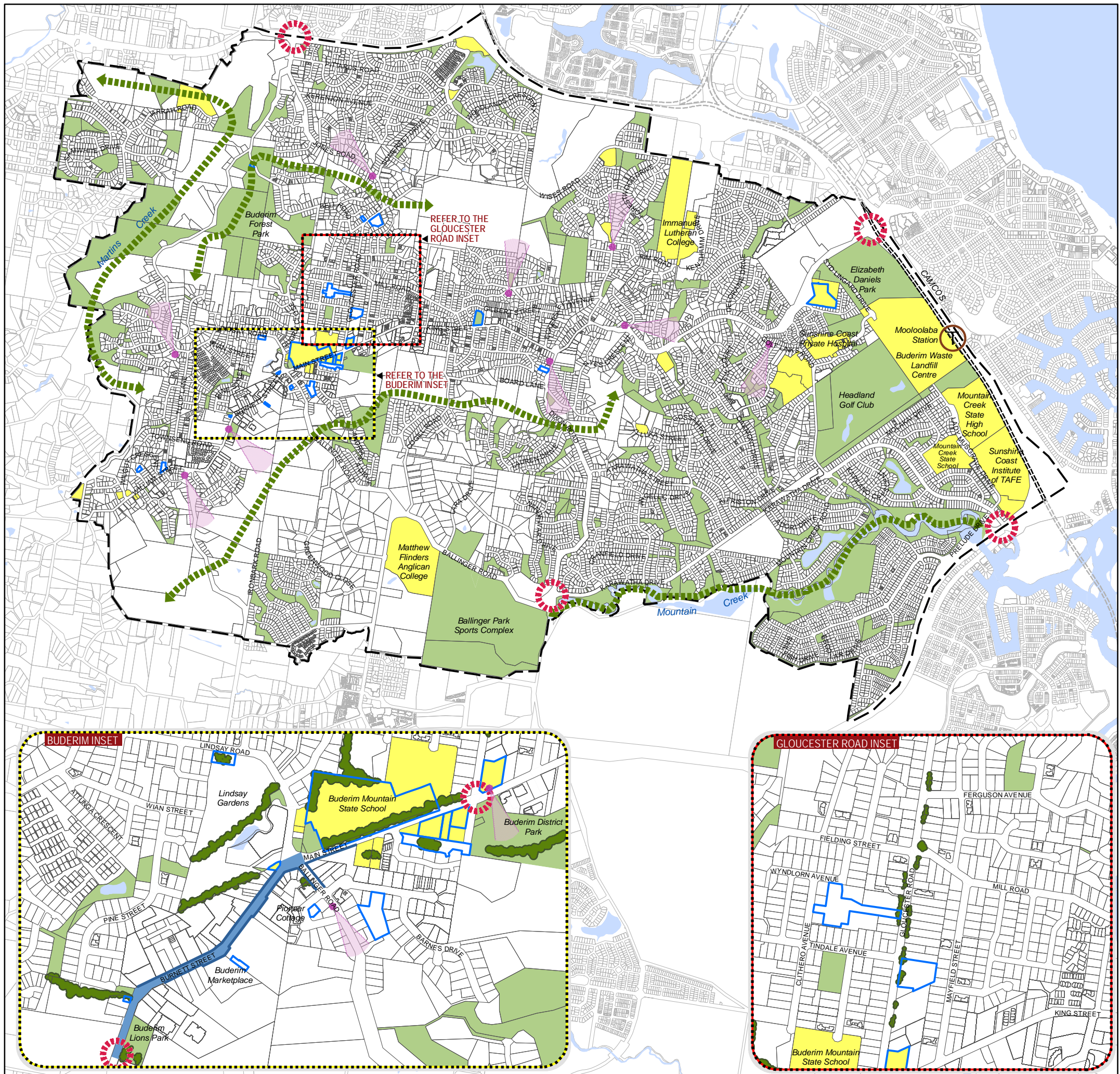
Table 7.2.5.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Buderim Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of individual buildings, sites, places and historical landmarks that contribute to the character and identity of Buderim as a place with close associations with the past.	AO1.1	Development provides for the retention and/or adaptive reuse, with limited modification, of buildings which have cultural heritage significance. Editor's Note—Section 8.2.9 (Heritage and character areas overlay code) sets out requirements for development on or in proximity to <i>local heritage places</i> and in <i>character areas</i> .
		AO1.2	Development provides for the retention of historical landmarks, memorials and monuments.
PO2	Development provides for the retention of remnants of the Buderim to Palmwoods Tramway and the extension of public pedestrian access along the former tramway route via dedication of land or public easement.	AO2	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO3	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that are consistent with and reflect the village character of Buderim and integrate with the natural landscape and skyline <i>vegetation</i> in terms of scale, siting, form, composition and use of materials.	AO3.1	Development provides for building design which incorporates a mix of lightweight and textured external building materials, including timber finishes or masonry construction with variation provided in texture and detailing.
		AO3.2	Development provides for buildings and structures which incorporate roof forms that are consistent with the traditional Queensland style including gable, hip, pitched or multiple gable roof forms.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
		AO3.3	Development uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials.
		AO3.4	Development provides for existing mature trees to be retained and incorporated into the development design.
PO4	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> and gateways to enhance the sense of arrival to, and village character of, Buderim.	AO4.1	Development adjacent to a primary streetscape treatment area or gateway/entry point identified on Figure 7.2.5A (Buderim local plan elements) :- (a) incorporates architectural and landscape treatments which enhance the sense of arrival to, and the village character of, Buderim and emphasise corner locations; and (b) incorporates building design such as varied roof forms, changes in materials and variations in projected and recessed elements and facades.
		AO4.2	Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design. Note— Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes. Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area. Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.
PO5	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements including significant views and vistas, existing character trees and areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the setting, character and sense of place of Buderim.	AO5.1	Development protects and emphasises, and does not intrude upon, the important sight lines to coastal and rural hinterland landscapes where identified on Figure 7.2.5A (Buderim local plan elements) .
		AO5.2	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature trees and <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the vegetated setting and backdrop of the local plan area including:- (a) <i>vegetation</i> on ridgelines and along watercourses and gullies; (b) the hoop pines behind Burnett Street; (c) the camphor laurel trees along Main Street; (d) Poinciana trees along King Street/Main Street/ Burnett Street; (e) the fig trees in Wirreanda Park; and (f) other character <i>vegetation</i> identified on Figure 7.2.5A (Buderim local plan elements) . Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.
PO6	Development on land identified as a local ecological linkage on Figure 7.2.5A (Buderim local plan elements) facilitates the provision of the local ecological linkage.	AO6	No acceptable outcome provided. Editor's Note— Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity, waterways and wetlands overlay code) sets out requirements for the provision of ecological linkages.
Development in the District Centre Zone and Local Centre Zone			
PO7	Development in the District centre zone and Local centre zone supports the role and function of:- (a) Buderim Town Centre as a small district activity centre; (b) Mountain Creek Local Centre as a local (full service) activity centre; and (c) other local centres as local (not full service) activity centres.	AO7	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO8	Development in the District centre zone and Local centre zone incorporates uses that are of a scale which is compatible with and reinforces the village character of Buderim.	AO8	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO9	Development in the District centre zone:- (a) is sympathetic to the village character of Buderim; (b) addresses the street; (c) complements the traditional built form and <i>streetscape</i> of Buderim; and (d) provides integrated and functional parking and access arrangements that do not dominate the street.	AO9	Development in the District centre zone:- (a) provides for Burnett Street to be maintained as a wide, attractive and pedestrian friendly main street; (b) respects the layout, scale (including height and <i>setback</i>) and character of development on adjoining sites; (c) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i> built to the boundary where identified on Figure 7.2.5A (Buderim local plan elements) ; (d) provides for any residential uses to be effectively integrated with business uses; (e) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous cantilevered awnings and/or light verandah structures with decorative non-load bearing posts over footpath areas with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside; (f) incorporates building openings and windows overlooking the street with vertical lines and rhythm; (g) ensures that signage is integrated with buildings; (h) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths; and (i) provides for on-site car parking at the rear or to one side of the development.
PO10	Development does not provide for the establishment of any additional large floor plate retail uses.	AO10	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO11	Development for a <i>food and drink outlet</i> does not:- (a) provide for the establishment of a <i>high volume convenience restaurant</i> ; or	AO11	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	(b) incorporate a <i>drive-through facility</i> .		
Development in the Low Density Residential Zone			
PO12	Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for comparatively large lot sizes that maintain the low density character and amenity of neighbourhoods.	AO12	Development in the Low density residential zone provides for conventional residential lots which are a minimum of 700m ² in area.
PO13	Development maintains the integrity of the large, established residential properties adjacent to the southern part of Gloucester Road that are characterised by buildings set back from street boundaries and surrounded by generous landscaped grounds.	AO13	Development in the Low density residential zone in Precinct BUD LPP-1 (Gloucester Road South) where identified on Local Plan Map LPM32 :- (a) does not provide for the creation of any additional lots; (b) provides for all buildings and structures to be set back at least 10 metres from Gloucester Road; and (c) blends development into the landscape so as to retain the integrity of the open <i>streetscape</i> in this part of Buderim.
Development in the Emerging Community Zone (Lot 46 C31729, Endota Street)			
PO14	Development in the Emerging community zone on Lot 46 C31729, situated at Endota Street, Buderim:- (a) provides for an integrated development outcome over the whole of the <i>site</i> ; (b) minimises the visual impact of development on the Buderim escarpment; (c) preserves native <i>vegetation</i> areas and escarpment areas as undeveloped land; (d) restores escarpment areas which have previously been subject to vegetation clearing; (e) includes native <i>vegetation</i> areas and escarpment areas in <i>public open space</i> or another appropriate form of protective tenure; (f) provides for low intensity development only at a maximum density of 4 <i>equivalent dwellings</i> per hectare; and (g) provides for development to be clustered or otherwise configured in a manner that minimises the need for <i>vegetation clearing</i> or landform modification and blends development into the landscape such that there is only minimal exposure of built form elements when the <i>site</i> is viewed from other local plan areas.	AO14	No acceptable outcome provided.

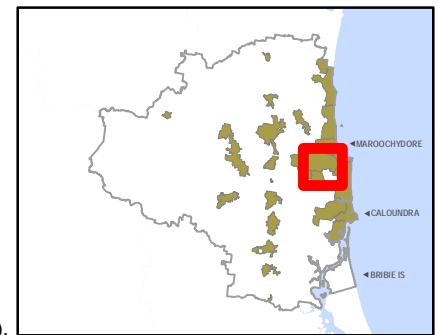


- LEGEND**
- Local Plan Area Boundary
 - Waterway^{Note 1}
 - Primary Active Street Frontage
 - Primary Streetscape Treatment Area
 - Local Ecological Linkage
 - Greenspace^{Note 1}
 - Character Vegetation
 - Gateway/Entry Point
 - Heritage Place^{Note 2}
 - Significant View
 - Community Use/Facility^{Note 1}
 - Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS)
 - Future Transit Hub

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Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).

Figure 7.2.5A (Buderim Local Plan Elements)

7.2.6 Caloundra local plan code

7.2.6.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) within the Caloundra local plan area as shown on Map ZM45 contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Caloundra local plan code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) The following provisions of the code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development:-
 - (a) **section 7.2.6.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)**;
 - (b) **Table 7.2.6.4.1 (Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development)**; and
 - (c) **Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) and Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset)**.

7.2.6.2 Context and setting

This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Caloundra local plan code.

The Caloundra local plan area is located in the south-eastern part of the Sunshine Coast and has a land area of approximately 1,251 hectares.

The local plan area includes Caloundra Centre and the beachside neighbourhoods of Caloundra, Kings Beach, Shelly Beach, Moffat Beach, Dicky Beach, Battery Hill and part of Currimundi.

The local plan area is characterised by its beachside setting and frontage to the Pumicestone Passage as well as the spectacular coastal and hinterland views, particularly to the Glass House Mountains, Moreton Bay shipping channel and to and from the local headlands, beaches, and other elevated parts of the local plan area.

The northern part of the local plan area is located on a dune and sand plain system. The rocky headlands of Moffat Beach and Caloundra Headland are the dominant landscape features in the central part of the local plan area. The western part of the local plan area is characterised by relatively flat terrain that rises up to the west, north and east.

Currimundi Lake, Bunbubah Creek, Coondibah Lagoon, Pumicestone Creek and Tooway Creek are the main waterways traversing the local plan area and are important environmental, recreation and local character elements.

Whilst the natural landscape of the local plan area has been substantially altered over time to accommodate urban development, pockets of remnant vegetation remain in the foreshore and creekside open space system including on the land which accommodates the Currimundi Conservation Centre and George Watson Park at Moffat Head. Ben Bennett Botanical Park is a noteworthy conservation reserve.

Caloundra Centre, located in the southern part of the local plan area, is a major regional activity centre and the dominant centre for the southern part of the Sunshine Coast. Caloundra Centre provides a comprehensive range of centre based activities and is a major employment destination. It incorporates the traditional main street of Bulcock Street and adjoining areas to the north as well as the area north and south of Bowman Road. Smaller convenience centres are located at Currimundi (on Buderim Street), Moffat Beach and Dicky Beach.

The Caloundra West Industrial Estate, located in the western part of the local plan area, is a major industrial estate accommodating a range of predominantly service and transport related industries. Caloundra Aerodrome and the Queensland Air Museum located immediately opposite the Caloundra West Industrial Estate, provides general aviation services and related business, industrial and tourism activities. The Moffat

Beach Business Park is a smaller industrial area located centrally within the local plan area that caters for low impact industrial and compatible business activities.

The local plan area accommodates a full range of residential settings from traditional low density neighbourhoods comprised predominantly of dwelling houses to high density residential and tourist accommodation areas comprised of multi storey apartment buildings. Kings Beach and Bulcock Beach offer the most intensive residential accommodation and are a major focus for visitor accommodation. At Shelly Beach, Moffat Beach and Dicky Beach pockets of beachside character housing remain. The traditional beachside housing areas of Shelly Beach, Moffat Beach and Dicky Beach are characterised by larger lots, despite the fact that some smaller lots exist within the areas as a result of historical subdivision decisions that are not now supported by this planning scheme. This local plan code determines the character of the area based on the vision set out for its future rather than previous planning decisions.

The local plan area also accommodates a large range of civic, community, sport and recreation activities including the Caloundra Courthouse, Caloundra Hospital, Caloundra Private Hospital, emergency services, the Events Centre, Caloundra office of the Sunshine Coast Council, Sunshine Coast Institute of TAFE, nine public and private schools, Caloundra Library, Caloundra Regional Gallery, Caloundra Community Centre, Central Park, Roy Henzell Park, Russell Barker Memorial Park, Grahame Stewart Park, Reserve 1000, Bicentennial Park, Bill Vernados Park, Felicity Park, the coastal foreshore parkland, Caloundra Golf Club, Currimundi Recreation Camp and the Caloundra Cemetery. In the Caloundra Centre, consideration is being given to a new Town Square development, which in conjunction with the Caloundra Administration Building, could include new civic space, community facilities such as a redeveloped/relocated Caloundra Library and Caloundra Regional Gallery and associated car parking facilities.

Vehicle access is predominantly via Caloundra Road from the west and the Nicklin Way from the north. A new intersection and access road is proposed from Nicklin Way via Third Avenue and Oval Avenue and a new northern access road is proposed from Nicklin Way via Queen Street and Ulm Street into the Caloundra Centre. Other major roads in the local plan area include Buderim Street, Beerburum Street, Buccleugh Street, Tooway Parade, George Street, Regent Street and Bowman Road.

The Caloundra Bus interchange in Cooma Terrace currently caters for local and long distance bus services and links to the North Coast Rail Line. The proposed Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS) runs along the eastern side of the Caloundra Aerodrome with a proposed transit station planned for the area south of Caloundra Road. Council is currently investigating a potential route for light rail from Maroochydore to Caloundra and opportunities for associated transit oriented development. A new centrally located transit station and mixed use development is proposed in Omrah Avenue in conjunction with the Maroochydore to Caloundra Priority Transit Corridor. Further consideration is also being given to a Priority Transit Corridor from Caloundra to Beerwah. A network of pedestrian and cycle pathways are located along the coastal foreshore and key streets, facilitating connections between key attractors in the local plan area.

Urban zoned land within the local plan area is connected, or has the ability to be connected, to reticulated water and sewerage.

7.2.6.3 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Caloundra local plan code is to provide locally relevant planning provisions for the assessment of development within the Caloundra local plan area.
- (2) The purpose of the Caloundra local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) The Caloundra local plan area is a mature and complex coastal urban area incorporating a diverse range of uses and activities that support the consolidation and development of Caloundra Centre and the adjoining Kings Beach and Bulcock Beach tourism focus areas, whilst maintaining the predominantly low density character of the traditional beachside suburbs and neighbourhoods of Moffat Beach, Dicky Beach, Currimundi, Shelly Beach and Battery Hill.
 - (b) Urban development within the Caloundra local plan area is limited to land within the urban growth management boundary so as to protect the integrity of foreshore and creekside environmental reserves.
 - (c) Development recognises and reinforces the beachside location and setting of the local plan area by providing for high quality, contemporary sub-tropical building, landscape and streetscape design that:
 - (i) promotes a casual, outdoor lifestyle;

- (ii) incorporates the colours, textures and landscape features of the natural coastal environment into the built form, landscaping and streetscapes;
 - (iii) creates light filled interior and exterior spaces that capitalise on sea breezes and significant viewlines;
 - (iv) reinforces connection with the natural environment through the provision of substantial landscaping and the incorporation and integration of greenery in building design; and
 - (v) optimises enjoyment of the coastal sub-tropical environment through utilisation of cross ventilation and design for shade and weather protection.
- (d) Taller buildings are designed and sited to achieve high levels of articulation in their composition and generous separation between towers, to avoid the creation of 'walls of development', maintain solar access, breezes and significant views.
 - (e) Development within the local plan area protects and retains buildings identified as having cultural heritage or *streetscape* significance and the *character area* at Moffat Beach as important elements of local character and identity.
 - (f) The significant environmental values of Ben Bennett Botanical Park, Currimundi Recreation Reserve and other local environmental parks and reserves are protected and enhanced.
 - (g) Significant views to important landscape features including beaches and *waterways*, headlands, the Glass House Mountains, Pumicestone Passage, Moreton Bay and Pacific Ocean are respected. Views to and from the heritage protected Caloundra lighthouses, located on the corner of Canberra Terrace and Arthur Street, are respected.
 - (h) Development does not compromise the provision and operation of the Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS) and the associated Caloundra Transit Station, the Maroochydore to Caloundra Priority Transit Corridor (Light Rail) and proposed Omrah Avenue transit station, the CoastConnect Priority Public Transport and Bicycle Corridor, the two proposed new northern access roads into the Caloundra Centre or proposed new intersections and intersection upgrades.
 - (i) Development facilitates safe, convenient, attractive and shaded pedestrian and cycle connections to and between key destinations within the local plan area. The coastal foreshore area and coastal path provides an important continuous pedestrian, cycle and open space link from Currimundi Creek to the Pumicestone Passage. A 'bush to beach' pedestrian and cycle circuit is provided from Moffat Beach, along Tooway Creek, Tooway Parade and William Street through Central Park and into the Caloundra Centre via Gosling Street and Bicentennial Park, linking to the coastal path at Bulcock Beach.
 - (j) Development and streetscape upgrades incorporate water sensitive urban design principles to improve stormwater quality discharges to local waterways and the Pumicestone Passage.

Additional overall outcomes for development in Precinct CAL LPP-1 (Caloundra Central)

- (k) Caloundra continues to be developed as a major regional activity centre and the dominant centre for the southern part of the Sunshine Coast, providing a full range of town centre activities to meet the needs of the Caloundra community, communities in the southern part of the Sunshine Coast and visitors to the area, in accordance with the intent of the relevant sub-precinct and zones. Building on current business and tourism activities, new residential development, visitor accommodation, tourism, community, recreational and educational activities provide opportunities to strengthen and revitalise the Centre.
- (l) Opportunities for transit oriented development are provided within the Centre and in designated areas adjacent to the Maroochydore to Caloundra Priority Transit Corridor (Light Rail), CoastConnect Priority Public Transport Corridor and Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS) in accordance with allocated zonings.
- (m) Development in Precinct CAL LPP-1 (Caloundra Central) in the Major centre zone and Tourist accommodation zone recognises the character of these areas as vibrant, mixed use places with a lively day time and night time economy. Residents and visitors in these zones should expect a reasonable level of ambient noise associated with the benefits of living or staying in a centre or core tourist area.

Additional overall outcomes for development in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1a (Destination Centre)

- (n) Development in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1a (Destination Centre) provides for the Major centre zone south of Omrah Avenue and Ormuz Avenue focussed on Bulcock Street, to be retained as the traditional retail and entertainment area, accommodating a range of business uses and community uses with an emphasis on *mixed use development* with *active uses* at street level, together with multi-unit residential uses and/or commercial business uses located above street level. The Major centre zone in the area north of Ormuz Avenue and west of Minchinton Street supports the Bulcock Street retail and entertainment area by providing a range of smaller scale complementary business uses, community uses and multi-unit residential uses.
- (o) Development ensures the traditional main street role and character of Bulcock Street is maintained, complemented by a network of attractive and activated laneways. New or extended large floor plate uses and car parking areas are sleeved and located behind smaller scale, fine grain shopfronts that address the street and reinforce Bulcock Street's established townscape character.
- (p) Otranto Avenue, Tay Avenue, Minchinton Street and Knox Avenue connect Bulcock Street to the water, with development fronting these streets providing generous *setbacks* and built form, streetscape and landscape treatments which facilitate strong visual and pedestrian linkages to Pumicestone Passage, Bulcock Beach and Bulcock Esplanade. Development on land with frontage to Otranto Avenue contributes to the creation of a 'street park' linking the proposed new town square, Bulcock Street and Bulcock Beach and creating a focus area for entertainment/catering business uses, events and activities. *Active uses* including shops and/or restaurants/cafes with outdoor dining are located at street level and view lines to the water are maintained, enhanced and framed by built form and landscaping.
- (q) Public access through block pedestrian links are provided in key locations to allow convenient pedestrian access and enhanced permeability, with development addressing and activating pedestrian links wherever practicable. Strong linkages are also provided to the adjacent community uses, parkland, proposed town square and transit centre in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1b (Community and Creative Hub).
- (r) Key site 1 (Top of Town) is developed as an exemplar mixed use development which anchors the eastern gateway into Bulcock Street and showcases the sites spectacular views and prominent location through outstanding design and public realm outcomes. Development seeking additional height allowance provides for a high standard hotel and amalgamation of sites.
- (s) Key site 2 (Western Sites) provides an attractive and inviting gateway into Bulcock Street through mixed use development and public realm outcomes, and design which addresses and activates street frontages. Development seeking additional height allowance provides for exemplar design and amalgamation of sites and, where seeking the maximum additional height allowance, a high standard hotel or vertical *retirement facility*.
- (t) Key site 3 (Bulcock/Maloja) contributes to an attractive and inviting gateway into Bulcock Street through high quality mixed use development and public realm outcomes, and design which addresses and activates street frontages, and the coastal path. Buildings are sensitively designed to preserve significant view corridors. Development seeking additional height allowance provides for exemplar design, a high standard hotel or vertical *retirement facility* and amalgamation of sites.
- (u) Key site 4 (Cooma Terrace Bus Station) is developed as an exemplar mixed use development with street level and laneway activation.

Additional overall outcomes for development in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1b (Community and Creative Hub)

- (v) Development in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1b (Community and Creative Hub) contributes to the creation of a vibrant heart for Caloundra Centre, accommodating community, cultural, civic, educational and transit centre activities built around an activated town square and public spaces with lush landscaping. Mixed use residential development that supports the proposed Omrah Avenue transit centre, as well as creative and design industries and entertainment uses, are encouraged to establish in this sub-precinct. A new library/resource centre, art gallery, museum and other community facilities, and public car parking facilities, are provided

in conjunction with redevelopment/refurbishment of public land and facilities in the sub-precinct, with strong connections to the new town square.

- (w) Key site 5 (Town Square Redevelopment) incorporates a large public multi use open space providing a central focus for community activities and events, as well as shaded parkland for passive recreation. The town square is framed by a signature mixed use development, with *active uses* at street level providing integration with the adjoining public spaces and Carter Lane.
- (x) Key site 6 (Kronks Motel) is redeveloped as a signature mixed use development with a focus on mixed use business and residential accommodation that incorporates high quality buildings, active street frontages to Ormuz Avenue/Minchinton Street and streetscaping as well as an attractive and safe pedestrian linkage through the site. Vertical retirement living and/or visitor accommodation is encouraged on this site.
- (y) Development on private land included in the Community facilities zone on the northern side of Omrah Avenue is limited to *dwelling houses* on existing lots in order to ensure the land is preserved for future parkland and complementary community and transit facilities to support civic and cultural functions in the Caloundra Centre, and the Maroochydore to Caloundra Priority Transit Corridor (Light Rail).

Additional overall outcomes for development in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1c (Gateway)

- (z) Development in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1c (Gateway) accommodates a range of predominantly business uses, community uses and multi-unit residential uses, which support Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1a (Destination centre) including larger format business and community uses that cannot practically be accommodated in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1a (Destination centre).
- (aa) Development in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1c (Gateway) on land with *frontage* to Caloundra Road and Bowman Road between Nicklin Way and Bulcock Street and at the intersection of Bowman Road and Bulcock Street, achieves a high standard of urban design that provides built form, streetscape and landscape treatments which create an attractive boulevard and enhance the western gateway to Bulcock Street.
- (bb) Development on sites adjoining Nicklin Way provides high quality buildings, landscaping and integrated signage that improves the visual appearance of Nicklin Way as a major gateway to Caloundra Centre.
- (cc) The government and medical hub established in the vicinity of West Terrace and Bowman Road, and comprising the Caloundra Hospital, Caloundra Courthouse, Caloundra Police Station and other *emergency services*, is consolidated. The government and medical hub further reinforces this part of Caloundra as a focus for the provision of key community facilities.
- (dd) Key site 7 (Stockland Shopping Centre) is consolidated and further developed in accordance with an approved plan of development to create a more integrated and less internalised retail and entertainment based development which addresses public streets, is permeable and supports pedestrian connectivity to other parts of the Caloundra Centre.

Additional overall outcomes for development in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1d (Central Park Urban Village)

- (ee) Development in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1d (Central Park Urban Village) provides a focus for housing renewal and consolidation focussed around Central Park and nearby sporting and community facilities and within close proximity to the Caloundra Centre and the Maroochydore to Caloundra Priority Transit Corridor (Light Rail) and proposed transit station.
- (ff) The Major centre zone north of Mayes Avenue provides for medium density residential uses, small scale business uses, and mixed use development outcomes that support and complement the role of Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1a (Destination Centre) as the primary focus for centre activities. Medium density residential development and mixed use development incorporating allied health care services, accommodation and sport and recreation related activities that support and capitalise on the location close to the Central Park sporting facilities and Caloundra Hospital are encouraged in this part of the Major centre zone. Business uses are focussed predominantly on Oval Avenue.

- (gg) In the Medium density residential zone, small scale allied health focused home based businesses that seek to capitalise on, and reinforce, Central Park and associated facilities as a significant destination for sport and recreation related activities are encouraged.
- (hh) Development on properties in the Medium density residential zone fronting the western side of Bowman Road between Gosling Street and Cowan Street may provide for residential development, or mixed use development with small scale offices or health care services located at street level, with residential above or behind non-residential uses. Mixed use development is designed and configured in a manner that minimises adverse amenity impacts on adjoining residential properties.
- (ii) Development in the Medium density residential zone on sites with a height limit of 15 metres or 18 metres, provides for well designed medium rise and medium density housing types including apartments, townhouses, vertical retirement living, and student accommodation.
- (jj) Development is designed and configured in a manner which assists in the activation and connectivity of open space and recreational areas, particularly Central Park and Bicentennial Park and key pedestrian connections. Development provides frontage treatments and streetscapes which promote pedestrian activity and interaction with the street and adjoining parkland and a high level of amenity and connectivity with, and links to, other sub-precincts within Precinct CAL LPP-1 (Caloundra Central).

Additional overall outcomes for development in the remainder of the Caloundra local plan area

- (kk) The existing local centres at Currimundi (Local centre zone), Moffat Beach (Local centre zone) and Dicky Beach (Tourist accommodation zone) are retained as local (not full service) activity centres providing for the basic convenience needs of residents of, and visitors to, the local area.
- (ll) Development within the Local centre zone at Moffat Beach provides active street *frontages*, streetscape improvements and other urban elements that create vibrant streets and reflect the prevailing beachside character of the area.
- (mm) Development in the Tourist accommodation zone at Kings Beach, Dicky Beach, Currimundi and Oaks Oasis Resort reinforces the role of Caloundra as a major coastal tourism destination and visitor accommodation area.
- (nn) Development in the Tourist accommodation zone recognises the character of these areas as vibrant, mixed use places with a lively day time and night time economy. Residents and visitors should expect a reasonable level of ambient noise associated with the benefits of living or staying in a core tourist area.
- (oo) Key Site 8 (Kings Beach Tavern), Key Site 9 (Kings Beach Shops) and Key Site 10 (Oaks Oasis Resort), are developed as signature mixed used developments which:-
 - (i) incorporate high density, predominantly visitor accommodation in comfortable and attractive living environments together with tourism, convenience, leisure and recreation related uses;
 - (ii) are integrated with and contribute to the vibrancy of adjoining foreshore or parkland areas;
 - (iii) create active street *frontages* that encourage pedestrian movement and interaction between private development and adjacent public spaces; and
 - (iv) display an outstanding level of architectural and landscape design befitting their location and level of importance within the local plan area.
- (pp) Residential areas are characterised by high quality residential buildings that reflect a beachside setting. Development has a form, scale and level of intensity that minimises its physical and visual impact. In Kings Beach in particular, development responds to its waterfront, intermediate or ridgeline location through variations in *building height* and sensitive residential tower design.
- (qq) Development in the Low density residential zone and Medium density residential zone occurs in an integrated manner and creates walkable neighbourhoods with good pedestrian and cycle connectivity to activity centres, community facilities, recreation areas and other key destinations.

- (rr) Development in Precinct CAL LPP-2 (Moffat Beach/Shelly Beach/Dicky Beach) is compatible with, and sympathetic to, the preferred character of the area, which is characterised by larger lots. To maintain the low density character and amenity of this area, any residential lot is to be a minimum of 700m² in area.
- (ss) Development in the Medium density residential zone provides for a mix of residential housing types with *dwelling*s that are generally of a domestic scale or are provided in small groups so as to reduce the perceived scale and mass of development.
- (tt) Development in the Specialised centre zone provides for the progressive refurbishment of sites adjoining Caloundra Road with high quality buildings, landscaping and integrated signage that improves the visual appearance of Caloundra Road as a landscaped boulevard and major gateway to Caloundra Centre.
- (uu) Development in the Medium impact industry zone provides for the continued development and refurbishment of the Caloundra West Industrial Estate as an area accommodating a broad range of industry uses, while avoiding significant conflicts with nearby residential areas.
- (vv) Development in the Low impact Industry zone provides for the refurbishment and further development of the Moffat Beach Business Park, incorporating a range of *low impact industry* uses and complementary business uses in an attractive mixed use environment. The amenity of surrounding residential areas is maintained.
- (ww) Development within Precinct CAL LPP-3 (Caloundra Aerodrome) provides for the establishment of a range of uses and activities that are compatible with the primary function of the aerodrome including aviation related business, tourism and industrial uses. The scale of development and operations recognises the location of the aerodrome within the urban fabric and the need to take into consideration impacts on nearby existing or proposed residential areas. Development at the Caloundra Aerodrome does not compromise the Sunshine Coast Activity Centre Network.

7.2.6.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 7.2.6.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development within Precinct CAL LPP-1 (Caloundra Central)

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Land Uses and Locations Generally</i>			
PO1	Development supports the role and function of the Caloundra Centre as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) a vibrant, mixed use transit oriented major regional activity centre, supporting a wide range of business, community and residential activities; and (b) the dominant major regional activity centre for the southern Sunshine Coast, subservient only to the Maroochydhore Principal Regional Activity Centre. 	AO1	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO2	Development supports an urban structure configured in a manner generally in accordance with Figure 7.2.6C (Caloundra Centre Urban Structure) and comprising the following sub-precincts identified on Local Plan Map LPM45 and further described below:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Sub-precinct LPSP CAL-1a (Destination Centre); (b) Sub-precinct LPSP CAL-1b (Community and Creative Hub); (c) Sub-precinct LPSP CAL-1c (Gateway); and (d) Sub-precinct LPSP CAL-1d 	AO2	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
(Central Park Urban Village).			
Built Form Generally			
PO3	<p>Development respects and emphasises the following important sightlines and views identified conceptually on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) and Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset):-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) views from Canberra Terrace, Arthur Street, Queen Street and Regent Street to the Glass House Mountains; (b) views along Otranto Avenue, Minchinton Street, Knox Avenue and Tay Avenue to the Pumicestone Passage; and (c) views to the Glass House Mountains, Pumicestone Passage, Bribie Island and the Pacific Ocean from Bulcock Esplanade and the coastal path. 	AO3	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO4	<p>Development for a residential, business or community activity provides for contemporary subtropical coastal building design which incorporates the following features:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) a mix of lightweight and textured external building materials, including timber finishes or masonry construction with variation provided in texture and detailing; (b) articulated, pitched, skillion or curved roof forms; (c) open or transparent balustrades; (d) orientation of living spaces to maximise natural ventilation, winter sun and summer shade; (e) utilisation of shade devices that minimise hot summer sunlight falling on openings and external living areas whilst admitting warm winter sunlight; (f) natural ventilation in lift lobbies, arrival areas and communal areas; (g) landscaping and signage integrated into the building design; (h) understated coastal colour schemes; and (i) low reflective glazing, roofing and cladding. <p>Editor's Note—The National Construction Code contains requirements in relation to energy efficiency, shading and natural ventilation. Development must meet the relevant requirements of the National Construction Code.</p>	AO4	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.7 (Sustainable design code) sets out requirements for sustainable design including design for climate.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.6D (Example of use of sun shading devices in building design) illustrates the use of vertical sun shading providing side boundary privacy and western screening.</p>
PO5	<p>Development for a residential, business or community activity provides for buildings that have clearly defined levels incorporating:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) a base (lower two storeys) where 	AO5	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.6E (Example detailing for base of mixed use buildings) illustrates the use of stone, timber and integrated coastal landscaping to 'human interaction' areas.</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>materials, textures, planting and architectural elements evoke the natural beachside setting, including use of timber, stone and coastal subtropical planting;</p> <p>(b) for buildings with more than two storeys, a “middle” which clearly articulates functional difference, has clearly articulated outdoor living spaces and building elements which create architectural interest, variation and a layered architecture of light and shade; and</p> <p>(c) a “top” incorporating roofscapes that are designed to contribute to the creation of an undulating and varied urban skyline, and are designed to be activated where practicable, particularly on buildings on Key Sites.</p>		<p>Note—Figure 7.2.6F (Example detailing for middle of buildings) illustrates building articulation and the use of screens, blades and <i>bris soleils</i> that are designed to modulate strong sunlight and create a layered architecture of light and shade.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.6G (Example detailing for building rooftops) illustrates articulated roof form and activation of rooftop areas.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.3 (Business uses and centre design code) sets out additional requirements in relation to building features and articulation.</p>
PO6	<p>Buildings with podiums utilise podium levels as landscaped public, communal or private outdoor living and recreation spaces, which are designed to create comfortable microclimatic conditions having regard to:-</p> <p>(a) shade;</p> <p>(b) breezes;</p> <p>(c) orientation; and</p> <p>(d) landscape treatment.</p>	AO6	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.6H (Example podium design) illustrates the design of podium areas for outdoor living and recreation.</p>
PO7	<p>Buildings are designed to avoid the appearance of undifferentiated ‘boxes’ or ‘walls’ of development; and reduce apparent bulk and scale by:</p> <p>(a) provision of slender building profiles for taller buildings; and</p> <p>(b) variation in volumetric massing and composition.</p>	AO7	<p><i>In partial fulfilment of performance outcome PO7:-</i></p> <p>Development on sites larger than 3,000m², with a building height of 25 metres or greater, provides for a design which accommodates a minimum of two towers.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.6I (Example of articulated building design) illustrates variation in volumetric massing to reduce building bulk and scale.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.3 (Business use and centre design code) sets out additional requirements in relation to building massing and composition.</p>
PO8	<p>Development provides for generous separation between towers which:-</p> <p>(a) avoids or minimises the need for fixed screening to achieve visual privacy;</p> <p>(b) maintains solar access; and</p> <p>(c) maintains access to cooling breezes.</p>	AO8	<p>That part of a building above two storeys is separated from other buildings (whether or not on the same <i>site</i>) by at least 12 metres.</p>
PO9	<p>Development for a residential use or mixed use ensures dwellings incorporate useable and comfortable outdoor private living spaces which:-</p> <p>(a) are connected directly with indoor living spaces;</p> <p>(b) are large enough to accommodate a dining table or lounge setting; and</p>	AO9	<p><i>In partial fulfilment of performance outcome PO9:-</i></p> <p>Outdoor living areas including verandahs, balconies, terraces and the like, have minimum internal dimensions of 3m x 4m.</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	(c) are designed to ensure privacy and weather protection whilst also maintaining a visual and physical connection with the street.		
PO10	<p>Development in Sub-precincts CAL LPSP-1a (Destination Centre), and CAL LPSP-1b (Community and Creative Hub):-</p> <p>(a) provides for car parking:-</p> <p>(i) below ground in a basement structure(s); or</p> <p>(ii) which is sleeved behind buildings or behind other uses in the same building;</p> <p>(b) minimises vehicular access across active street frontages; and</p> <p>(c) provides for loading docks and service areas to be located and screened so as to be visually unobtrusive.</p>	AO10	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.6J (Sleeving of parking areas) illustrates how parking areas may be sleeved behind retail or commercial uses, or residential uses.</p>
Setbacks and Site Cover			
PO11	<p>Development in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1a (Destination Centre) and Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1b (Community and Creative Hub) in the Major centre zone and Tourist accommodation zone, ensures that:-</p> <p>(a) development south of Omrah Avenue and Ormuz Avenue creates an active urban streetscape through buildings which:</p> <p>(i) address and have a close relationship to the street;</p> <p>(ii) complement the existing scale of buildings in Bulcock Street through the creation of tower and podium forms which:</p> <p>(A) deliver a close relationship with Bulcock Street at street level, without dominating the streetscape or creating a tunnelling effect;</p> <p>(B) are well set back from Bulcock Street above the podium; and</p> <p>(C) preserve solar access to Bulcock Street, and significant views;</p> <p>(iii) protect and frame views to the waterfront on Otranto Avenue, Minchinton Street and Knox Avenue;</p> <p>(b) development north of Ormuz Avenue and east of Minchinton Street responds to the primarily residential nature of this area through buildings which:-</p> <p>(i) have generous front setbacks;</p> <p>(ii) address the street; and</p>	AO11	<p>Development complies with the <i>setbacks</i> and <i>site cover</i> specified in Table 7.2.6.4.3 Site cover and setbacks for development in Precinct CAL LPP-1 (Caloundra Central).</p> <p>OR</p> <p>For development on <i>council</i> owned or controlled land, <i>setbacks</i> and <i>site cover</i> are determined via detailed site planning.</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (iii) facilitate subtropical planting zones along street frontages; (c) development above two storeys comprises well spaced buildings facilitating visual privacy and generous separation between buildings; and (d) sufficient space is created on sites to facilitate integration of subtropical planting, deep planting zones and outdoor living spaces. 		
PO12	<p>Development in other areas within Precinct CAL LPP-1 (Caloundra Central):-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) provides for buildings which address and have a close relationship with the street, in a manner consistent with the level of activity anticipated on the street; (b) provides for generous setbacks to Oval Avenue; (c) facilitates subtropical planting zones along street frontages; (d) ensures development above two storeys comprises well spaced buildings facilitating visual privacy and generous separation between buildings; and (e) ensures sufficient space is created on sites to facilitate integration of subtropical planting, deep planting zones and outdoor living spaces. 	AO12	<p>Development complies with the <i>setbacks</i> and <i>site cover</i> specified in Table 7.2.6.4.3 Site cover and setbacks for development in Precinct CAL LPP-1 (Caloundra Central).</p> <p>OR</p> <p>For development on <i>council</i> owned or controlled land, <i>setbacks</i> and <i>site cover</i> are determined via detailed site planning.</p>
Street Frontages			
PO13	<p>Development in the Major centre zone and Tourist accommodation zone facilitates vibrant and active streets and public spaces through providing for:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) <i>primary active street frontages</i> which provide a continuous active frontage at street level containing small-scale, active uses which foster casual, social and business interaction and encourage street oriented interactivity; and (b) <i>secondary active street frontages</i> which provide a significant proportion of active uses at street level. 	AO13	<p>Development provides <i>primary active street frontages</i> and <i>secondary active street frontages</i> where identified on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) and Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset).</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.3 (Business use and centre design code) sets out additional requirements addressing the relationship of buildings to streets and public spaces.</p>
PO14	<p>Development in the Major centre zone and Tourist accommodation zone provides for building facades along laneways which:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) provide opportunities for small scale or micro active uses for part of the laneway frontage; (b) incorporate artwork to contribute to the laneway experience, particularly at entry points; and (c) maintain the primary role of laneways for servicing. 	AO14	<p>Development provides laneway frontages, where identified on Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset).</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<p>PO15</p>	<p>Development in the High density residential zone and Medium density residential zone on streets identified as a street addressing frontage on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) or Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset) are designed to maximise casual surveillance and passive activation and promote a close relationship with the adjacent street or public space.</p>	<p>AO15</p>	<p>Development adjacent to a street addressing frontage, where identified on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) or Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset):-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) orients indoor and outdoor living spaces towards the street or other public space; (b) may provide for building design which projects balconies and building entries forward of the main building <i>setback</i> line towards the street in accordance with the <i>setbacks</i> specified in Table 7.2.6.4.3 Site cover and setbacks for development in Precinct CAL LPP-1 (Caloundra Central); (c) provides no, or low boundary fences; and (d) provides front landscaping that is designed and configured in a manner that does not substantially block views to and from the street. <p>Note—for the purpose of item (d) above, street and shade trees which form a canopy at maturity are consistent with the outcome.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.6K (Example of development addressing a street addressing frontage) provides an example of development design to a street addressing frontage.</p>
Landscape and Streetscape Character			
<p>PO16</p>	<p>Development provides for streetscape improvements which:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) reflect the colours and textures of the local coastal environment; (b) complement existing or proposed streetscape works in Caloundra Centre to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design; (c) provide attractive streets which enhance amenity and pedestrian accessibility; and (d) contribute to an enhanced entry experience into Caloundra Centre along major roads and public transport routes. 	<p>AO16.1</p> <p>AO16.2</p> <p>AO16.3</p>	<p>Development adjacent to a <i>primary streetscape treatment area</i> on Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset) provides for streetscape improvements, public art and landscaping consistent with the plant species, composition, materials and palettes in the upgraded Bulcock Street streetscape.</p> <p>Development adjacent to a <i>boulevard treatment area</i> on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) or Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset) provides for streetscape improvements which enhance the sense of arrival and entry to Caloundra Centre via continuous landscaped boulevards.</p> <p>Development adjacent to a <i>high amenity streetscape area</i> on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) or Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset) provides for streetscape improvements which enhance the pedestrian experience including abundant shade trees, wide footpaths and verge landscaping.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes.</p> <p>Note—the Bulcock Street Master Plan provides</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in Bulcock Street.
PO17	<p>Development provides landscapes, including deep planted landscapes, that:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) contribute to a memorable centre characterised by a relaxed, leafy sub-tropical coastal character; (b) are configured in a manner that contributes to the amenity of the street and surrounding development; (c) are integrated into the building design and assist to visually “breaking up” built form; (d) assist in creating a seamless transition connecting the building to the streetscape and/or any adjoining open space; (e) assist in maintaining comfortable microclimatic conditions; (f) are an appropriate scale having regard to the scale of building/s; and (g) are provided in viable configurations having regard to the requirements of the particular species proposed. 	AO17	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.6L (Landscape integrated into the building design) provides an example of how landscapes may be incorporated into development on active street frontages.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for landscapes.</p>
PO18	<p>Development adjacent to a gateway/entry point where identified on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) or Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset) incorporates:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) architectural and landscape treatments which:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) enhance the sense of arrival to Caloundra Centre; (ii) reflect and reinforce the coastal urban character of Caloundra Centre; (iii) emphasise corner locations; and (iv) create a distinctive gateway environment; (b) building materials such as varied roof forms, changes in materials and variations in projected and recessed elements and facades; and (c) substantial landscape treatments incorporating distinctive feature trees, public art and sophisticated landscape composition. 	AO18	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO19	<p>Development adjacent to the intersection of Caloundra Road, Bowman Road and Bulcock Street contributes to the creation of a memorable town centre gateway/entry to Bulcock Street that:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) identifies, respects and reinforces the gateway location through exemplar built form, landscape and streetscape design, particularly on corner 	AO19	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.6M (Western Gateway to Bulcock Street) provides illustrations of design outcomes for the Western Gateway to Bulcock Street.</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>locations;</p> <p>(b) contributes activity and amenity to the gateway;</p> <p>(c) creates an attractive, safe and inviting streetscape and pedestrian link between Stockland Shopping Centre and Bulcock Street; and</p> <p>(d) incorporates landscaped build outs including shade trees, feature landscaping, attractive ground covers and entry signage.</p>		
PO20	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing character trees and areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the setting, character and sense of place of Caloundra Centre.	AO20	<p>Development provides for the retention of character <i>vegetation</i> where identified on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) and Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset).</p> <p>Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.</p>
Connectivity and Movement			
PO21	<p>Development improves local connectivity by providing pedestrian and cycle connections to and between key destinations, including linkages:-</p> <p>(a) between the different sub-precincts within Precinct CAL LPP-1 (Caloundra Central);</p> <p>(b) between Stockland Shopping Centre and Bulcock Street;</p> <p>(c) between Bulcock Street and Bulcock Esplanade, in particular via Otranto Avenue, Minchinton Street, Knox Avenue and Tay Avenue; and</p> <p>(d) along the northern side of Maloja Avenue to complete the coastal path.</p>	AO21	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO22	<p>Development facilitates the provision of regional and local recreational pathways including continuous attractive pedestrian and cycle links:</p> <p>(a) along Bulcock Esplanade, Maloja Avenue and along the waterfront of the Caloundra Waterfront Holiday Park towards Golden Beach; and</p> <p>(b) from Tooway Creek through Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1d (Central Park Urban Village), Gosling Street and Bicentennial Park to Bulcock Street and Bulcock Esplanade via Otranto Avenue.</p>	AO22	Development integrates with and extends the coastal path and bush to beach path where identified on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) or Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset) .
PO23	<p>Development provides public access through block pedestrian linkages which:-</p> <p>(a) are located to reflect the desire lines of pedestrian movement between major points of attraction and public spaces;</p>	AO23.1	Development for a large floor plate use in the Major centre zone or Tourist accommodation zone, or on land otherwise identified as accommodating a through block pedestrian link on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) or Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset) .

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (b) provides a safe alternative to the street based pedestrian and cycle movement network; (c) are activated wherever possible; and (d) provide a comfortable pedestrian environment in terms of access, width, shelter, materials and function. 	<p>AO23.2</p> <p>AO23.3</p>	<p>elements - Inset), provides visible, safe, comfortable and attractive through block pedestrian linkages.</p> <p>Development ensures pedestrian through block linkages provide for 24/7 public access.</p> <p>Development provides for the activation of pedestrian linkages wherever possible, in accordance with the relevant zone provisions.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.6N (Example of development addressing a pedestrian linkage) provides an example of development design to address a mid-block pedestrian linkage.</p>
PO24	<p>Development protects and where relevant provides for, the following transport corridors and infrastructure identified on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) and Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset):-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS) and its associated future transit hub; (b) the Maroochydore to Caloundra Priority Transit Corridor (Light Rail) and its associated future transit stations; (c) the CoastConnect Priority Public Transport and Bicycle Corridor; and (d) the proposed new northern access roads into the Caloundra Centre via:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Third Avenue, Oval Avenue and Gosling Street; and (ii) Queen Street, Ulm Street and Minchinton Street; and (e) proposed new intersections and intersection upgrades. 	AO24	No acceptable outcome provided.
Additional Performance Outcomes and Acceptable Outcomes for Development in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1a (Destination Centre)			
PO25	Development is sympathetic to, and enhances the role and character of, Bulcock Street as the traditional 'main street' for the Caloundra Centre.	AO25	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO26	<p>Development in the Major centre zone south of Omrah Avenue and Ormuz Avenue, and in the Tourist accommodation zone:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) provides for predominantly small scale retail, catering and (in the case of the Major centre zone) commercial business uses, to be located adjacent to streets, with any large floor plate use to be sleeved behind small shopfronts or other fine grain uses at street level; and (b) provides for any residential use to be located above the street level and set back from the main 	AO26	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	building podium.		
PO27	Development in the Major centre zone north of Ormuz Avenue and east of Minchinton Street provides for a range of smaller scale retail business uses, commercial business uses, entertainment/catering business uses and residential uses that support the Major centre zone surrounding Bulcock Street as the primary focus for centre activities.	AO27	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development on Key Site 1 (Top of Town)			
PO28	<p>Development on Key Site 1 (Top of Town) identified on Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset) provides for the site to be redeveloped as a high quality mixed use integrated development that:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) creates a destination for locals and visitors; (b) marks the eastern gateway to Bulcock Street with exemplar architecture, streetscape and landscape design which:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) is highly articulated; (ii) epitomises coastal sub-tropical and sustainable design; and (iii) recognises the landmark nature of the site; (c) provides activation to Bulcock Street and Knox Avenue; (d) provides for a maximum of one larger eastern tower addressing the corner of Canberra Terrace and Bulcock Street and one smaller western tower above the podium level, which are slender and separated from each other to maintain ventilation, solar access and views; and (e) incorporates a generous semi-public landscaped podium garden with views over the ocean, the street and the Glass House Mountains, providing opportunities for dining and entertainment. <p>Note—for the purposes of this performance outcome, exemplar architecture will be demonstrated through a sub-tropical design response to create a landmark building, which results in a development with a form and function that epitomises the Sunshine Coast lifestyle and effectively links the development to public spaces through an integrated landscape and built-form response.</p> <p>Editor's note—an architectural and urban design peer review will be required to demonstrate the proposal meets the intent of the relevant planning scheme provisions and that best practice sub-tropical design principles have been appropriately considered and incorporated in the proposed design.</p>	AO28	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.6O (Key Site 1 (Top of Town)) provides illustrations of design outcomes for Key Site 1 (Top of Town).</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<p>PO29</p>	<p>Development on Key Site 1 (Top of Town) identified in specific site note 1 on Height of Buildings and Structures Overlay Map OVM25H may provide for a maximum building height of 40 metres for the larger eastern tower, where:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) incorporating a minimum four star standard accommodation hotel component; and (b) lots within the key site are amalgamated to form a single integrated development site which is a minimum of 3,500m² in area. <p>Note—the minimum four star standard accommodation hotel is to comprise a material component (e.g. 50% of the apartments/suites) of the overall development.</p> <p>Editor's note—Council will undertake a review of the additional building height provisions within 4 years of the planning scheme amendment taking affect and it is Council's intent to remove the provisions if development has not substantially commenced i.e. survey and engineering work is complete and construction of buildings has commenced on site.</p>	<p>AO29</p>	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p>
Development on Key Site 2 (Western Sites)			
<p>PO30</p>	<p>Development on Key Site 2 (Western Sites) identified on Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset) provides for the site to be redeveloped as a high quality mixed use integrated development that:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) comprises predominantly residential/accommodation development with retail and entertainment business activities at ground level fronting Bulcock Street; (b) incorporates a maximum of two towers within the key site boundaries; (c) marks the western gateway to Bulcock Street with exemplar architecture, streetscape and landscape design which:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) is highly articulated; (ii) epitomises coastal sub-tropical and sustainable design; and (iii) demonstrably responds to the location and primary views of the site as a gateway to Bulcock Street; (d) provides primary activation to Bulcock Street; (e) ensures passive activation of Omrah Avenue through building and landscape design that promotes casual surveillance of the street; and (f) provides a safe and welcoming 	<p>AO30</p>	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.6P (Key Site 2 (Western Sites)) provides illustrations of design outcomes for Key Site 2 (Western Sites).</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>mid block pedestrian linkage from Omrah Avenue to Bulcock Street as indicated on Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset), co-located with the building entry and other communal facilities and with a minimum width of 5 metres.</p> <p>Note—for the purposes of this performance outcome, exemplar architecture will be demonstrated through a sub-tropical design response to create a landmark building, which results in a development with a form and function that epitomises the Sunshine Coast lifestyle and effectively links the development to public spaces through an integrated landscape and built-form response.</p> <p>Editor's note—an architectural and urban design peer review will be required to demonstrate the proposal meets the intent of the relevant planning scheme provisions and that best practice sub-tropical design principles have been appropriately considered and incorporated in the proposed design.</p>		
PO31	<p>Development on Key Site 2 (Western Sites) identified in specific site note 2 on Height of Buildings and Structures Overlay Map OVM25H may provide for a maximum building height of:-</p> <p>(a) 30 metres where lots within the key site are amalgamated to form a single integrated development site which is a minimum of 2,500m² in area; or</p> <p>(b) 45 metres where:-</p> <p>(i) lots within the key site are amalgamated to form a single integrated development site which is a minimum of 2,500m² in area; and</p> <p>(ii) the tower incorporates a minimum four star standard accommodation hotel component and/or vertical <i>retirement facility</i>.</p> <p>Note—the minimum four star standard accommodation hotel is to comprise a material component (e.g. 50% of the apartments/suites) of the overall development.</p> <p>Note—for the purposes of this performance outcome, the following physical components are required to be incorporated to demonstrate that the proposal will provide for and operate as a vertical <i>retirement facility</i>:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> flexible internal layout which can adapt to changing requirements; hotel like facilities including shared community recreation and open space components; high levels of accessibility for 	AO31	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>residents and visitors and strong connectivity with surrounding areas; and</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a focus on privacy whilst promoting community interaction. <p>Editor's note—Council will undertake a review of the additional building height provisions within 4 years of the planning scheme amendment taking affect and it is Council's intent to remove the provisions if development has not substantially commenced i.e. survey and engineering work is complete and construction of buildings has commenced on site.</p>		
Development on Key Site 3 (Bulcock/Maloja)			
PO32	<p>Development on Key Site 3 (Bulcock/Maloja) identified on Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset) provides for the site to be redeveloped as a high quality mixed use development that:-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> comprises predominantly residential/accommodation development with retail and entertainment business activities at ground level fronting Bulcock Street and Maloja Avenue; provides an integrated development for the whole, or a significant portion of, the Key Site; incorporates a maximum of two towers within the key site boundaries, which are located to maintain view corridors from Key Site 2 (Western Sites) to Pumicestone Passage; marks the western gateway to Bulcock Street with exemplar architecture, streetscape and landscape design which:- <ol style="list-style-type: none"> is highly articulated; epitomises coastal sub-tropical and sustainable design; and demonstrably responds to the location and primary views of the site as a gateway to Bulcock Street; provides primary activation to Bulcock Street and secondary activation to Maloja Avenue and the coastal path; provides for access, parking and servicing arrangements that are consolidated and shared so that a single vehicle crossing point is provided to the Key site along Maloja Avenue and no vehicular crossing points are provided along Bulcock Street; provides a safe and welcoming mid block pedestrian linkage from Bulcock Street to Maloja Avenue as indicated on Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements 	AO32	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.6Q (Key Site 3 (Bulcock/Maloja)) provides illustrations of design outcomes for Key Site 3 (Bulcock/Maloja).</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>- Inset) co-located with the building entry and other communal facilities and with a minimum width of 5 metres; and</p> <p>(h) provides a landscaped public civic plaza at ground level, adjacent to Bulcock Street, integrating with the pedestrian linkage.</p> <p>Note—for the purposes of this performance outcome, exemplar architecture will be demonstrated through a sub-tropical design response to create a landmark building, which results in a development with a form and function that epitomises the Sunshine Coast lifestyle and effectively links the development to public spaces through an integrated landscape and built-form response.</p> <p>Editor's note—an architectural and urban design peer review will be required to demonstrate the proposal meets the intent of the relevant planning scheme provisions and that best practice sub-tropical design principles have been appropriately considered and incorporated in the proposed design.</p>		
PO33	<p>Development on Key Site 3 (Bulcock/Maloja) identified in specific site note 3 on Height of Buildings and Structures Overlay Map OVM25H may provide for a maximum building height of 40 metres, where:-</p> <p>(a) all lots within the key site are amalgamated to form a single integrated development site; and</p> <p>(b) the tower incorporates a minimum four star standard accommodation hotel component and/or vertical <i>retirement facility</i>.</p> <p>Note—the minimum four star standard accommodation hotel is to comprise a material component (e.g. 50% of the apartments/suites) of the overall development.</p> <p>Note—for the purposes of this performance outcome, the following physical components are required to be incorporated to demonstrate that the proposal will provide for and operate as a vertical <i>retirement facility</i>:-</p> <p>(a) flexible internal layout which can adapt to changing requirements;</p> <p>(b) hotel like facilities including shared community recreation and open space components;</p> <p>(c) high levels of accessibility for residents and visitors and strong connectivity with surrounding areas; and</p> <p>(d) a focus on privacy whilst promoting community interaction.</p> <p>Editor's note—Council will undertake a review of the additional building height provisions within 4 years of the planning scheme amendment taking affect and it is</p>	AO33	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	Council's intent to remove the provisions if development has not substantially commenced i.e. survey and engineering work is complete and construction of buildings has commenced on site.		
Development on Key Site 4 (Cooma Terrace Bus Station)			
PO34	<p>Development on Key Site 4 (Cooma Terrace Bus Station) identified on Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset) provides for the site to be redeveloped as a high quality mixed use integrated development that:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) showcases exemplar architecture, streetscape and landscape design which:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) is highly articulated; and (ii) epitomises coastal sub-tropical and sustainable design; (b) capitalises on views to the Pumicestone Passage and the Glass House Mountains; (c) provides for buildings that address and activate Cooma Terrace and Williamson Lane; and (d) provides for detailed site design, building <i>setbacks</i> and <i>site cover</i> to be determined as part of future site planning. <p>Editor's Note—Redevelopment of Key Site 4 is subject to further planning.</p>	AO34	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.6R (Key Site 4 (Cooma Terrace Bus Station)) provides illustrations of design outcomes for Key Site 4 (Cooma Terrace Bus Station).</p>
Development on Lot 1 RP106064 (Cnr Leeding Terrace and The Esplanade)			
PO35	<p>Development in the Tourist accommodation zone where on Lot 1 RP106064, located on the corner of Leeding Terrace and Bulcock Esplanade:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) may provide for residential uses or a mix of residential and business uses; (b) where business uses are proposed, maintains a <i>primary active street frontage</i> to Bulcock Esplanade; (c) provides for a maximum <i>site cover</i> of:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) 70% for that part of a building not exceeding 8.5 metres in height; and (ii) 35% for that part of a building exceeding 8.5 metres in height; (d) provides <i>access</i> from Leeding Terrace, other than where for permanent accommodation; and (e) maintains <i>setbacks</i> to Otranto Avenue in accordance with Table 7.2.6.4.3 (Site cover and setbacks for development in Precinct CAL LPP-1 (Caloundra Central)) in order to maintain uninterrupted sight lines to the Pumicestone Passage and 	AO35	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	Bribie Island.		
Additional Performance Outcomes and Acceptable Outcomes for Development in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1b (Community and Creative Hub)			
PO36	Development in Sub-precinct CAL LPP-1b (Community and Creative Hub) contributes to the creation of a community heart for Caloundra Centre, providing a focus for civic facilities and events, and accommodating a range of community, residential, business and entertainment uses.	AO36	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development on Key Site 5 (Town Square Redevelopment)			
PO37	<p>Development on Key Site 5 (Town Square Redevelopment) identified on Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset) provides for the site to be redeveloped as a signature mixed use integrated development that:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) incorporates a large multi use public open space (town square) which:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) is designed to accommodate daytime and nighttime community events and activities and provide for passive recreation, expanding on Felicity Park; and (ii) is framed by mixed use buildings accommodating a range of community, residential, accommodation, and business uses; (b) creates a focal point for the Caloundra Centre and a key destination for locals and visitors; (c) provides for buildings and landscaping which showcase exemplar architecture, streetscape and landscape design which:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) is highly articulated; (ii) epitomises coastal sub-tropical and sustainable design; and (iii) recognises the landmark nature of the site; (d) provides for activation of the town square, Bulcock Street, Otranto Avenue and Carter Lane; (e) connects and provides strong linkages with:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the Bulcock Street shopping area; and (ii) community activities on Omrah Avenue including the proposed transit station, Council Administration Building, Events Centre and Bill Vernados Park; and (f) provides for detailed site design, building <i>setbacks</i> and <i>site cover</i> to be determined as part of future site planning. 	AO37	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	Editor's Note—Redevelopment of Key Site 5 is subject to further planning which is intended to be undertaken in conjunction with facilities review/refurbishment of the Caloundra Council Administration Building and/or other land for community purposes in Caloundra Centre.		
Development on Key Site 6 (Kronks Motel)			
PO38	<p>Development provides for Key Site 5 (Kronks Motel) identified on Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset) to be redeveloped as an integrated <i>mixed use development</i> incorporating the following:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) a range of residential, business, community and indoor sport, recreation and entertainment uses; (b) outstanding building, <i>streetscape</i> and landscape design which is highly articulated and epitomises coastal sub-tropical and sustainable design; (c) a building form which:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) provides for slim line towers above one or more podiums with significant spaces provided between towers to maintain and enhance sightlines, solar access and movement of cooling breezes; (ii) steps down in height towards Kalinga Street, Orsova Terrace, Ormuz Avenue and Osterley Avenue to protect the amenity of surrounding low-rise development in this area; and (iii) recognises and promotes a relationship with the Events Centre, Bill Vernados Park and Key Site 5 (Town Square Redevelopment); (d) active street <i>frontages</i> to Minchinton Street and Ormuz Avenue as indicated on Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset); (e) mid block pedestrian linkages providing improved site permeability and connectivity as indicated conceptually on Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset); and (f) a pedestrian friendly street environment with continuous weather protection provided by lightweight structures cantilevered over footpath areas. 	AO38	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.6S (Key Site 6 (Kronks Motel)) provides illustrations of design outcomes for Key Site 6 (Kronks Motel).</p>
Development in the Major Centre Zone (Future transit station site) (Lots 18, 19 and 20 on RP53738, Omrah Avenue)			
PO39	Development of the future transit	AO39	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>station site (Lots 18, 19 and 20 on RP53738, Omrah Avenue):-</p> <p>(a) facilitates the efficient and effective provision of a transit station to support the proposed Maroochydore to Caloundra Priority Transit Corridor (Light Rail);</p> <p>(b) incorporates mixed use buildings designed around a public plaza which links the future transit station to the new town square public open space area, the Events Centre, Bicentennial Park and adjoining community uses;</p> <p>(c) provides for uses that activate the plaza and Omrah Avenue; and</p> <p>(d) provides for detailed site design, building <i>setbacks</i> and <i>site cover</i> to be determined as part of future site planning.</p> <p>Editor's Note—Development of the future transit centre site is subject to further planning.</p>		
Development in the Community Facilities Zone (Omrah Avenue)			
PO40	Development in the Community facilities zone on private land with <i>frontage</i> to Omrah Avenue is limited to <i>dwelling houses</i> on lots currently occupied by <i>dwelling houses</i> in order to ensure land is preserved for future community purposes including parkland and community activities.	AO40	No acceptable outcome provided.
Additional Performance Outcomes and Acceptable Outcomes for Development in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1c (Gateway)			
PO41	Development in the Major centre zone in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1d (Gateway) provides for a range of large floor plate business uses and community uses that cannot practically be accommodated in other parts of the Caloundra Centre, as well as medical related and other small scale retail business uses, commercial business uses and catering business uses that are required to support the role and function of Caloundra Centre as a major regional activity centre and the operation of the adjoining State government medical facilities.	AO41	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO42	Development in the Specialised centre zone in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1d (Gateway) provides for Caloundra Road, and Nicklin Way to be maintained and enhanced as a landscaped boulevard and major entry routes to the Caloundra Centre, with buildings and other structures set well back from the street <i>frontage</i> and dense sub-tropical landscaping and street trees provided along the road <i>frontage</i> .	AO42	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO43	Development in the Major centre zone	AO43.1	For development on a site with two street

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1d (Gateway) creates pedestrian friendly active streetscapes, whilst accommodating parking for car-based businesses.	AO43.2	<p>frontages, built form aligns to a minimum of 80% of the street frontage on both streets, in accordance with relevant <i>setbacks</i>.</p> <p>For development on a site with a single frontage:-</p> <p>(a) built form aligns to a minimum 60% of the street frontage in accordance with relevant <i>setbacks</i>; and</p> <p>(b) at grade car parks are visible for a maximum of 40% of the street frontage.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.6T (Example of acceptable dual frontage site treatment (parking)) provides an example of how onsite parking may be accommodated on sites with dual frontages.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.6U (Example of acceptable single frontage site treatment (parking)) provides an example of how onsite parking may be accommodated on sites with a single frontage.</p>
Development on Key Site 7 (Stockland Shopping Centre)			
PO44	<p>Development provides for Key Site 7 (Stockland Shopping Centre) to be expanded and redeveloped in a manner that increases the outward focus of the <i>shopping centre</i> and which incorporates the following:-</p> <p>(a) outstanding building, <i>streetscape</i> and landscape design which is highly articulated and epitomises sub-tropical and sustainable design;</p> <p>(b) marks the Bowman Road/Bulcock Street Gateway with buildings which demonstrably respond to the corner location and primary views of the site as a gateway to Bulcock Street;</p> <p>(c) design which supports and responds to proposed intersection upgrades and improvements at the Bowman Road/Bulcock Street intersection;</p> <p>(d) buildings which address streets with a <i>primary active street frontage</i> provided to Bowman Road and a <i>secondary active street frontage</i> provided to First Avenue and Oval Avenue as identified on Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset);</p> <p>(e) improved through-site pedestrian and cycle links provided either as public thoroughfares or as another form of through-connection capable of providing extended after hours access;</p> <p>(f) improved pedestrian and cycle links across Bowman Road to</p>	AO44	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>Bicentennial Park, the proposed transit centre and other community facilities in Omrah Avenue, and Bulcock Street;</p> <p>(g) improved public transport set down and circulation facilities;</p> <p>(h) car parking areas that are sleeved behind buildings or landscaping and which do not dominate any street <i>frontage</i>;</p> <p>(i) a landscaped civic plaza, at least 400m² in area, provided for public use on a prominent location within the <i>site</i>, adjoining a public street;</p> <p>(j) a pedestrian friendly street environment with continuous weather protection provided by lightweight structures cantilevered over footpath areas and integrated with the civic plaza; and</p> <p>(k) revised vehicle access and circulation arrangements with the existing major access point at the intersection of Bowman Road and Park Place removed.</p>		
Additional Performance Outcomes and Acceptable Outcomes for Development in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1d (Central Park Urban Village)			
PO45	Development in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1d (Central Park Urban Village) contributes to the creation of a vibrant, leafy urban village focussed around Central Park and nearby community and sporting facilities and providing a range of medium density residential accommodation as well as limited business uses, in accordance with the relevant zone.	AO45	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO46	Development in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1d (Central Park Urban Village) provides built form that creates strong visual and physical connections to central park including:- (a) interactive edges and outdoor living areas overlooking the street and park; (b) streetscapes which promote pedestrian activity; and (c) car parking and servicing areas to be provided in basement or semi-basement structures or sleeved behind buildings.	AO46	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO47	Development in the Major centre zone in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1d (Central Park Urban Village) provides predominantly for the establishment of residential uses, mixed uses, community uses, commercial business uses and health related activities, with any retail business use comprising a relatively small component of the total <i>gross floor area</i> of the overall development.	AO47	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO48	Development in the Major centre zone in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1d	AO48	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	(Central Park Urban Village) on <i>sites</i> fronting Oval Avenue provides for buildings which address the street with a <i>secondary active street frontage</i> provided where identified on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) and Figure 7.2.6B (Caloundra local plan elements - Inset) with <i>active uses</i> such as <i>cafés</i> or <i>shops</i> located intermittently, generally on corner sites.		
PO49	Development in the Major centre zone in Sub-precinct CAL LPSP-1d (Central Park Urban Village) on <i>sites</i> adjoining or immediately opposite Central Park is encouraged to provide for the establishment of sport and recreation uses, accommodation uses or health and well being related business uses that are related to and support sport and recreation activities.	AO49	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO50	Development in the Medium density residential zone provides for a diverse range of well designed multi-generational housing including apartments, townhouses, terrace houses, dual occupancies, vertical retirement/aged care and short term accommodation.	AO50	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO51	Development in the Medium density residential zone ensures multi-unit residential development is located on a <i>site</i> which is large enough to accommodate an integrated, well designed development that provides sufficient area for:- (a) vehicle access, parking and manoeuvring areas; (b) communal and private open space; and (c) substantial landscaping, including areas for viable and consolidated deep planting.	AO51.1 AO51.2	Development involving multi-unit residential uses occurs on a minimum development <i>site</i> of 1,000m ² . Development does not isolate excluded lots.
Development on the Caloundra RSL Site (Lot 470 on SP194659, West Terrace/Oval Avenue)			
PO52	Development on Lot 470 on SP194659 provides for the Caloundra RSL Club to be further developed as a major entertainment, recreation and community facility incorporating the following:- (a) a range of entertainment/catering business uses, <i>indoor sport and recreation</i> uses, <i>outdoor sport and recreation</i> uses, multi-unit accommodation uses and community uses in a functionally efficient and integrated configuration; (b) outstanding building, <i>streetscape</i> and landscape design which is highly articulated and epitomises sub-tropical and sustainable design; (c) the maximum height limit of 18 metres to be achieved for one or	AO52	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>two focal towers only, with development across the remainder of the <i>site</i> providing for a transition of <i>building height</i> to adjoining areas;</p> <p>(d) buildings which address all street frontages;</p> <p>(e) a pedestrian friendly street environment with continuous weather protection;</p> <p>(f) improved through block pedestrian and cycle connections to surrounding public streets and spaces, particularly Central Park; and</p> <p>(g) car parking located in basement or semi-basement structures.</p>		
Development on Lots 34 – 39 on RP56889 (Bowman Road)			
PO53	<p>Development in the Medium density residential zone on lots fronting Bowman Road between Gosling Street and Cowan Street (Lots 34, 35, 36, 37, 38 or 39 on RP56889):-</p> <p>(a) may provide for small scale office uses or health care services where:-</p> <p>(i) located at the ground floor of a mixed use development, with residential uses above or behind non-residential uses; and</p> <p>(ii) providing secondary activation to Bowman Road and Gosling Street; and</p> <p>(b) minimises adverse impacts on, and creates an attractive interface to, adjoining residential properties.</p>	AO53	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development on Lot 30 SP300415, Lot 31 SP300415 and Lot 2 CP845406 (Queen Street/Allen Street)			
PO54	<p>Development on council owned/controlled land on the corner of Queen Street and Allen Street (Lot 30 SP300415, Lot 31 SP300415 and Lot 2 CP845406):-</p> <p>(a) provides for the establishment of community activities including educational establishments and sport and recreation uses together with residential/accommodation uses;</p> <p>(b) maintains and enhances the streetscape character of Queen Street as an attractive landscaped boulevard;</p> <p>(c) supports the provision of the Maroochydore to Caloundra Priority Transit Corridor (Light Rail); and</p> <p>(d) provides for detailed site design, building <i>setbacks</i> and <i>site cover</i> to be determined as part of future site planning.</p> <p>Editor's Note—Redevelopment of this site is subject to further planning.</p>	AO54	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
Development on Lot 5 C27621 and Lot 2 RP124874 (Ulm Street)			
PO55	<p>Development of council owned/controlled land on Ulm Street (Lot 5 C27621 and Lot 2 RP124874):-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) provides for the establishment of community activities including educational establishments and sport and recreation uses together with residential/accommodation uses; (b) addresses the Central Park and Ulm Street frontage; (c) supports the provision of the Maroochydore to Caloundra Priority Transit Corridor (Light Rail); (d) enhances the streetscape character of Ulm Street; and (e) provides for detailed site design, building <i>setbacks</i> and <i>site cover</i> to be determined as part of future site planning. <p>Editor's Note—Redevelopment of this site is subject to further planning.</p>	AO55	No acceptable outcome provided.

Table 7.2.6.4.2 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development in the Caloundra Local Plan Area outside Precinct CAL LPP-1 (Caloundra Central)

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
Development in the Caloundra Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)			
PO1	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that are consistent with, and reflect the beachside character and setting of, the local plan area.	AO1.1	<p>Development for residential, business or community activity provides for building design which incorporates the following features:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) a mix of lightweight and textured external building materials, including timber finishes or masonry construction with variation provided in texture and detailing; (b) articulated, pitched, skillion or curved roof forms; (c) large balconies; (d) open or transparent balustrades; (e) louvres; and (f) landscaping integrated into the building design.
		AO1.2	Development uses understated coastal colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials.
PO2	Development contributes to the establishment of an attractive and coherent <i>streetscape</i> character and gateways to enhance the sense of arrival to Caloundra and other parts of the local plan area, including boulevard treatments along Caloundra Road.	AO2.1	<p>Development adjacent to an identified primary streetscape treatment area, boulevard treatment area or gateway/entry point where identified on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements):-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) incorporates architectural and landscape treatments which enhance the sense of arrival to, and the coastal urban character of, the local plan area, and emphasise corner locations; and (b) incorporates building materials

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
		AO2.2	<p>such as varied roof forms, changes in materials and variations in projected and recessed elements and facades.</p> <p>Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes.</p> <p>Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.</p> <p>Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.</p>
PO3	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements including significant views and vistas, existing character trees and areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the setting, character and sense of place of the local plan area.	AO3.1	Development protects, emphasises and does not intrude upon the important sightlines and views to the Glass House Mountains, Pumicestone Passage, and Point Cartwright where identified on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) .
		AO3.2	Development within the Lighthouse View Protection Area identified on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) does not interrupt:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) views of coastal waters obtained from the viewing platforms of either of the Caloundra Lighthouse structures; (b) views of the lighthouses from Kings Beach Park; and (c) views from the northern portion of the park at the corner of Canberra Terrace and Arthur Street (Lot 2 RP135230) to the coastline and ocean in the direction of the Kings Beach Bathing Pavilion.
		AO3.3	Development provides for the retention of character <i>vegetation</i> where identified on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) . Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.
PO4	Development improves local connectivity and protects the following transport infrastructure identified on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) :- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS) and its associated future transit hub; (b) the Maroochydore to Caloundra 	AO4	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>Priority Transit Corridor and associated transit stations;</p> <p>(c) the CoastConnect Priority Public Transport and Bicycle Corridor;</p> <p>(d) the proposed new northern access roads into the Caloundra Centre; and</p> <p>(e) proposed new intersections and intersection upgrades.</p>		
PO5	Development facilitates the provision of a local ecological linkage connecting core habitat areas on the Caloundra Aerodrome site to core habitat areas north of Caloundra Road as identified on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) .	AO5	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Editor's Note—Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity, waterways and wetlands overlay code) sets out requirements for the provision of ecological linkages.</p>
Development in the Specialised Centre Zone (Caloundra Road Showroom Area)			
PO6	Development in the Specialised centre zone provides for Caloundra Road to be maintained and enhanced as a landscaped boulevard and major entry route to the Caloundra Centre, with buildings and other structures set well back from the street <i>frontage</i> and dense sub-tropical landscaping and street trees provided along the road <i>frontage</i> .	AO6	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Local Centre Zone (Currimundi and Moffat Beach Local Activity Centres)			
PO7	Development in the Local centre zone ensures that the Currimundi and Moffat Beach Local Centres function as local (not full service) activity centres only, providing for the basic convenience needs of residents and visitors.	AO7	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO8	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> <p>(a) contributes to the creation of a contemporary coastal built form and <i>streetscape</i>, where development is located outside of the Moffat Beach <i>character area</i>;</p> <p>(b) contributes to the maintenance of a traditional local character where located in the Moffat Beach <i>character area</i>;</p> <p>(c) creates vibrant and active streets and public spaces;</p> <p>(d) provides continuous weather protection for pedestrians along active or semi-active street front areas;</p> <p>(e) is of a domestic scale and appearance where there is an interface with the Low density residential zone; and</p> <p>(f) provides integrated and functional parking and access arrangements that do not dominate the street.</p>	AO8	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> <p>(a) respects the layout, scale (including height and <i>setback</i>) and character of development on adjoining sites;</p> <p>(b) provides for buildings to be set back from street <i>frontages</i> as follows:-</p> <p>(i) for sites fronting Seaview Terrace - built to the street front boundary;</p> <p>(ii) for sites fronting Buccleugh Street or Buderim Street - 3 metres from the street front boundary; and</p> <p>(iii) on sites with sole <i>frontage</i> to Roderick Street - a distance that is compatible with the character and scale of residential development on the southern side of Roderick Street, but in any case not less than 3 metres;</p> <p>(c) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i> where identified on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements);</p> <p>(d) provides all weather protection to active street <i>frontages</i> in the form of continuous cantilevered awnings and/or light verandah</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>structures with non-load bearing posts over footpath areas in conjunction with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside;</p> <p>(e) ensures that signage is integrated with buildings;</p> <p>(f) includes the provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths; and</p> <p>(g) provides for on-site car parking at the rear or to one side of the development.</p>
Development in the Low Impact Industry Zone (Moffat Beach Business Park)			
PO9	Development in the Low impact industry zone at Moffat Beach is designed and configured in a manner which protects the amenity of nearby and surrounding residential premises.	AO9.1	Development does not provide for any additional vehicular access from Nothing Street.
		AO9.2	<p>Development for industrial uses in that part of the Low impact industry zone located west of George Street, south of Nothing Street and north of Grigor Street West occurs on amalgamated sites with:-</p> <p>(a) all vehicular access gained via Grigor Street West;</p> <p>(b) a <i>landscape buffer</i> provided along Nothing Street with security fencing located behind landscaping; and</p> <p>(c) no or only minimal building openings provided to the Nothing Street <i>frontage</i> of the <i>site</i>.</p>
		AO9.3	<p>The layout and design of development in that part of the Low impact industry zone located opposite land included in the Low density residential zone (along William Street and George Street):-</p> <p>(a) incorporates attractive and sensitively designed street facades which are of a domestic scale;</p> <p>(b) provides for any larger access doors (e.g. roller doors) to be located side-on or to the rear of buildings;</p> <p>(c) provides a 3 metre wide densely planted buffer strip along the street <i>frontage</i>; and</p> <p>(d) provides for car parking and service areas to the side or rear of buildings, integrated with other vehicle movement areas.</p>
		AO9.4	Notwithstanding the maximum height of buildings and structures identified on the applicable Height of Buildings and Structures Overlay Map, that part of a building or structure located within 20 metres of a street front boundary does not exceed 8.5 metres in height where located on a <i>site</i> opposite land included in the Low density residential zone

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			(along William Street and George Street).
PO10	Development in the Low impact industry zone ensures that new buildings in the Low impact industry zone:- (a) achieve a coherent overall built form and <i>streetscape</i> character; and (b) incorporate design features, building materials and/or colours that provide architectural interest and articulation to building facades visible from the street.	AO10	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO11	Development in the Low impact industry zone ensures that buildings are designed to provide for a range of potential users over the life of the building by allowing for adaptable floor plans and adequate floor to ceiling heights.	AO11	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO12	Development in the Low impact industry zone ensures that non-industrial uses are limited in scale and in type to those uses which:- (a) are compatible with existing industrial uses; (b) do not compromise the ongoing operation and use of this area as a predominantly industrial area; and (c) avoid significant land use conflicts.	AO12	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Tourist Accommodation Zone (Kings Beach, Dicky Beach and Oaks Oasis Resort)			
PO13	Development in the Tourist accommodation zone:- (a) contributes to the creation of a contemporary coastal built form and <i>streetscape</i> ; (b) contributes to the vitality of key streets and esplanades; (c) provides a continuous pedestrian friendly façade; and (d) provides integrated and functional parking and access arrangements that do not dominate the street.	AO13	Development:- (a) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i> , built to the boundary or set back a maximum of 3 metres, where identified on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) ; (b) has building openings overlooking the street; (c) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous cantilevered awnings and/or light verandah structures with non-load bearing posts over footpath areas in conjunction with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside; (d) provides for loading docks and service areas to be located and screened so as to be visually unobtrusive; (e) provides for car parking below ground level in a <i>basement</i> structure(s) or which is sleeved behind buildings; and (f) minimises vehicular <i>access</i> across active street <i>frontage</i> .
PO14	Development in the Tourist accommodation zone provides for Key Site 8 (Kings Beach Tavern) identified on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) to	AO14	No acceptable outcome provided. Note— Figure 7.2.6V (Kings Beach Tavern preferred design treatment) illustrates the preferred design treatment for Key Site 8

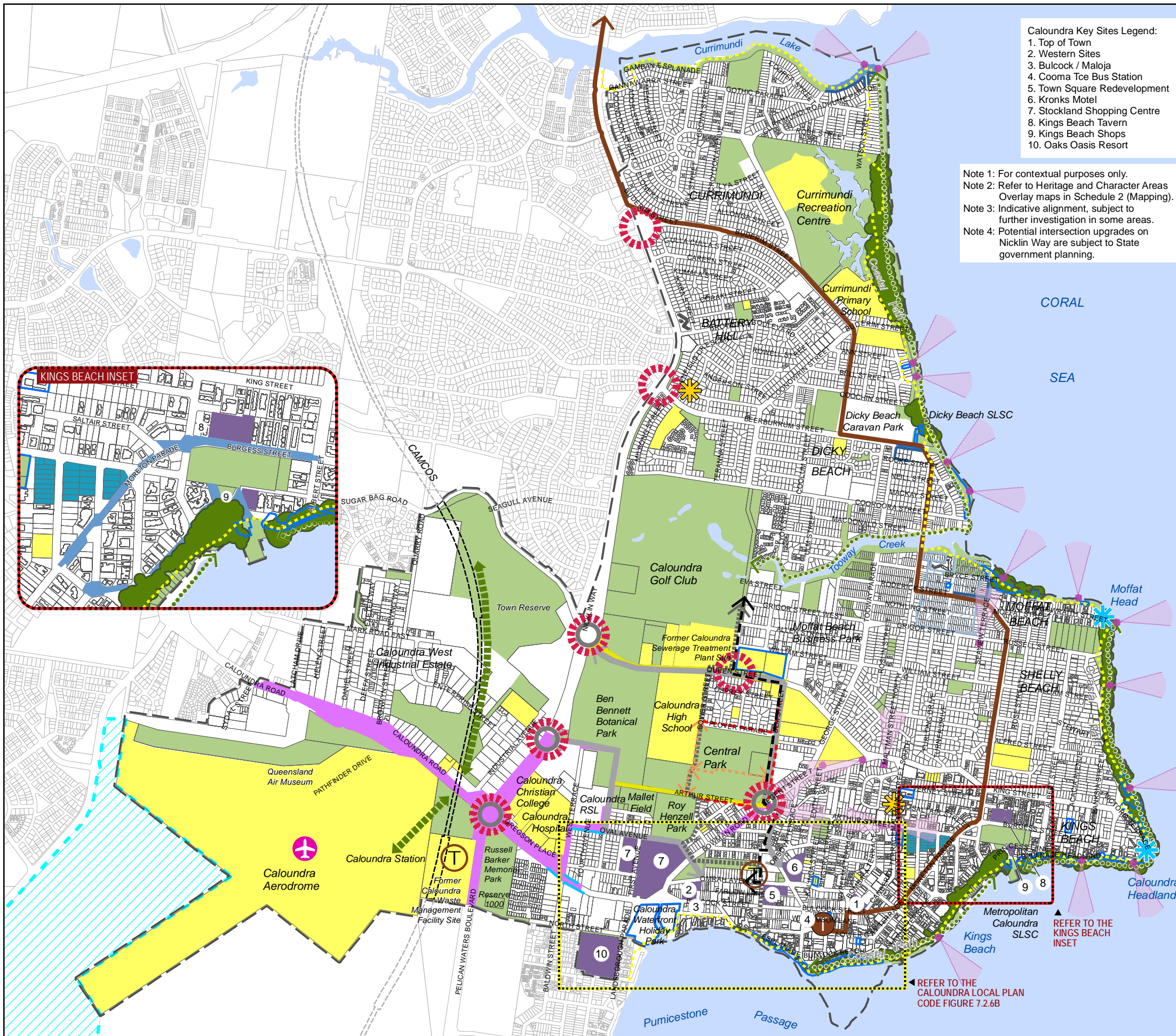
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>be redeveloped as an integrated <i>mixed use development</i> that contributes to the role of Kings Beach as a tourism focus area and major visitor accommodation area, and that incorporates the following:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) predominantly multi-unit visitor accommodation in conjunction with retail business uses and entertainment/catering business uses; (b) a centrally located beer garden which enjoys water and parkside views and is immediately accessible from the street; (c) outstanding building, <i>streetscape</i> and landscape design which is highly articulated and epitomises sub-tropical and sustainable design; (d) a building form which provides for two slim line towers of variable height above a two storey podium with significant spaces provided between towers to maintain and enhance sightlines, solar access and movement of cooling breezes; (e) a maximum <i>site cover</i> of 50% for the first two storeys and 35% for storeys above the second level, with any individual tower having a maximum <i>site cover</i> of 20%; and (f) streetscape improvements at street level which complement and reflects the streetscape treatments in Kings Beach Park. 		(Kings Beach Tavern).
PO15	<p>Development in the Tourist accommodation zone provides for Key Site 9 (Kings Beach Shops) identified on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) to be redeveloped as an integrated <i>mixed use development</i> that contributes to the role of Kings Beach as a tourism focus area and major tourist accommodation area, and that incorporates the following:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) predominantly multi-unit visitor accommodation in conjunction with retail business uses and catering business uses where identified as a <i>primary active street frontage</i> on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements), with <i>active uses</i> provided along a minimum of 75% of the <i>site frontage</i>; (b) outstanding building, <i>streetscape</i> and landscape design which is highly articulated and epitomises sub-tropical and sustainable design; (c) a maximum height of:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) 19 metres for Lot 230 	AO15	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>RP43053 at 36 Esplanade Headland; and</p> <p>(ii) 16 metres for Lots 0 and 1-4 BUP3932 at 12 Princess Lane and Lots 0 and 1-6 BUP133 at 14 Princess Lane, unless either or both lots are amalgamated with Lot 230 RP43053, in which case a maximum height limit of 19 metres applies;</p> <p>(d) a maximum <i>site cover</i> of 70% for the first two <i>storeys</i> and 40% for <i>storeys</i> above the second <i>storey</i>;</p> <p>(e) a stepping back of the building form from all boundaries above the second <i>storey</i> with a minimum <i>setback</i> of 7.5 metres from the Esplanade;</p> <p>(f) vehicle <i>access</i> from Princess Lane;</p> <p>(g) opportunities for casual surveillance of public spaces, including Princess Lane; and</p> <p>(h) streetscape improvements at street level which complement and integrate with Kings Beach Park.</p>		
PO16	<p>Development in the Tourist accommodation zone provides for Key Site 10 (Oaks Oasis Resort) identified on Figure 7.2.6A (Caloundra local plan elements) to be further developed as an integrated <i>mixed use development</i> that complements, but does not compete with, the role of Caloundra Centre as a major regional activity centre, and incorporates the following:-</p> <p>(a) a mix of multi-unit permanent and visitor accommodation in conjunction with retail business uses and entertainment/catering business uses including a conference centre;</p> <p>(b) outstanding building, <i>streetscape</i> and landscape design which is highly articulated and epitomises sub-tropical and sustainable design;</p> <p>(c) a building form which:-</p> <p>(i) is arranged so as to maintain and enhance sightlines to, and strengthen visual associations with, Pumicestone Passage;</p> <p>(ii) provides for the maximum height limit of 21 metres to be achieved for two or three slim line towers only on that part of the <i>site</i> that is undeveloped as at the date of gazettal of the planning scheme; and</p> <p>(iii) steps down in height at the</p>	AO16	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>edges of the <i>site</i> to protect the amenity of surrounding low-rise residential development;</p> <p>(d) enhanced through block pedestrian connections with a prominent link to Short Street and the coastal walk; and</p> <p>(e) streetscape improvements at street level to improve the attractiveness of Park Place and North Street.</p>		
Development in the High Density Residential Zone			
PO17	Development in the High density residential zone on sites fronting Bombala Terrace, Canberra Terrace, Maltman Street South, Verney Street, or Queen Street is designed to minimise the physical and visual impacts of development on the prominent ridgeline that defines the western and northern boundaries of the Kings Beach area.	AO17	Development provides for buildings which:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) are designed and located to respond to the natural topography, such as by stepping down the slope; (b) have a maximum <i>site cover</i> of 25% for that part of any building exceeding 6 <i>storeys</i> in height; and (c) are well spaced with a slender rather than bulky appearance.
Development in the Medium Density Residential Zone Generally			
PO18	Development in the Medium density residential zone at the following locations is compatible with the predominantly detached housing character of these locations:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Currimundi, in the vicinity of Currimundi Road, Hume Parade, Watson Street and Robe Street; (b) Dicky Beach, in the area bounded by Beerburrum Street, Coolum Street, Tinbeerwah Street and Cooroora Street; (c) Dicky Beach, in the vicinity of Ngungun Street; (d) Dicky Beach, in the area bounded by Elizabeth Street, Wilson Avenue and Mackay Street; and (e) Moffat Beach, in the area bounded by Moffat Street, Bennett Street, Russell Street and Rinaldi Street. 	AO18	The layout and design of development ensures that:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) buildings have the appearance of one or more individual buildings on the <i>site</i>, with each building being the scale of a <i>dwelling house</i>; (b) buildings step down in height for that part of a building within 4 metres of a side boundary shared with a <i>dwelling house</i>; (c) buildings have living rooms and <i>dwelling</i> entries oriented to the street; and (d) buildings are set within densely landscaped grounds.
Development in the Medium Density Residential Zone (Lot 0 BUP474 and Lot 1 RP135579, Canberra Terrace, Caloundra)			
PO19	Development is adequately set back from Canberra Terrace and Arthur Street in order to maintain views to and from the Caloundra Lighthouses.	AO19	Development provides for buildings and structures to be set back from Canberra Terrace and Arthur Street as follows:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) at least 10 metres from Canberra Terrace and Arthur Street for Lot 0 BUP474 at 2 Canberra Tce, Caloundra; and (b) at least 15 metres from Canberra Terrace for Lot 1 RP135579 at 6 Canberra Tce, Caloundra.
Development in the Low Density Residential Zone in Precinct CAL LPP-3 (Shelly Beach/Moffat Beach/Dicky Beach)			
PO20	Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone in Precinct CAL LPP-2 (Moffat	AO20	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	Beach/Shelly Beach/Dicky Beach) maintains the preferred low density character and amenity of the area by providing for any residential lot to be a minimum of 700m ² in area.		
Development in the Community Facilities Zone			
Development in Precinct CAL LPP-3 (Caloundra Aerodrome)			
PO21	<p>Development in Precinct CAL LPP-3 (Caloundra Aerodrome):-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) occurs in an intergrated manner in accordance with the approved Caloundra Aerodrome Master Plan; (b) provides for the operation of the aerodrome as a general aviation facility; (c) provides for other uses that are compatible with and allied to the operation of the aerodrome; (d) maintains and enhances the <i>streetscape</i> character of Caloundra Road as a landscaped boulevard and major entry route to the Caloundra Centre; (e) provides for principal access to the aerodrome site to be from Caloundra Road via Pathfinder way; (f) provides an emergency access point to Caloundra Road in accordance with the approved Caloundra Aerodrome Master Plan; (g) retains existing <i>vegetation</i> supplemented by dense landscape planting to provide a 20 metre wide vegetated <i>buffer</i> adjacent to Caloundra Road within the aerodrome property; (h) improves access to and circulation within the aerodrome; (i) protects the adjoining Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS), proposed Caloundra Transit Station and opportunities for future transit orientated development; and (j) recognises the location of the aerodrome within the urban fabric and seeks to maintain the amenity of nearby residential areas. 	AO21	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development on the Former Caloundra Waste Management Facility Site (Lot 191 CG1783, Pelican Waters Boulevard)			
PO22	<p>Development of the former Caloundra Waste Management Facility site (Lot 191 CG1783, Pelican Waters Boulevard):-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) rehabilitates and remediates any contaminated land; (b) provides for a transit facility that takes maximum advantage of the site's proximity to Caloundra Centre, community facilities and public transport <i>infrastructure</i>; 	AO22	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (c) provides for the establishment of the Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS) and the Caloundra Transit Station; (d) occurs in accordance with an approved plan of development prepared for the whole of the <i>site</i>; (e) incorporates outstanding building, <i>streetscape</i> and landscape design which is highly articulated and epitomises sub-tropical and sustainable design and the Sunshine Coast architectural style; and (f) provides street, pedestrian and cycle through-site connections to improve connectivity to and between surrounding areas and public spaces. 		



- Caloundra Key Sites Legend:
1. Top of Town
 2. Western Sites
 3. Bulcock / Maloja
 4. Cooma Tce Bus Station
 5. Town Square Redevelopment
 6. Kronks Motel
 7. Stockland Shopping Centre
 8. Kings Beach Tavern
 9. Kings Beach Shops
 10. Oaks Oasis Resort

Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
 Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Areas Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).
 Note 3: Indicative alignment, subject to further investigation in some areas.
 Note 4: Potential intersection upgrades on Nicklin Way are subject to State government planning.



1:20,642
 0 95 190 380 570 760 Metres

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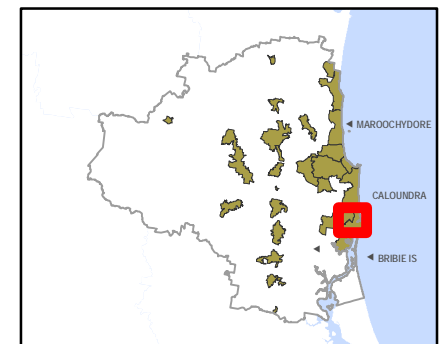
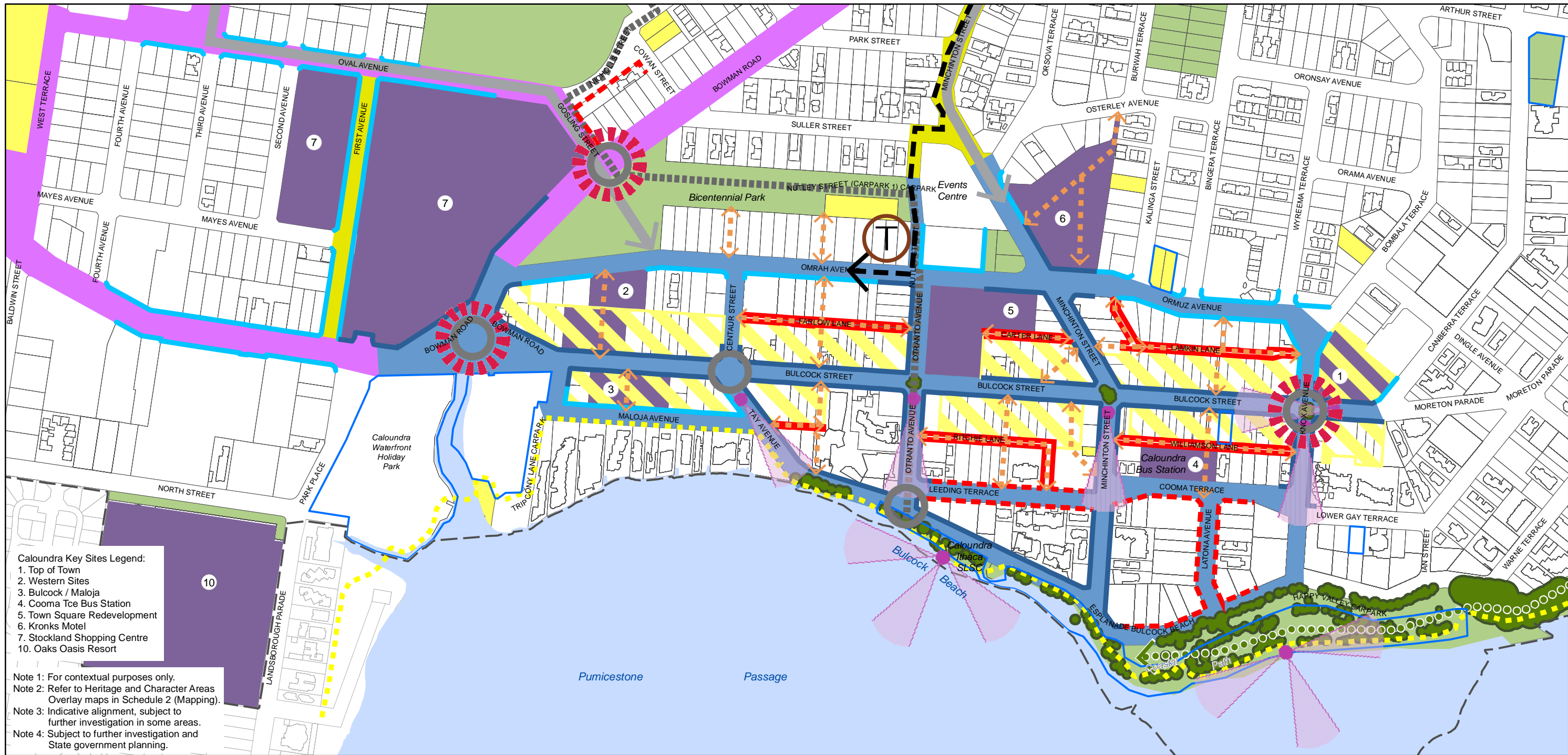


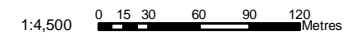
Figure 7.2.6A
 (Caloundra Local Plan Elements)



- Caloundra Key Sites Legend:**
1. Top of Town
 2. Western Sites
 3. Bulcock / Maloja
 4. Cooma Tce Bus Station
 5. Town Square Redevelopment
 6. Kronks Motel
 7. Stockland Shopping Centre
 10. Oaks Oasis Resort

Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
 Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Areas Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).
 Note 3: Indicative alignment, subject to further investigation in some areas.
 Note 4: Subject to further investigation and State government planning.

LEGEND			
	Local Plan Area Boundary		Greenspace ^{Note 1}
	Waterway ^{Note 1}		Community Activity/Facility ^{Note 1}
	Primary Active Street Frontage		Greenspace Link
	Secondary Active Street Frontage		Character Vegetation
	Laneway Frontage		Gateway/Entry Point
	Street Addressing Frontage		Heritage Place ^{Note 2}
	Maximum 90% Site Cover up to 8.5 metres		Significant View
	Primary Streetscape Treatment Area		Through Block Pedestrian/Cycle Linkage
	Boulevard Treatment Area		Coastal Path ^{Note 3}
	High Amenity Streetscape Area		Bush to Beach Path ^{Note 3}
			Priority Transit Corridor (Light Rail) for further investigation
			Indicative Road Linkage/Access Point
			Proposed Intersection Upgrade
			Future Transit Hub ^{Note 4}
			Key Site (Refer to Key Sites Legend)



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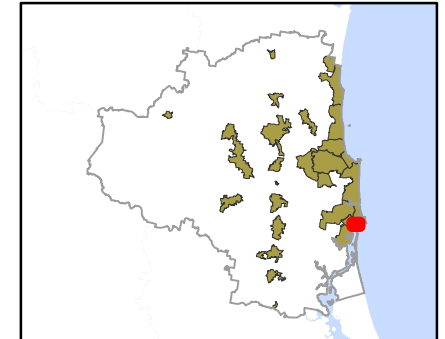


Figure 7.2.6B
 (Caloundra Local Plan Elements - Inset)

high level of environmental performance and is designed to service the Sunshine Coast Region. The industry park is protected from incompatible development that may adversely affect operations and avoids adverse affects on adjoining environmental areas.

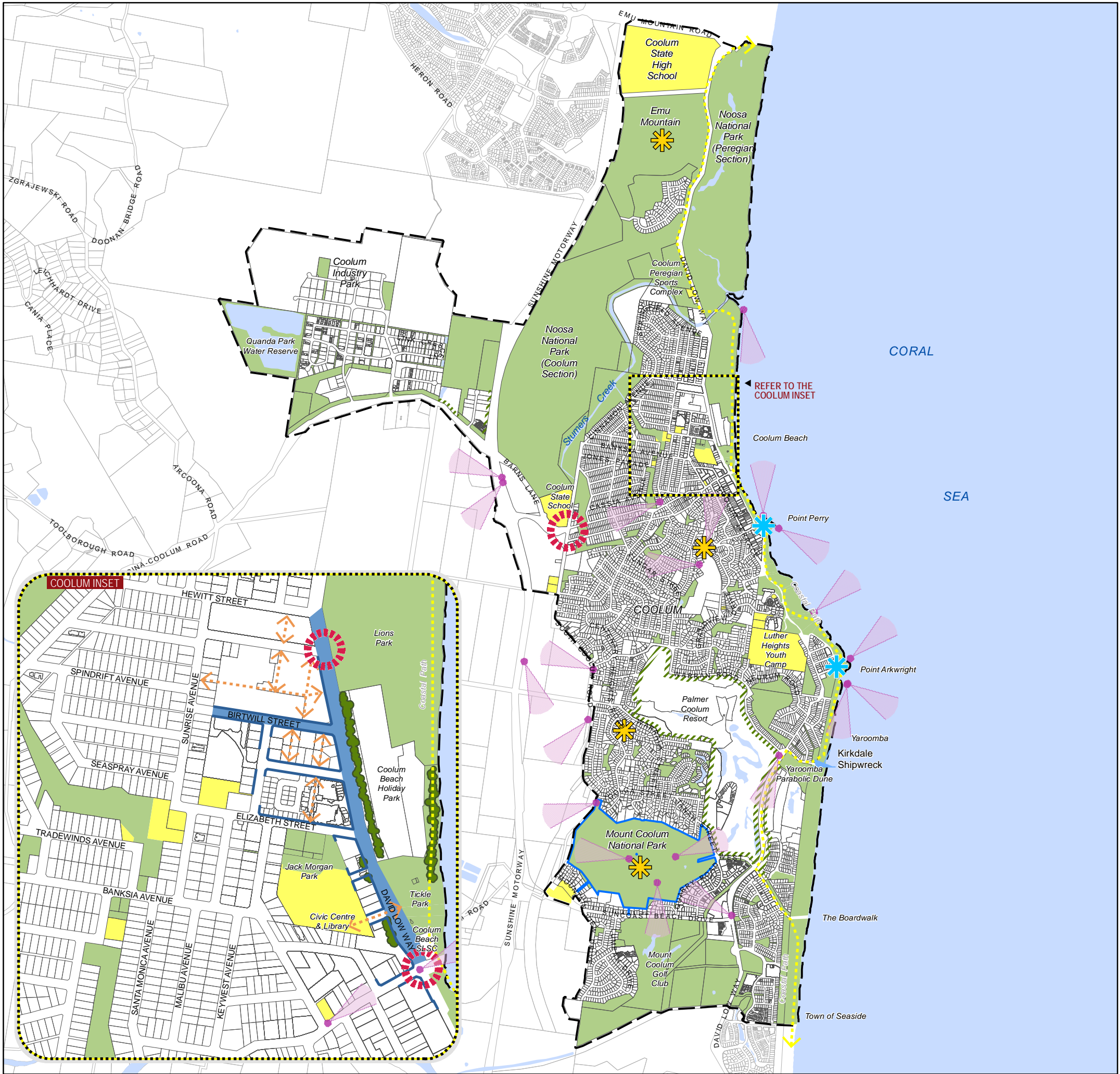
- (i) The *tourist park* at Coolum Beach is protected for its role in providing budget accommodation and its contribution to the low key, family friendly character of Coolum.
- (j) The Palmer Coolum Resort and The Coolum Residences continues to be developed as an integrated tourist and residential development focussed around an 18 hole championship golf course and large areas of open space. Development is configured in a series of beachside villages and other precincts that sit lightly in the landscape and that are separated by green corridors and lush subtropical landscaping. Development protects the natural vegetated character of the coastal foreshore and foredunes and respects the scale and character of surrounding areas and *vegetation*. Dense vegetated buffers are maintained along the David Low Way and surrounding the Palmer Coolum Resort to effectively screen development and protect the scenic amenity of David Low Way and the amenity of nearby residential areas.
- (k) Development is designed and sited to protect significant environmental areas, character *vegetation* and views either to or from important landscape features and to reflect the physical characteristics and constraints of the land, including the protection of sensitive slopes, remnant *vegetation* and other *ecologically important areas*.
- (l) Locally significant landscape and environmental elements which contribute to the character, identity and sense of place of the Coolum local plan area including Mount Coolum (a *local heritage place*), Stumers Creek, Coolum and Peregian sections of the Noosa National Park, Point Perry, Point Arkwright, Mount Emu, Eurungunder Hill, remaining parts of the Point Arkwright bushland mosaic, rainforest areas on the Palmer Coolum Resort site, the Yaroomba parabolic dune and other foreshore dunes are retained in their natural state and protected from intrusion by built form elements and other aspects of urban development.
- (m) Development is supported by a network of open space to meet the needs of the local community and facilitates safe and convenient pedestrian and cycle connections between and around key destinations within the local plan area.

7.2.8.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 7.2.8.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

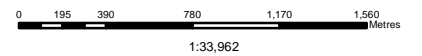
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Coolum Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that are consistent with, and reflect the low key beachside character of, the Coolum local plan area in that they are integrated with the natural and coastal landscape and skyline <i>vegetation</i> in terms of scale, siting, form, composition and use of materials.	AO1.1	Development for a residential, business or community activity provides for building design which incorporates the following features:- (a) a mix of lightweight and textured external building materials, including timber finishes or masonry construction with variation provided in texture and detailing; (b) articulated, pitched, skillion or curved roof forms; (c) open or transparent balustrades; and (d) landscaping integrated into the building design.
		AO1.2	Development uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials.
		AO1.3	Development provides for existing mature trees to be retained and incorporated into the development design.
PO2	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> and gateways to enhance	AO2.1	Development adjacent to a primary streetscape treatment area or gateway/entry point where identified on

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	the sense of entry to and the coastal village character of the Coolum local plan area.	AO2.2	<p>Figure 7.2.8A (Coolum local plan elements):-</p> <p>(a) incorporates architectural and landscape treatments which enhance the sense of arrival to, and the coastal village character of, the Coolum local plan area and emphasise corner locations; and</p> <p>(b) incorporates building materials such as varied roof forms, changes in materials and variations in projected and recessed elements and facades.</p> <p>Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes.</p> <p>Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.</p> <p>Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.</p>
PO3	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements including significant views and vistas, existing character trees and areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> , contributing to the setting, character and sense of place of the Coolum local plan area.	AO3.1	Development protects and emphasises, and does not intrude upon, the important sightlines and views to and from Coolum Beach, Mount Coolum, Emu Mountain, Eurungunder Hill, Point Arkwright and Point Perry, including where identified on Figure 7.2.8A (Coolum local plan elements) .
		AO3.2	<p>Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature trees and <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the character and vegetated backdrop of the local plan area including:-</p> <p>(a) <i>vegetation</i> on elevated hilltops and ridgelines;</p> <p>(b) <i>vegetation</i> along David Low Way; and</p> <p>(c) other character <i>vegetation</i> where identified on Figure 7.2.8A (Coolum local plan elements).</p> <p>Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.</p>
PO4	Development provides for locally significant landscape and environmental elements, including Mount Coolum, Stumers Creek, Coolum and Peregian sections of the Noosa National Park, Point Perry, Point Arkwright, Mount Emu, Eurungunder Hill, remaining parts of the Point Arkwright bushland mosaic, rainforest areas on the Palmer Coolum Resort	AO4	No acceptable outcome provided.



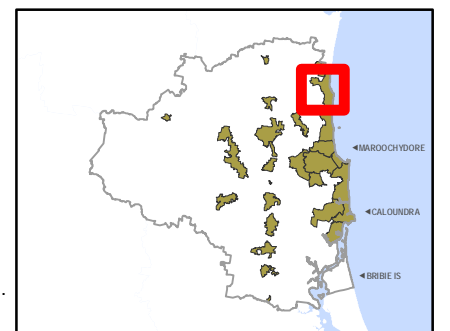
LEGEND

- Local Plan Area Boundary
- Waterway^{Note 1}
- Primary Active Street Frontage
- Primary Streetscape Treatment Area
- Greenspace^{Note 1}
- Community Activity/Facility^{Note 1}
- Character Vegetation
- Landscape Buffer
- Gateway/Entry Point
- Heritage Place^{Note 2}
- Heritage Place (Shipwreck)
- Mountain or Hill
- Headland
- Significant View
- Through Block Pedestrian/Cycle Linkage
- Coastal Path^{Note 3}



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Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
 Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).
 Note 3: Indicative alignment, subject to further investigation in some areas.

Figure 7.2.8A (Coolum Local Plan Elements)

7.2.9 Eudlo local plan code

7.2.9.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) within the Eudlo local plan area as shown on Map ZM29 contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Eudlo local plan code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) The following provisions of the code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development:-
 - (a) **section 7.2.9.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)**;
 - (b) **Table 7.2.9.4.1 (Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development)**; and
 - (c) **Figure 7.2.9A (Eudlo local plan elements)**.

7.2.9.2 Context and setting

This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Eudlo local plan code.

The Eudlo local plan area is located on the North Coast Rail Line in the central part of the Sunshine Coast.

The local plan area comprises the small rural village of Eudlo and the residential areas immediately to the south and north of the village, and has a land area of approximately 24 hectares.

Eudlo is set within a picturesque rural and natural landscape in the Eudlo Creek Valley approximately half way between the larger settlements of Mooloolah to the south and Palmwoods to the north. The timber industry was the means of livelihood for early settlers, with a sawmill built to process large quantities of timber from the Blackall Range and surrounding forests.

Rosebed Street in the centre of the village is a traditional style main street that incorporates a post office and general store. The general store provides convenience goods and services to local residents and nearby rural and rural residential areas. Eudlo village is relatively low lying compared to the surrounding areas and much of the housing in the village reflects the raised Queenslander style in response to low level flooding.

The Eudlo Hall in conjunction with other community facilities situated on the western side of Rosebed Street provides a focus for community activity within the local plan area.

A number of places of cultural heritage significance are found in Eudlo including the Eudlo Hall, the Eudlo State School and the Methodist Church. Eudlo has strong associations to the past and its timber getting and milling origins. The Chenrezig Institute, a well known Tibetan Buddhist temple and retreat is located a short drive from the village.

Whilst some smaller urban lots exist in the local plan area, the residential areas of Eudlo are characterised by large urban lots that contribute to the low-density rural village character. Detached housing is generally of the traditional Queensland style, also reflecting the rich heritage of the village.

The Eudlo community enjoys a quiet, relaxed lifestyle where surrounding open spaces, rural vistas and privacy are key features. A focus on community activities in the village area and heritage are also important elements of this lifestyle.

Rosebed Street, Corlis Avenue and Anzac Avenue are major roads in the local plan area. The North Coast Railway is intended to be upgraded in the future, and will result in the railway line shifting further west from the village which may provide opportunities for improved parkland and community facilities.

The Eudlo local plan area has only limited urban services. Neither reticulated water nor sewerage are available to the local plan area and are not planned to be made available in the life of the planning scheme.

Although some existing properties currently operate on sewerage 'pump out' systems, this method of disposal is not intended to be continued for new development in the area.

7.2.9.3 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Eudlo local plan code is to provide locally relevant planning provisions for the assessment of development within the Eudlo local plan area.
- (2) The purpose of the Eudlo local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) Eudlo remains a small village with an intimate rural character and identity.
 - (b) Urban development within the Eudlo local plan area is limited to land within the urban growth management boundary so as to protect and reinforce Eudlo's rural village character and identity, provide for the efficient provision of *infrastructure* and services, avoid land substantially constrained to urban development, and protect the character and productivity of surrounding rural land.
 - (c) Development retains the key landscape and built form elements that contribute to the character and identity of Eudlo as a small rural village with a strong sense of place and associations with the past.
 - (d) The form and scale of development is low key with buildings that are low rise and cover a comparatively small area of the *site*, thereby leaving significant areas for landscaping and *private open space*.
 - (e) Development in the local plan area protects and retains the *character area* of Eudlo (Rosebed Street) and buildings identified as having cultural heritage or *streetscape* significance as important elements of local character and identity.
 - (f) Development in the Local centre zone supports the role and function of the Eudlo Village Centre as a small local (not full service) activity centre servicing the basic convenience needs of residents and visitors. Whilst development in the Local centre zone provides for the expansion and enhancement of business uses, residents continue to rely upon Mooloolah, Palmwoods or Nambour to fulfil most of their business and industry needs.
 - (g) The traditional built form character of Eudlo, and in particular the village centre, is retained and new development is designed to complement the traditional built form and *streetscape* character of the local plan area.
 - (h) Development in the Low density residential zone maintains large urban lots sizes to preserve the rural village character and provide for the effective treatment and disposal of effluent on-site.
 - (i) Development in the Community facilities zone on the former Olsen Mill site provides for community related activities or limited other uses that support local employment in a manner which does not detract from the role and function of the Eudlo Village Centre.
 - (j) Development in the local plan area is supported by a network of open space that meets the needs of the local community and facilitates safe and convenient pedestrian and cycle connections between and around key destinations within the local plan area.

7.2.9.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

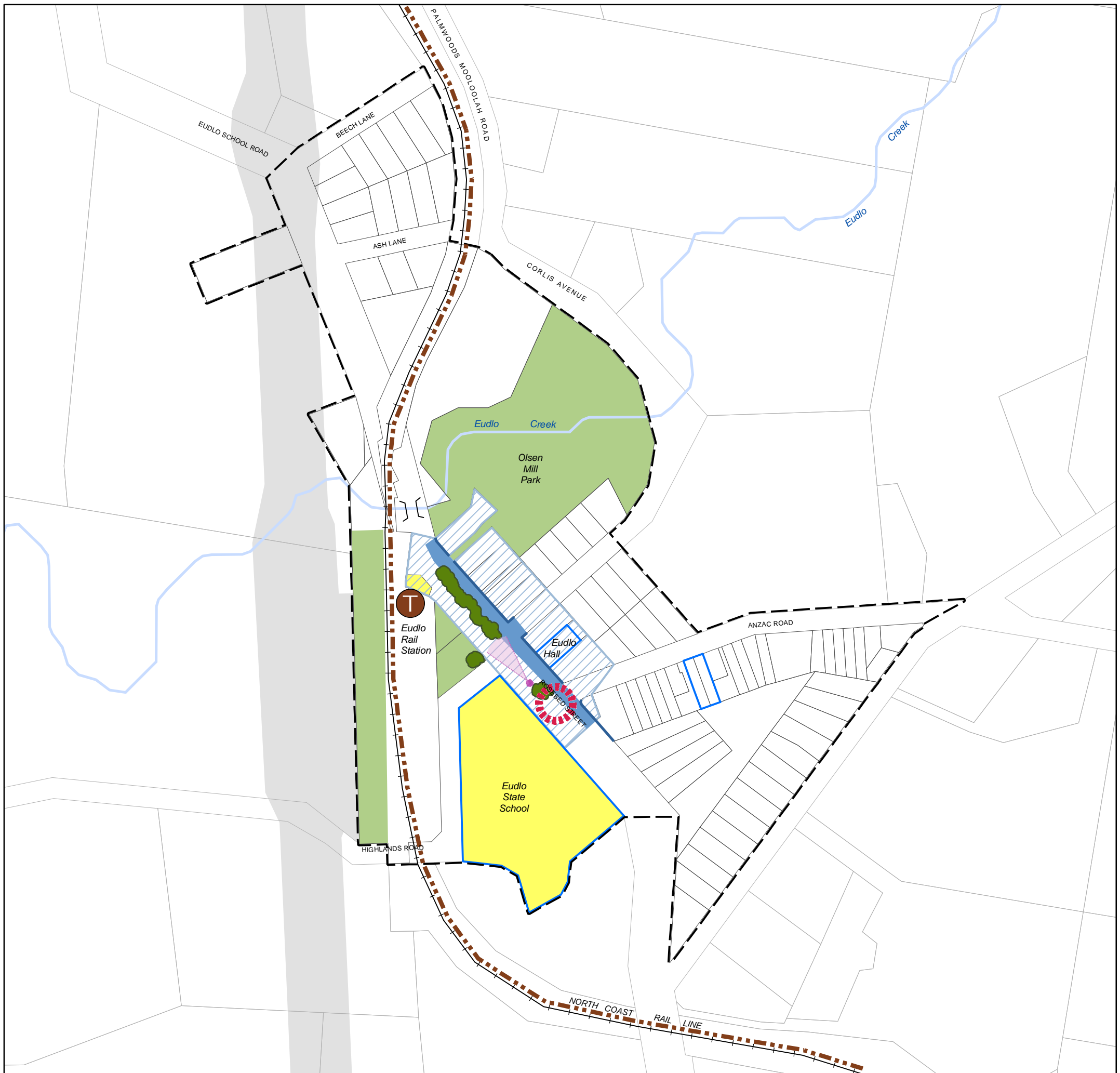
Table 7.2.9.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Eudlo Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that is consistent with and reflects the traditional rural village architectural character of Eudlo in terms of scale, siting, form, composition and use of materials.	AO1.1	Development provides for the retention and/or adaptive re-use, with limited modification, of buildings which have cultural heritage or local character significance. Editor's Note—Section 8.2.9 (Heritage and

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>character areas overlay code) sets out requirements for development on or in proximity to <i>local heritage places</i> and in <i>character areas</i>.</p> <p>AO1.2 Buildings and structures incorporate traditional external building materials, such as timber cladding and corrugated iron roofs.</p> <p>AO1.3 For residential, business and community activities, roof forms use simple, traditional Queensland style roof designs including gable, hip, pitched or multiple gable roof forms</p>
PO2	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements including historical landmarks, significant views and vistas, existing character trees and areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the rural village character, identity and sense of place of Eudlo.	<p>AO2.1 Development provides for the retention of historical landmarks, memorials and monuments.</p> <p>AO2.2 Development protects and emphasises, and does not intrude upon, the important sight lines and views to rural and natural areas identified on Figure 7.2.9A (Eudlo local plan elements).</p> <p>AO2.3 Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature trees and character <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the setting and <i>streetscape</i> character of Eudlo including:- (a) trees planted along the median in Rosebed Street; (b) the large gum tree in the park opposite the tennis courts; (c) riparian <i>vegetation</i> adjacent to Eudlo Creek; (d) the community conservation reserve to the west of the railway station; and (e) other character <i>vegetation</i> where identified on Figure 7.2.9A (Eudlo local plan elements).</p> <p>Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.</p> <p>AO2.4 Development provides for the retention and enhancement of the wide open space corridor that incorporates Eudlo Creek and adjacent land where identified on Figure 7.2.9A (Eudlo local plan elements).</p>	
PO3	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> and gateways that reflect and enhance the sense of entry to, and the rural village character of, Eudlo.	<p>AO3.1 Development adjacent to a primary streetscape treatment area or gateway/entry point identified on Figure 7.2.9A (Eudlo local plan elements) incorporates architectural and landscape treatments and other design elements which enhance the sense of arrival to, and the rural village character of, Eudlo.</p> <p>AO3.2 Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of</p>	

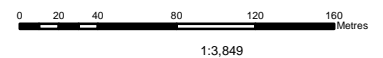
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p><i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes.</p> <p>Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.</p> <p>Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.</p>
PO4	Development for a <i>food and drink outlet</i> does not:- (a) provide for the establishment of a <i>high volume convenience restaurant</i> ; or (b) incorporate a <i>drive-through facility</i> .	AO4	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO5	Development is sited, designed and operated to ensure there are no adverse environmental impacts as a result of on-site effluent disposal, including on the water quality of Eudlo Creek.	AO5	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Local Centre Zone			
PO6	Development in the Local centre zone provides for a mix of residential uses and small scale retail, entertainment/catering and commercial business uses that:- (a) support the role of the Eudlo Village Centre as a small local (not full service) activity centre; and (b) provide a basic level of convenience goods and services to local residents and visitors.	AO6	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO7	Development in the Local centre zone:- (a) is sympathetic to the rural village character and identity of Eudlo; (b) complements the traditional built form and <i>streetscape</i> of existing development; (c) provides an active interface to the street; and (d) provides integrated and functional parking and <i>access</i> arrangements that do not dominate the street.	AO7	Development in the Local centre zone:- (a) provides for Rosebed Street to be maintained as a wide, attractive and pedestrian friendly main street; (b) respects the layout, scale (including height and <i>setback</i>) and character of development on adjoining sites; (c) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i> built to the front boundary, where identified on Figure 7.2.9A (Eudlo local plan elements) ; (d) has a maximum <i>plot ratio</i> of 1:1; (e) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous cantilevered awnings and/or light verandah structures with non-load bearing posts over footpath areas in conjunction with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside; (f) has simple, traditional Queensland style roof designs, such as hipped or gabled, and parapets facing the street; (g) has building openings overlooking the street; (h) uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			cladding materials; (i) ensures that signage is integrated with the building; (j) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths; and (k) provides for on-site car parking at the rear or to one side of the development.
PO8	Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Local centre zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that:- (a) is sympathetic to the village character and identity of Eudlo; and (b) provides for the safe and effective treatment and disposal of effluent on-site.	AO8	Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Local centre zone provides for lots which are a minimum of 2,000m ² in area, or larger where required to provide for adequate on-site effluent treatment and disposal.
Development in the Low Density Residential Zone			
PO9	Development in the Low density residential zone involving reconfiguring a lot:- (a) is sympathetic to the rural village character and identity of Eudlo; and (b) provides for the safe and effective treatment and disposal of effluent on-site.	AO9	Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lots which are a minimum of 2,000m ² in area, or larger where required to provide for adequate on-site effluent treatment and disposal.
Development in the Community Facilities Zone (Former Olsen Mill Site)			
PO10	Development in the Community facilities zone on the former Olsen Mill site:- (a) provides for community related activities or limited other uses that support local employment in a manner which does not detract from the role and function of the Eudlo Village Centre; (b) maintains the amenity of the adjacent Olsen Mill Park; (c) does not adversely impact on the operation or future upgrade of the North Coast Rail Line; and (d) is designed and operated in a manner which protects the water quality of Eudlo Creek.	AO10	No acceptable outcome provided.



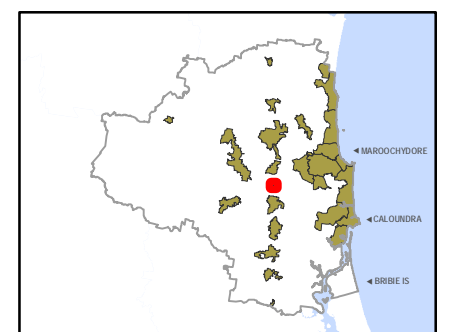
LEGEND

- Local Plan Area Boundary
- Waterway^{Note 1}
- Primary Active Street Frontage
- Primary Streetscape
- Greenspace^{Note 1}
- Community Activity/Facility^{Note 1}
- Character Vegetation
- Gateway/Entry Point
- Heritage Place^{Note 2}
- Character Area^{Note 2}
- Significant View
- Dedicated Public Transport Corridor
- Transit Hub
- Proposed Rail Corridor Upgrade



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Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
 Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).

Figure 7.2.9A (Eudlo Local Plan Elements)

7.2.10 Eumundi local plan code

7.2.10.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) within the Eumundi local plan area as shown on Map ZM3 contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Eumundi local plan code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) The following provisions of the code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development:-
 - (a) **section 7.2.10.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)**;
 - (b) **Table 7.2.10.4.1 (Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development)**; and
 - (c) **Figure 7.2.10A (Eumundi local plan elements)**.

7.2.10.2 Context and setting

This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Eumundi local plan code.

The Eumundi local plan area is located in the northern part of the Sunshine Coast, in the North Maroochy River Valley and on the North Coast Rail Line. The local plan area includes Eumundi's town centre and surrounding residential areas and has a land area of approximately 160 hectares.

The local plan area is dominated by a ridge which rises to the west of the town centre and provides a vegetated backdrop to the town. Parts of the local plan area also provide views across the surrounding rural landscape including towards Cooroy Mountain in the north and Mount Eerwah in the west. Towards the east, the land gently slopes towards the North Maroochy River.

Eumundi is a small rural township providing important business, community, social, and recreational facilities to service the local level needs of its resident population as well as the needs of surrounding rural communities and visitors to the area. Eumundi derives its character from its rich cultural heritage, traditional main street and building designs, tree lined streets, attractive green backdrop and rural landscape setting. This strong and unique identity and character has helped create Eumundi's sense of place and niche role as a tourist destination.

The Eumundi town centre is focussed on the traditional main street of Memorial Drive, between the Eumundi - Noosa Road and Pacey Street intersections. This area contains the most substantial retail, office, commercial and tourism uses in Eumundi, including two hotels. Located parallel to Memorial Drive is an area of open space, both in public and private ownership, which includes Dick Caplick Park (a local heritage place) and which hosts the famous Eumundi markets. These markets are an important economic and tourist asset for the town and the region.

The Eumundi local plan area retains strong connections with its history and contains a number of buildings which have local cultural or historical significance, particularly along Memorial Drive and Cook Street including Eumundi School of Arts, Eumundi War Memorial and St George's Anglican Church, Joe's Waterhole, the Imperial Hotel and the former railway corridor. Stands of vegetation along the eastern side of Memorial Drive, particularly the mature Camphor Laurels and figs, are important landscape features of the town. The showgrounds and associated facilities at both ends of Memorial Drive provide important community, sporting and recreational facilities.

The residential areas surrounding the town have larger sized lots to accommodate the topography and which add to the rural town character of the area. Detached housing is typically of traditional Queensland style.

The Eumundi local plan area has good levels of accessibility with direct access to the Bruce Highway, Eumundi-Noosa Road and the North Coast Rail Line. Memorial Drive and Caplick Way are other key road links within the local plan area.

Urban zoned land within the local plan area is connected, or has the ability to be connected, to reticulated water and sewerage.

7.2.10.3 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Eumundi local plan code is to provide locally relevant planning provisions for the assessment of development within the Eumundi local plan area.
- (2) The purpose of the Eumundi local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) Eumundi remains a small rural town with a distinct heritage character, primarily servicing the local community and tourist industry. Some expansion of local business and residential areas is provided for.
 - (b) Urban development in the local plan area is limited to land within the urban growth management boundary so as to protect and reinforce the character and identity of Eumundi, provide for the efficient provision of *infrastructure* and services, avoid constrained land and protect the natural landscape values and productivity of surrounding land.
 - (c) Development retains the key landscape and built form elements that contribute to the setting, character and identity of Eumundi as a rural town with a strong sense of place and associations with the past.
 - (d) Development is designed and sited to protect significant environmental areas and significant views either to or from important landscape features and to reflect the physical characteristics and constraints of the land, including the protection of sensitive slopes, remnant *vegetation* and other *ecologically important areas*.
 - (e) Development in the local plan area protects and retains the *character areas* in Eumundi (Memorial Drive and Cook Street) and buildings identified as having cultural heritage or *streetscape* significance as important elements of local character and identity.
 - (f) The Eumundi Town Centre functions as a local (full service) activity centre meeting the local convenience needs of the local community and surrounding rural and rural residential areas and visitors to the area, and provides a focus for small scale retail, commercial and community activity.
 - (g) Whilst the business functions of Eumundi Town Centre may expand and be enhanced, the centre remains compact with any expansion limited to land included within the Local centre zone. Residents and visitors continue to rely upon larger centres such as Noosaville or Cooroy to fulfil higher order business and industry needs. Development for a *supermarket* does not result in more than one *supermarket* establishing within the local plan area or the size of the *supermarket* exceeding 1,000m² *gross leasable floor area*.
 - (h) The “country town” feel, traditional built form, heritage and *streetscape* character of the Eumundi Town Centre is retained and reinforced, with Memorial Drive enhanced as a wide, attractive and pedestrian friendly main street providing a focus for business uses and tourists. Development within the Local centre zone addresses the street and complements the traditional *streetscape* and building form.
 - (i) *Markets*, while an important local economic activity, do not physically or economically dominate the town or unduly influence the character of the town.
 - (j) Development in the Low density residential zone, including road and lot layouts and *streetscape*, reflects traditional rural town residential qualities such as low rise detached housing on large lots, open *streetscape* and mature street trees.

Note—land in the Low density residential zone at 21 Caplick Way, Eumundi (Lot 209 CG1888), is recognised as being potentially suitable for a *retirement facility* subject to adequate resolution of site constraints.
 - (k) Development in the Medium density residential zone:-
 - (i) provides for a range of housing choices located with convenient access to the Eumundi Town Centre, public transport, parkland and community facilities;
 - (ii) provides for the preservation and adaptive re-use of locally significant historical buildings, where relevant;
 - (iii) provides good pedestrian and cycle connectivity to the town centre;

- (iv) contributes to a high level of residential amenity and design quality consistent with the traditional rural character of Eumundi, the scale and character of the *streetscape* and surrounding development; and
 - (v) provides for building form which reflects the traditional Queensland style.
- (l) Development provides appropriate landscape buffering to the Bruce Highway and Eumundi-Noosa Road in order to effectively visually screen built form elements and maintain the visual amenity of these roads as scenic routes.
- (m) Development in the local plan area is supported by a network of open space to meet the needs of the local community and facilitates safe and convenient pedestrian and cycle connections between and around key destinations within the local plan area.

7.2.10.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 7.2.10.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

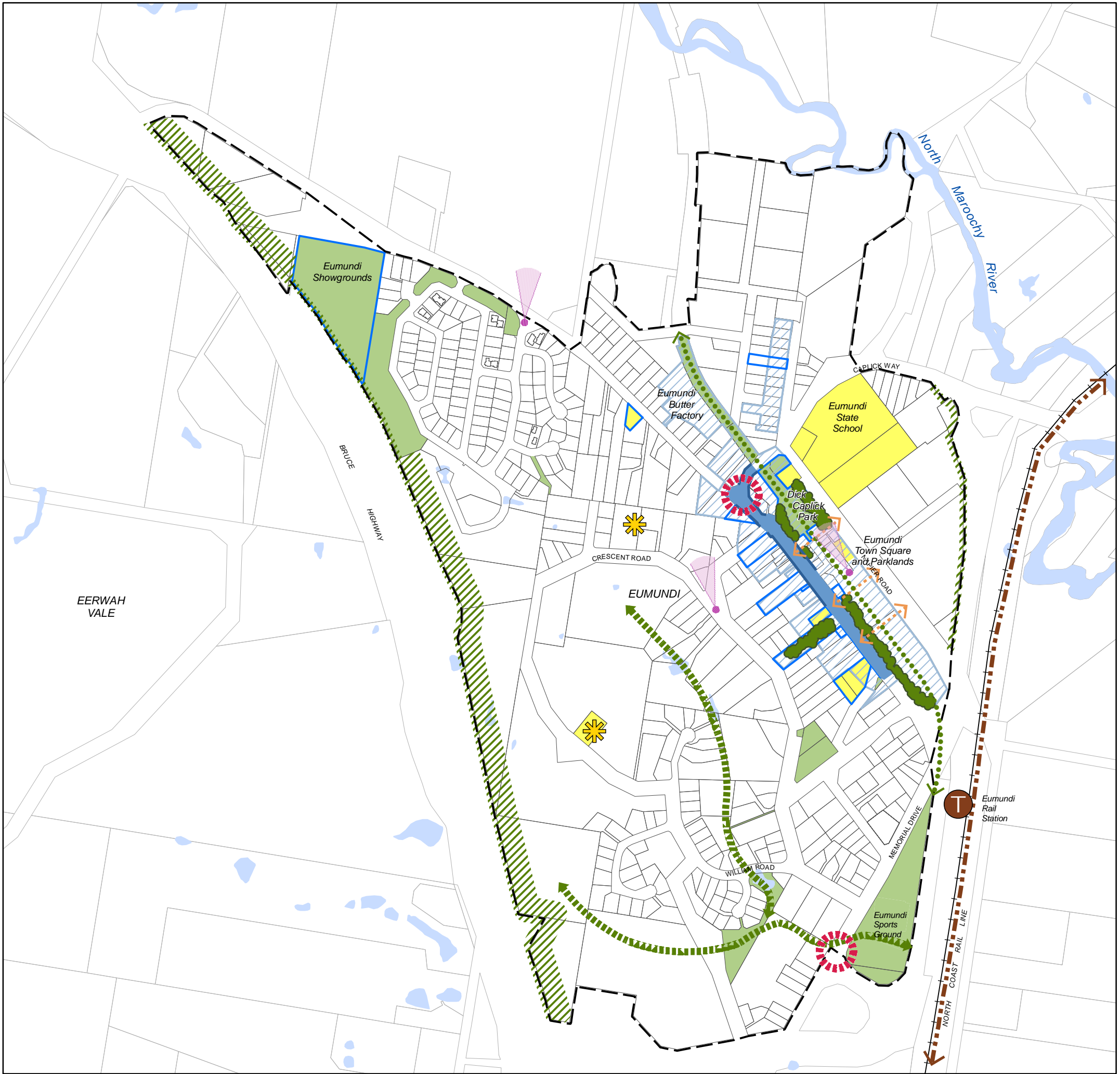
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Eumundi Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that is consistent with and reflects the traditional rural town architectural character of Eumundi in terms of scale, siting, form, composition and use of materials.	AO1.1	Development provides for the retention and/or adaptive re-use, with limited modification, of buildings which have cultural heritage or local character significance. Editor's Note – Section 8.2.9 (Heritage and character areas overlay code) sets out requirements for development on or in proximity to <i>local heritage places</i> and in <i>character areas</i> .
		AO1.2	Buildings and structures incorporate traditional external building materials, such as timber cladding and corrugated iron roofs.
		AO1.3	Roof forms use simple, traditional Queensland style roof designs including gable, hip, pitched or multiple gable roof forms.
PO2	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements including historical landmarks, significant views and vistas, existing character trees and areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the setting, character and sense of place of the Eumundi local plan area.	AO2.1	Development provides for the retention of old stone retaining walls, historical landmarks, memorials and monuments.
		AO2.2	Development protects and emphasises and does not intrude upon the important views to Mount Eerwah and Cooroy Mountain and other views to surrounding rural and natural areas as identified on Figure 7.2.10A (Eumundi local plan elements) .
		AO2.3	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature trees and character <i>vegetation</i> that contributes to the <i>streetscape</i> character and vegetated backdrop to the town including:- (a) the camphor laurel and fig trees along Memorial Drive; and (b) other character <i>vegetation</i> where identified on Figure 7.2.10A (Eumundi local plan elements) . Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.
PO3	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> and gateways to reflect and enhance the sense of entry to, and the rural town character of, Eumundi.	AO3.1	Development adjacent to a primary streetscape treatment area or gateway/entry point identified on Figure 7.2.10A (Eumundi local plan elements) incorporates architectural and landscape treatments and other design elements which enhance the sense of arrival to, and the rural village character of, Eumundi.
		AO3.2	Development enhances the visual appeal and sense of arrival into the town by planting street trees along Memorial Drive and Eumundi-Noosa Road.
		AO3.3	Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design. Note— Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes. Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area. Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.
PO4	Development preserves the green buffer on the eastern side of the main street (Memorial Drive) and facilitates the provision of a linked system of open space and community facilities connecting the sports grounds and show grounds, the Eumundi Town Square and Parklands, the old rail corridor north of the town centre, the Butter Factory and the wider Sunshine Coast open space system.	AO4.1	Development protects and enhances the greenspace link where identified on Figure 7.2.10A (Eumundi local plan elements) .
		AO4.2	Development supports the clustering of community and open space recreation uses at the Eumundi Town Square and Parklands identified on the Figure 7.2.10A (Eumundi local plan elements) .
PO5	Development improves local connectivity by providing improved through block pedestrian and cycle connections in particular between Memorial Drive and Napier Street.	AO5	Development provides for through block pedestrian and cycle links where identified on Figure 7.2.10A (Eumundi local plan elements) .
PO6	Development provides for the reuse of the old rail corridor north of the town centre as <i>public open space</i> and a pedestrian/cycle link to and from the Butter Factory site.	AO6	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO7	Development retains the existing road pattern for entering and leaving Eumundi's main street, especially the curved northern end of Memorial Drive and the sharp curve of the road at the southern end.	AO7	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO8	Development for a <i>food and drink outlet</i> does not:- (a) provide for the establishment of a <i>high volume convenience</i>	AO8	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p><i>restaurant</i>, or</p> <p>(b) incorporate a <i>drive-through facility</i>.</p>		
Development for Markets in Eumundi			
PO9	Development provides for <i>market</i> activity to be limited to areas specifically intended to accommodate <i>markets</i> .	AO9	Development provides for any further <i>market</i> activity to be located only in the Eumundi Town Square and Parklands and/or on Lot 402 CG312 (corner of Napier Road and Albert Street).
PO10	<p>Development provides for <i>market</i> activity to:-</p> <p>(a) minimise economic impact on existing permanent businesses in the town;</p> <p>(b) maintain the character of the town including the conservation of heritage and townscape values within Eumundi Town Square and Parklands;</p> <p>(c) provide benefits to the local community including opportunities for local employment;</p> <p>(d) ensure a majority of goods sold are produced locally; and</p> <p>(e) adequately address parking and traffic issues.</p>	AO10	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Local Centre Zone Generally			
PO11	<p>Development in the Local centre zone provides for small scale uses and mixed uses that:-</p> <p>(a) support Eumundi's role and function as a local (full service) activity centre; and</p> <p>(b) provide a wide range of convenience goods and services, including small scale tourist services to residents and visitors.</p>	AO11	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO12	<p>Development does not result in any of the following:-</p> <p>(a) the establishment of more than 1 <i>supermarket</i> in Eumundi; and</p> <p>(b) the total <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of the <i>supermarket</i> exceeding 1,000m².</p>	AO12	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO13	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> <p>(a) is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of Eumundi;</p> <p>(b) addresses the street;</p> <p>(c) complements the traditional built form and <i>streetscape</i>;</p> <p>(d) creates vibrant and active streets and public spaces;</p> <p>(e) provides continuous weather protection for pedestrians;</p> <p>(f) uses traditional building materials; and</p> <p>(g) provides integrated and functional parking and access arrangements that do not dominate the street.</p>	AO13	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> <p>(a) provides for Memorial Drive to be maintained as a wide, attractive and pedestrian friendly main street;</p> <p>(b) provides a fine scale built form with narrow building frontages;</p> <p>(c) provides for buildings which close the vista at the northern end of the main street;</p> <p>(d) respects the layout, scale (including height and <i>setback</i>) and character of development on adjoining sites;</p> <p>(e) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i>, built to the front boundary, where identified on Figure 7.2.10A (Eumundi local plan elements);</p> <p>(f) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous cantilevered awnings and/or light verandah structures with non-load bearing</p>

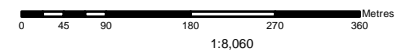
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>posts over footpath areas in conjunction with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside;</p> <p>(g) provides for a mixture of original lowset timber framed buildings and compatible new buildings;</p> <p>(h) has simple, traditional Queensland style roof designs, such as hipped or gabled, and parapets facing the street;</p> <p>(i) has building openings overlooking the street, with the main entrance visually emphasised in the centre of the ground floor facade;</p> <p>(j) provides detailing and articulation for horizontal emphasis including awnings, parapet walls and first floor balconies;</p> <p>(k) uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials;</p> <p>(l) ensures that signage is integrated with the building;</p> <p>(m) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating, public art and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths; and</p> <p>(n) retains on street parking and provides on-site car parking at the rear or to one side of the development.</p>
PO14	Development provides for buildings on corner sites to be designed as focal points and contribute to defining the street intersection, including use of interesting or decorative features or building elements.	AO14	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO15	Reconfiguring a lot in the Local centre zone:- (a) maintains the character of Eumundi Town Centre; and (b) does not result in the alienation of centre zoned land.	AO15.1 AO15.2	Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Local centre zone provides for lots which are a minimum of 600m ² in area. Development in the Local centre zone does not result in the creation of <i>rear lots</i> .
Development in the Medium Density Residential Zone Generally			
PO16	Development in the Medium density residential zone:- (a) provides for the establishment of a range of housing types compatible with a rural town setting; (b) is of a domestic scale that does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i> or detract from the visual amenity of adjoining properties; (c) provides for building form which reflects the traditional Queensland style with the use of timber, pitched roofs, verandahs and subdued colours; (d) contributes positively to local <i>streetscape</i> character; and (e) provides for generous open space to be maintained between buildings to preserve a predominantly open feel.	AO16	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
PO17	Development in the Medium density residential zone provides for buildings and structures that take the form of small separate buildings rather than large single bulky developments.	AO17	Development provides for buildings that have no more than 4 attached <i>dwelling</i> s.
Development in Precinct EUM LPP-1 (Eumundi Butter Factory)			
PO18	Development in Precinct EUM LPP-1 (Eumundi Butter Factory) identified on Local Plan Map LPM3 :- (a) where located on the site of the old Butter Factory, provides for buildings, structures and landscaping which respond to and interpret the history of the site, including the preservation and adaptive re-use of the existing Butter Factory building; (b) provides for the re-use of the old rail corridor north of the town centre as <i>public open space</i> and an attractive pedestrian and cycle link to the town centre and parklands; (c) provides for buildings which are designed to address and optimise casual surveillance to parkland and pedestrian links within the old rail line corridor; (d) maintains the visual continuity and pattern of buildings and landscape elements along Memorial Drive including the retention of detached traditional style housing fronting Memorial Drive; and (e) provides safe and efficient vehicular access.	AO18	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Low Density Residential Zone			
PO19	Development in the Low density residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of Eumundi.	AO19	Development in the Low density residential zone provides for lots which are a minimum of 700m ² in area.
PO20	Development on land adjacent to the Bruce Highway preserves, and where necessary enhances, existing <i>vegetation</i> adjacent to the highway in order to:- (a) visually screen built form elements and maintain the visual amenity of the highway as a scenic route; (b) maintain a vegetated backdrop to development; and (c) assist in providing appropriate acoustic attenuation for development.	AO20	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO21	Development on land adjacent to Eumundi-Noosa Road incorporates a <i>landscape buffer</i> to visually screen and soften built form elements and maintain and enhance the visual amenity of the road as a scenic route.	AO21	Development provides a minimum 10 metre wide densely vegetated <i>landscape buffer</i> along the Eumundi-Noosa Road <i>frontage</i> where identified on Figure 7.2.10A (Eumundi local plan elements) .



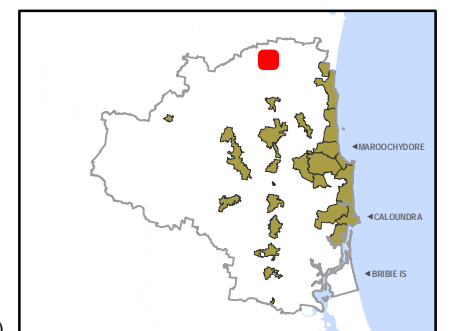
LEGEND

- Local Plan Area Boundary
- Waterway^{Note 1}
- Primary Active Street Frontage
- Primary Streetscape Treatment Area
- Local Ecological Linkage
- Greenspace^{Note 1}
- Community Activity/Facility^{Note 1}
- Greenspace Link
- Character Vegetation
- Landscape Buffer
- Gateway/Entry Point
- Significant View
- Heritage Place^{Note 2}
- Character Area^{Note 2}
- Mountain or Hill
- Through Block Pedestrian/Cycle Linkage
- Dedicated Public Transport Corridor
- Transit Hub



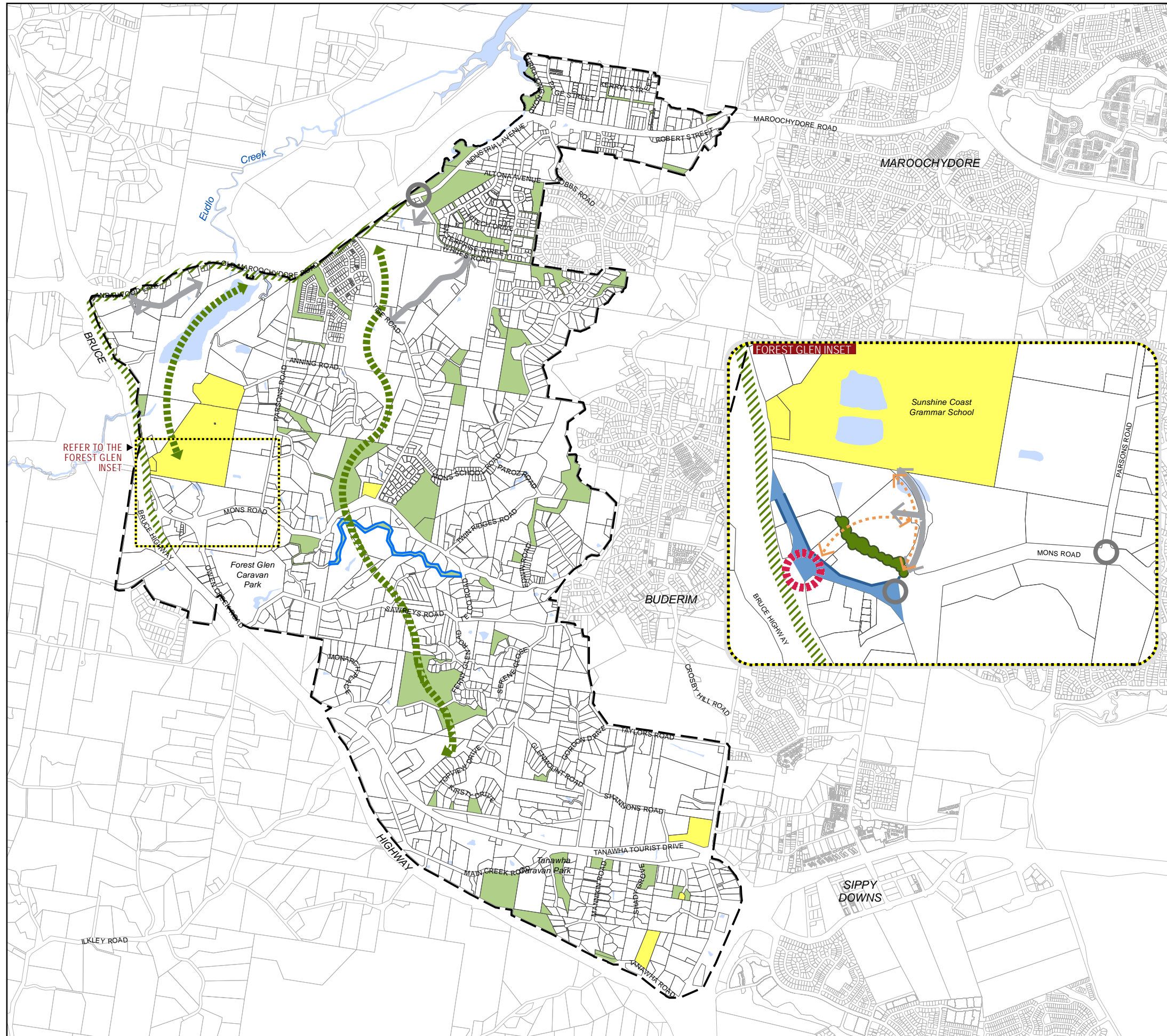
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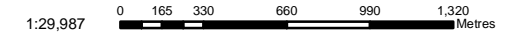
Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).

Figure 7.2.10A (Eumundi Local Plan Elements)



- LEGEND**
- Local Plan Area Boundary
 - Waterway^{Note 1}
 - Primary Active Street Frontage
 - Primary Streetscape Treatment Area
 - Local Ecological Linkage
 - Greenspace^{Note 1}
 - Community Activity/Facility^{Note 1}
 - Character Vegetation
 - Landscape Buffer
 - Gateway/Entry Point
 - Heritage Place^{Note 2}
 - Through Block Pedestrian/Cycle Linkage
 - Indicative Road Linkage/Access Point
 - Intersection Upgrade

Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
 Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).



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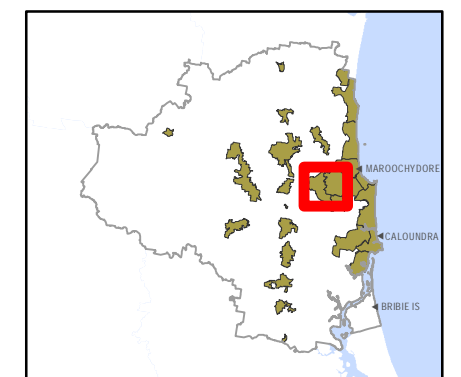


Figure 7.2.11A (Forest Glen/Kunda Park /Tanawha Local Plan Elements)

7.2.12 Glass House Mountains local plan code

7.2.12.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) within the Glass House Mountains local plan area as shown on Map ZM50 contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Glass House Mountains local plan code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) The following provisions of the code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development:-
 - (a) **section 7.2.12.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)**;
 - (b) **Table 7.2.12.4.1 (Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development)**; and
 - (c) **Figure 7.2.12A (Glass House Mountains local plan elements)**.

7.2.12.2 Context and setting

This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Glass House Mountains local plan code.

The Glass House Mountains local plan area is located in the southern part of the Sunshine Coast on the North Coast Rail Line between Beerwah and Beerburrum. The local plan area includes the Glass House Mountains town centre and surrounding residential and rural residential areas and has a land area of approximately 474 hectares.

The local plan area is surrounded by a picturesque rural and natural landscape dominated by the National heritage listed Glass House Mountains and surrounding rural land used largely for crop farming and forestry. The landform of the local plan area is gently undulating. It is contained within the catchment of Coonowrin Creek, which traverses the local plan area in a south-west, north-east direction. Coonowrin Creek flows to the Pumicestone Passage and is subject to periodic local flooding.

The Glass House Mountains town centre, focused on Bruce Parade, Reed Street and the railway station, provides a range of convenience goods and services to meet the daily needs of the local community and visitors, including some service industry uses. A number of community facilities are located within the local plan area including a State primary school, neighbourhood centre, community hall, visitor and interpretive centre and sportsgrounds. Tourism opportunities within the local plan area are enhanced by its proximity to the Glass House Mountains National Park.

The residential areas within the local plan area are characterised by dwelling houses on large urban and rural residential size lots. Further opportunities for urban residential development are available to the south of Fullertons Road and Coonowrin Road.

Steve Irwin Way is the principal road link providing access to the town of Glass House Mountains and is subject to planned realignment and upgrade. Other major road links within the local plan area include Railway Parade, Coonowrin Road and Sahara Road. Coonowrin Road and Steve Irwin Way are identified haulage routes with heavy vehicles carrying extractive material frequently travelling these routes.

The Glass House Mountains railway station, located at the end of Reed Street, is of local heritage significance and functions as a commuter transfer station, providing park and ride facilities. The rail line between Beerburrum and Landsborough is planned to be subject to duplication, including upgrading of the Glass House Mountains railway station.

The Glass House Mountains Community Hall is also a local heritage place.

Urban zoned land within the local plan area is connected, or has the ability to be connected, to reticulated water and sewerage. Reticulated water is also available to rural residential areas within the local plan area.

7.2.12.3 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Glass House Mountains local plan code is to provide locally relevant planning provisions for the assessment of development within the Glass House Mountains local plan area.
- (2) The purpose of the Glass House Mountains local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) Glass House Mountains remains a small rural town with a heritage character, primarily servicing the local community and visitors to the area. Some expansion of local business and residential areas is provided for.
 - (b) Urban and rural residential development in the Glass House Mountains local plan area is limited to land within the urban and rural residential growth management boundaries respectively so as to protect and reinforce the character and identity of Glass House Mountains Township, provide for the efficient provision of *infrastructure* and services, avoid constrained land and environmentally significant areas and protect the character and productivity of surrounding rural land.
 - (c) Development retains the key landscape and built form elements that contribute to the setting, character and identity of the Glass House Mountains local plan area as a rural town with a strong sense of place and associations with the past.
 - (d) Development is designed and sited to protect significant environmental areas and significant views either to or from important landscape features, including Mount Ngungun and Mount Tibrogargan, and to reflect the physical characteristics and constraints of the land including avoiding flood prone areas and providing appropriate buffers to watercourses and rural uses.
 - (e) The Glass House Mountains Town Centre functions as a local (full service) activity centre providing a range of convenience goods and services to residents of the local plan area and surrounding rural and rural residential areas and visitors to the area, and provides a focus for small scale retail, commercial and community activity.
 - (f) Whilst the business functions of the Glass House Mountains Town Centre may expand and be enhanced, the centre remains compact with any expansion limited to land included within the Local centre zone. Residents of Glass House Mountains continue to rely upon larger centres such as Beerwah or Caloundra to fulfil higher order business and industry needs.
 - (g) Development provides for centre activities to be consolidated in the Local centre zone on the eastern side of the rail line, with the Local centre zone on the western side of the rail line retaining a service role supporting the main town centre and providing local convenience goods and services, complementary *service industries* and medium density residential development.
 - (h) The traditional built form and *streetscape* character of the Glass House Mountains Town Centre is retained and reinforced with Bruce Parade and Reed Street enhanced as wide, attractive and pedestrian friendly main streets. Development in the Local centre zone addresses the street and complements the traditional *streetscape* and building form.
 - (i) Development in the Medium density residential zone provides for the establishment of a range of medium density housing which contributes to a high level of residential amenity and design quality consistent with the rural character of the local plan area, the scale and character of the *streetscape* and surrounding development.
 - (j) Development in the Low density residential zone and Rural residential zone, including road and lot layouts and *streetscape*, reflects traditional rural town residential qualities such as low rise detached housing on large lots, open *streetscape* and mature street trees.
 - (k) Residential expansion areas in the Low density residential zone at the northern extent of the local plan area provide for large residential lot sizes and a corresponding dwelling mix comprising predominantly single *household* detached housing, which is sympathetic to the character of adjacent residential areas and which provides an appropriate transition to surrounding rural and rural residential areas.
 - (l) Development provides appropriate landscape buffering to Steve Irwin Way in order to effectively visually screen built form elements and maintain the visual amenity of this road as a scenic route.

- (m) Development in the local plan area is supported by a network of open space to meet the needs of the local community and facilitates safe and convenient pedestrian and cycle connections between and around key destinations within the local plan area.

7.2.12.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 7.2.12.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Glass House Mountains Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that is consistent with and reflects the traditional rural town architectural character of Glass House Mountains local plan area in terms of form, composition and use of materials.	AO1.1	Development provides for the retention and/or adaptive re-use, with limited modification, of buildings which have cultural heritage or local historic significance. Editor's Note— Section 8.2.9 (Heritage and character areas overlay code) sets out requirements for development on or in proximity to <i>local heritage places</i> and in <i>character areas</i> .
		AO1.2	Where buildings of cultural heritage or local historic significance cannot be retained due to <i>infrastructure</i> upgrades, (i.e. the Neighbourhood Centre in Ryan Street, Community Hall in Coonowrin Road, and the Glasshouse Country RSL building and Lutheran Church in Reed Street), they are relocated to the community hub along Ryan Street.
		AO1.3	Buildings and structures incorporate traditional external building materials, such as timber cladding and corrugated iron roofs.
		AO1.4	Development uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials.
		AO1.5	Roof forms use simple, traditional Queensland style roof designs including gable, hip, pitched or multiple gable roof forms.
PO2	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements including historical landmarks, significant views and vistas, existing character trees and areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the setting, character and sense of place of the Glass House Mountains local plan area.	AO2.1	Development provides for the retention of historical landmarks, memorials and monuments.
		AO2.2	Development protects and emphasises, and does not intrude upon, the important views to Mount Tibrogargan and Mount Ngungun, particularly from the town centre, and other views to surrounding rural and natural areas as identified on Figure 7.2.12A (Glass House Mountains local plan elements) .
		AO2.3	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature trees and character <i>vegetation</i> that contributes to the <i>streetscape</i> character and vegetated backdrop to the Glass House Mountains local plan area including:-

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>(a) mature Mango, African Tulip, Poinciana, Jacaranda, Coral, Tibouchina and Frangapani trees within the town centre;</p> <p>(b) the memorial Camphor Laurel on the corner of Reed Street and Bishop Street;</p> <p>(c) Ivory Curl Flower, Yellow Poinciana and Flindersia street trees and parkland trees;</p> <p>(d) stands of Eucalyptus trees adjacent to the Neighbourhood Centre, Uniting Park and the railway station car park;</p> <p>(e) <i>vegetation</i> along Bruce Parade;</p> <p>(f) bushland along the Local centre zone boundaries;</p> <p>(g) remnant <i>vegetation</i> along Coonowrin Creek and tributaries; and</p> <p>(h) other character <i>vegetation</i> where identified on Figure 7.2.12A (Glass House Mountains local plan elements).</p> <p>Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.</p>
PO3	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> and gateways to enhance the sense of entry and the rural town character of Glass House Mountains local plan area.	AO3.1	Development adjacent to a primary streetscape treatment area or gateway/entry point identified on Figure 7.2.12A (Glass House Mountains local plan elements) incorporates architectural and landscape treatments and other design elements which enhance the sense of arrival to, and the rural town character of, Glass House Mountains, and emphasise corner locations.
		AO3.2	Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design.
			Note – Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes.
			Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.
			Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.
PO4	Development on land adjacent to Steve Irwin Way incorporates a dense <i>landscape buffer</i> to visually screen and soften built form elements and maintain and enhance the visual amenity of the road as a scenic route.	AO4	Development provides a minimum 10 metre wide densely vegetated <i>landscape buffer</i> along Steve Irwin Way.
			Editor's Note— Section 8.2.12 (Scenic amenity overlay code) sets out additional requirements in relation to development on scenic routes.
PO5	Development on land with frontage to Coonowrin Creek, or on land otherwise identified as a local ecological linkage	AO5	No acceptable outcome provided.
			Editor's Note— Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity,

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	on Figure 7.2.12A (Glass House Mountains local plan elements) , facilitates the provision of the local ecological linkage.		waterways and wetlands overlay code) sets out requirements for the provision of ecological linkages.
PO6	Development for a <i>food and drink outlet</i> does not:- (a) provide for the establishment of a <i>high volume convenience restaurant</i> ; or (b) incorporate a <i>drive-through facility</i> .	AO6	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Local Centre Zone			
PO7	Development in the Local centre zone provides for small scale uses and mixed uses that:- (a) support Glass House Mountains Township's role and function as a local (full service) activity centre; and (b) provide a wide range of convenience goods and services to residents and visitors.	AO7	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO8	Development in the Local centre zone provides for:- (a) that part of the Glass House Mountains Town Centre located on the eastern side of the rail line to be retained as the primary focus for centre activities; and (b) that part of the Glass House Mountains Town Centre located on the western side of the rail line to function as a mixed use area, with a service role supporting the main town centre and providing local convenience goods and services, complementary <i>service industries</i> and medium density residential development.	AO8	Development for a <i>supermarket, shopping centre</i> or for business uses (other than for the purposes of an <i>agricultural supplies store, garden centre</i> or <i>service industry</i>) with a total <i>gross leasable floor area</i> exceeding 1,000m ² occurs in the Local centre zone on the eastern side of the railway.
PO9	Development in the Local centre zone:- (a) is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of Glass House Mountains Township; (b) addresses the street; (c) creates vibrant and active streets and public spaces; (d) provides continuous weather protection for pedestrians; (e) complements the traditional built form and <i>streetscape</i> ; and (f) uses traditional building materials.	AO9	Development in the Local centre zone:- (a) provides for Bruce Parade and Reed Street to be maintained as wide, attractive and pedestrian friendly main streets; (b) respects the layout, scale (including height and <i>setback</i>) and character of development on adjoining sites; (c) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i> , built to the front boundary where identified on Figure 7.2.12A (Glass House Mountains local plan elements) ; (d) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous cantilevered awnings and/or light verandah structures with non-load bearing posts over footpath areas in conjunction with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside; (e) has simple, traditional Queensland style roof designs, such as hipped or gabled, and parapets facing the street; (f) has building openings overlooking the street, with the main entrance

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>visually emphasised in the centre of the ground floor facade;</p> <p>(g) uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials;</p> <p>(h) ensures that signage is integrated with the building;</p> <p>(i) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating, public art and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths; and</p> <p>(j) where involving an industrial use, provides for larger access doors (e.g. roller doors) to be located side on or, where facing the street, set back at least 6 metres.</p>
PO10	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> <p>(a) provides safe and convenient access which respects the road hierarchy and protects the safety and efficiency of Steve Irwin Way; and</p> <p>(b) provides integrated and functional parking and access arrangements that do not dominate the street.</p>	<p>AO10.1</p> <p>AO10.2</p> <p>AO10.3</p>	<p>Development does not gain access from Steve Irwin Way.</p> <p>Development provides for shared car parking and access arrangements between sites.</p> <p>Development provides on-site car parking at the rear or to one side of the development</p>
Development in the Medium Density Residential Zone			
PO11	<p>Development in the Medium density residential zone:-</p> <p>(a) provides for the establishment of medium density housing compatible with a rural town setting;</p> <p>(b) provides good pedestrian and cycle connectivity to the town centre;</p> <p>(c) avoids flood prone land, protects native <i>vegetation</i> areas and provides appropriate riparian buffers to Coonowrin Creek;</p> <p>(d) is of a domestic scale that does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i> or detract from the visual amenity of adjoining properties;</p> <p>(e) provides for building form which reflects the traditional Queensland style with the use of timber, pitched roofs, verandahs and subdued colours;</p> <p>(f) contributes positively to local <i>streetscape</i> character;</p> <p>(g) provides for generous open space to be maintained between buildings to preserve a predominantly open feel; and</p> <p>(h) provides for on-site car parking to be located at the rear of buildings and separated into discrete areas so that it does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i>.</p>	AO11	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO12	Development in the Medium density residential zone provides for buildings and structures that take the form of small separate buildings rather than large single bulky developments.	AO12	Development provides for buildings that have no more than 4 attached <i>dwelling</i> s.
Development in the Low Density Residential Zone and Rural Residential Zone			
PO13	Reconfiguring a lot in the Rural	AO13.1	Development in the Rural residential zone

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that:- (a) is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of Glass House Mountains local plan area; and (b) provides for the safe and effective treatment and disposal of effluent on-site where applicable.	AO13.2 AO13.3	provides for lots which are a minimum of 2,500m ² in area, or larger where required to provide for adequate on-site effluent disposal. Development provides for a street layout and configuration of lots that respects the existing open <i>streetscape</i> and provides for a linear street alignment that aligns with existing streets including where identified on Figure 7.2.12A (Glass House Mountains local plan elements) . Development provides for subdivision design and landscaping which softens the visual impact of development, particularly when viewed from the town's main approach roads.
PO14	Reconfiguring a lot within the Low density residential zone and Rural residential zone:- (a) provides for an interconnected system of local roads, pedestrian, cycle and open space links with adjoining land; (b) avoids flood prone land; (c) protects native <i>vegetation</i> areas and provides appropriate riparian buffers to Coonowrin Creek and tributaries; and (d) provides an open feel and transition between the township and adjoining rural areas.	AO14	Reconfiguring a lot:- (a) incorporates an interconnected internal road system, pedestrian, cycle and open space links including where identified Figure 7.2.12A (Glass House Mountains local plan elements) ; (b) avoids land subject to flooding and drainage constraints; (c) protects native <i>vegetation</i> and dedicates land for ecological purposes along <i>waterways</i> , where identified as a local ecological linkage on Figure 7.2.12A (Glass House Mountains local plan elements) , that links to existing land in the Open space zone or Environmental management and conservation zone; and (d) provides for larger lot sizes adjoining land in the Rural zone or Rural residential zone.
PO15	Development provides for an appropriate separation distance from nearby intensive animal industries (poultry).	AO15	A minimum separation distance of 500m is provided from an existing or approved poultry shed to the nearest boundary of a residential lot.
Additional Performance Outcomes and Acceptable Outcomes for Development in the Low Density Residential Zone North of Buzaki Road and Beanland Drive			
PO16	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone north of Buzaki Road and Beanland Drive provides for large lot sizes, and a configuration of lots, which:- (a) is sympathetic to the character of adjacent residential areas; (b) appropriately transitions to the adjacent and surrounding rural and rural residential areas; (c) are used predominantly for single <i>household</i> detached housing; and (d) optimises view corridors to the Glass House Mountains from public roads and open space.	AO16	<i>In partial fulfillment of Performance Outcome PO16:-</i> Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone north of Buzaki Road and Beanland Drive provides for:- (a) a minimum lot size of 700m ² , and an average lot size of at least 900m ² ; and (b) any lots intended for a <i>dual occupancy</i> or <i>secondary dwelling</i> , to be nominated on a plan of development, with the lots nominated for these dwellings to not exceed 5% and 20% of total lots, respectively.
PO17	Development in the Low density residential zone north of Buzaki Road and Beanland Drive may, in part, provide for a retirement facility and/or a residential care facility where the facility	AO17	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>is:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) a small scale, well-designed integrated facility; (b) located towards the southern extent of the area; and (c) accommodated as a part of an overall design which provides for predominantly low density residential lots across the remainder of the area. 		



LEGEND

- Local Plan Area Boundary
- Waterway^{Note 1}
- Primary Active Street Frontage
- Primary Streetscape Treatment Area
- Local Ecological Linkage
- Greenspace^{Note 1}
- Community Activity/Facility^{Note 1}
- Landscape Buffer
- Character Vegetation
- Gateway/Entry Point
- Mountain or Hill
- Significant View
- Heritage Place^{Note 2}
- Dedicated Public Transport Corridor
- Transit Hub
- Indicative Road Linkage/Access Point
- Proposed Rail Corridor Upgrade

Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
 Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).

1:15,060 0 95 190 380 570 760 Metres

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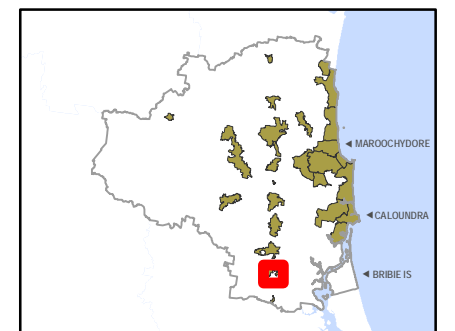


Figure 7.2.12A (Glass House Mountains Local Plan Elements)



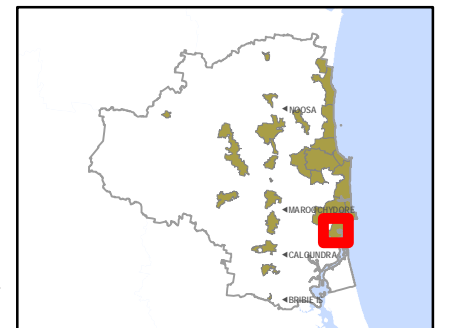
LEGEND

- Local Plan Area Boundary
- Waterway^{Note 1}
- Primary Active Street Frontage
- Primary Streetscape Treatment Area
- Local Ecological Linkage
- Greenspace^{Note 1}
- Community Activity/Facility^{Note 1}
- Greenspace Link
- Gateway/Entry Point
- Heritage Place^{Note 2}
- Significant View
- Key Pedestrian/Cycle Linkage
- Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS)
- Coastal Path^{Note 3}
- Indicative Road Linkage/Access Point
- Future Transit Hub
- Indicative Local Bus Route
- Indicative Local Road Network
- Civic Area
- Town Square
- District Recreation Park
- Local Recreation Park
- Focal Tower Not Exceeding 30 Metres Building Height
- Caloundra South Priority Development Area (subject to the Economic Development Act 2012)

0 120 240 480 720 960 Metres
1:20,000

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Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).
Note 3: Indicative alignment, subject to further investigation in some areas.

Figure 7.2.13A (Golden Beach/Pelican Waters Local Plan Elements)

7.2.14 Kawana Waters local plan code

7.2.14.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) within the Kawana Waters local plan area as shown on Map ZM35 contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Kawana Waters local plan code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) The following provisions of the code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development:-
 - (a) **section 7.2.14.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)**;
 - (b) **Table 7.2.14.4.1 (Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development)**; and
 - (c) **Figure 7.2.14A (Kawana Waters local plan elements)**.

7.2.14.2 Context and setting

This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Kawana Waters local plan code.

The Kawana Waters local plan area is located in the south eastern part of the Sunshine Coast and includes the coastal urban communities of Kawana Waters, including the established beachside neighbourhoods of Buddina, Minyama, Warana, Wurtulla, Bokarina and Parrearra, that part of Mountain Creek south of the Sunshine Motorway including the community of Hideaway Waters, and the emerging community of Brightwater.

The local plan area also includes Kawana Shoppingworld and the strip commercial and showroom area that extends along a significant length of the Nicklin Way. A number of small local business centres that provide local services to residents are located primarily at nodes along the Nicklin Way. An industrial area is located centrally in the local plan area providing industrial services and employment.

A significant part of the local plan area has, and continues to be, developed as part of the Kawana Waters master planned community (Kawana Waters Community Development Area), including the proposed Kawana Town Centre, Sunshine Coast University Hospital, the Homemaker Centre, the Kawana business village, the Bokarina Beach site and the newer residential areas of Kawana Island, Kawana Forest, Creekside, Birtinya and parts of Parrearra. It also includes Lake Kawana which contributes to the waterside setting of the area and includes a regionally significant rowing course. These areas are subject to Development Control Plan 1 Kawana Waters and do not form part of this local plan code. The local plan area has a land area of approximately 2,485 hectares.

The Kawana Waters local plan area is located on a low sand dune system and coastal floodplain within the Mooloolah River catchment. As a result, most of the local plan area is relatively flat and close to sea level. The landform and landscape of the local plan area have been altered over time, with much of the existing development based on canal systems linked to Mooloolah River and Currimundi Lake. The local plan area is framed by a picturesque natural setting including the Mooloolah River National Park and Birtinya Wetlands in the west, the Mooloolah River in the north, Currimundi Creek, Currimundi Lake and Kathleen McArthur Conservation Park in the south (a local heritage place) and Kawana Beach and the Pacific Ocean in the east.

Most of the local plan area is currently developed for residential housing or committed to development for residential housing. In existing developed areas, dwelling houses are the dominant housing form with dual occupancies and multi-unit accommodation also established in a number of locations. Emerging urban areas including Brightwater are planned as integrated communities accommodating a variety of housing types as well as local businesses and community facilities.

Significant community and sporting facilities within the local plan area include Sunshine Coast Stadium, Kawana Library and Community Centre, Bokarina and Buddina State Primary Schools, Kawana Waters State High School, Kawana Surf Club, Kawana Bowls Club and Lake Kawana Community Centre. Major

parks in the area include the Point Cartwright Lighthouse and Scenic Reserve, Jessica Park and La Balsa Park. The coastal foreshore area and coastal path provides an important continuous pedestrian, cycle and open space link from the mouth of the Mooloolah River to Currimundi Lake.

Principal roads in the local plan area include Nicklin Way, Kawana Way, Point Cartwright Drive, Oceanic Drive, Kawana Island Boulevard, Main Drive, Lake Kawana Boulevard and Creekside Boulevard. Nicklin Way is one of the Sunshine Coast's major north-south road connections and has a significant influence on the character and identity of the local plan area.

Several proposed transport corridors traverse the local plan area, including the Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS) linking the North Coast Rail Line at Beerwah to Maroochydore, the Sunshine Motorway extension linking Caloundra Road with the Sunshine Motorway, the CoastConnect Priority Public Transport and Bicycle Corridor along the Nicklin Way.

Urban zoned land within the local plan area is connected, or has the ability to be connected, to reticulated water and sewerage.

7.2.14.3 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Kawana Waters local plan code is to provide locally relevant planning provisions for the assessment of development within the Kawana Waters local plan area.
- (2) The purpose of the Kawana Waters local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) Kawana Waters is a diverse coastal urban area comprising a number of mature and emerging residential communities, supported by a proposed major regional activity centre at Kawana Town Centre and district activity centre in the vicinity of Kawana Shoppingworld, as well as the Sunshine Coast University Hospital, an industrial area and significant community, sport and recreation facilities.
 - (b) Opportunities for transit oriented development are maximised, particularly within and adjacent to the Kawana Town Centre (Kawana Waters Community Development Area) and at designated nodes along the CoastConnect Priority Public Transport Corridor in accordance with relevant zonings.
 - (c) Urban development in the Kawana Waters local plan area is limited to land within the urban growth management boundary so as to protect environmental areas and landscape values and provide for the efficient provision of *infrastructure* and services.
 - (d) Development in the District centre zone supports the role and function of the Kawana Shoppingworld and nearby business areas as a district activity centre providing retail, commercial, community, entertainment (other than a *theatre* being a cinema) and tourist uses predominantly servicing the needs of residents and visitors in the northern part of the local plan area. Development in the District centre zone provides for limited expansion of retail and commercial uses within the District centre zone in a manner which does not detract from the intended functioning of the planned major regional activity centre at Kawana Town Centre.
 - (e) In order to protect the intended functioning of the planned major regional activity centre at Kawana Town Centre and the *Sunshine Coast activity centre network*, development in the District centre zone:-
 - (i) provides for:-
 - (A) the total *gross leasable floor area* for retail and commercial uses to not exceed 40,000m² in Precinct KAW LPP-1 (South of Point Cartwright Drive); and
 - (B) the *gross leasable floor area* of any single retail tenancy to not exceed 1,000m² in Precinct KAW LPP-2 (North of Point Cartwright Drive); and
 - (ii) does not provide for the following higher order uses:-
 - (A) a *department store*;
 - (B) a *discount department store*; or
 - (C) a *theatre* (being cinemas).
 - (f) Development in the District centre zone in Precinct KAW LPP-1 (South of Point Cartwright Drive) in the vicinity of Kawana Shoppingworld provides for an integrated, high quality design which minimises building bulk and provides an attractive interface to Nicklin Way, Point

Cartwright Drive and adjoining residential areas. Development provides safe and efficient vehicular access and enhances pedestrian connectivity.

- (g) Development in the District centre zone in Precinct KAW LPP-2 (North of Point Cartwright Drive) provides for high quality *mixed use development* which enhances the amenity of the area and recognises the existing amenity of adjoining residential areas to the north and west. Development in this precinct provides an attractive and publicly accessible interface to Kawana Waters Canal and maintains public views to the waterway. Active or semi-active street *frontages* are provided at the ground *storey* to encourage movement and interaction between private development, the adjacent waterway and surrounding streets. Such development is supported by resident and visitor accommodation above the ground *storey*.
- (h) Development in the District centre zone in Precinct KAW LPP-3 (Nicklin Way North Minyama) provides for predominantly *office* and health related uses with limited retail uses in accordance with **Table 7.2.14.4.2 (Kawana Waters supplementary table of consistent uses and potentially consistent uses in the District centre zone)**. Development presents an attractive appearance to Kawana Waters Canal, adjoining residential areas and all road *frontages*, especially Nicklin Way.
- (i) Development in the Local centre zone supports the role and function of the local business areas, including those located at nodes along the Nicklin Way, and in Buddina, and Hideaway Waters, as local (not full service) activity centres servicing the basic convenience needs of residents and visitors. Development in the Local centre zone provides for the expansion and enhancement of business uses; however such development does not extend beyond the boundaries of this zone.
- (j) Development in the Specialised centre zone provides for improved and expanded comparison shopping functions predominantly in the form of *showrooms* and bulky goods retailing.
- (k) Development in the Specialised centre zone and Local centre zone provides for a high standard of building and landscape design quality which minimises building bulk, improves pedestrian connectivity, promotes community interaction and provides a high quality presentation to Nicklin Way and other local roads.
- (l) Development in Precinct KAW LPP-4 (Buddina Urban Village) provides for the creation of the Buddina Urban Village linking Kawana Shoppingworld to Kawana Waters Surf Lifesaving Club by a public pedestrian way and providing active *frontages* which encourage movement and interaction between the district activity centre and the adjacent foreshore areas. Development at this location provides for higher density residential accommodation in the form of permanent and visitor accommodation buildings and *multiple dwellings*. In response to the fragmented nature of existing land holdings, higher density residential development is sited within large, integrated development nodes.
- (m) Development in the Medium density residential zone:-
 - (i) provides for a range of housing choices located at nodes with convenient access to centres and/or local business areas, public transport and community facilities; and
 - (ii) contributes to a high level of residential amenity and design quality consistent with the scale and character of the *streetscape* and surrounding development.
- (n) Development in the Medium density residential zone at Nicklin Way, Warana and Regatta Boulevard, Wurtulla provides a high quality presentation to Nicklin Way and is designed to ensure the acoustic, visual and traffic impacts of Nicklin Way are minimised.

Note—Precinct KAW LPP-6 (Regatta Boulevard Wurtulla) is strategically located on the Nicklin Way transit corridor and is recognised as a potential key development area.
- (o) Brightwater continues to be developed as an integrated residential community. Development contributes to the establishment of a walkable, integrated residential community providing a mix of dwelling types supported by a local (full service) activity centre providing convenience shopping and local commercial uses, as well as a range of community facilities and large areas of open space.
- (p) Development in the Low density residential zone at Minyama Island maintains the low density character and amenity of this area by providing for any residential lot to be a minimum of 1,500m² in area.

- (q) Industrial development is contained in the Medium impact industry zone, which is progressively developed as a modern industrial estate. Development in this zone maintains a high standard of building and landscaping design and an attractive waterfront address to Parrearra Lake.
- (r) The *transport network* is progressively upgraded to meet the needs of the local plan area and to reduce traffic pressure on Nicklin Way. Development does not compromise the provision and operation of the proposed Sunshine Motorway extension, Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS) or the CoastConnect Priority Public Transport and Bicycle Corridor.
- (s) Development is designed and sited to protect and enhance the natural environmental and scenic values of the local plan area including *wetland*, dunal systems and riparian *vegetation* associated with major open space links along the coastal foreshore, Currimundi Creek, Mountain Creek and the Mooloolah River.
- (t) Development is supported by a network of open space to meet the needs of the local community and facilitates safe and convenient pedestrian and cycle connections between and around key destinations within the local plan area. The coastal foreshore area provides an important continuous pedestrian, cycle and open space link, from the mouth of the Mooloolah River to Currimundi Lake.

7.2.14.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 7.2.14.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Kawana Waters Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that are consistent with and reflect and enhance the coastal urban character of the Kawana Waters local plan area.	AO1.1	Development for a residential, business or community activity provides for building design which incorporates the following features:- (a) a mix of lightweight and textured external building materials, including timber finishes or masonry construction with variation provided in texture and detailing; (b) articulated, pitched, skillion or curved roof forms; (c) open or transparent balustrades; and (d) landscaping integrated into the building design.
		AO1.2	Development uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials.
		AO1.3	Development provides for existing mature trees to be retained and incorporated into the design of development.
PO2	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> and gateways to:- (a) enhance the sense of entry to, and the coastal urban character of, the Kawana Waters local plan area; (b) enhance the landscape and visual amenity of Nicklin Way to better define the boundaries of individual neighbourhoods; and (c) enhance the landscape and visual amenity of other <i>major roads</i> in the local plan area.	AO2.1	Development adjacent to a primary streetscape treatment area or gateway/entry point where identified on Figure 7.2.14A (Kawana Waters local plan elements) , or with <i>frontage</i> to Nicklin Way or Point Cartwright Drive:- (a) incorporates architectural and landscape treatments which enhance the sense of arrival to, and the coastal urban character of, the local plan area and emphasise corner locations; and (b) incorporates building materials such as varied roof forms, changes in materials and variations in projected and recessed elements and facades.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
		AO2.2	<p>Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes.</p> <p>Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.</p> <p>Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.</p>
PO3	<p>Development provides through block pedestrian linkages which:-</p> <p>(a) are located to reflect the desire lines of pedestrian movement between major points of attraction and public spaces;</p> <p>(b) provide a safe alternative to the street based pedestrian and cycle movement network; and</p> <p>(c) provide a comfortable pedestrian environment in terms of access, width, shelter, materials and function.</p>	AO3	<p>Development provides through block pedestrian linkages where identified on Figure 7.2.14A (Kawana Waters local plan elements).</p>
PO4	<p>Development provides for a continuous pedestrian and cycle link along the coastal foreshore from the mouth of the Mooloolah River to Currimundi Lake.</p>	AO4	<p>Development integrates with and extends the coastal path where identified on the Figure 7.2.14A (Kawana Waters local plan elements).</p>
PO5	<p>The major open space links and scenic qualities offered by the foreshore park and reserve system along the coastline, and <i>wetland</i> areas and remnant <i>vegetation</i> along Currimundi Creek, Currimundi Lake, Mountain Creek and the Mooloolah River, are protected and enhanced.</p>	<p>AO5.1</p> <p>AO5.2</p>	<p>Development protects and enhances the greenspace link where identified on the Figure 7.2.14A (Kawana Waters local plan elements).</p> <p>Development provides for the retention and enhancement of native <i>vegetation</i> adjacent to the foreshore, Currimundi Creek, Currimundi Lake, Mountain Creek and the Mooloolah River.</p>
PO6	<p>Development on land with frontage to the Mooloolah River and Currimundi Creek, or on land otherwise identified as a local ecological linkage on Figure 7.2.14A (Kawana Waters local plan elements), facilitates the provision of the local ecological linkage.</p>	AO6	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Editor's Note—Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity, waterways and wetlands overlay code) sets out requirements for the provision of ecological linkages.</p>
PO7	<p>Development does not compromise the future provision and operation of <i>transport networks</i> including:-</p> <p>(a) the Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS), linking the North Coast Rail Line at Beerwah to Caloundra, Kawana Waters and Maroochydore;</p> <p>(b) the Sunshine Motorway extension linking Caloundra Road with the Sunshine Motorway; and</p> <p>(c) the Maroochydore to Caloundra Priority Public transport and Bicycle corridor along the Nicklin Way.</p>	AO7	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the District Centre Zone Generally</i>			
PO8	Development in the District centre zone provides for small to medium scale uses and mixed uses that:- (a) support the role and function of the Kawana Shoppingworld and nearby business areas as a district activity centre; (b) provide a wide range of goods and services to residents and visitors; and (c) are of a nature and scale which does not compromise the intended role and function of the proposed Kawana Town Centre or the <i>Sunshine Coast activity centre network</i> generally.	AO8	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO9	Development in the District centre zone provides for:- (a) the total <i>gross leasable floor area</i> for retail and commercial uses to not exceed 40,000m ² in Precinct KAW LPP-1 (South of Point Cartwright Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM35 ; and (b) the maximum <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of any single retail tenancy to not exceed 1,000m ² in Precinct KAW LPP-2 (North of Point Cartwright Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM35 .	AO9	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO10	Development in the District centre zone does not provide for the following higher order uses:- (a) a <i>department store</i> ; (b) a <i>discount department store</i> (other than the one already existing at commencement of the planning scheme); or (c) a <i>theatre</i> (being cinemas).	AO10	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO11	Development in the District centre zone:- (a) improves the functional relationships that exist between different parts of the centre; (b) contributes to the creation of a contemporary coastal built form; (c) creates a coherent <i>streetscape</i> and vibrant and active streets and public spaces; and (d) provides continuous weather protection for pedestrians along active or semi-active street front areas.	AO11	Development in the District centre zone:- (a) creates a more pedestrian friendly internal and external street environment which effectively links the different parts of the centre; (b) reduces the dominance of signage elements along the Nicklin Way and Point Cartwright Drive site <i>frontages</i> ; (c) creates a more contemporary built form and landscape character that is compatible with a coastal urban setting; (d) provides for new or extended large floor plate retail uses to be sleeved and located behind smaller scale, fine grain built form elements; (e) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i> , built to boundary, where identified on Figure 7.2.14A (Kawana Waters local plan elements) ; (f) provides for any residential uses to be effectively integrated with business uses; (g) has building openings overlooking the street;

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (h) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous awnings and/or light verandah structures over footpath areas with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside; and (i) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths.
PO12	Development in the District centre zone provides functional and integrated car parking and vehicular access.	AO12	Shared car parking and access arrangements are provided between sites.
Development in the District Centre Zone in Precinct KAW LPP-1 (South of Point Cartwright Drive)			
PO13	<p>Development in the District centre zone in Precinct KAW LPP-1 (South of Point Cartwright Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM35 on Lot 2 SP202887 (Kawana Shoppingworld site):-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) occurs in an integrated manner in accordance with a master plan or approved plan of development; (b) is designed to exhibit a high standard of architectural design and minimises building bulk; (c) complements the amenity of adjoining uses and enhances the visual amenity along this section of Nicklin Way and Point Cartwright Drive; (d) provides safe and efficient means of ingress and egress designed to minimise any impact on traffic flow and pedestrian movements; (e) enhances pedestrian connectivity to surrounding areas including the foreshore; and (f) minimises visual and amenity impacts associated with above ground car parking structures and servicing areas. 	AO13	<p>Development in the District centre zone in Precinct KAW LPP-1 (South of Point Cartwright Drive) on Lot 2 SP202887 (Kawana Shoppingworld site):-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) provides for buildings to be identified on a master plan or approved plan of development; (b) provides safe and convenient vehicular and pedestrian movements across Point Cartwright Drive; (c) incorporates high quality architectural design and an attractive street front address; (d) incorporates high quality landscaping, pedestrian facilities, shade and public art; (e) incorporates variations in design between buildings, including bulk and facade articulation; (f) provides for loading docks and service areas to be located and screened so as to be visually unobtrusive from adjoining roads and public spaces; (g) provides for minimum front boundary <i>setbacks</i> for all buildings on the <i>site</i> (except as provided for in (m) below) as follows:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) 7 metres for that part of a building up to 13.5 metres in height; and (ii) 10 metres for that part of a building exceeding 13.5m in height; (h) provides that for part of a building exceeding 13.5 metres in height, usage is confined to residential uses; (i) enhances pedestrian connectivity between the <i>site</i> and surrounding areas including Kawana Library, Community Hall and the foreshore to the east, the Kawana Waters Canal and Hotel to the northwest and the major transit hub to the west; (j) avoids adverse overshadowing impacts to adjoining properties or public spaces; (k) provides underground electricity supply for the full <i>frontage</i> of the <i>site</i>; (l) has a <i>site</i> area exceeding 5,000m²; and (m) ensures above ground car parking

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			structures are <i>setback</i> a minimum of 30 metres from all property boundaries of the <i>site</i> and screened and landscaped so as to present an attractive frontage to the street.
PO14	<p>Development in the District centre zone in Precinct KAW LPP-1 (South of Point Cartwright Drive) fronting Bermagui Crescent, Buddina:-</p> <p>(a) integrates with development on Lot 2 SP202887 (Kawana Shoppingworld site);</p> <p>(b) improves connections between Kawana Shoppingworld, Weema Street and the foreshore;</p> <p>(c) maximises site area to achieve good quality urban design;</p> <p>(d) is designed to exhibit a high standard of architectural design;</p> <p>(e) provides active and attractive street <i>frontages</i> to pedestrian connections; and</p> <p>(f) provides integrated and functional car parking and access arrangements that do not dominate the street.</p>	AO14	<p>Development in the District centre zone in Precinct KAW LPP-1 (South of Point Cartwright Drive) fronting Bermagui Crescent, Buddina:-</p> <p>(a) amalgamates lots to create a minimum development <i>site</i> of 2,500m² and a minimum <i>frontage</i> of 30 metres;</p> <p>(b) ensures that the amalgamated lots do not isolate excluded lots;</p> <p>(c) dedicates to the <i>Council</i> a 10 metre strip of land in a central location to link the eastern boundary of Kawana Shoppingworld to Bermagui Crescent for a pedestrian way linking to Weema Street where identified on the Figure 7.2.14A (Kawana Waters local plan elements);</p> <p>(d) contributes, via infrastructure agreement, a proportional monetary contribution towards the construction, landscaping and lighting of the pedestrian way;</p> <p>(e) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i> to the pedestrian way where identified on Figure 7.2.14A (Kawana Waters local plan elements);</p> <p>(f) provides cantilevered awnings or other forms of weather protection along the full length of the pedestrian way;</p> <p>(g) minimises vehicle movements along Bermagui Crescent and across the pedestrian way; and</p> <p>(h) provides for car parking below ground level in a <i>basement</i> structure(s) or which is sleeved behind buildings.</p>
Development in the District Centre Zone in Precinct KAW LPP-2 (North of Point Cartwright Drive)			
PO15	<p>Development in the District centre zone in Precinct KAW LPP-2 (North of Point Cartwright Drive) identified on Local Plan Map LPM35:-</p> <p>(a) provides for a mixed use (predominantly residential), integrated development for the whole of the District centre zone north of Point Cartwright Drive;</p> <p>(b) is designed to exhibit a high standard of architectural design and minimises building bulk;</p> <p>(c) complements the amenity of adjoining uses fronting Kawana Waters Canal and Orana Street and enhances the visual amenity along this section of Nicklin Way;</p> <p>(d) provides safe and efficient means of ingress and egress designed to minimise any impact on traffic flow;</p> <p>(e) provides integrated car parking</p>	AO15	<p>Development in the District centre zone in Precinct KAW LPP-2 (North of Point Cartwright Drive) provides for:-</p> <p>(a) buildings which are sited and designed to provide an attractive address to all street <i>frontages</i>, and a <i>primary active street frontage</i> to the Kawana Waters Canal, where identified on Figure 7.2.14A (Kawana Waters local plan elements);</p> <p>(b) <i>mixed use development</i> with residential and visitor accommodation above the ground <i>storey</i>;</p> <p>(c) variations in design between buildings, including bulk and facade articulation;</p> <p>(d) the maximum wall length of any tower to not exceed 25 metres;</p> <p>(e) <i>building height</i> which does not</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>arrangements that do not dominate the street;</p> <p>(f) incorporates public access adjacent to Kawana Waters Canal; and</p> <p>(g) maintains public views to Kawana Waters Canal, particularly from Nicklin Way.</p>		<p>exceed 8.5 metres above ground level within 20 metres of the Orana Street <i>frontage</i> of the <i>site</i>;</p> <p>(f) buildings which are sited and designed to achieve visual permeability through the <i>site</i> to maintain views to Kawana Waters Canal from Nicklin Way;</p> <p>(g) continuous public access along Kawana Waters Canal where identified on Figure 7.2.14A (Kawana Waters local plan elements);</p> <p>(h) underground electricity supply for the full <i>frontage</i> of the <i>site</i>;</p> <p>(i) car parking below ground level in a <i>basement</i> structure(s) or which is sleeved behind buildings with active frontages;</p> <p>(j) vehicle <i>access</i> points along Nicklin Way to have a minimum spacing of 60 metres; and</p> <p>(k) loading docks and service areas located and screened so as to be visually unobtrusive from adjoining roads and Kawana Waters Canal.</p>
Development in the District Centre Zone in Precinct KAW LPP-3 (Nicklin Way North Minyama)			
PO16	<p>Development in the District centre zone in Precinct KAW LPP-3 (Nicklin Way North Minyama) identified on Local Plan Map LPM35 provides for business uses to be limited to primarily <i>office</i> and health care related uses in accordance with the following:-</p> <p>(a) a use listed as a consistent use in Column 1 of Table 7.2.14.4.2 (Kawana Waters local plan supplementary table of consistent uses and potentially consistent uses in the District centre zone) occurs in the precinct; and</p> <p>(b) a use listed as a potentially consistent use in Column 2 of Table 7.2.14.4.2 occurs in the precinct only where further assessment has determined that the use is appropriate in the precinct having regard to such matters as its location, nature, scale and intensity.</p> <p>Note—a use not listed in Table 7.2.14.4.2 is an inconsistent use and is not intended to occur in the District centre zone in Precinct KAW LPP-3.</p> <p>Note—consistent and potentially consistent uses for other areas within the District centre zone at Kawana Waters are identified in Part 6 (Zone codes) in Table 6.2.7.2.1 (Consistent uses and potentially consistent uses in the District centre zone).</p>	AO16	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO17	Development in the District centre zone in Precinct KAW LPP-3 (Nicklin Way North Minyama):-	AO17	Development in the District centre zone in Precinct KAW LPP-3 (Nicklin Way North Minyama) provides for:-

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) provides an attractive frontage to Nicklin Way and maintains public views to Kawana Waters Canal, particularly from Nicklin Way; (b) complements the amenity of adjoining uses fronting Kawana Waters Canal; (c) provides safe and efficient means of ingress and egress designed to minimise any impact on traffic flow; and (d) ensures vehicle access and parking areas are screened from adjoining residential uses, Kawana Waters Canal and roads. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) buildings which are sited and designed to achieve visual permeability through the <i>site</i> to maintain views to Kawana Waters Canal from Nicklin Way; (b) underground electricity supply for the full <i>frontage</i> of the <i>site</i>; (c) car parking below ground level in a <i>basement</i> structure(s) or sleeved behind buildings; (d) vehicle access points along Nicklin Way to have a minimum spacing of 60 metres; and (e) loading docks and service areas that are located and screened so as to be visually unobtrusive from adjoining residential uses, roads and Kawana Waters Canal.
Development in the Local Centre Zone			
PO18	<p>Development in the Local centre zone supports the role and function of:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the Brightwater Local Centre as a local (full service) activity centre providing a range of convenience goods and services to local residents; and (b) other local centres as local (not full service) activity centres providing basic convenience goods and services. 	AO18	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO19	<p>Development in the Local centre zone provides:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) a coherent and attractive streetfront address and achieves a high level of visual amenity; (b) a high level of comfort and convenience to pedestrians; and (c) functional and integrated car parking and access arrangements that do not dominate the street. 	AO19	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) respects the layout, scale (including height and <i>setback</i>) and character of development on adjoining sites; (b) reduces the dominance of signage elements, particularly along Nicklin Way; (c) has building openings overlooking the street; (d) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous awnings and/or light verandah structures over footpath areas with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside; (e) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths; and (f) provides on-site car parking at the rear or to one side of the development, integrated with other vehicle movement areas.
Development in Precinct KAW LPP-4 (Buddina Urban Village) Generally			
PO20	<p>Development in Precinct KAW LPP-4 (Buddina Urban Village) identified on Local Plan Map LPM35:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) contributes to the creation of a focal <i>mixed use development</i> which effectively links Kawana Shoppingworld to the Kawana Surf Club and foreshore areas; and (b) provides for higher density residential accommodation in the form of accommodation buildings 	AO20	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	and <i>multiple dwellings</i> .		
PO21	Development in Precinct KAW LPP-4 (Buddina Urban Village):- (a) occurs on large, integrated development sites through the co-ordinated amalgamation of existing lots; (b) ensures that amalgamated lots do not isolate excluded lots; (c) maximises site area and minimises <i>site cover</i> to maintain residential amenity; (d) is designed to exhibit a high standard of architectural design; (e) provides functional and integrated car parking arrangements that do not dominate the street; and (f) promotes pedestrian priority along Pacific Boulevard by minimising vehicular site access from this road.	AO21.1	Development amalgamates lots to create a minimum development <i>site</i> of 3,000m ² in Sub-precincts KAW LPSP-4a and KAW LPSP-4b and 3,400m ² in Sub-precinct KAW LPSP-4c, in accordance with the development nodes identified on Figure 7.2.14A (Kawana Waters local plan elements) .
		AO21.2	Development ensures that the amalgamated lots do not isolate excluded lots.
		AO21.3	Development ensures that each development <i>site</i> includes a minimum width of 30 metres to street <i>frontages</i> as follows:- (a) for Sub-precincts KAW LPSP-4a and KAW LPSP-4c - to Pacific Boulevard, Iluka Avenue and Lowanna Drive; and (b) for Sub-precinct KAW LPSP-4b - to Iluka Avenue and Lowanna Drive.
		AO21.4	Development provides for primary vehicle access to be from:- (a) a street other than Pacific Boulevard for Sub-precinct KAW LPSP-4a; and (b) Iluka Avenue or Lowanna Drive for Sub-precincts KAW LPSP-4b and KAW LPSP-4c.
		AO21.5	Development includes underground car parking, and for Sub-precincts KAW LPSP-4a and KAW LPSP-4c, the basements do not protrude more than one metre above ground level at the Pacific Boulevard <i>frontage</i> of the <i>site</i> .
Development in Sub-precincts KAW LPSP-4b and KAW LPSP-4c (Buddina Urban Village)			
PO22	Development in Sub-precincts KAW LPSP-4b and KAW LPSP-4c identified on Local Plan Map LPM35 :- (a) improves pedestrian connectivity by providing a direct public pedestrian link between Kawana Shoppingworld and the Kawana Surf Club and foreshore; (b) creates vibrant, active and attractive street frontages to primary streets and pedestrian connections; and (c) provides a high level of comfort and convenience for pedestrians including continuous weather protection.	AO22.1	Development in Sub-precincts KAW LPSP-4b and KAW LPSP-4c contributes to the provision of a pedestrian way connecting Kawana Shoppingworld with the Kawana Surf Club and foreshore as follows:- (a) in Sub-precinct KAW LPSP-4b, dedicates to the <i>Council</i> a 10 metre strip of land linking the eastern boundary of Kawana Shoppingworld to Iluka Avenue / Lowanna Drive at the intersection with Weema Street for a pedestrian way where identified on Figure 7.2.14A (Kawana Waters local plan elements) ; (b) in Sub-precinct KAW LPSP-4c, provides pedestrian connections between Iluka Avenue/Lowanna Drive and Pacific Boulevard where identified on Figure 7.2.14A (Kawana Waters local plan elements) ; and (c) contributes, via infrastructure agreement, a proportional monetary contribution towards the construction, landscaping and lighting of the

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
		AO22.2	<p>pedestrian way identified in (a) and (b) above.</p> <p>Development in Sub-precincts KAW LPSP-4b and KAW LPSP-4c:-</p> <p>(a) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i> built to boundary along the full length of the pedestrian way, Weema Street and part way along Pacific Boulevard where identified on Figure 7.2.14A (Kawana Waters local plan elements);</p> <p>(b) provides cantilevered awnings or other forms of weather protection along the full length of the pedestrian way, Weema Street, the Iluka Avenue / Lowanna Drive / Pacific Boulevard <i>frontages</i> with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i>; and</p> <p>(c) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths.</p>
Development in the Medium Density Residential Zone Generally			
PO23	<p>Development in the Medium density residential zone:-</p> <p>(a) provides for the establishment of a range of medium density housing types compatible with a predominantly low density setting;</p> <p>(b) is of a domestic scale that does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i> or detract from the visual amenity of adjoining properties;</p> <p>(c) contributes positively to local <i>streetscape</i> character; and</p> <p>(d) provides for generous open space to be maintained between buildings to preserve a predominantly open feel.</p>	AO23	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Medium Density Residential Zone in Precinct KAW LPP-5 (Nicklin Way Warana)			
PO24	<p>Development in the Medium density residential zone in Precinct KAW LPP-5 (Nicklin Way Warana) identified on Local Plan Map LPM35:-</p> <p>(a) provides for integrated development on amalgamated sites; and</p> <p>(b) rationalises access points and provides for safe and efficient access to Nicklin Way.</p>	<p>AO24.1</p> <p>AO24.2</p>	<p>Development amalgamates lots to create a minimum development <i>site</i> of 1,000m².</p> <p>A single access driveway to Nicklin Way is provided for each development <i>site</i>.</p>
Development in the Medium Density Residential Zone in Precinct KAW LPP-6 (Regatta Boulevard Wurtulla)			
PO25	<p>Development in the Medium density residential zone in Precinct KAW LPP-6 (Regatta Boulevard Wurtulla) identified on Local Plan Map LPM35:-</p> <p>(a) provides acoustic and visual buffering to Nicklin Way;</p> <p>(b) provides safe and efficient access; and</p> <p>(c) does not adversely affect the functioning of Nicklin Way.</p>	<p>AO25.1</p> <p>AO25.2</p> <p>AO25.3</p>	<p>Mounding and vegetated landscape buffers are provided along the Nicklin Way <i>frontage</i> where identified on the Figure 7.2.14A (Kawana Waters local plan elements).</p> <p>An access driveway is provided on the Regatta Boulevard <i>frontage</i> for each development <i>site</i>, located as far as practical from the road alignment of Nicklin Way.</p> <p>An access driveway may be provided on the Nicklin Way <i>frontage</i> to each lot,</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			located at least 40 metres from the intersection with Regatta Boulevard to minimise potential for traffic conflict between site egress/access and merging traffic at the intersection.
Reconfiguring a Lot in the Low Density Residential Zone (Minyama Island)			
PO26	Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone on Minyama Island maintains the low density character and amenity of the area by providing for any residential lot to be a minimum of 1,500m ² in area.	AO26	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Emerging Community Zone (Brightwater)			
PO27	Development in the Emerging community zone at Brightwater:- (a) contributes to the establishment of a walkable, integrated residential community configured in a number of high quality, attractive, environmentally responsible and sustainable residential neighbourhoods supported by a small local (full service) activity centre designed to reflect traditional 'main street' principles; (b) provides for a range of lot sizes and dwelling types, with medium density residential development provided in key locations; (c) provides an interconnected system of open space and community facilities to meet the needs of the local community; (d) provides an integrated, legible and permeable road, cycle and pathway network which connects residential neighbourhoods to the local centre, community facilities, open space and the Mooloolah River; (e) protects the function and visual amenity of Kawana Way; (f) provides appropriate riparian buffers to the Mooloolah River; (g) provides for the maintenance, enhancement and reconnection of native <i>vegetation</i> areas, <i>wetlands</i> and other <i>ecologically important areas</i> ; and (h) avoids development of land otherwise subject to constraints.	AO27	No acceptable outcome provided. Editor's note—development at Brightwater is currently regulated in accordance with an approved Master Plan and Plan of Development.
Development in the Specialised Centre Zone			
PO28	Development in the Specialised centre zone does not compete with the role and function of the Kawana Town Centre or the Kawana district centre.	AO28	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO29	Development in the Specialised centre zone provides:- (a) a coherent and attractive streetfront address and achieves a high level of visual amenity and presentation to Nicklin Way; (b) a high level of comfort and convenience to pedestrians; and (c) functional and integrated car	AO29	No acceptable outcome provided.

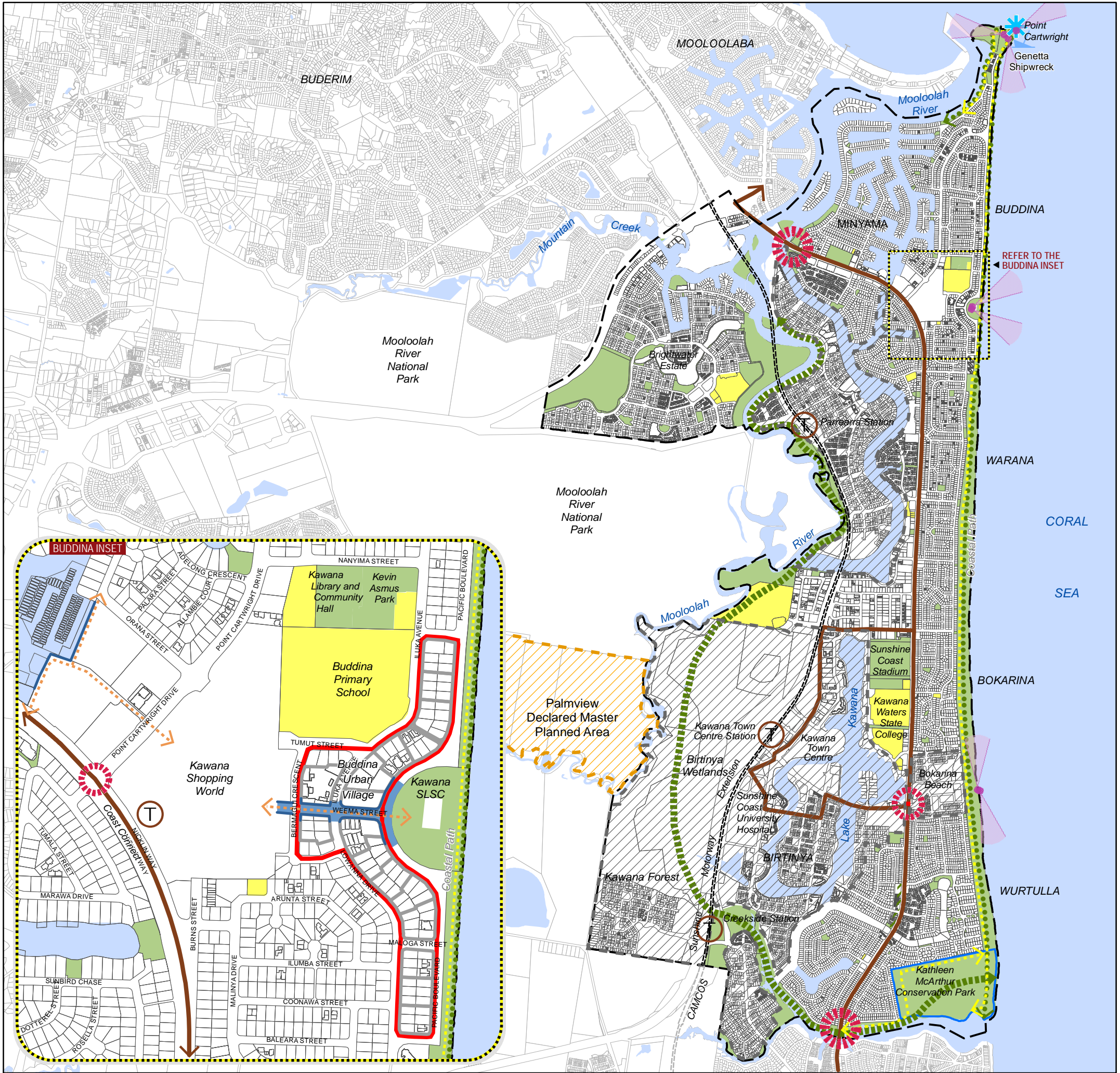
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	parking and vehicular access.		
Development in the Medium Impact Industry Zone			
PO30	Where land included in the Medium impact industry zone backs onto Parrearra Lake, development:- (a) provides an attractive address to this <i>waterway</i> ; and (b) does not adversely impact on the amenity of existing or likely future surrounding land uses.	AO30.1	Buildings that have an interface to Parrearra Lake:- (a) are designed to provide a visually appealing and articulated elevation to the lake frontage; and (b) incorporate high quality finishes and utilise a variety of materials (such as brick, painted concrete or masonry and glass).
		AO30.2	The building design and layout locates potential noise sources away from the lake frontage.
		AO30.3	Major openings in buildings and all areas where work may be conducted outside the building are located away from the lake frontage.
		AO30.4	The <i>site</i> is landscaped to present attractively to the lake, with fencing and landscaping used to screen industrial activities from view.
		AO30.5	<i>Low impact industry, service industry and warehouse</i> uses are established on the northern side of Technology Drive and Premier Circuit.

Table 7.2.14.4.2 Kawana Waters local plan supplementary table of consistent uses and potentially consistent uses in the District centre zone

Note—this table overrides the consistent and potentially consistent uses specified in the zone codes in **Part 6 (Zones)** for the precincts specified.

Column 1 Consistent Uses	Column 2 Potentially Consistent Uses
District Centre Zone (Precinct KAW LPP-3 – Nicklin Way North Minyama)	
Residential activities	
(a) <i>Caretaker's accommodation</i> (b) <i>Dual occupancy</i> (c) <i>Dwelling unit</i> (d) <i>Multiple dwelling</i> (e) <i>Residential care facility</i> (f) <i>Resort complex</i> (g) <i>Retirement facility</i> (h) <i>Rooming accommodation</i> (i) <i>Short-term accommodation</i>	None
Business activities	
(a) <i>Funeral parlour</i> (b) <i>Health care services</i> (c) <i>Home based business</i> (where other than a <i>high impact home based business activity</i>) (d) <i>Office</i> (e) <i>Sales office</i> (f) <i>Shop</i> (where for a pharmacy)	None
Community activities	
(a) <i>Child care centre</i> (b) <i>Community care centre</i> (c) <i>Community use</i> (d) <i>Educational establishment</i> (e) <i>Emergency services</i>	None
Sport and recreation activities	
(a) <i>Club</i> (b) <i>Indoor sport and recreation</i>	None

Column 1 Consistent Uses	Column 2 Potentially Consistent Uses
(c) <i>Park</i>	
Other activities	
(a) <i>Telecommunications facility</i> (where other than a freestanding tower)	None
(b) <i>Utility installation</i> (where a <i>local utility</i>)	



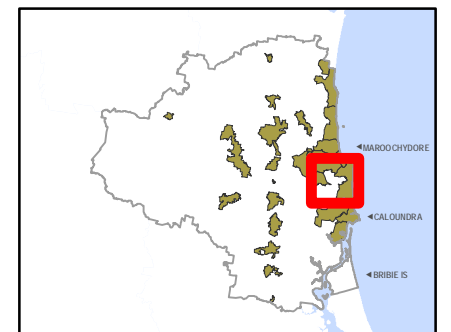
LEGEND

- | | | | |
|--|---|--|---|
| | Local Plan Area Boundary | | Headland |
| | Waterway ^{Note 1} | | Through Block Pedestrian/Cycle Linkage |
| | Primary Active Street Frontage | | Coastal Path ^{Note 4} |
| | Primary Streetscape Treatment Area | | Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS) |
| | Local Ecological Linkage | | CoastConnect Priority Public Transport Corridor |
| | Greenspace ^{Note 1} | | Future Transit Hub |
| | Greenspace Link | | Buddina Urban Village |
| | Community Activity/Facility ^{Note 1} | | Buddina Development Nodes |
| | Heritage Place ^{Note 2} | | Declared Master Planned Area (see Part 10 - Other Plans) |
| | Heritage Place (Shipwreck) | | Land within Development Control Plan 1 - Kawana Waters which is the subject of the Kawana Waters Development Agreement (see Section 1.2 - Planning Scheme Components) |
| | Gateway/Entry Point | | |
| | Landscape Buffer | | |
| | Significant View | | |

0 200 400 800 1,200 1,600 Metres
1:36,926

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Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).
Note 4: Indicative alignment, subject to further investigation in some areas.

Figure 7.2.14A (Kawana Waters Local Plan Elements)

7.2.15 Kenilworth local plan code

7.2.15.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) within the Kenilworth local plan area as shown on Map ZM14 contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Kenilworth local plan code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) The following provisions of the code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development:-
 - (a) **section 7.2.15.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)**;
 - (b) **Table 7.2.15.4.1 (Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development)**; and
 - (c) **Figure 7.2.15A (Kenilworth local plan elements)**.

7.2.15.2 Context and setting

This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Kenilworth local plan code.

The Kenilworth local plan area is located in the far western part of the Sunshine Coast adjacent to the Mary River. The local plan area comprises the small rural town of Kenilworth and adjacent urban and rural residential areas as well as rural land immediately surrounding the town. The local plan area has a land area of approximately 183 hectares.

The Kenilworth local plan area is set in a picturesque rural and natural landscape with the Mary River, Kenilworth Bluff and Kenilworth State Forest key features within this landscape setting.

Kenilworth is a small rural town providing important business, community, social, and recreational facilities to service the local level needs of its resident population as well as the needs of rural communities in and around the Mary River Valley and the significant number of visitors attracted to the area.

Kenilworth's character is derived from its picturesque landscape setting, unique heritage, traditional main street and building designs, and laid back 'country town' atmosphere. The town centre focussed on Elizabeth Street offers a variety of shops, cafes, art galleries and other local businesses as well as the heritage listed Kenilworth Hotel. The local plan area also contains the Kenilworth Cheese Factory, an important economic and tourist asset for the town and the region. Adjacent to the cheese factory, the town park provides a valued recreation area for residents and rest area for visitors. Kenilworth retains strong connections with its history, with a number of significant local heritage places contained within the local plan area. The towns' location close to large areas of State Forest and conservation areas means it provides an ideal base for forest related recreation activities.

The residential areas of the local plan area are characterised by relatively large urban lots that add to the low density rural character. Detached housing is typically of traditional Queensland style. Further opportunities for urban and rural residential expansion are available within the local plan area and it is intended that these areas are developed in keeping with the rural character of the town.

Rural lands within the local plan area are constrained in the east by flooding and in the west by slope and also contribute to the scenic amenity and character of the local plan area.

Eumundi-Kenilworth Road, Maleny-Kenilworth Road and Kenilworth-Brooloo Road are major road links within the local plan area.

Urban zoned land within the local plan area is connected, or has the ability to be connected, to reticulated water and sewerage.

7.2.15.3 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Kenilworth local plan code is to provide locally relevant planning provisions for the assessment of development within the Kenilworth local plan area.
- (2) The purpose of the Kenilworth local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) Kenilworth remains a small rural town with a distinct heritage character, primarily servicing the local community and tourist industry. Some expansion of local business, employment, residential and rural residential areas is provided for.
 - (b) Urban and rural residential development within the Kenilworth local plan area is limited to land within the urban and rural residential growth management boundaries respectively so as to protect and reinforce the character and identity of Kenilworth, provide for the efficient provision of *infrastructure* and services, avoid constrained land and protect the character and productivity of surrounding rural land.
 - (c) Development retains the key landscape and built form elements that contribute to the setting, character and identity of the Kenilworth local plan area as a rural town with a strong sense of place and associations with the past.
 - (d) Development in the local plan area protects and retains the *character area* of Kenilworth and buildings identified as having cultural heritage or *streetscape* significance as important elements of local character and identity.
 - (e) The Kenilworth Town Centre functions as a local (full service) activity centre meeting the convenience needs of the local community and surrounding rural areas and visitors to the area and provides a focus for small scale retail, commercial and community activity. Mixed uses and uses which enhance the “country town” character and rural service role of the town are established within the town centre, such as small scale rural service industries and business incubator uses, as well as small scale tourist facilities and enterprises.
 - (f) The retail and commercial functions of Kenilworth Town Centre are given the opportunity to expand and be enhanced; however the town centre remains compact with any expansion and enhancement limited to land included within the Local centre zone. Residents of Kenilworth continue to rely upon larger centres such as Maleny or Nambour to fulfil higher order business and industry needs.
 - (g) The “country town” feel, traditional built form, heritage and *streetscape* character of the Kenilworth Town Centre is retained and reinforced, with Elizabeth Street enhanced as a wide, attractive and pedestrian friendly main street. Development within the Local centre zone addresses the street and complements the traditional *streetscape* and building form.
 - (h) Industrial development remains small scale and low key and is limited to land included in the Low impact industry zone. Industrial uses which either complement the existing Kenilworth Cheese factory or take advantage of the growing tourist market are established in this zone, along with industrial uses servicing the local community.
 - (i) The interface of industrial land to the Low density residential zone and Rural residential zone is buffered to mitigate impacts and sensitive design and landscaping softens the visual impact of new premises.
 - (j) Development in the Low density residential zone and Rural residential zone, including road and lot layouts and *streetscape*, reflects traditional rural town residential qualities such as low rise detached housing on large lots, open *streetscape* and mature street trees. Building form reflects the traditional Queensland style with the use of timber, pitched roofs, verandahs and subdued colours.
 - (k) Development in the Low density residential zone occurs in a sequenced manner such that land closest to the town centre is developed first in order to ensure urban expansion occurs in accordance with the efficient and cost effective extension of *infrastructure*.
 - (l) Development in the local plan area is supported by a network of open space to meet the needs of the local community and facilitates safe and convenient pedestrian and cycle connections between and around key destinations within the local plan area.

- (m) Significant *vegetation*, particularly adjacent to the Mary River, is protected as an important part of the environment and local character of Kenilworth.

7.2.15.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

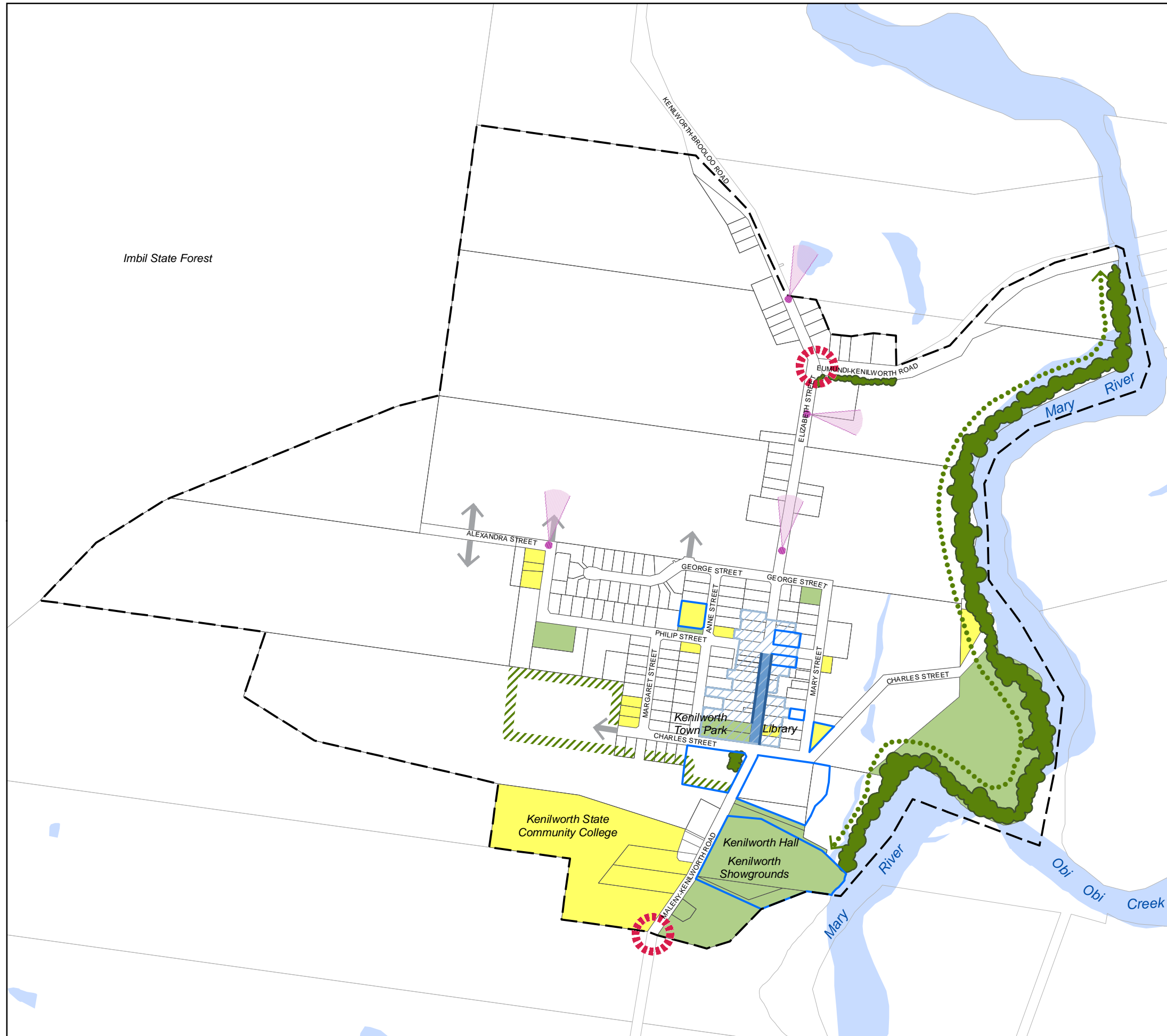
Table 7.2.15.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Kenilworth Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that is consistent with and reflects the traditional rural town character of Kenilworth in terms of scale, siting, form, composition and use of materials.	AO1.1	Development provides for the retention and/or adaptive re-use, with limited modification, of buildings which have cultural heritage or local character significance. Editor's Note— Section 8.2.9 (Heritage and character areas overlay code) sets out requirements for development on or in proximity to <i>local heritage places</i> and in <i>character areas</i> .
		AO1.2	Buildings and structures incorporate traditional external building materials, such as timber cladding and corrugated iron roofs.
		AO1.3	For residential, business and community activities, roof forms use simple, traditional Queensland style roof designs, including gable, hip, pitched or multiple gable roof forms.
PO2	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements including historical landmarks, significant views and vistas, existing character trees and areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the setting, character and sense of place of Kenilworth.	AO2.1	Development provides for the retention of historical landmarks, memorials and monuments.
		AO2.2	Development protects and emphasises, and does not intrude upon, the important sight lines to Kenilworth Bluff, Kenilworth State Forest and other views to surrounding rural and natural areas identified on Figure 7.2.15A (Kenilworth local plan elements) .
		AO2.3	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature trees and character <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the character of the local area including:- (a) native <i>vegetation</i> adjacent to the Mary River; and (b) other character <i>vegetation</i> identified on Figure 7.2.15A (Kenilworth local plan elements) . Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.
PO3	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> and gateways that reflect and enhance the sense of entry to, and the rural town character of, Kenilworth.	AO3.1	Development adjacent to identified gateway/entry points where identified on Figure 7.2.15A (Kenilworth local plan elements) provides for rural and semi rural uses and activities which retain the open rural landscape character of the local plan area.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
		AO3.2	<p>Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes.</p> <p>Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.</p> <p>Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.</p>
PO4	Rural land between Kenilworth State School and the urban growth management boundary is retained for rural purposes in order to:- (a) provide a buffer between existing and future industrial uses and the school; and (b) preserve the strong sense of connection with the rural landscape and intimate rural character of the town.	AO4	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO5	Development for a <i>food and drink outlet</i> does not:- (a) provide for the establishment of a <i>high volume convenience restaurant</i> ; or (b) incorporate a <i>drive-through facility</i> .	AO5	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Local Centre Zone			
PO6	Development in the Local centre zone provides for small scale uses and mixed uses that:- (a) support Kenilworth's role and function as a local (full service) activity centre; and (b) provide a wide range of convenience goods and services to residents and visitors.	AO6	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO7	Development in the Local centre zone:- (a) is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of Kenilworth; (b) addresses the street; (c) complements the fine grain and traditional built form and <i>streetscape</i> of Elizabeth Street; (d) uses traditional building materials; and (e) provides integrated and functional parking and <i>access</i> arrangements that do not dominate the street.	AO7	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> (a) provides for Elizabeth Street to be established and maintained as a wide, attractive and pedestrian friendly main street; (b) respects the layout, scale (including height and <i>setback</i>) and character of development on adjoining sites; (c) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i> , built to the front boundary, where identified on Figure 7.2.15A (Kenilworth local plan elements) ; (d) has a maximum <i>plot ratio</i> of 1:1; (e) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous cantilevered awnings and/or light verandah structures with decorative non-load bearing posts over footpath areas with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside; (f) has simple, traditional Queensland style roof designs, such as hipped or

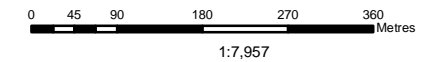
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>gabled, and parapets facing the street;</p> <p>(g) has building openings overlooking the street;</p> <p>(h) uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials;</p> <p>(i) ensures that signage is integrated with the building;</p> <p>(j) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths; and</p> <p>(k) provides for on-site car parking at the rear or to one-side of the development.</p>
Development in the Low Impact Industry Zone			
PO8	Development in the Low impact industry zone provides for sensitive design and landscaping that effectively buffers the development from adjoining sensitive uses and softens the visual impact of new premises, particularly when viewed from the school, Maleny-Kenilworth Road, the town centre and adjoining residential and rural residential zoned land.	AO8	Development provides for a minimum 3 metre wide densely planted <i>landscape buffer</i> to be provided along the full length of any <i>site</i> boundary adjoining an existing residential use or land included in the Low density residential zone, Rural residential zone, Rural zone or Community facilities zone, as identified on Figure 7.2.15A (Kenilworth local plan elements) .
Development in the Low Density Residential Zone and Rural Residential Zone			
PO9	Development in the Low density residential zone occurs in a sequenced and integrated manner such that land closest to the town centre is developed first.	AO9	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO10	Development in the Low density residential zone and Rural residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that:- (a) is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of Kenilworth; and (b) provides for the safe and effective treatment and disposal of effluent on-site, where applicable.	<p>AO10.1</p> <p>AO10.2</p> <p>AO10.3</p> <p>AO10.4</p>	<p>Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lots which are a minimum of 800m² in area.</p> <p>Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Rural residential zone provides for lots which are a minimum of 8,000m² in area, or larger where required to provide for adequate on-site effluent disposal.</p> <p>Development provides for a street layout and configuration of lots that respects the existing open <i>streetscape</i> and provides for a linear street alignment that aligns with existing streets, including as indicated on Figure 7.2.15A (Kenilworth local plan elements).</p> <p>Development provides for subdivision design and landscaping which softens the visual impact of development, particularly when viewed from the town's main approach roads.</p>
PO11	Reconfiguring a lot within the Low density residential zone and Rural residential zone:- (a) is designed to sensitively respond to site characteristics; (b) provides for an interconnected system of local roads, pedestrian, cycle and open space links with adjoining land; and	AO11	Reconfiguring a lot:- (a) provides for a subdivision layout which minimises the extent of cut and fill required on new lots and the scarring of the landscape; (b) incorporates an interconnected internal road system, pedestrian, cycle and open space links including as indicated on Figure 7.2.15A

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	(c) provides an open feel and transition between the town and adjoining rural areas.		(Kenilworth local plan elements); and (c) provides for larger lot sizes adjoining land in the Rural zone.



- LEGEND**
- Local Plan Area Boundary
 - Waterway^{Note 1}
 - Primary Active Street Frontage
 - Primary Streetscape Treatment Area
 - Greenspace^{Note 1}
 - Community Activity/Facility^{Note 1}
 - Greenspace Link
 - Character Vegetation
 - Landscape Buffer
 - Gateway/Entry Point
 - Heritage Place^{Note 2}
 - Character Area^{Note 2}
 - Significant View
 - Indicative Road Linkage/Access Point

Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).



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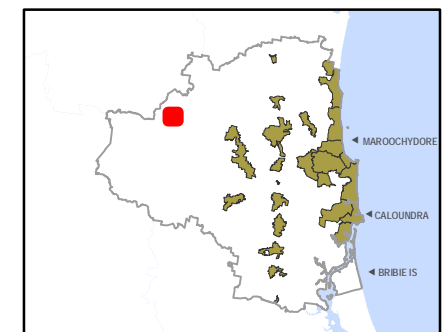


Figure 7.2.15A
(Kenilworth Local Plan Elements)

7.2.16 Landsborough local plan code

7.2.16.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) within the Landsborough local plan area as shown on Map ZM42 contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Landsborough local plan code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) The following provisions of the code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development:-
 - (a) **section 7.2.16.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)**;
 - (b) **Table 7.2.16.4.1 (Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development)**; and
 - (c) **Figure 7.2.16A (Landsborough local plan elements)**.

7.2.16.2 Context and setting

This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Landsborough local plan code.

The Landsborough local plan area is located on the North Coast Rail Line between the towns of Beerwah and Mooloolah in the southern hinterland of the Sunshine Coast. The local plan area includes Landsborough's town centre, the surrounding urban area and adjacent rural residential areas to the north, south and west. The local plan area has a land area of approximately 880 hectares.

Landsborough is a picturesque and historic hinterland town. Situated at the southern entrance to the Blackall Range, Landsborough is framed to the north and west by elevated terrain associated with the Blackall Range escarpment and Mount Mellum. Mellum Creek and adjoining tributaries traverse the local plan area with pockets of remnant vegetation located along the creek corridors. The town includes a number of local and State heritage places as well as two character areas comprising groups of buildings indicative of early 20th century building styles.

Landsborough's town centre, which fulfils the local needs of the immediately surrounding urban, rural and rural residential community, is primarily located on the western side of the rail line around Cribb Street and Maleny Street. Cribb Street, which contains historic buildings and adjoins the railway station, is the traditional "main street" of Landsborough. Maleny Street provides a range of convenience retail and commercial uses.

The local plan area also includes an industrial area to the east of the rail line with access via Caloundra Street. There is also a substantial rendering plant operation (Sunland Meats) located immediately to the south of Mellum Creek.

Landsborough includes a range of community activities and sport and recreation areas including Landsborough State School, emergency services, local utilities, the Landsborough Museum, places of worship and district sports grounds. An Arts, Community and Heritage Precinct is planned for land south of the town centre and Maleny Street.

A mix of older dwelling houses, dual occupancies and small scale multiple dwellings are located in Mill Street, Cribb Street and Gympie Street which adjoins the business centre and railway station. Beyond the central area, the residential areas are characterised by dwelling houses on larger lots in traditional street layouts. The rural residential areas to the north, south and west include lot sizes of 5,000m² or greater. Some of these rural residential areas are constrained by flooding, steep land and/or significant vegetation.

Landsborough functions as an important public transport node, with a bus link from the railway station to the coastal urban area and to Maleny. The major road access into Landsborough from the east is via Caloundra Street from Steve Irwin Way. Maleny Street links Caloundra Street to Landsborough-Maleny Road providing access to Maleny and the Blackall Range. Old Landsborough Road links Landsborough to Beerwah.

The North Coast Rail Line, which bisects the local plan area, is proposed to be realigned and duplicated. As part of the planned upgrade, provision has been made for a grade separated crossing at Gympie Street North.

Urban zoned land within the local plan area is connected, or has the ability to be connected, to reticulated water and sewerage.

7.2.16.3 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Landsborough local plan code is to provide locally relevant planning provisions for the assessment of development within the Landsborough local plan area.
- (2) The purpose of the Landsborough local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) Landsborough remains a small rural town with a visible heritage character, primarily servicing the local needs of the immediately surrounding urban, rural residential and rural community.
 - (b) Development for urban and rural residential purposes within the Landsborough local plan area is limited to land within the urban and rural residential growth management boundaries respectively to protect and reinforce the character and identity of Landsborough, provide for the efficient provision of *infrastructure* and services and to avoid constrained land that is generally unsuitable for urban and rural residential development.
 - (c) Development retains the key built form, *streetscape*, landscape character and natural environment elements that contribute to the character, setting and identity of Landsborough as a rural town with a strong sense of place and associations with the past.
 - (d) Development in the local plan area protects and retains the *character areas* in Landsborough (Cribb Street and Landsborough East) and buildings identified as having cultural heritage or *streetscape* significance as important elements of local character and identity.
 - (e) Development for business uses is contained within the Local centre zone and contributes to Landsborough town centre's role as a local (full service) activity centre providing a wide range of convenience goods and services to service Landsborough and immediately surrounding rural residential and rural communities.
 - (f) Development in the Local centre zone protects the traditional built form, heritage and *streetscape* character of Landsborough. Development in Cribb Street enhances the traditional main street of Landsborough with active street *frontages*, traditional built form and improved streetscaping and landscaping. Development in Maleny Street reflects this street's role as a gateway to the Blackall Range with active street *frontages*, traditional built form and enhanced *streetscape* and landscaping.
 - (g) Development in the Specialised centre zone along Caloundra Street provides a range of larger format retail and business uses which are of a scale that is compatible with the rural town character and local activity centre role of Landsborough.
 - (h) Development in the Medium impact industry zone remains small scale and low key and is limited to land included in the Medium impact industry zone to the east of the rail line. This area develops as an integrated industrial estate with high quality buildings and landscaped grounds, particularly where fronting Caloundra Street. The northern interface to land in the Low density residential zone is sensitively treated and buffered to mitigate impacts.
 - (i) Development in the Low density residential zone is sympathetic to the traditional character and identity of established low density residential areas in Landsborough.
 - (j) Development in the Medium density residential zone provides for the establishment of a range of medium density accommodation types that are compatible in scale and design with the rural town setting. Such accommodation provides a high standard of architectural design to complement the traditional built form character of Landsborough.
 - (k) The rendering plant operation located immediately to the south of Mellum Creek operates in accordance with existing approvals. If the rendering plant ceases operation, the preferred future use of the *site* is for residential development which contributes to residential choice in

Landsborough, sensitively responds to site constraints and provides for direct pedestrian and cycle connections across Mellum Creek to the town centre.

- (l) Development in the local plan area is supported by a network of open space to meet the needs of the local community and facilitates safe and convenient pedestrian and cycle connections between and around the key destinations within the local plan area.
- (m) Development does not compromise or adversely impact upon the existing transit hub and the North Coast Rail Line, including the planned realignment and duplication of the rail line and the possible future provision of a grade separated crossing within the local plan area.

7.2.16.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 7.2.16.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Landsborough Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that is consistent with and reflects the traditional rural town character of Landsborough in terms of scale, siting, form, composition and use of materials.	AO1.1	Development provides for the retention and/or adaptive re-use, with limited modification, of buildings which have cultural heritage or character significance. Editor's Note—Section 8.2.9 (Heritage and character areas overlay code) sets out requirements for development on or in proximity to <i>local heritage places</i> and in <i>character areas</i> . Note—The Planning Scheme Policy for Landsborough (urban design guidelines) provides guidance in relation to the achievement of urban design outcomes for development in Landsborough.
		AO1.2	Buildings and structures incorporate traditional external building materials, such as timber cladding and corrugated iron roofs.
		AO1.3	For residential, business and community activities, roof forms reflect simple, traditional Queensland style roof designs including gable, hip, pitched or multiple gable roof forms.
PO2	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements including historical landmarks, significant views and vistas, existing character trees and areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the setting, character and sense of place of Landsborough.	AO2.1	Development provides for the retention of historical landmarks, memorials and monuments.
		AO2.2	Development protects and emphasises, and does not intrude upon, important sight lines to Mount Mellum, the Blackall Range and other views to surrounding rural and natural areas, including the significant views identified on Figure 7.2.16A (Landsborough local plan elements) .
		AO2.3	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature trees and character <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the vegetated backdrop, setting and <i>streetscape</i> character of Landsborough including:- (a) <i>riparian vegetation</i> adjacent to Mellum Creek , Little Rocky Creek,

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>Addlington Creek and tributaries;</p> <p>(b) mature eucalypts within Pioneer Park and along Caloundra Street, which frame the eastern entry to the town; and</p> <p>(c) other character <i>vegetation</i> identified on Figure 7.2.16A (Landsborough local plan elements).</p> <p>Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.</p>
PO3	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive gateways and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> to enhance the rural town character of, and sense of entry and arrival to, Landsborough.	AO3.1	<p>Development adjacent to a primary streetscape treatment area or identified gateway/entry point identified on Figure 7.2.16A (Landsborough local plan elements) incorporates architectural and landscape treatments and other design elements which enhance the sense of entry and arrival to, and rural town character of, Landsborough and emphasise corner locations.</p>
		AO3.2	<p>Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes.</p> <p>Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.</p> <p>Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required</p>
PO4	Development on sites fronting the northern side of Caloundra Street between the rail line and Steve Irwin Way provides for a range of well-designed buildings complemented by attractive landscape treatment that enhances Caloundra Street as the main entrance into Landsborough from Steve Irwin Way.	AO4.1	<p>Development provides a landscaped <i>buffer</i> strip at least 3 metres in width to the Caloundra Street <i>frontage</i> to complement existing <i>vegetation</i> in the Caloundra Street road reserve.</p>
		AO4.2	<p>Development incorporates architectural elements, building forms and landscaping with:-</p> <p>(a) building facades contributing to established proportion and scale (including sky-lining and silhouette) along Caloundra Street;</p> <p>(b) front facades exhibiting additional modelling and detailing, with major windows and building openings addressing the street <i>frontage</i>;</p> <p>(c) individual built structures close to the street having a maximum front wall length of 50% of the length of the front boundary;</p> <p>(d) buildings <i>setback</i> a minimum of 3 metres from the front boundary to allow for incorporation of awnings and verandahs;</p>

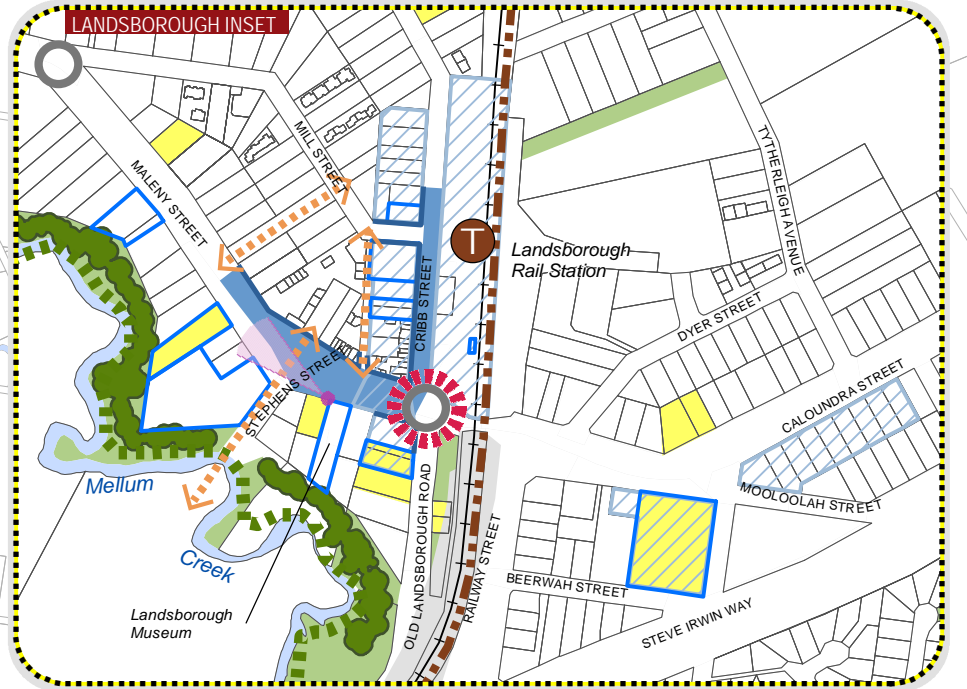
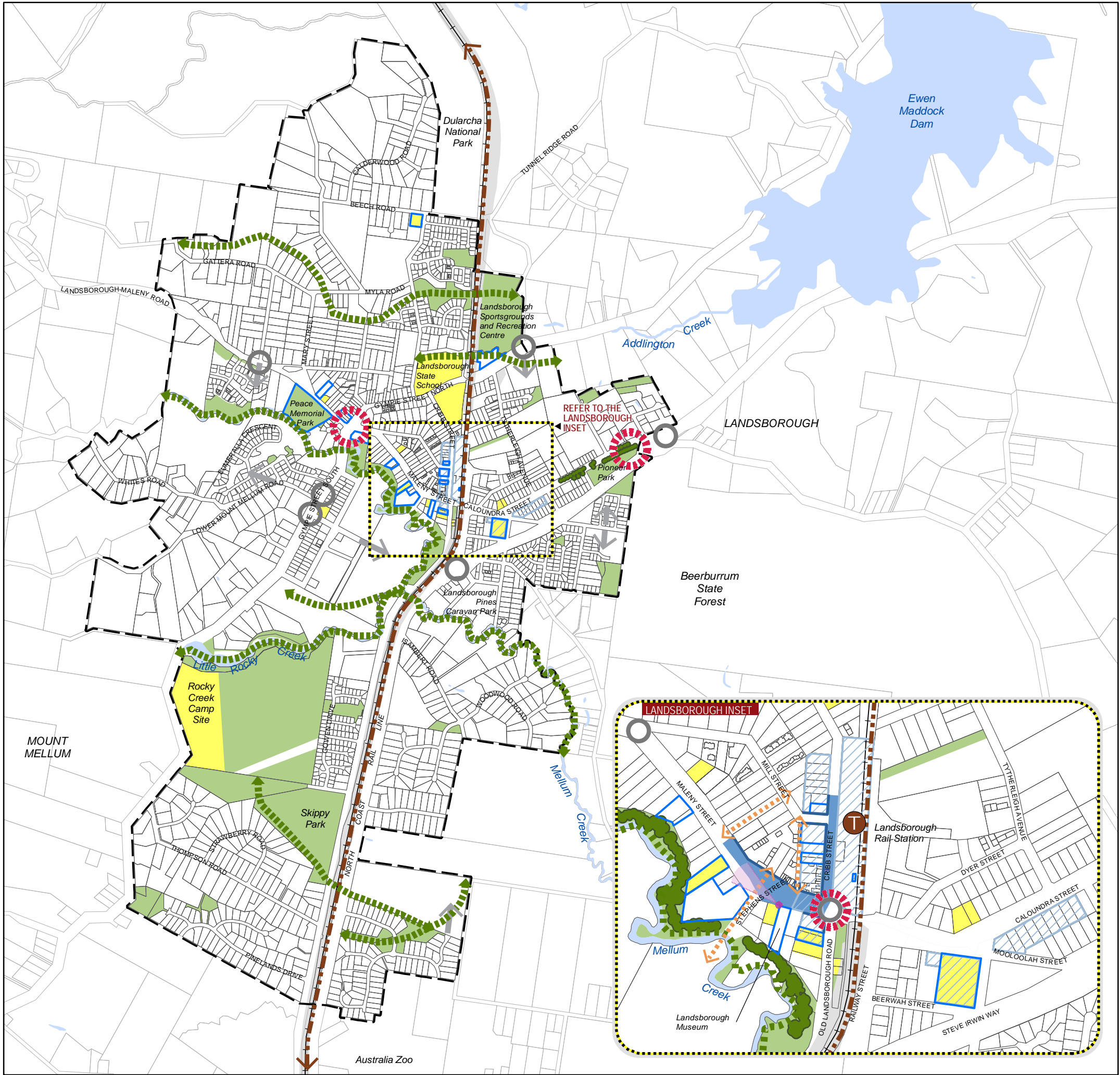
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>(e) building articulation, roof overhangs, pedestrian shelters, awnings and verandahs incorporated to provide visual interest, shade and to create facade shadow;</p> <p>(f) industrial entrances (e.g. roller doors) orientated “side-on” away from the street; and</p> <p>(g) car parking areas provided between buildings in discrete, well-screened and shaded areas.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.16B (Design principles for development fronting the northern side of Caloundra Street) illustrates application of some of the above design principles for development fronting the northern side of Caloundra Street.</p> <p>Note—the Planning Scheme Policy for Landsborough (urban design guidelines) provides further guidance in relation to the achievement of urban design outcomes for development in Landsborough.</p>
PO5	<p>Development provides through block pedestrian linkages which:-</p> <p>(a) are located to reflect the desire lines of pedestrian movement between major points of attraction and public spaces;</p> <p>(b) provide a safe alternative to the street based pedestrian and cycle movement network; and</p> <p>(c) provide a comfortable pedestrian environment in terms of access, width, shelter, materials and function.</p>	AO5	<p>Development provides safe, comfortable and attractive through block pedestrian linkages where identified on Figure 7.2.16A (Landsborough local plan elements).</p>
PO6	<p>Development on land with frontage to Mellum Creek, Little Rocky Creek, Addlington Creek, or on land otherwise identified as a local ecological linkage on Figure 7.2.16A (Landsborough local plan elements), facilitates the provision of the local ecological linkage.</p>	AO6	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Editor’s Note—Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity, waterways and wetlands overlay code) sets out requirements for the provision of ecological linkages.</p>
PO7	<p>Development does not compromise the provision and operation of <i>transport networks</i> including:-</p> <p>(a) the Steve Irwin Way and other <i>major roads</i>;</p> <p>(b) the existing transit hub centred around Landsborough station; and</p> <p>(c) the proposed realignment and duplication of the North Coast Rail Line, including any associated road upgrades and overpasses.</p>	AO7	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p>
Development in the Local Centre Zone			
PO8	<p>Development in the Local centre zone provides for small scale uses and mixed uses that:-</p> <p>(a) support Landsborough town centre’s role and function as a local (full service) activity centre; and</p> <p>(b) provide a wide range of convenience goods and services to the urban area of</p>	AO8	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	Landsborough and immediately surrounding rural residential and rural communities.		
PO9	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) protects and is sympathetic to the traditional rural town character and identity of Landsborough; (b) complements the traditional built form and <i>streetscape</i>; (c) addresses the street; (d) creates vibrant and active streets and public spaces; (e) provides continuous weather protection for pedestrians; (f) uses traditional building materials; and (g) provides integrated and functional parking and access arrangements that do not dominate the street. 	AO9	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i>, built to the front boundary where identified on Figure 7.2.16A (Landsborough local plan elements); (b) is designed to respect the layout, scale (including height and <i>setback</i>) and character of existing buildings; (c) provides continuous all-weather protection in the form of awnings and/or light verandah structures with decorative non-load bearing posts over footpath areas with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerb; (d) provides for a mixture of original lowset timber framed buildings and compatible new buildings; (e) has simple, traditional Queensland style roof designs, such as hipped or gabled, and parapets facing the street; (f) has building openings overlooking the street, with the main entrance visually emphasised in the centre of the ground floor facade; (g) provides detailing and articulation for horizontal emphasis including awnings, parapet walls and first floor balconies; (h) uses traditional building materials (timber cladding and corrugated iron roofing); (i) uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials; (j) ensures that signage is integrated with the building; (k) locates on-site car parking at the rear or to one side of the development; and (l) provides pedestrian routes from rear car parking areas to the street. <p>Note—Figure 7.2.16C (Design principles for development in Landsborough’s Local centre zone) illustrates application of some of the above design principles for development in Landsborough’s Local centre zone.</p> <p>Note—the Planning Scheme Policy for Landsborough (urban design guidelines) provides guidance in relation to the achievement of urban design outcomes for development in Landsborough.</p>
Development in the Specialised Centre Zone			
PO10	Development in the Specialised Centre zone is limited in scale and intensity to ensure that such development is compatible with Landsborough’s role and function as a local activity centre and does not compete with higher	AO10.1	Development in the Specialised centre zone accommodates larger format business uses that are not suited or capable of being located in Landsborough’s Local centre zone.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	order centres, including Beerwah.	AO10.2	Development in the Specialised centre zone provides for individual buildings not to exceed a <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of 450m ² .
Development in the Medium Impact Industry Zone			
PO11	Development in the Medium impact industry zone:- (a) protects the amenity of adjacent residential areas; (b) protects water quality and other local environmental values; (c) ensures that the design, colours and finishes of buildings and structures are provided to a high standard; and (d) provides efficient and safe access.	AO11.1	The layout and design of development in the Medium impact industry zone:- (a) provides acoustic and visual buffering to the adjacent Low density residential zone; and (b) provides a total site stormwater management solution which protects the water quality of Ewen Maddock Dam and Pumicestone Passage catchments.
		AO11.2	Development incorporates a high standard of design with:- (a) <i>ancillary</i> office and display components of development located towards the front of sites; (b) car parking areas located between or behind buildings with linkages provided to adjacent sites; (c) the front facade of buildings exhibiting greater design interest, including wall articulation, pitched roof form, roof overhangs, verandahs, prominent entrance treatments and integrated signage; and (d) landscaping including shade trees provided to enhance the appearance and comfort of development and contribute to the buffering of the adjoining Low density residential zone. Note—Figure 7.2.16D (Design principles for development in Landsborough’s Medium impact industry zone) illustrates application of some of the above design principles for development in Landsborough’s Medium impact industry zone. Note—the Planning Scheme Policy for Landsborough (urban design guidelines) provides guidance in relation to the achievement of urban design outcomes for development in Landsborough.
		AO11.3	Development:- (a) provides safe and efficient access (including access to Tytherleigh Avenue and east/west connections); and (b) rationalises direct access to Caloundra Street through shared access arrangements.
Development in the Low Density Residential Zone Generally			
PO12	Development in the Low density residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is sympathetic to the traditional character and identity of established residential areas in Landsborough.	AO12	Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for larger lot sizes (as specified in AO13.1 and AO14.1 below), a grid pattern of streets, connectivity for pedestrians, open <i>streetscape</i> and mature street trees.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
Development in the Low Density Residential Zone in Precinct LAN LPP-1 (Landsborough Town West)			
PO13	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone in Precinct LAN LPP-1 (Landsborough Town West) identified on Local Plan Map LPM42:- (a) maintains the low density residential character of the area; (b) provides for a transition of lot sizes to surrounding rural residential areas; (c) responds to and retains environmental features, including significant <i>vegetation</i> and other <i>ecologically important areas</i> ; (d) protects the visual amenity of Landsborough-Maleny Road as a scenic route; (e) provides for appropriate pedestrian and cycle links; and (f) provides for road and intersection upgrades.	AO13.1	Reconfiguring a lot provides for lots which have a minimum area of 750m ² .
		AO13.2	Reconfiguring a lot incorporates larger lots adjacent to Lower Mount Mellum Road, Whites Road and along the western boundary of Precinct LAN LPP-1 (Landsborough Town West).
		AO13.3	Reconfiguring a lot provides for the protection of significant <i>vegetation</i> adjacent to Mellum Creek and Landsborough-Maleny Road.
		AO13.4	In addition to any parkland dedication, reconfiguring a lot provides a local ecological linkage and open space corridor along Mellum Creek.
		AO13.5	A dense vegetated <i>buffer</i> is provided to Landsborough-Maleny Road to screen development from the road.
		AO13.6	Reconfiguring a lot contributes to the provision of pedestrian and cycle linkages to the Landsborough town centre.
		AO13.7	Reconfiguring a lot contributes to the upgrading of the Gympie Street South – Lower Mount Mellum Road intersection.
Development in the Low Density Residential Zone in Precinct LAN LPP-2 (Landsborough Town East)			
PO14	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone in Precinct LAN LPP-2 (Landsborough Town East) identified on Local Plan Map LPM42:- (a) creates a distinct residential neighbourhood by maintaining the low density residential character of the area; and (b) provides for appropriate pedestrian and cycle links to improve accessibility to the Landsborough town centre.	AO14.1	Reconfiguring a lot maintains a minimum lot size of:- (a) 1,000m ² on land between Toorbul Street and Forestdale Road; and (b) 650m ² elsewhere in Precinct LAN LPP-2 (Landsborough Town East).
		AO14.2	Reconfiguring a lot contributes to the provision of a network of cycleways and pedestrian paths linking to the Landsborough town centre.
Development in the Medium Density Residential Zone			
PO15	Development in the Medium density residential zone:- (a) provides for the establishment of medium density housing compatible with a rural town setting; (b) is sympathetic to the rural town character of Landsborough; (c) is of a domestic scale that does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i> and is compatible with surrounding development; (d) provides for building form that reflects the traditional Queensland style; (e) provides for generous open space to be maintained between buildings to preserve a predominantly open feel; and (f) provides for on-site car parking to	AO15.1	For a <i>multiple dwelling</i> , the development <i>site</i> has an area of at least 1,000m ² .
		AO15.2	Development within the Medium density residential zone:- (a) is in the form of multiple separated buildings or provides for larger buildings to be expressed as a series of linked smaller buildings that are similar in scale to a detached house; (b) provides for a building form which reflects the traditional Queensland style and incorporates front facades and building elements including wall articulation, pitched roof forms, roof overhangs, verandahs and prominent entry treatments; and (c) provides car parking areas at the rear of and/or between buildings.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	be located and designed such that it does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i> .		Car parking areas are broken-up and do not dominate the <i>streetscape</i> . Note—Figure 7.2.16E (Design principles for development in Landsborough’s Medium density residential zone) illustrates application of some of the above design principles for development in Landsborough’s Medium density residential zone.
Development in the Emerging Community Zone (Lot 2 RP208083, Coolum Street)			
PO16	Development in the Emerging community zone on Lot 2 RP208083:- (a) provides for medium density residential uses that contribute to housing choice in Landsborough; (b) rehabilitates and remediates any contaminated land; (c) provides appropriate riparian buffers to Mellum Creek, protects adjoining riparian <i>vegetation</i> and avoids flood prone land; (d) in addition to any parkland dedication, provides a local ecological linkage and open space corridor along Mellum Creek; (e) provides an environmentally sensitive pedestrian and cycle link along the southern side of Mellum Creek; (f) provides a direct pedestrian and cycle link across Mellum Creek to Landsborough’s town centre; and (g) provides efficient, safe and convenient vehicle access via Gympie Street South.	AO16	No acceptable outcome provided.



LEGEND

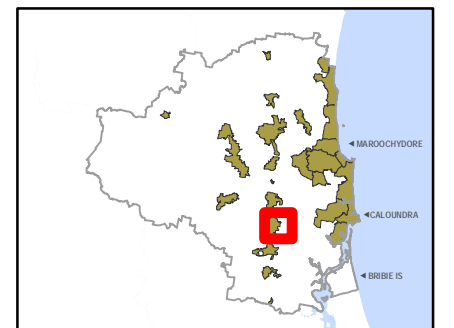
- Local Plan Area Boundary
- Waterway^{Note 1}
- Primary Active Street Frontage
- Primary Streetscape Treatment Area
- Local Ecological Linkage
- Greenspace^{Note 1}
- Community Activity/Facility^{Note 1}
- Character Vegetation
- Gateway/Entry Point
- Heritage Place^{Note 2}
- Character Area^{Note 2}
- Significant View
- Through Block Pedestrian/Cycle Linkage
- Dedicated Public Transport Corridor
- Transit Hub
- Indicative Road Linkage/Access Point
- Intersection Upgrade
- Proposed Rail Corridor Upgrade

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Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).

Figure 7.2.16A (Landsborough Local Plan Elements)

Figure 7.2.16B Design principles for development fronting the northern side of Caloundra Street

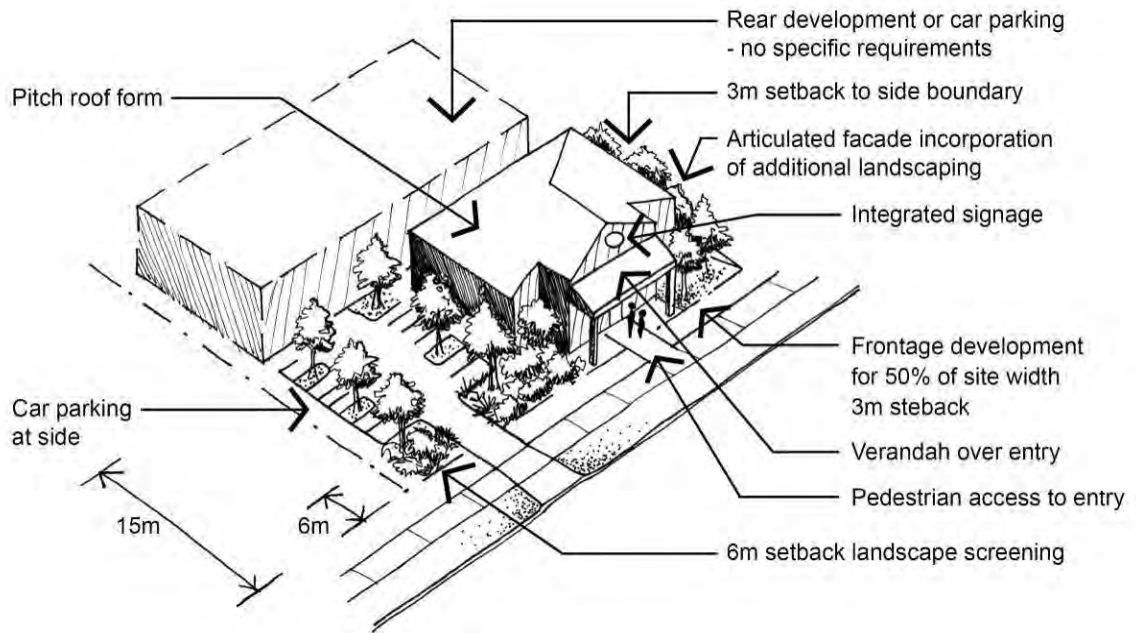


Figure 7.2.16C Design principles for development in Landsborough's Local centre zone

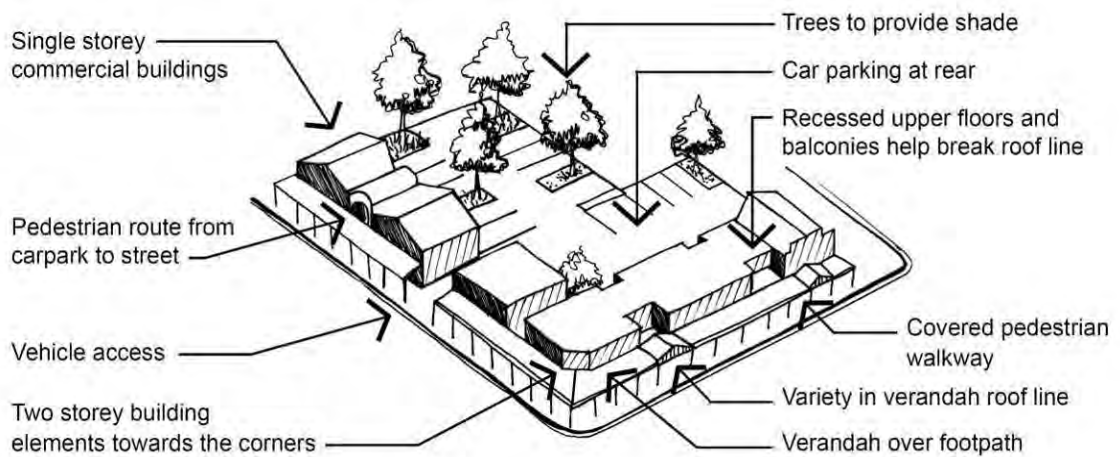


Figure 7.2.16D Design principles for development in Landsborough's Medium impact industry zone

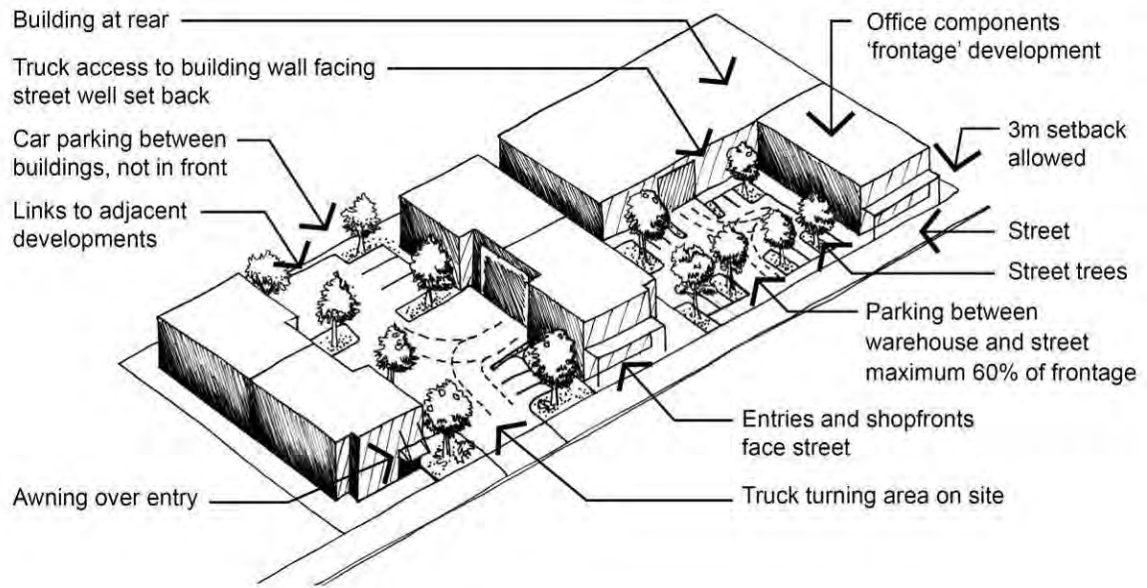
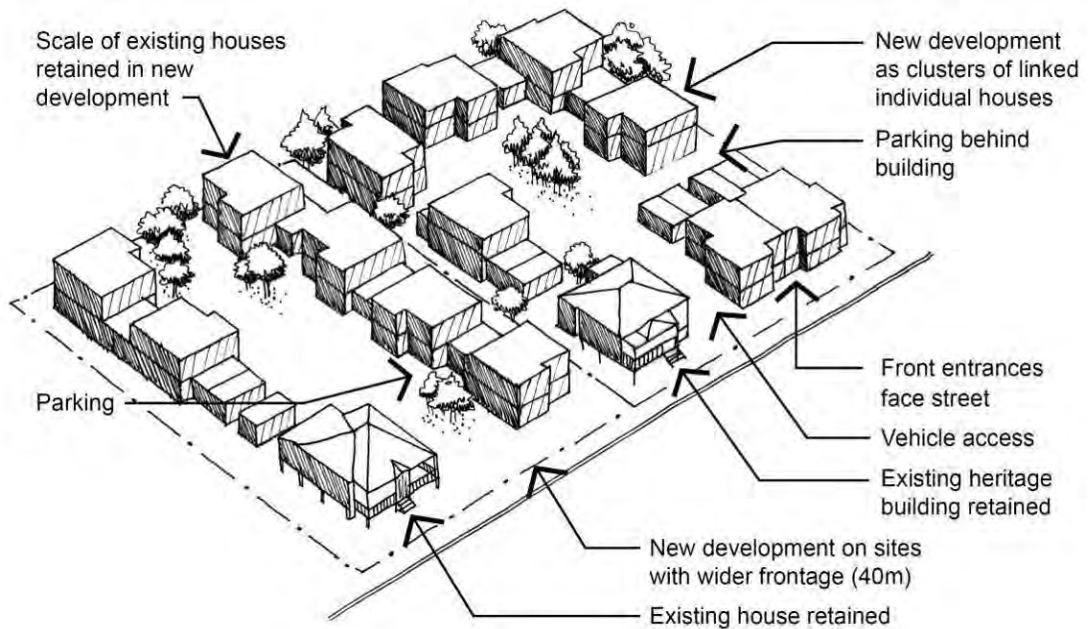


Figure 7.2.16E Design principles for development in Landsborough's Medium density residential zone



7.2.17 Maleny local plan code

7.2.17.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) within the Maleny local plan area as shown on Map ZM39 contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Maleny local plan code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) The following provisions of the code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development:-
 - (a) **section 7.2.17.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)**;
 - (b) **Table 7.2.17.4.1 (Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development)**; and
 - (c) **Figure 7.2.17A (Maleny local plan elements)**.

7.2.17.2 Context and setting

This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Maleny local plan code.

The Maleny local plan area is located in the south western part of the Sunshine Coast on the Maleny Plateau, which forms part of the Blackall Range. The local plan area includes Maleny's town centre and surrounding urban and rural residential areas. The local plan area has a land area of approximately 860 hectares.

The local plan area is characterised by variable topography with the northern parts having moderate to steep slopes. Obi Obi Creek, which flows to Lake Baroon, traverses the local plan area and is subject to periodic flooding. The local plan area has largely been cleared of native vegetation for urban and rural purposes. Isolated pockets of remnant vegetation remain, predominantly along Obi Obi Creek.

Maleny is an attractive rural town providing important district level business, community, social, and recreational facilities to service the needs of its resident population as well as the needs of surrounding rural communities and visitors to the area. Maleny is characterised by its rural setting, traditional streetscape and wide range of dining, cultural and artistic experiences, which make the town a popular destination for visitors to the region.

A small scale industrial area located off Lawyer Street complements the business centre and accommodates a limited range of low impact and local service industries.

The local plan area includes a range of community facilities and sport and recreation areas including a State primary school, State high school, public hospital, showgrounds, public library, emergency services and community halls. The Maleny Community Precinct located to the east of the business centre and north of Obi Obi Creek, which is being progressively developed in accordance with a master plan, will further diversify the range of community, sport and recreation and open space facilities in the local plan area including a golf course, aquatic centre, sports fields, open space and ecological parkland.

Existing urban residential development in the local plan area is characterised by predominantly low density housing surrounding the town centre, with some medium density housing immediately to the north of the centre. The local plan area also contains two large rural residential areas located to the south and north-east of the town centre.

The principal road link extending through the local plan area is via Maple Street, Beech Street and Macadamia Drive which connect Landsborough-Maleny Road to Maleny-Kenilworth Road. Public transport in the local plan area is currently limited; however, improvements are being made to further service the area.

Urban zoned land within the local plan area is connected, or has the ability to be connecte to reticulated water and sewerage.

7.2.17.3 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Maleny local plan code is to provide locally relevant planning provisions for the assessment of development within the Maleny local plan area.
- (2) The purpose of the Maleny local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) Maleny remains a moderate-sized rural town with a distinct heritage character, primarily servicing the needs of surrounding urban, rural residential and rural communities in the southern Sunshine Coast hinterland west of the Blackall Range escarpment.
 - (b) Urban and rural residential development within the Maleny local plan area is limited to land within the urban and rural residential growth management boundaries respectively so as to protect and reinforce the identity of Maleny, provide for the efficient provision of *infrastructure* and services, avoid constrained land and protect the landscape values and productivity of surrounding rural lands.
 - (c) Development retains the key built form, *streetscape*, landscape character and natural environment elements that contribute to the setting, character and identity of Maleny as a rural town with a strong sense of place and associations with the past.
 - (d) Development in the local plan area protects and retains the *character area* in Maleny (Maple Street) and buildings identified as having cultural heritage or *streetscape* significance as important elements of local character and identity.
 - (e) Development provides for the retail and commercial functions of Maleny Town Centre to expand and be enhanced. Development in the District centre zone supports the role and function of Maleny as a district activity centre meeting the needs of the local community and surrounding rural and rural residential areas along with the needs of tourists and travellers. The town centre remains compact, with any further development or expansion of business uses contained to land included within the District centre zone. Mixed uses and uses which enhance the rural town character and rural service centre role of the town are encouraged.
 - (f) Retail and commercial uses which rely predominantly on pedestrian trade are located on land adjoining Maple Street. A mix of other business, community, residential and recreational uses are located within the District centre zone on land adjoining Coral Street and Bicentenary Lane. No new large floor plate retail uses are intended to be established in the Maleny Town Centre.
 - (g) Development in the Low impact industry zone provides for minor expansion of the existing Lawyer Street industry area to accommodate the towns's immediate industry needs, such as small scale low-impact and service industries. This area provides a low key but high quality industrial area with an attractive street front address. The interface to adjacent land included in the Low density residential zone is sensitively treated to ensure impacts on existing and future residential development are mitigated.
 - (h) Development in the Low density residential zone protects and is sympathetic to the traditional rural town character and identity of Maleny typified by low rise detached housing on relatively large lots. Building form reflects the traditional Queensland style through the use of timber, pitched roofs, verandahs and subdued colour schemes. Development in the zone provides an interconnected network of roads, pedestrian and cycle paths and open space and buffering to surrounding rural lands. Reconfiguring a lot in Precinct MAL LPP-2 (Maleny West) provides a transition between the township and rural lands through larger lots than the minimum lot size specified for the Low density residential zone in other parts of the local plan area.
 - (i) Development in the Medium density residential zone is of a scale, density and design which is complementary to a rural town setting and sensitively responds to site constraints. Further development on the Erowal aged care facility site provides for a range of *retirement facilities* with a building form and design compatible with the semi-rural setting and character of the area.
 - (j) Reconfiguring a lot in the Rural residential zone maintains the rural living character of the zone with an interconnected network of roads, pedestrian and cycle paths and open space and buffering to surrounding rural lands. Minimum lot sizes are consistent with the prevailing subdivision pattern in the area, sensitively respond to site constraints and provide for the satisfactory on-site treatment and disposal of effluent.

- (k) The Maleny Community Precinct (Precinct MAL LPP-1) is progressively developed in accordance with the adopted Maleny Community Precinct Master Plan and allocated land use zones, as an integrated area of open space comprising parkland, sport and recreation facilities, community facilities and land for environmental protection and rehabilitation purposes. Limited and sensitively designed residential development occurs in the Maleny Community Precinct to support and complement the provision of community facilities and open space assets on the *site*.
- (l) Development in the local plan area is supported by a network of interconnected open space to meet the needs of the local community and facilitates safe and convenient pedestrian and cycle connections between and around key destinations and facilities within the local plan area.
- (m) Development provides for retention and enhancement of riparian *vegetation* along Obi Obi Creek, Walkers Creek and other *waterways* that traverse the local plan area.
- (n) Development provides for required improvements to the local road network including new road links to improve local connectivity and intersection upgrades.

7.2.17.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 7.2.17.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Maleny Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development is consistent with and reflects and enhances the traditional rural town character of Maleny in terms of scale, siting, form, composition and use of materials.	AO1.1	Development provides for the retention and/or adaptive re-use, with limited modification, of buildings which have cultural heritage or character significance. Editor's Note— Section 8.2.9 (Heritage and character areas overlay code) sets out requirements for development on or in proximity to <i>local heritage places</i> and in <i>character areas</i> .
		AO1.2	Buildings and structures incorporate traditional external building materials, such as timber cladding and corrugated iron roofs.
		AO1.3	For residential, business and community activities, roof forms are simple, traditional Queensland-style roof designs including gable, hip, pitched or multiple gable roof forms.
		AO1.4	Development with <i>frontage</i> to Maple Street, Bunya Street, Miva Street, Tulip Street, Coral Street and Beech Street maintains the traditional character evident in both the District centre zone and surrounding residential areas.
PO2	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements including historical landmarks, significant views and vistas, existing character trees and areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the setting, character and sense of place of Maleny.	AO2.1	Development provides for the retention of old stone retaining walls, historical landmarks, memorials and monuments.
		AO2.2	Development protects and emphasises, and does not intrude upon, important views to surrounding rural and natural areas identified on Figure 7.2.17A (Maleny local plan elements) .
		AO2.3	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature trees and character <i>vegetation</i>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>contributing to the setting and character of Maleny including:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) riparian <i>vegetation</i> along Obi Obi Creek and Walkers Creek; (b) Porter's wood; and (c) other character <i>vegetation</i> identified on Figure 7.2.17A (Maleny local plan elements). <p>Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.</p>
PO3	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> and gateways to enhance the rural town character of, and sense of entry and arrival to, Maleny.	AO3.1	Development adjacent to the primary streetscape treatment area or an identified gateway/entry point identified on Figure 7.2.17A (Maleny local plan elements) incorporates architectural and landscape treatments and other design elements which enhance the sense of entry and arrival to, and rural town character of, Maleny, and emphasise corner locations.
		AO3.2	<p>Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes.</p> <p>Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.</p> <p>Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.</p>
PO4	Development provides through block pedestrian linkages which:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) are located to reflect the desire lines of pedestrian movement between major points of attraction and public spaces; (b) provide a safe alternative to the street based pedestrian and cycle movement network; and (c) provide a comfortable pedestrian environment in terms of access, width, shelter, materials and function. 	AO4	Development provides safe, comfortable and attractive through block pedestrian linkages where identified on Figure 7.2.17A (Maleny local plan elements) .
PO5	Development improves local connectivity by providing for required improvements to the local road network including new road links and intersection upgrades as identified on Figure 7.2.17A (Maleny local plan elements) .	AO5	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO6	Development in the Maleny local plan area contributes to a network of linked open space.	AO6	Development provides for an interconnected open space system that links with a series of linear parks along Obi Obi Creek and Walkers Creek.

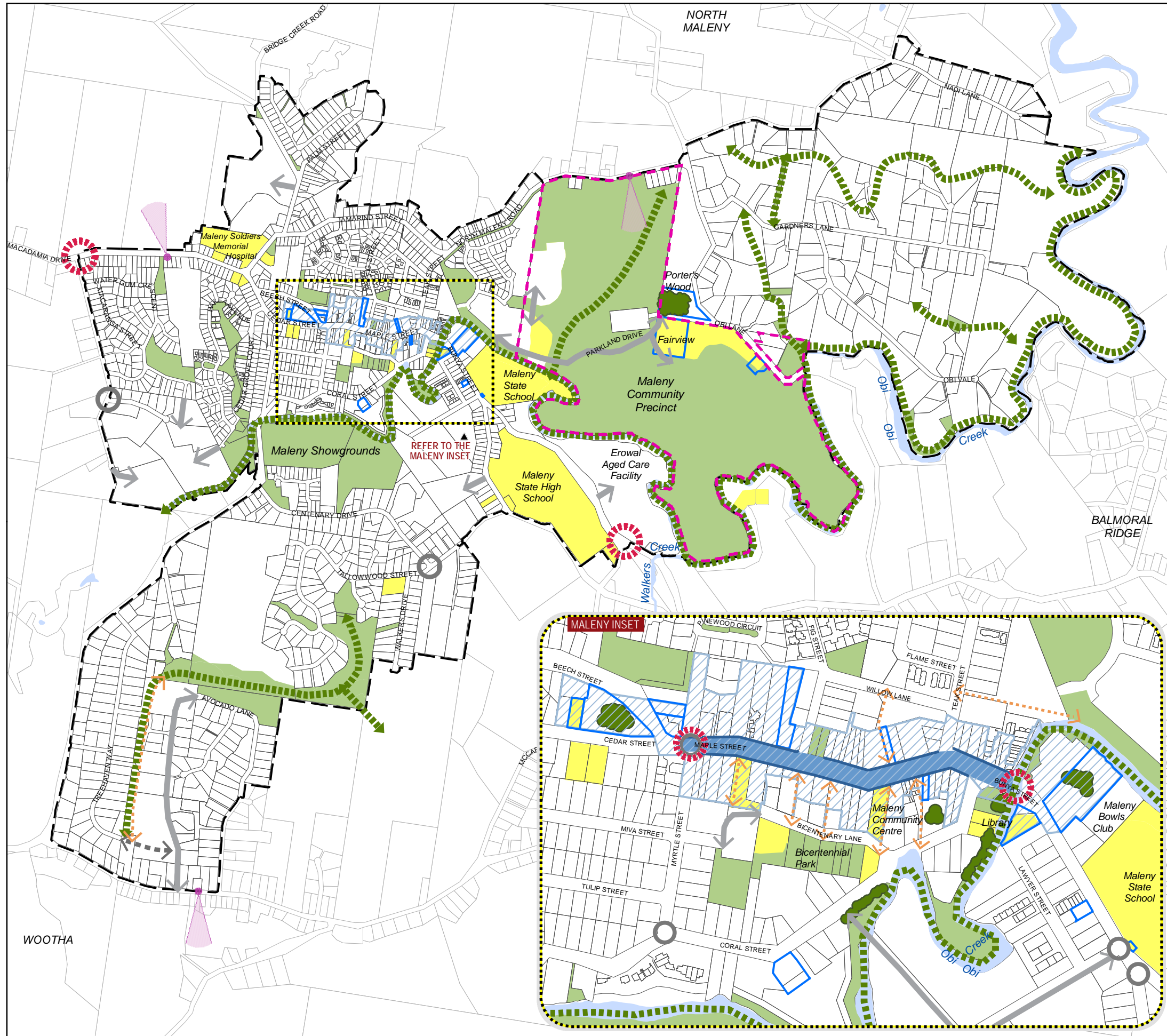
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
PO7	Development on land with frontage to Obi Obi Creek and Walkers Creek, or on land otherwise identified as a local ecological linkage on Figure 7.2.17A (Maleny local plan elements) , facilitates the provision of the local ecological linkage.	AO7	No acceptable outcome provided. Editor's Note— Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity, waterways and wetlands overlay code) sets out requirements for the provision of ecological linkages.
PO8	Development for a <i>food and drink outlet</i> does not:- (a) provide for the establishment of a <i>high volume convenience restaurant</i> ; or (b) incorporate a <i>drive-through facility</i> .	AO8	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the District Centre Zone			
PO9	Development in the District centre zone:- (a) complements the traditional built form and <i>streetscape</i> character of Maleny's town centre; (b) reinforces the rural town, main street character of Maple Street; (c) addresses the street; (d) creates vibrant and active streets and public spaces; (e) uses traditional building materials; (f) limits and rationalises direct vehicle <i>access</i> from Maple Street and Bunya Street and provides integrated and functional parking arrangements that do not dominate the street; and (g) enhances pedestrian comfort and connectivity within the town centre.	AO9.1	Development in the District centre zone:- (a) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i> , built to the front boundary, where identified on Figure 7.2.17A (Maleny local plan elements) ; (b) respects the layout, scale (including height and <i>setback</i>) and character of existing buildings; (c) provides for a mixture of original lowset timber framed buildings and compatible new buildings; (d) has simple, traditional Queensland style roof designs, such as hipped or gabled, and parapets facing the street; (e) has building openings overlooking the street, with the main entrance visually emphasised in the centre of the ground floor facade; (f) provides detailing and articulation for horizontal emphasis including awnings, parapet walls and first floor balconies; (g) uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials; (h) ensures that signage is integrated with the building; (i) provides mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside; (j) includes the provision of landscaping, shaded seating, public art and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths; (k) provides for vehicle <i>access</i> to be via streets other than Maple or Bunya Streets; and (l) provides for on-site car parking to be located at the rear or to one side of the development.
		AO9.2	In addition to acceptable outcome AO9.1 above, development in that part of the District centre zone fronting Maple Street:- (a) provides building facades which, on the northern side of Maple Street, occupy a minimum of 60% of the width of the <i>site</i> and, on the

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>southern side of Maple Street, occupy a minimum of 80% of the width of the <i>site</i>;</p> <p>(b) provides continuous pedestrian weather protection over the street which key into adjoining awnings;</p> <p>(c) incorporates other elements of traditional main street design including verandah posts that are decorative and non-load bearing, cut-out facades, exposed gables, dormer windows and timber joinery;</p> <p>(d) provides for pedestrian linkages between Maple Street and Bicentenary and Willow Lanes; and</p> <p>(e) is a mainly single <i>storey</i> facade.</p>
PO10	Development does not provide for the establishment of any additional large floor plate retail uses.	AO10	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Low Impact Industry Zone			
PO11	<p>Development in the Low impact industry zone provides:-</p> <p>(a) attractive buildings which are sympathetic to Maleny's rural town character and identity;</p> <p>(b) safe and efficient access to the local road network;</p> <p>(c) acoustic attenuation and visual buffering to adjacent land zoned for residential purposes; and</p> <p>(d) stormwater drainage that protects the water quality of Obi Obi Creek and Baroon Pocket Dam.</p>	AO11	<p>The layout and design of industrial development in the Low impact industry zone provides:-</p> <p>(a) buildings with an attractive streetfront address and muted colour schemes reflecting predominantly natural and earthy tones;</p> <p>(b) safe and efficient vehicle access from Lawyer Street and Cudgerie Street;</p> <p>(c) densely landscaped screening and acoustic attenuation measures to adjacent existing and future residential areas included in the Low density residential zone; and</p> <p>(d) a total site stormwater management solution which protects the water quality of Obi Obi Creek and Baroon Pocket Dam.</p>
Development in the Low Density Residential Zone			
PO12	<p>Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone:-</p> <p>(a) provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of Maleny;</p> <p>(b) is designed to sensitively respond to site characteristics and avoids significant scarring of the landscape;</p> <p>(c) provides for an interconnected system of local roads, pedestrian, cycle and open space links with adjoining land;</p> <p>(d) provides a transition of development intensity between the town and adjacent rural areas; and</p> <p>(e) includes adequate provision for open space, future road requirements and effective stormwater drainage.</p>	<p>AO12.1</p> <p>AO12.2</p>	<p>Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone has a minimum lot size of:-</p> <p>(a) 700m² where located in Precinct MAL LPP-1 (Maleny Community Precinct);</p> <p>(b) 1,200m² where located in Precinct MAL LPP-2 (Maleny West); and</p> <p>(c) 800m² elsewhere in the local plan area.</p> <p>Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone:-</p> <p>(a) provides for a subdivision layout which minimises the extent of cut and fill required to accommodate new lots and roads;</p> <p>(b) incorporates an interconnected internal road system that limits and rationalises the number of access points to the existing road network;</p> <p>(c) for the area west of Bunya Street, does not provide vehicle access from Cudgerie Street;</p> <p>(d) where fronting Beech Street, gains</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>access from Cedar Street rather than from Beech Street;</p> <p>(e) contributes to the upgrading of intersections identified on Figure 7.2.17A (Maleny local plan elements);</p> <p>(f) provides an interconnected <i>park</i> system, including a linear <i>park</i> incorporating Obi Obi Creek and its <i>floodplain</i>; and</p> <p>(g) provides a total site stormwater network solution to appropriately treat runoff prior to its discharge to Obi Obi Creek and tributaries.</p>
		AO12.3	<p>For that part of the Low density residential zone within and adjacent to Precinct MAL LPP-1 (Maleny Community Precinct), reconfiguring a lot provides for east-west interconnection of road, pedestrian, cycle and open space networks.</p>
Development in the Medium Density Residential Zone Generally			
PO13	<p>Development in the Medium density residential zone:-</p> <p>(a) provides for the establishment of a range of medium density housing compatible with a rural town setting;</p> <p>(b) is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of Maleny;</p> <p>(c) is of a domestic scale and density that is compatible with surrounding development and complements the traditional built form and <i>streetscape</i> of Maleny's older residential areas;</p> <p>(d) provides for building form that reflects the traditional Queensland style;</p> <p>(e) provides for generous open space to be maintained between buildings to preserve a predominantly open feel;</p> <p>(f) is designed to sensitively respond to site characteristics and avoids significant scarring of the landscape; and</p> <p>(g) provides for on-site parking to be located and designed such that it does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i>.</p>	AO13.1	<p>Development in the Medium density residential zone:-</p> <p>(a) provides accommodation in small, separate buildings, rather than in large, single, bulky buildings;</p> <p>(b) sensitively responds to topography and site characteristics, where buildings are pole and frame construction designed to step with the contours of the land, rather than slab on ground;</p> <p>(c) provides dense landscaping which reduces the visual impact of buildings and site works from other parts of the local plan area;</p> <p>(d) reflects the traditional Queensland designs evident in Maleny, by using elements such as pitched roof forms with eaves, verandahs, prominent entry treatments and window hoods; and</p> <p>(e) provides car parking areas at the rear of and/or between buildings. Car parking areas are broken up and do not dominate the <i>streetscape</i>.</p>
		AO13.2	<p>Development does not exceed a site density of 20 <i>equivalent dwellings</i> per hectare.</p>
PO14	<p>Development in the Medium density residential zone:-</p> <p>(a) provides safe and efficient access to the existing road network;</p> <p>(b) provides interconnecting road, pedestrian, cycle and open space networks; and</p> <p>(c) contributes to the upgrading of the existing road network.</p>	AO14.1	<p>Development in the Medium density residential zone:-</p> <p>(a) limits and rationalises the number of <i>access</i> points to the existing road network;</p> <p>(b) provides for <i>access</i> from Miva or Tulip Streets, rather than direct <i>access</i> from Myrtle Street (Maleny–Stanley River Road); and</p> <p>(c) contributes to the upgrading of intersections identified on Figure 7.2.17A (Maleny local plan elements).</p>

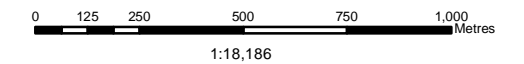
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
		AO14.2	For that part of the Medium density residential zone within and adjacent to the Precinct MAL LPP-1 (Maleny Community Precinct), reconfiguring a lot provides for east-west interconnection of road, pedestrian, cycle and open space networks.
Development in the Medium Density Residential Zone (Erowal Aged Care Facility)			
PO15	Development on the Erowal aged care facility site (Lot 2 on SP115563):- (a) provides for a range of <i>retirement facilities</i> and <i>residential care facilities</i> ; (b) maintains the low-rise form of development currently present on the <i>site</i> ; (c) is compatible with the semi-rural character of the area; and (d) is designed and landscaped to minimise the visual impact of development as viewed from Landsborough-Maleny Road.	AO15	No acceptable outcome provided.
Reconfiguring a Lot in the Rural Residential Zone			
PO16	Reconfiguring a lot in the Rural residential zone:- (a) is designed to sensitively respond to site characteristics and avoids significant scarring of the landscape; (b) provides for an interconnected system of local roads, pedestrian and cycle links and upgrading of the existing road network; (c) does not adversely impact on Obi Obi Creek, Walkers Creek and tributaries; and (d) includes provision for interconnected open space and effective stormwater drainage.	AO16	Reconfiguring a lot in the Rural residential zone:- (a) provides for a subdivision layout which minimises the extent of cut and fill required to accommodate new lots and roads; (b) subject to (c) immediately below, incorporates an interconnected internal road system (rather than a series of cul-de-sacs) and intersection upgrades where identified on Figure 7.2.17A (Maleny local plan elements) ; (c) in Precinct MAL LPP-3 (Walkers Creek), road connections between Treehaven Way and Avocado Lane are limited to emergency vehicle access only, where identified on Figure 7.2.17A (Maleny local plan elements) ; (d) provides for appropriate pedestrian and cycleway links; (e) provides an interconnected open space system including a linear <i>park</i> incorporating Obi Obi Creek, Walkers Creek and associated <i>floodplains</i> ; (f) in Precinct MAL LPP-3 (Walkers Creek), provides an open space <i>buffer</i> to Walkers Creek, with a minimum width of 100 metres or to the <i>defined flood event</i> (whichever provides the greater width); and (g) provides a total site stormwater drainage system, draining towards a treatment area prior to its discharge to a watercourse.
PO17	Reconfiguring a lot within the Rural residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that:- (a) is sympathetic to the prevailing rural residential character of the area in which it is located;	AO17	Reconfiguring a lot in the Rural residential zone has a minimum lot size of:- (a) 1,500m ² where located in Precinct MAL LPP-1 (Maleny Community Precinct) and having <i>frontage</i> to North Maleny Road;

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (b) sensitively responds to site constraints; and (c) provides for the safe and effective treatment and disposal of effluent on-site. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (b) 5,000m² where located in Precinct MAL LPP-3 (Walkers Creek); and (c) 5,000m² where located in Precinct MAL LPP-4 (Maleny North).
Development in Precinct MAL LPP-1 (Maleny Community Precinct)			
PO18	<p>Development in Precinct MAL LPP-1, (Maleny Community Precinct) identified on Maleny Local Plan Precinct Map LPM39 provides for the following:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) extensive areas of passive open space in the form of parks and gardens; (b) land for environmental open space for ecological protection and rehabilitation purposes, primarily focused along Obi Obi Creek and associated watercourses and <i>wetland</i> areas; (c) areas for active sport and recreation facilities, including a community golf course and sporting fields; (d) a range of community facilities, including an aquatic centre, environmental education centre, land care nursery and community hall; (e) a small cultural and heritage precinct centred around the heritage-listed Fairview site; (f) limited residential development which is sensitively sited and designed to be compatible with its location and setting within the Maleny Community Precinct; and (g) enhanced public access to the <i>site</i> via an extensive multi-use trail network and provision of appropriate vehicle connections. 	AO18	No acceptable outcome provided.



- LEGEND**
- Local Plan Area Boundary
 - Waterway^{Note 1}
 - Primary Active Street Frontage
 - Primary Streetscape Treatment Area
 - Local Ecological Linkage
 - Greenspace^{Note 1}
 - Community Activity/Facility^{Note 1}
 - Character Vegetation
 - Gateway/Entry Point
 - Significant View
 - Heritage Place^{Note 2}
 - Character Area^{Note 2}
 - Through Block Pedestrian/Cycle Linkage
 - Indicative Road Linkage/Access Point
 - Intersection Upgrade
 - Indicative Emergency Access Road
 - Maleny Community Precinct

Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).



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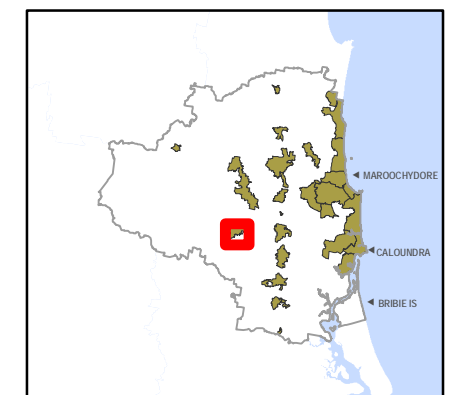


Figure 7.2.17A
(Maleny Local Plan Elements)

7.2.18 Maroochy North Shore local plan code

7.2.18.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) within the Maroochy North Shore local plan area as shown on Map ZM21 contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Maroochy North Shore local plan code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) The following provisions of the code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development:-
 - (a) **section 7.2.18.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)**;
 - (b) **Table 7.2.18.4.1 (Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development)**; and
 - (c) **Figure 7.2.18A (Maroochy North Shore local plan elements)**.

7.2.18.2 Context and setting

This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Maroochy North Shore local plan code.

The Maroochy North Shore local plan area is situated in the central eastern part of the Sunshine Coast, east of the Sunshine Motorway, north of the Maroochy River and to the south of Mount Coolum. It includes the established communities of Mudjimba, Pacific Paradise, North and South Maroocha, Town of Seaside, Twin Waters and the emerging residential community of Twin Waters West. The local plan area also includes the Sunshine Coast Airport, Airport Industrial Park, as well as a number of tourist resorts at Twin Waters and Maroocha. The local plan area has a land area of approximately 1,885 hectares.

The significant environmental values of the Maroochy North Shore local plan area, being the Maroochy River Conservation Park, Mount Coolum National Park, the Maroochy River foreshore, wetlands and waterways (including declared fish habitat areas) and the beach dunal system and foreshore areas provide a natural and scenic setting for residential and tourist development within the local plan area. The local plan area is located on a low sand dune system and coastal floodplain within the Maroochy River catchment. As a result, most of the area is relatively flat and close to sea level.

The Sunshine Coast Airport, located centrally within the local plan area, is a regionally significant facility and “gateway” to the Sunshine Coast’s attractions. It is recognised within the SEQ Regional Plan 2009 - 2031 as a specialist activity centre and aviation and aerospace enterprise opportunity area. The Airport is intended to expand with the construction of a new runway to facilitate new international routes and additional airport related commercial and industry activities to support the growing economy of the Sunshine Coast.

The local plan area includes the Pacific Paradise shopping centre, located at the intersection of David Low Way and Mudjimba Beach Road, and a number of smaller neighbourhood centres at Maroocha, Mudjimba, Twin Waters, Town of Seaside and Pacific Paradise, which provide convenience goods and services and a community focus for local residents and tourists.

The residential communities within the local plan area consist predominantly of dwelling houses with pockets of medium to high density residential development mainly around the business centres at Maroocha, Pacific Paradise, Twin Waters, Mudjimba Beach and Town of Seaside. The existing residential communities of Mudjimba Beach, Pacific Paradise and North and South Maroocha have a coastal village character being located alongside the foreshore.

A number of community, sport and recreational facilities are also located within the local plan area including the Mudjimba Community Hall, North Shore Community Centre, Twin Waters Golf Club, the North Shore Multi Sports Complex, Apex Camp, Mudjimba Beach Holiday Park and Pacific Paradise State School.

The Sunshine Motorway, North Shore Connection Road, Suncoast Boulevard and David Low Way are major road links within the local plan area.

Urban zoned land within the local plan area is connected, or has the ability to be connected, to reticulated water and sewerage.

The existing and future airport operations, significant environmental areas and the drainage characteristics of the local plan area impose significant constraints on new urban development within the local plan area.

7.2.18.3 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Maroochy North Shore local plan code is to provide locally relevant planning provisions for the assessment of development within the Maroochy North Shore local plan area.
- (2) The purpose of the Maroochy North Shore local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) The Maroochy North Shore local plan area is to remain a predominantly low density coastal urban area comprising a number of beachside residential communities and the Sunshine Coast Airport as well as significant tourist and sport and recreation facilities.
 - (b) Urban development within the Maroochy North Shore local plan area is limited to land within the urban growth management boundary so as to protect environmental areas and landscape values, avoid further urban development on heavily constrained land, particularly low lying and flood prone land, and provide for the efficient provision of *infrastructure* and services. Whilst some limited consolidation is expected within allocated zones, further significant residential development is not supported in the local plan area due to flooding, coastal hazards and environmental constraints.
 - (c) Development within the local plan area protects the primary function of the Sunshine Coast Airport as a major airport and aviation precinct and provides for its expansion over time.
 - (d) Development within the Sunshine Coast Airport (Precinct MNS LPP-1) provides for the establishment of a range of uses and activities that are compatible with the primary function of the airport including aviation related business and industrial uses. Development at the Sunshine Coast Airport does not compromise the *Sunshine Coast activity centre network*².
 - (e) Development and land use in the vicinity of the Sunshine Coast Airport is compatible with the Airport's existing and potential future operations, such that airport operations will not be affected and land use conflicts are minimised.
 - (f) Development is designed and sited in recognition of the constraints presented by the existing and potential airport operations, local flooding and drainage constraints and significant environmental areas, including the beaches, foreshore, *waterways* and *wetlands*.
 - (g) Development retains key landscape character and natural environment elements and protects significant views contributing to the character and landscape setting of the local plan area, including those to and from Mount Coolum, particularly from the David Low Way and Sunshine Motorway.
 - (h) Development in the Local centre zone at Pacific Paradise supports the role and function of the centre as a local (full service) activity centre providing a business and community focus for the local plan area. Development contributes to a low-scale, compact centre with a village character which provides an attractive interface and gateway to David Low Way and other local roads through high quality building design and the provision of landscape treatments, active *frontages* and off street car parking.
 - (i) Other smaller business centres at Mudjimba, North and South Maroola and Twin Waters continue to function as local (not full service) activity centres providing a basic level of convenience goods and services to nearby residents. Local centres remain compact, with any expansion and enhancement limited to land included within the Local centre zone. No new business centres are established within the Maroochy North Shore local plan area.
 - (j) Development in the Low density residential zone, Medium density residential zone and Local centre zone is designed to protect and reinforce the low key coastal village character of the established residential communities within the local plan area.

² Editor's Note—the *Sunshine Coast activity centre network* is described in **Table SC1.2.3 of Schedule 1 (Definitions)**.

- (k) The Town of Seaside (Precinct MNS LPP-2) continues to be developed as an integrated residential community based on “new urbanism” principles. Development contributes to the establishment of a walkable integrated residential community providing a mix of dwelling types, supported by limited small scale local convenience shopping and local business uses. Development reflects the distinct architectural features and landscape design of existing development within the precinct.
- (l) Development in the Tourist accommodation zone at Marcoola (Precinct MNS LPP-3 (Marcoola Tourist Accommodation)), located along David Low Way, remains a focus for visitor accommodation and *ancillary* uses. Development is designed to respond to local climatic conditions and airport noise, enhance facilities and pedestrian connectivity to the beach and foreshore, provide an attractive presentation to David Low Way and conserve the frontal dune system and remaining coastal heath vegetation communities.
- (m) Development provides for the Twin Waters Resort to be protected as a significant tourist facility. Development on this *site* respects the environmental and landscape values of the area and maintains the existing configuration of low scale, small clusters of buildings set within extensive parklands and naturally vegetated areas.
- (n) Development provides for the Twin Waters golf course to be preserved as an important sport and recreation facility and valuable area of private open space contributing to the character and identity of the local plan area.
- (o) Land included in the Emerging community zone (Twin Waters West) is master planned and developed in a coordinated manner that:-
 - (i) protects and enhances significant environmental and riparian areas, including *ecologically important areas*;
 - (ii) avoids or mitigates the potential adverse impacts of flooding constraints and other coastal hazards that affect this land; and
 - (iii) is compatible with, and does not adversely affect the safety and efficiency of, State transport infrastructure and State transport corridors and networks.
- (p) Development in the Emerging community zone (Twin Waters West) is integrated with the existing Twin Waters residential community and provides for the establishment of residential land uses that are sympathetic to, and in keeping with, the prevailing low density residential character of the area. Development incorporates large areas of public open space and focuses on connection to water as a key design and character element for the emerging residential community.
- (q) Development in the Emerging community zone (Twin Waters West) is designed in a manner which enhances connectivity and permeability while minimising adverse traffic and other amenity impacts on existing residential neighbourhoods to the east.
- (r) Development retains identified sites in the Medium density residential zone for retirement facilities in order to preserve these sites for such uses in the future.
- (s) Development in the Medium impact industry zone provides for a range of low to medium impact industrial uses that complement the existing and future operations of the Sunshine Coast Airport and service the local area. Development provides an attractive interface to major transport routes and the Sunshine Coast Airport.
- (t) Development is supported by a network of open space to meet the needs of the local community and facilitates safe and convenient pedestrian and cycle connections between and around key destinations within the local plan area.

7.2.18.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 7.2.18.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Maroochy North Shore Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that are consistent with and reflect the low key	AO1.1	Development for a residential, business or community activity provides for building design which incorporates the following

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	beachside character of the Maroochy North Shore local plan area in terms of form, composition and use of materials.		<p>features:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) a mix of lightweight and textured external building materials, including timber finishes or masonry construction with variation provided in texture and detailing; (b) articulated, pitched, skillion or curved roof forms; (c) open or transparent balustrades; and (d) landscaping integrated into the building design.
		AO1.2	Development uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials.
		AO1.3	Development provides for existing mature trees and stands of melaleuca and wallum heath to be retained and incorporated into the design of development.
PO2	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> and gateways to reflect and enhance the sense of entry to, and the beachside character of, the Maroochy North Shore local plan area.	AO2.1	<p>Development adjacent to an identified primary streetscape treatment area or gateway/entry point identified on Figure 7.2.18A (Maroochy North Shore local plan elements):-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) incorporates architectural and landscape treatments which enhance the sense of arrival to, and the beachside character of, the local plan area, and emphasise corner locations; and (b) incorporates building materials such as varied roof forms, changes in materials and variations in projected and recessed elements and facades.
		AO2.2	<p>Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes.</p> <p>Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.</p> <p>Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.</p>
PO3	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements including significant views and vistas to and from Mount Coolum from the David Low Way and Sunshine Motorway, existing character trees, <i>wetlands</i> and other areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> including melaleuca and wallum heath contributing to the setting, character and sense of place of the	AO3.1	Development protects and emphasises, and does not intrude upon, the important sightlines and views to and from Mount Coolum, particularly from David Low Way and the Sunshine Motorway identified on Figure 7.2.18A (Maroochy North Shore local plan elements) .
		AO3.2	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	Maroochy North Shore local plan area.		trees, stands of melaleuca and wallum heath.
PO4	The major open space links and scenic qualities offered by Mount Coolool National Park, the foreshore park and reserve system along the coastline, the Maroochy River Conservation Park and <i>wetland</i> areas and remnant <i>vegetation</i> along the Maroochy River are protected and enhanced.	AO4.1	Development protects and enhances the greenspace link along the coastal foreshore where identified on the Figure 7.2.18A (Maroochy North Shore local plan elements) .
		AO4.2	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of wallum heath, <i>wetland</i> areas and other native <i>vegetation</i> including adjacent to the foreshore, and the Maroochy River.
PO5	Development provides for the Twin Waters Golf Course to be retained as an important sport and recreation facility and open space area contributing to the character and identity of the local plan area.	AO5	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO6	Development on land with frontage to the Maroochy River facilitates the provision of a local ecological linkage as identified on Figure 7.2.18A (Maroochy North Shore local plan elements) .	AO6	No acceptable outcome provided. Editor's note— Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity, waterways and wetlands overlay code) sets out requirements for the provision of ecological linkages.
PO7	Development in the local plan area is sited and designed in a manner which is responsive to local flooding and drainage constraints.	AO7	No acceptable outcome provided. Editor's note— Section 8.2.7 (Flood hazard overlay code) sets out requirements for development on flood prone land.
PO8	Development in the local plan area does not compromise the current or potential future role of the Sunshine Coast Airport or adversely impact on the existing or future operational needs of the Airport.	AO8	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Community Facilities Zone in Precinct MNS LPP-1 (Sunshine Coast Airport)			
PO9	Development in the Community facilities zone in Precinct MNS LPP-1 (Sunshine Coast Airport) identified on Local Plan Map LPM21 :- (a) occurs in an integrated manner in accordance with the approved Sunshine Coast Airport Master Plan; (b) provides for uses and activities which support, and are consistent with, the efficient operation of the Sunshine Coast Airport as an international airport and aviation precinct; (c) is of a nature, scale and intensity that does not compromise the <i>Sunshine Coast activity centre network</i> , with retail activities limited to small scale uses directly serving passengers; (d) incorporates a high standard of urban design and landscaping that creates attractive terminal facilities, buildings, streets and entrance roads that promote a sense of arrival and departure and provide a favourable impression for tourists travelling to and from	AO9	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>the airport;</p> <p>(e) provides for airport related business uses and other uses to be co-located to maximise urban efficiency and contribute to an integrated land use outcome;</p> <p>(f) provides a high level of amenity and effectively manages the potential for land use conflict with existing and likely future surrounding development; and</p> <p>(g) encourages public transport accessibility and use.</p>		
Development in the Local Centre Zone			
PO10	<p>Development in the Local centre zone supports the role and function of:-</p> <p>(a) the Pacific Paradise Local Centre as a local (full service) activity centre providing a range of convenience goods and services to local residents and visitors; and</p> <p>(b) other local centres as local (not full service) activity centres providing basic convenience goods and services.</p>	AO10	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO11	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> <p>(a) is sympathetic to the coastal village character of the local plan area;</p> <p>(b) contributes to the creation of a contemporary coastal built form and <i>streetscape</i>;</p> <p>(c) creates vibrant and active streets and public spaces; and</p> <p>(d) provides continuous weather protection for pedestrians.</p>	AO11	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> <p>(a) provides for large floor plate retail uses such as <i>supermarkets</i> to be sleeved and located behind smaller scale, fine grain built form elements;</p> <p>(b) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i>, built to boundary, where identified on Figure 7.2.18A (Maroochy North Shore local plan elements);</p> <p>(c) has building openings overlooking the street;</p> <p>(d) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous awnings and/or light verandah structures with non-load bearing posts over footpath areas with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside;</p> <p>(e) ensures that signage is integrated with buildings; and</p> <p>(f) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths.</p>
PO12	<p>Development in the Local centre zone at Pacific Paradise and South Maroochy achieves a high level of visual amenity and attractive presentation to David Low Way and promotes a gateway experience for visitors.</p>	AO12	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO13	<p>Development in the Local centre zone at Pacific Paradise and Maroochy South provides for off street car parking and vehicular access arrangements which:-</p> <p>(a) avoids direct service vehicle and car park access to David Low Way; and</p> <p>(b) provides for service vehicle and car park areas to occur behind the</p>	AO13	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	active street <i>frontage</i> .		
Development in Precinct MNS LPP-2 (Town of Seaside)			
PO14	<p>Development in Precinct MNS LPP-2 (Town of Seaside) identified on Local Plan Map LPM21:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) contributes to the establishment of a walkable, integrated residential community; (b) provides for a mix of dwelling types in accordance with relevant master plan and zoning land use allocations; (c) provides for building design which addresses the street, respects the scale and character of surrounding development and reflects the distinct architectural features of existing buildings within the precinct; (d) provides for landscape design consistent with the established character of existing development within the precinct; (e) provides for retail and commercial development to be limited to existing nodes and provide for small scale local goods and services only; (f) provides for the maintenance and enhancement of public access to the beach and foreshore; (g) protects the visual amenity of the road network; and (h) provides for the maintenance and enhancement of the environmental and landscape values of the area. 	AO14	<p>Development complies with the requirements set out in subdivision permit no. 51480 (as modified by permit no. CCC03/0053) and the endorsed "Urban Code – Toward Community" for the Town of Seaside.</p>
Development in the Tourist Accommodation Zone (Precinct MNS LPP-3, Marcoola Tourist Accommodation)			
PO15	<p>Development in the Tourist accommodation zone in Precinct MNS LPP-3 (Marcoola Tourist Accommodation) identified on Local Plan Map LPM21:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) provides a focus for high density tourist and airport related accommodation and <i>ancillary</i> retail and entertainment/catering uses that contribute to the tourism focus of the precinct and complement the Sunshine Coast Airport; (b) is designed in a manner which responds to local climatic conditions and the beachfront setting; (c) achieves a high level of visual amenity and attractive presentation to David Low Way; (d) provides interesting and diverse public outdoor spaces that extend around and through the Precinct and link the David Low Way to the beach; (e) avoids direct service vehicle and car park access to David Low Way; 	AO15	<p>Development in the Tourist accommodation zone in Precinct MNS LPP-3 (Marcoola Tourist Accommodation):-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) provides predominantly visitor accommodation with limited small scale business uses including cafes, restaurants and boutique <i>shops</i> located at ground level around appropriately designed entrances and internal spaces; (b) provides for non-residential uses which have a maximum <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of 150m², with such uses to be located on corner sites; (c) incorporates generous verandahs, balconies and terraces; (d) provides for buildings which address the <i>frontages</i> to David Low Way, internal access streets and main pedestrian areas; (e) is designed to create attractive and interesting public spaces including internal courtyards, squares and gardens that extend around and through the Precinct and link David Low Way to the beach;

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>(f) conserves the frontal dune system from both direct and indirect impacts; and</p> <p>(g) protects the remaining wildflower heathland in the Precinct.</p>		<p>(f) incorporates appropriate ways of sheltering internal spaces from prevailing winds and mitigating aircraft noise;</p> <p>(g) does not gain direct access to David Low Way;</p> <p>(h) incorporates landscaping, comprising native species which reflect the existing character of the coastal dune <i>vegetation</i>;</p> <p>(i) incorporates dense landscaping along the David Low Way <i>frontage</i> of the <i>site</i> to soften building forms and provide an attractive presentation to the street;</p> <p>(j) provides for all buildings, structures and retaining walls, to be set back a minimum of 10 metres from the seaward boundary of the lot; and</p> <p>(k) retains the remaining wildflower heathland.</p>
Development in the Tourist Accommodation Zone (Twin Waters Resort)			
PO16	<p>Development in the Tourist accommodation zone at Twin Waters Resort provides for:-</p> <p>(a) the retention of the <i>site</i> as a significant tourist facility;</p> <p>(b) buildings which are low rise and respect the scale of surrounding development and <i>vegetation</i>;</p> <p>(c) the protection of significant environmental areas including melaleuca wetlands, coastal heath and other significant <i>vegetation</i>;</p> <p>(d) building and landscape design which provides for small clusters of buildings set within extensive parklands and naturally vegetated areas;</p> <p>(e) development <i>infrastructure</i> with sufficient capacity to accommodate additional demand; and</p> <p>(f) appropriate address of potential airport noise.</p>	AO16	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Medium Density Residential Zone (Menzies Drive Pacific Paradise)			
PO17	<p>Development in the Medium density residential zone located at Menzies Drive, Pacific Paradise, retains and enhances a dense vegetated <i>buffer</i> to North Shore Connection Road and the Sunshine Motorway to effectively screen development from the road.</p>	AO17	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO18	<p>Development in the Medium density residential zone on Lot 5 SP217624 located at Menzies Drive, Pacific Paradise, provides for this <i>site</i> to be preserved for the purpose of providing a <i>retirement facility</i>.</p>	AO18	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Medium Impact Industry Zone			
PO19	<p>Development in the Medium impact industry zone provides for medium to low impact industrial uses that support the existing and future Sunshine Coast Airport operations and service the local</p>	AO19	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	plan area.		
PO20	Development in the Medium impact industry zone achieves a high standard of design and landscaping, especially along the <i>frontage</i> to David Low Way, North Shore Connection Road, Runway Drive (airport access road) and the Sunshine Coast Airport.	AO20	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Emerging Community Zone (Twin Waters West)			
PO21	Development in the Emerging community zone is master planned to ensure that development occurs in a logical and coordinated manner.	AO21	Development is undertaken in accordance with an approved Master Plan and Infrastructure Agreement.
PO22	Development in the Emerging community zone provides for residential uses at a scale and intensity, and in a configuration that is consistent with and sympathetic to the established low density residential character of the adjoining Twin Waters residential community.	AO22	<i>In partial fulfilment of Performance Outcome PO22:-</i> Development provides for:- (a) low density residential uses within the development to achieve:- (i) a minimum lot size of 500m ² ; and (ii) an average lot size of at least 700m ² ; and (b) limited Multi-unit residential uses which are focussed in discreet nodes with convenient access to public transport and active transport routes.
PO23	Development in the Emerging community zone maintains or improves the amenity of neighbouring premises having regard to:- (a) overshadowing; (b) privacy and overlooking; (c) building character and appearance; and (d) building massing and scale as seen from neighbouring premises.	AO23	<i>In partial fulfilment of Performance Outcome PO23:-</i> Development for Multi-Unit residential uses does not adjoin or overlook a residence in the existing Twin Waters residential community.
PO24	Development in the Emerging community zone provides for adequate flood immunity (including <i>safe refuge</i>) and emergency access arrangements while avoiding any adverse off-site flooding impacts.	AO24	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO25	Development in the Emerging community zone emphasises the role of water as a key character element and lifestyle feature of the community.	AO25	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO26	Development in the Emerging community zone provides for an extension of the existing Twin Waters waterway system and the establishment and management of channels and waterbodies in a manner that:- (a) protects and improves flood storage capacity; (b) avoids adverse impacts on coastal processes and coastal resources; (c) protects <i>ecologically important areas</i> and other significant environmental areas; (d) does not result in an adverse change to the tidal prism of the adjacent Maroochy River; (e) avoids or minimises impacts arising from:-	AO26	No acceptable outcome provided. Editor's note— Section 9.4.6 (Stormwater management code) sets out requirements for constructed waterbodies. Editor's note—the Planning Scheme policy for development works provides guidance and specifies standards in relation to constructed waterbodies.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) altered stormwater quality and flow; (ii) waste water; (iii) the creation or expansion of non-tidal artificial <i>waterways</i>; (f) avoids or minimises the release and mobilisation of nutrients that may increase the risk of algal blooms; and (g) meets best practice hydraulic and environmental standards, including no deterioration in water quality in surrounding waterways, wetlands and waterbodies. 		
PO27	Development in the Emerging community zone provides for the waterway system to be established and operated in accordance with an approved lake management plan.	AO27	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO28	Development in the Emerging community zone provides for the ongoing maintenance and management of any constructed waterbody and associated infrastructure, taking into account whole of life cycle costing and the provision of an ongoing funding source (i.e. sinking fund).	AO28	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Editor's note—Section 9.4.6 (Stormwater management code) sets out requirements for constructed waterbodies.</p> <p>Editor's note—the Planning Scheme policy for development works provides guidance and specifies standards in relation to constructed waterbodies.</p>
PO29	<p>Development in the Emerging community zone provides for a legible and permeable local road network that provides for:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) primary access to the site at the Ocean Drive/David Low Way intersection; (b) local access to the site via the Stillwater Drive/Esperance Drive intersection and Godfreys Road; and (c) other points of access as appropriate to distribute traffic and enhance local connectivity. <p>Note—indicative road linkages/access points are identified in Figure 7.2.18A (Maroochy North Shore local plan elements).</p>	AO29	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO30	Development in the Emerging community zone provides for the protection and enhancement of Settler's park as a recreation park, <i>local heritage place</i> and gateway entry feature for the Pacific Paradise and Twin Waters communities.	AO30	<p>Development ensures that any reconfiguring of boundaries of Settler's Park required to accommodate upgrading of the David Low Way/Ocean Drive intersection, achieves the following:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) no net loss in the size of the park area; (b) no reduction in park embellishments; (c) improved levels of protection for all mango trees within the park with a minimum curtilage around the mango trees of 15 metres to the east and west and 10 metres to the north and south; and (d) high quality streetscape and landscape treatments that enhance the setting and interpretation of the local heritage place (including the in situ mango trees) and present an attractive gateway entry feature for

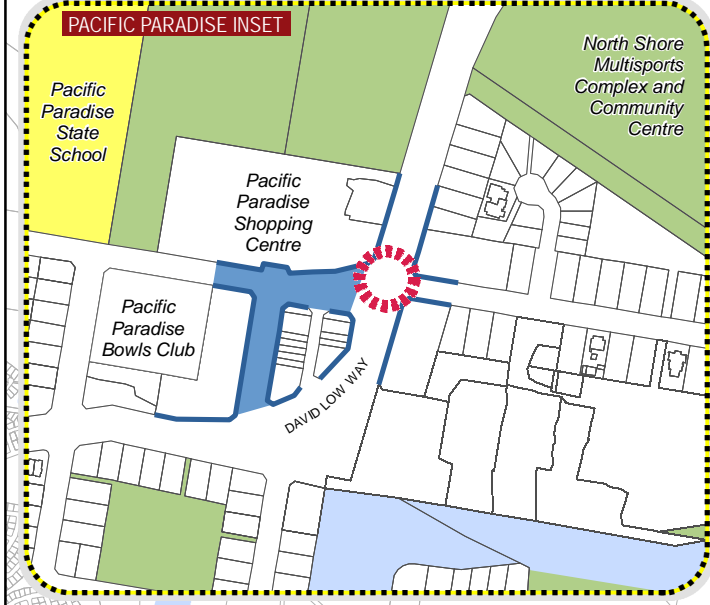
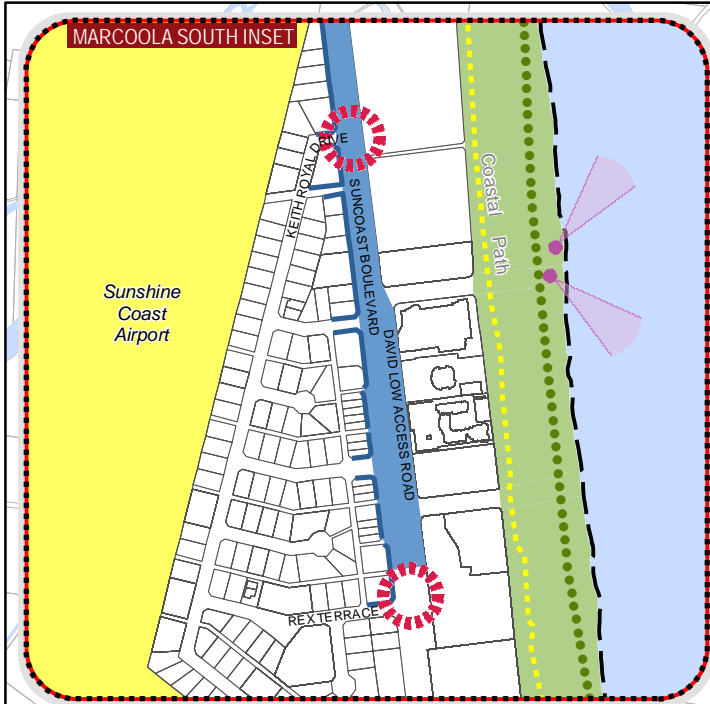
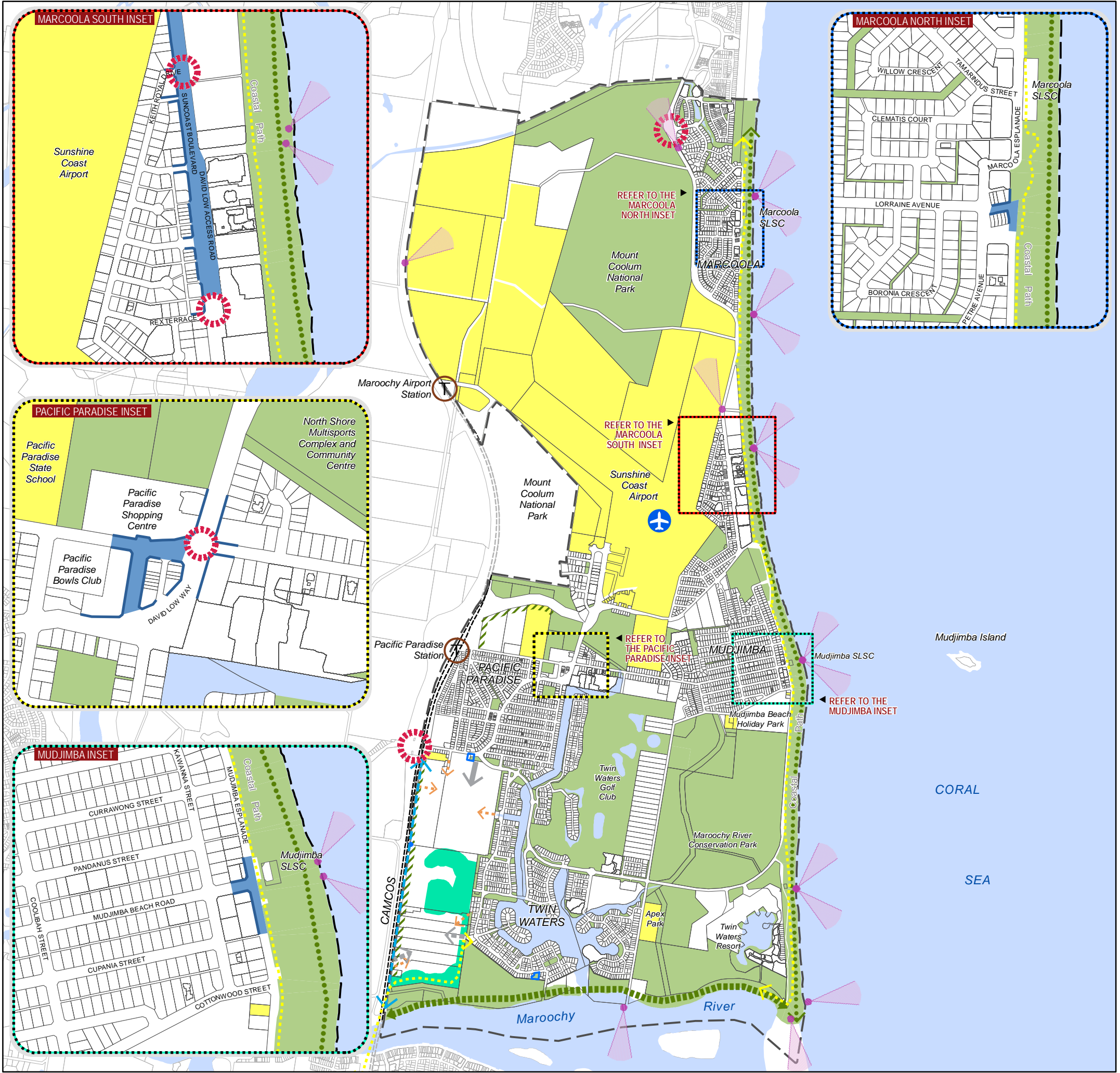
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>the Pacific Paradise and Twin Waters communities.</p> <p>Editor's note—Section 8.2.9 (Heritage and character areas overlay code) sets out requirements for development on and adjacent to heritage places.</p> <p>Editor's note—Settler's Park is one of two local heritage places located in the Emerging community zone (Twin Waters West).</p>
PO31	<p>Development in the Emerging community zone provides for a subdivision layout and transport infrastructure to be designed, located and sequenced having specific regard to:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) improving local connectivity; (b) minimising adverse traffic impacts on existing residential areas; and (c) reflecting the amenity and character of the adjoining Twin Waters residential community (including but not limited to the provision of generous verge widths). 	AO31	<p><i>In partial fulfilment of Performance Outcome PO31:-</i></p> <p>Development does not locate any road higher than a local street classification under the Sunshine Coast 2031 functional transport hierarchy immediately adjacent to existing residential lots.</p> <p>Editor's note—Section 9.4.8 Transport and parking code sets out the requirements for the provision of transport infrastructure.</p> <p>Editor's note—the Planning scheme policy for the transport and parking code and the Planning scheme policy for development works provides guidance and specifies standards in relation to the provision of transport infrastructure.</p>
PO32	<p>Development in the Emerging community zone provides for a legible and permeable active transport network with a walkable waterfront along a significant portion of the waterway system and cycle and pedestrian links which connect with:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) residential neighbourhoods to the east; (b) the regional pedestrian and cycle path adjacent to the Sunshine Motorway; and (c) the Maroochy River and foreshore. <p>Note—indicative pedestrian/cycle links are identified on Figure 7.2.18A (Maroochy North Shore local plan elements).</p>	AO32	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO33	<p>Development in the Emerging community zone provides for an extension of the principal pedestrian and cycle linkage and the coastal path, as identified on Figure 7.2.18A (Maroochy North Shore local plan elements), which is designed to sensitively respond to site characteristics, protect <i>ecologically important areas</i> and enhance pedestrian and cycle connectivity.</p>	AO33	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO34	<p>Development in the Emerging community zone provides for an open space network that has sufficient area and is configured in a manner that:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) meets the open space and recreational needs of residents and visitors; and (b) maximises public access to the waterfront. 	AO34	<p><i>In partial fulfilment of Performance Outcome PO34:-</i></p> <p>Development provides for a minimum of 25% of the total site area as public open space, exclusive of waterbodies and waterways, and may include the following:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) walkable waterfront areas and linear parks; and

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
PO35	<p>Development in the Emerging community zone provides for:-</p> <p>(a) the protection, buffering, connection and rehabilitation of <i>ecologically important areas</i> (including the Maroochy River and the Maroochy River Conservation Area) and the Conservation and rehabilitation areas identified on Figure 7.2.18A (Maroochy North Shore local plan elements); and</p> <p>(b) the management of coastal hazards and coastal processes to protect land vulnerable to coastal erosion and tidal inundation.</p> <p>Editor's note—Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity, waterways and wetlands overlay code) sets out <i>buffer</i> distances and other requirements for development on land adjacent to conservation areas and other <i>ecologically important areas</i>.</p>	<p>AO35.1</p> <p>AO35.2</p>	<p>(b) conservation areas and buffers.</p> <p>Development does not occur within the Conservation and rehabilitation area identified on Figure 7.2.18A (Maroochy North Shore local plan elements).</p> <p>Development provides for a rehabilitated <i>buffer</i> where identified on Figure 7.2.18A (Maroochy North Shore local plan elements), with a minimum width of:-</p> <p>(a) 30 metres around all edges of the <i>ecologically important area</i> on Lot 2 on RP103117;</p> <p>(b) 50 metres from the south-eastern boundary of the <i>site</i>, linking the <i>ecological important areas</i> to the north and south; and</p> <p>(c) 150 metres measured from the Highest Astronomical Tide (HAT).</p> <p>Note—some buffers may provide the opportunity for linear open space where demonstrated that the linear open space will not compromise the protection of retained vegetation, rehabilitated areas and the management of coastal hazards and coastal processes.</p>
PO36	<p>Development in the Emerging community zone provides for a substantial landscape <i>buffer</i> and separation area to the Sunshine Motorway and the proposed Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS), in order to provide effective visual and acoustic separation and screening.</p> <p>Note—the landscape <i>buffer</i> and separation areas are to be designed in manner which does not compromise flood solutions for the <i>site</i>.</p>	AO36	<p>Development adjacent to the Sunshine Motorway and the proposed Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS) provides a densely planted landscape <i>buffer</i> along the full frontage of the <i>site</i>, which:-</p> <p>(a) is located separate to the proposed Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS);</p> <p>(b) has a minimum width of 40 metres; and</p> <p>(c) incorporates fencing wholly contained within the <i>site</i> at the eastern edge of the landscape <i>buffer</i>.</p> <p>Note—the indicative location and extent of the landscape <i>buffer</i> is shown on Figure 7.2.18A (Maroochy North Shore local plan elements).</p>
PO37	<p>Development in the Emerging community zone does not compromise the provision or operation of the proposed Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS).</p>	AO37	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO38	<p>Development in the Emerging community zone does not compromise the safe and efficient management or operation of state-controlled roads, including the Sunshine Motorway and David Low Way.</p>	AO38	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO39	<p>Development in the Emerging community zone achieves acceptable noise levels for residents and visitors by mitigating adverse impacts on the development from noise generated by State transport infrastructure and transport networks.</p>	AO39	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Editor's note—Section 9.4.3 Nuisance code sets out requirements for preventing or minimising the exposure of proposed <i>sensitive land uses</i> to nuisance emissions.</p> <p>Editor's note—the Planning scheme policy for nuisance provides guidance for managing nuisance.</p>

Table 7.2.18.4.2 Maroochy North Shore local plan supplementary table of consistent uses and potentially consistent uses in the Medium impact industry zone

Note—this table overrides the consistent and potentially consistent uses specified in the zone codes in **Part 6 (Zones)**.

Column 1 Consistent uses	Column 2 Potentially consistent uses
Medium Impact Industry Zone	
Residential activities	
<i>Caretaker's accommodation</i>	None
Business activities	
(a) <i>Car wash</i> (b) <i>Food and drink outlet</i> (where having a gross leasable floor area not exceeding 100m ²) (c) <i>Hardware and trade supplies</i> (where the primary purpose is for trade supplies) (d) <i>Outdoor sales</i> (where for a car hire business) (e) <i>Service station</i> (f) <i>Showroom</i> (where for a car hire business) (g) <i>Veterinary services</i>	(a) <i>Agricultural supplies store</i> (b) <i>Food and drink outlet</i> (where having a gross leasable floor area exceeding 100m ²) (c) <i>Sales office</i>
Industrial activities	
(a) <i>Bulk landscape supplies</i> (b) <i>Low impact industry</i> (c) <i>Medium impact industry</i> (d) <i>Research and technology industry</i> (e) <i>Service industry</i> (f) <i>Transport depot</i> (g) <i>Warehouse</i>	None
Community activities	
(a) <i>Community use</i> (where located on <i>Council</i> owned or controlled land and undertaken by or on behalf of the <i>Council</i>) (b) <i>Crematorium</i> (c) <i>Emergency services</i>	None
Sport and recreation activities	
<i>Park</i>	None
Other activities	
(a) <i>Substation</i> (b) <i>Telecommunications facility</i> (c) <i>Utility installation</i> (where a <i>local utility</i>)	None



LEGEND

	Local Plan Area Boundary		Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS)
	Waterway ^{Note 1}		Principal Pedestrian/Cycle Linkage
	Primary Active Street Frontage		Coastal Path ^{Note 4}
	Primary Streetscape Treatment Area		Through Block Pedestrian/Cycle Linkage
	Local Ecological Linkage		Future Transit Hub
	Greenspace ^{Note 1}		Indicative Primary Road Linkage/Access Point
	Conservation and Rehabilitation Area		Indicative Local Road Linkage/Access Point
	Community Activity/Facility ^{Note 1}		Sunshine Coast Airport
	Greenspace Link		
	Gateway/Entry Point		
	Landscape Buffer		
	Significant View		
	Heritage Place ^{Note 2}		

0 170 340 680 1,020 1,360 Metres

1:31,000

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Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).
Note 4: Indicative alignment, subject to further investigation in some areas.

Figure 7.2.18A (Maroochy North Shore Local Plan Elements)

7.2.19 Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan code

7.2.19.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) within the Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan area as shown on Map ZM22 contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) The following provisions of the code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development:-
 - (a) **section 7.2.19.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)**;
 - (b) **Table 7.2.19.4.1 (Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development in the Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan area generally)**;
 - (c) **Table 7.2.19.4.2 (Additional performance and acceptable outcomes for assessable development in the Principal centre zone)**; and
 - (d) **Figure 7.2.19A (Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan elements)**.

7.2.19.2 Context and setting

This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan code.

The Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan area is located centrally in the eastern part of the Sunshine Coast and takes in a land area of approximately 1,390 hectares.

The local plan area includes the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre, established urban neighbourhoods of Maroochydore and Cotton Tree, the suburban neighbourhoods of Maroochy Waters and Kuluin, the emerging community of Sunshine Cove as well as business and industry areas along Maroochydore Road, Wisers Road, Sugar Road, Maud Street and Fishermans Road.

A significant part of the local plan area takes in the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre. Part of the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre is a priority development area subject to the Economic Development Act 2012 and does not form part of the local plan area. The Maroochydore City Centre Priority Development Area (PDA) is intended to be developed as the new city centre and central business district for the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre.

Most of the local plan area is situated on a coastal lowland plain that meets the banks of the Maroochy River and the Maroochydore beachfront. The Maroochy River and the Maroochydore beachfront are major environmental and character elements that define the coastal setting and character of the local plan area. Except for some small remnants of native vegetation retained in parks and reserves, the local plan area has been largely cleared of native vegetation to accommodate coastal urban development.

Owing to its low lying topography a significant part of the local plan area is potentially at risk from acid sulfate soils and coastal hazards, including river flooding and storm surge.

A range of residential forms are represented in the local plan area ranging from the medium and high intensity tourist accommodation and mixed use development located along the Maroochydore beachfront to the low density predominantly permanent residential housing of Maroochy Waters and Kuluin.

Sunshine Cove, located immediately to the west of the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre, is an emerging residential community set around a man-made waterway system connecting to Cornmeal Creek. When complete, this development will accommodate a variety of housing types as well as community facilities and public open space.

A number of local centres are distributed throughout the local plan area, primarily at Cotton Tree, Maroochy Waters and Kuluin but also at several other locations. Cotton Tree, and in particular the associated foreshore area and beaches, is also a renowned and popular tourist destination.

The local plan area includes a range of community, sport and recreational facilities including Maroochydore State High School, Maroochydore State School, Kuluin State School, Maroochydore Multisports Complex, Cotton Tree Park and a number of tourist parks.

A sewage treatment plant is located north of Commercial Road and an existing quarry to the south of Commercial Road has potential for reuse once quarry operations have ceased.

The Sunshine Motorway, Maroochydore Road and Maroochy Boulevard are the principal transport routes within the local plan area. Other major roads include Bradman Avenue, Aerodrome Road, Duporth Avenue, Dalton Drive, Sugar Road, the Esplanade, Sixth Avenue, Main Road and Fishermans Road. The local plan area, and in particular the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre, is planned to be serviced by key public transport infrastructure including the Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS), CoastConnect Priority Public Transport and Bicycle Corridor and potential future Sunshine Coast Light Rail Corridor.

Urban zoned land within the local plan area is connected, or has the ability to be connected, to reticulated water and sewerage.

7.2.19.3 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan code is to provide locally relevant planning provisions for the assessment of development within the Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan area.
- (2) The purpose of the Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) The Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan area is a diverse coastal urban area comprising the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre, a number of urban and suburban residential neighbourhoods, high intensity visitor accommodation areas, business and industry areas and major community and sport and recreation facilities.

Editor's note—part of the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre is a priority development area subject to the *Economic Development Act 2012*.

- (b) Urban development in the Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan area is limited to land within the urban growth management boundary so as to protect environmental areas and landscape values.
- (c) Cotton Tree and areas adjacent to Maroochydore Beach are cosmopolitan and vibrant places with visitor accommodation and small scale *shops*, cafés and restaurants at street level that enliven the public realm and enhance the role and image of this area as a tourism focus area.
- (d) Kuluin and Maroochy Waters are established, predominantly low density residential neighbourhoods that offer a quiet, relaxed lifestyle in locations close to the beach and the services offered by the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre.
- (e) The Specialised centre zone adjacent to Wisers Road, Sugar Road and Maroochydore Road provides for the large floor plate, bulky goods retail activities required to support the core retailing activities accommodated within the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre.
- (f) Industrial areas at Kuluin and north of Wisers Road provide a range of low to *medium impact industry* uses.
- (g) Development supports the role and function of Maroochydore as the principal regional activity centre for the Sunshine Coast sub-region.
- (h) Development in the local plan area recognises and reinforces the natural attributes within and adjoining the local plan area by creating buildings, landscapes, a network of open space and pedestrian/cycle linkages that emphasise the outdoor lifestyle and the strong affinity that residents have with 'living on or near the coast', and facilitates the integration of the whole of the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre.
- (i) Development provides for the following key elements of the urban open space and pedestrian/cycle network:-

- (i) a public pedestrian promenade, to be available for public access at all times, along Cornmeal Creek and Maud Canal linking Sunshine Plaza to the proposed transit station and interchange (CAMCOS) and residential areas to the south-west;
 - (ii) a continuous high quality walkable waterfront and greenspace link, available for public access at all times, along the Cotton Tree foreshore, Cornmeal Creek and Maud Canal; and
 - (iii) a continuous high quality public pedestrian and cycle link along the Maroochy River and Maroochy Beach foreshore, integrating and extending the Coastal Path System.
- (j) Development contributes to the establishment of landscaped boulevards along major transport routes and attractive gateways to enhance the sense of entry to the local plan area and the Maroochy Principal Regional Activity Centre.
- (k) Development provides appropriate landscape buffering to the Sunshine Motorway in order to visually screen built form elements and maintain the visual amenity of the Motorway.
- (l) Development provides for community infrastructure and services that meet the needs of residents in the Maroochy Principal Regional Activity Centre and the Sunshine Coast sub-region.
- (m) The Principal centre zone in Precinct MAR LPP-1 (City Core) is developed as a mixed use retail core and contains the highest order retail uses in conjunction with a range of business uses and a significant quantity of residential *dwelling*s. In conjunction with development in the Maroochy City Centre Priority Development Area, Precinct MAR LPP-1 (City Core) is intended to be the most concentrated urban setting in the Maroochy Principal Regional Activity Centre and is to provide the greatest range and diversity of uses.
- (n) Development in the Principal centre zone in Precinct MAR LPP-1 (City Core) provides for mixed use premises which support a vibrant day time and night time economy. Residents in the precinct, and in the Principal centre zone generally, should expect a reasonable level of ambient noise associated with the benefits of living in a centre.
- (o) Development in the Principal centre zone in Sub-precinct MAR LPSP-1 (Ocean Street Food and Music Sub-Precinct) provides for a range of business uses and entertainment activities including *food and drink outlets, function facilities, bars, hotels and nightclub entertainment facilities* that may operate after hours and include live or *amplified music* which creates a vibrant atmosphere.
- (p) Development in the Principal centre zone on Key Site 1 (Sunshine Plaza) provides for expansion or redevelopment of the shopping centre and adjacent sites to provide for an integrated, high quality design which addresses and activates key street frontages, enhances connectivity through the *site*, in particular through the provision of the public pedestrian promenade and identified road links, and presents an attractive interface to surrounding areas through outstanding building, streetscape and landscape design.
- (q) Development in the Principal centre zone on Key Site 2 (Big Top) provides for an integrated, high quality *mixed use development* which contributes to the vibrancy of Ocean Street, Cornmeal Creek and Horton Parade, enhances pedestrian connectivity through and around the *site* and displays an outstanding level of architectural and landscape design befitting of its prominent location.
- (r) Development in the Principal centre zone in Precinct MAR LPP-2 (Aerodrome Road) and Precinct MAR LPP-3 (Maroochy Boulevard/Dalton Drive) occurs in accordance with **Table 7.2.19.4.3 (Maroochy/Kuluin local plan supplementary table of consistent and inconsistent uses in the Principal centre zone)** and in particular ensures that any retail business uses do not detract from or compete with the core retailing functions of Precinct MAR LPP-1 (City Core).
- (s) Development in the Principal centre zone in Precinct MAR LPP-2 (Aerodrome Road):-
- (i) predominantly comprises medium intensity residential activities and business activities, including smaller scale *showroom* uses;
 - (ii) recognises the role of Aerodrome Road as a gateway entry to the Maroochy Principal Regional Activity Centre and major tourist route and provides for it to be established as a landscaped boulevard with transit and pedestrian priority, limited lot access for vehicles and high quality building presentation;

- (iii) provides for the establishment of key transit nodes at major intersections along Aerodrome Road; and
 - (iv) provides for bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure which connects major transit stations within the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre to the Cotton Tree waterfront and the eastern surf beaches.
- (t) Development in the Principal centre zone in Precinct MAR LPP-3 (Maroochy Boulevard/Dalton Drive):-
- (i) comprises a mix of uses including medium intensity residential activities, business activities (including smaller scale *showroom* uses) as well as other supporting activities and infrastructure necessary to service the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre;
 - (ii) provides a built form which reinforces the gateway function of Maroochy Boulevard and contributes to a sense of arrival to the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre;
 - (iii) provides for Maroochy Boulevard and Dalton Drive to be established as landscaped boulevards incorporating public transport infrastructure, wide pedestrian paths and limited lot access for vehicles; and
 - (iv) reflects a high level of design detail in terms of the architectural quality of buildings, the type and size of signage, and the quality of landscape treatments both within the road reserve and within development sites.
- (u) Development in the Local centre zone supports the role and function of the local business areas as local (not full service) activity centres servicing the convenience needs of residents and visitors to the local plan area.
- (v) With the exception of the two local business areas situated on the corner of Maroochydore Road and Main Road and Maroochydore Road and Turner Street that are not intended to increase their building footprint or *gross floor area*, development in the Local centre zone provides for the expansion and enhancement of business uses.
- (w) Development in the Local centre zone provides for small scale uses, active street *frontages* and other urban elements that create vibrant streets and places.
- (x) Development in the Specialised centre zone provides for the progressive refurbishment of sites along Wisers Road and Sugar Road with buildings, landscaping and integrated signage that improve the visual appearance and the continuity of the *streetscape* along these *major roads*.
- (y) Development in the High density residential zone in Precinct MAR LPP-4 (Wharf Street) provides for predominantly high density residential uses. Limited *office* uses may be established in the precinct as part of mixed use premises, where the residential amenity of the area is maintained.
- (z) Development in the Low density residential zone in Precinct MAR LPP-5 (Maud Street/Sugar Road) provides for the establishment of business uses (being *offices*) in existing dwellings in a manner that maintains the amenity of existing residential uses and improves the visual appearance and continuity of the *streetscape* along these *major roads*. Whilst the conversion of existing dwelling stock is supported, new custom built *offices* are not developed in Precinct MAR LPP-6 (Maud Street/Sugar Road).
- (aa) Development improves local connectivity and access by providing identified public road links including links between Martins Drive and Fishermans Road, Pikki Street and Primary School Court, Southern Drive and Amaroo Street, Millwell Road East and Southern Drive and required road links into the Maroochydore City Centre Priority Development Area.
- (bb) Development in the Emerging community zone provides for the continued development of Sunshine Cove as an integrated residential community, providing a mix of dwelling types and live/work buildings in a waterside setting, supported by large areas of open space, a walkable waterfront and extensive cycle and pedestrian pathway networks connecting the development to the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre and other adjoining neighbourhoods.

Editor's note—development at Sunshine Cove is currently regulated in accordance with an approved master plan and plan of development.

- (cc) The existing *tourist park* sites located at Cotton Tree and Maroochydore Beach are maintained as *tourist parks* to provide short term, affordable visitor accommodation to complement Maroochydore's role as a tourism focus area.
- (dd) Development does not compromise or adversely impact upon the operation or functional efficiency of the major transport corridors within or adjoining the local plan area including the Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS) and CoastConnect Priority Public Transport and Bicycle Corridor.

7.2.19.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 7.2.19.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development in the Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan area generally¹

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Maroochydore/Kuluin Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development supports the role and function of Maroochydore as the principal regional activity centre for the Sunshine Coast by accommodating uses that are complementary to, but do not compete with the intended role of, the retail core (Principal centre zone and priority development area) as the primary focus for business and community activities within the principal regional activity centre.	AO1	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO2	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that are consistent with, and reflect the coastal urban character of, the Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan area.	AO2.1	Development for a residential, business or community activity provides for building design which incorporates the following features:- (a) a mix of lightweight and textured external building materials, including timber finishes or masonry construction with variation provided in texture and detailing; (b) articulated, pitched, skillion or curved roof forms; (c) open or transparent balustrades; and (d) landscaping integrated into the building design.
		AO2.2	Development uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials.
PO3	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements including significant views and vistas and existing character <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the setting, character and sense of place of the Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan area.	AO3.1	Development protects and emphasises, and does not intrude upon, important views to the Maroochy River, beaches and other areas where identified on Figure 7.2.19A (Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan elements) .
		AO3.2	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature trees and character <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the setting and character of the local plan area including:- (a) <i>vegetation</i> adjacent to the Maroochy River foreshore and Maroochydore beach foredunes; (b) significant <i>vegetation</i> on the northern side of the Sunshine Motorway at the gateway

¹ Editor's note—Table 7.2.19.4.2 (Additional performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development in the Principal centre zone) of this code provides additional assessment criteria for assessable development located in the Principal centre zone.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>intersection of Maroochy Boulevard; and</p> <p>(c) other character <i>vegetation</i> identified on Figure 7.2.19A (Maroochy/Kuluin local plan elements).</p> <p>Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.</p>
PO4	<p>Development:-</p> <p>(a) provides for the establishment of landscaped boulevards along Maroochy Road, Maroochy Boulevard, Evans Street, Dalton Drive, Bradman Avenue, Duporth Avenue (part), Sixth Avenue, the Esplanade, Aerodrome Road and Alexandra Parade; and</p> <p>(b) contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> and gateways that enhance the sense of arrival to, and coastal urban character of, Maroochy/Kuluin.</p>	AO4.1	<p>Development adjacent to a primary streetscape treatment area, boulevard treatment area or gateway/entry point where identified on Figure 7.2.19A (Maroochy/Kuluin local plan elements):-</p> <p>(a) incorporates a high standard of urban design and architectural and landscape treatments which enhance the sense of arrival to, and the urban beachside character of, the local plan area and emphasise corner locations; and</p> <p>(b) incorporates design elements such as varied roof forms, changes in materials and variations in projected and recessed elements and facades.</p>
		AO4.2	<p>Development on a <i>site</i> having a landscape setback as specified on Figure 7.2.19A (Maroochy/Kuluin local plan elements):-</p> <p>(a) provides for a 3 metre wide deep planted (in natural ground) continuous landscaping strip for at least 70% of the length of the <i>site frontage</i> boundary; and</p> <p>(b) has a built form which typically includes courtyard edges and interfaces.</p>
		AO4.3	<p>Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes.</p> <p>Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.</p> <p>Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.</p>
PO5	<p>Development with <i>frontage</i> to Aerodrome Road or Alexandra Parade minimises direct vehicle <i>access</i> and gives priority to pedestrians and the CoastConnect Priority Public Transport and Bicycle Corridor.</p>	AO5	<p>Development on a <i>site</i> with <i>frontage</i> to Aerodrome Road or Alexandra Parade:-</p> <p>(a) provides for no additional vehicle <i>access</i> from these streets; and</p> <p>(b) rationalises existing vehicle <i>access</i> points wherever practicable.</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
PO6	Development provides a wide, vegetated <i>buffer</i> to the Sunshine Motorway to visually screen and soften built form elements.	AO6	Development provides a 10 metre wide mounded landscaped <i>buffer</i> along the Sunshine Motorway road <i>frontage</i> of a <i>site</i> where identified on Figure 7.2.19A (Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan elements) .
PO7	Development protects and enhances the major open space links offered by the foreshore park and reserve system, Cornmeal Creek, Maud Canal and associated drainage systems.	AO7	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of the greenspace links identified on Figure 7.2.19A (Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan elements) .
PO8	Development on land adjacent to the Maroochy River foreshore, between Cornmeal Creek and Picnic Point Esplanade, provides for a continuous public pedestrian and cycle link along the Maroochy River foreshore as an extension to the coastal walk.	AO8	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO9	Development ensures the Dalton Lakes Drainage Reserve continues to function as a water management area and <i>buffer</i> to the Sunshine Motorway and Maroochy Boulevard.	AO9	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO10	Development on land with frontage to Eudlo Creek facilitates the provision of a local ecological linkage as identified on Figure 7.2.19A (Maroochydore/ Kuluin local plan elements) .	AO10	No acceptable outcome provided. Editor's note— Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity, waterways and wetlands overlay code) sets out requirements for the provision of ecological linkages.
PO11	Development provides public road links where identified on Figure 7.2.19A (Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan elements) to improve local connectivity, access and servicing arrangements.	AO11	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO12	Development does not compromise the provision and operation of <i>transport networks</i> including:- (a) the Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS), linking the North Coast Rail Line at Beerwah to Caloundra, Kawana Waters and Maroochydore; (b) the Sunshine Motorway and any future connection to the Sunshine Motorway in the south eastern part of the local plan area; (c) the CoastConnect Priority Public Transport and Bicycle Corridor along Aerodrome Road and Alexandra Parade; and (d) Maroochydore Road, Maroochy Boulevard, Maud Street/Sugar Road and Bradman Avenue.	AO12	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Local Centre Zone Generally			
PO13	Development in the Local centre zone:- (a) supports the role of the Cotton Tree Local Centre, Maroochy Waters Local Centre, Kuluin Local Centre and other local centres in the local plan area as local (not full service) activity centres; and (b) provides a basic level of convenience goods and services to local residents and visitors.	AO13	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Local Centre Zone (King Street, Cotton Tree)			
PO14	Development in the Local centre zone	AO14	Development in the Local centre zone at

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>at Cotton Tree:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) is sympathetic to the urban village character of Cotton Tree; (b) contributes to the vitality of King Street; (c) provides continuous weather protection for pedestrians; (d) complements the traditional main street form and <i>streetscape</i> of Cotton Tree; and (e) provides integrated and functional car parking and access arrangements that do not dominate the <i>streetscape</i>. 		<p>Cotton Tree:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i>, built to the front boundary, where identified on Figure 7.2.19A (Maroochydhore/Kuluin local plan elements); (b) provides for any residential uses to be effectively integrated with business uses; (c) has building openings overlooking the street; (d) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous cantilevered awnings and/or light verandah structures with decorative non-load bearing posts over footpath area with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside; (e) ensures that signage is integrated with buildings; (f) includes provision for landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths; and (g) provides for car parking in basements.
Development in the Local Centre Zone (Local Business Area along Maroochydhore Road)			
PO15	<p>Development in the Local centre zone on sites situated on the corner of Maroochydhore Road and Main Road and Maroochydhore Road and Turner Street:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) maintains, but does not increase, the existing scale of business uses; (b) improves the appearance of the <i>streetscape</i>; (c) minimises impacts on adjoining or nearby residential uses; and (d) does not impact upon the operational efficiency of Maroochydhore Road as a major transport corridor. 	AO15	<p>Development in the Local centre zone on sites situated on the corner of Maroochydhore Road and Main Road and Maroochydhore Road and Turner Street:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) does not involve any expansion to the <i>gross floor area</i> of business uses established on the <i>site</i>; (b) improves the appearance of buildings and landscaping on the <i>site</i>; (c) provides for buildings which have a scale and form that is compatible with nearby residential buildings; (d) does not provide for direct access to Maroochydhore Road; and (e) does not provide for the establishment of high traffic generating uses.
Development in the Tourist Accommodation Zone (Cotton Tree Esplanade)			
PO16	<p>Development in the Tourist accommodation zone:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) contributes to the vitality of key streets and esplanades; and (b) is sympathetic to the coastal character of Cotton Tree and Maroochydhore. 	AO16	<p>Development in the Tourist accommodation zone:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i>, built to the front boundary, where identified on Figure 7.2.19A (Maroochydhore/Kuluin local plan elements); (b) where active <i>frontages</i> are provided, incorporates all weather protection in the form of continuous cantilevered awnings and/or light verandah structures with decorative non-load bearing posts over footpath area with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside;

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (c) ensures that signage is integrated with the building; and (d) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths.
Development in the High Density Residential Zone in Precinct MAR LPP-4 (Wharf Street)			
PO17	<p>Development for an <i>office</i> in the High density residential zone in Precinct MAR LPP-4 (Wharf Street) identified on Local Plan Map LPM22:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) is small scale only and does not detract from the intended role and function of the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre as the primary location for centre activities; (b) forms part of a <i>mixed use development</i>; and (c) maintains the amenity of adjacent or nearby residential premises. 	AO17	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Low Density Residential Zone in Precinct MAR LPP-5 (Maud Street/Sugar Road)			
PO18	<p>Development in the Low density residential zone in Precinct MAR LPP-5 (Maud Street/Sugar Road) identified on Local Plan Map LPM22 provides for <i>offices</i> to be incorporated within existing dwelling houses, provided that such development:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) maintains the amenity of adjacent or nearby residential premises; and (b) provides an attractive and coherent <i>streetscape</i> address to Maud Street/Sugar Road; and (c) provides for car parking arrangements which are in keeping with a residential appearance and do not dominate the <i>streetscape</i>. 	AO18	<p>Development for an <i>office</i> in the Low density residential zone in Precinct MAR LPP-5 (Maud Street/Sugar Road):-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) is limited to <i>dwelling houses</i> existing prior to the commencement of the planning scheme; (b) provides for all required car parking to be accommodated on site within, behind or beside the main building; (c) provides a minimum 2 metre wide densely planted landscaped strip along the full length of the front property boundary; and (d) avoids any material impact on the amenity of adjoining or nearby residential premises through the provision of landscape buffers, screen fencing and appropriate site layout.
Development in the Emerging Community Zone (Sunshine Cove)			
PO19	<p>Development in the Emerging community zone at Sunshine Cove:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) contributes to the establishment of a walkable residential community in a waterside setting, comprising of a number of high quality, attractive, environmentally responsible and sustainable mixed density residential neighbourhoods; (b) provides for a range of lot sizes, dwelling types and live/work buildings, with the highest density of residential development provided in key locations; (c) provides for an interconnected open space network and community facilities that meet the needs of the local community; (d) provides an integrated, legible and permeable road, cycle and pathway network, including a walkable waterfront along canal edges connecting residential 	AO19	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Editor's note—development at Sunshine Cove is currently regulated in accordance with an approved master plan and plan of development.</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	neighbourhoods to open space, community facilities and the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre; and (e) protects the function and visual amenity of Maroochy Boulevard and the Sunshine Motorway.		
Development in the Community Facilities Zone (Tourist Parks)			
PO20	Development provides for the existing <i>tourist park</i> sites located at Cotton Tree and Maroochydore Beach to be retained or redeveloped as <i>tourist parks</i> .	AO20	No acceptable outcome provided.

Table 7.2.19.4.2 Additional performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development in the Principal centre zone

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
Development in the Principal Centre Zone Generally			
Land Use Intent			
PO1	Development in the Principal centre zone provides for the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre to be established as the key focal point for commercial, business and higher order retailing uses in conjunction with recreational, cultural and entertainment facilities of regional significance and higher density residential development.	AO1	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO2	Development provides for a mix and intensity of uses that contribute to the establishment of the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre as the primary Central Business District for the Sunshine Coast sub-region.	AO2	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO3	Development in the Principal centre zone in Precinct MAR LPP-2 (Aerodrome Road) and Precinct MAR LPP-3 (Maroochy Boulevard/Dalton Drive) provides for:- (a) a use listed as a consistent use in Column 1 of Table 7.2.19.4.3 (Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan supplementary table of consistent uses and potentially consistent uses in the Principal centre zone) to occur in the relevant precinct; and (b) a use listed as a potentially consistent use in Column 2 of Table 7.2.19.4.3 to occur in the relevant precinct only where further assessment has determined that the use is appropriate in the precinct having regard to such matters as its location, nature, scale and intensity. Note—a use not listed in Table 7.2.19.4.3 is an inconsistent use and is not intended to occur in the Principal centre zone in Precinct MAR LPP-2 or Precinct MAR LPP-3.	AO3	No acceptable outcome provided.
Integration and Connectivity with the Maroochydore City Centre Priority Development Area			
PO4	Development in the Principal centre	AO4	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	zone provides for high levels of integration and connectivity with the key structural elements of the Maroochydore City Centre Priority Development Area, including open space, pedestrian, cyclist and vehicular linkages.		
Accessibility, Permeability and Legibility			
PO5	Development provides for a walkable waterfront and open space network along the full frontages of Cornmeal Creek and Maud Canal providing public access at all times and connectivity through the Principal Regional Activity Centre and beyond to the Maroochy River and foreshore and surrounding residential areas.	AO5	Development ensures that a walkable waterfront and open space network is provided in public ownership in accordance with the greenspace link and key pedestrian/cycle link identified on Figure 7.2.19A (Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan elements) .
PO6	Development provides for a high amenity and functional pedestrian promenade, available for public access at all times, extending along the full frontage of Maud Canal from Cornmeal Creek to the proposed transit station and interchange (CAMCOS) and surrounding residential areas.	AO6.1	Development provides a pedestrian promenade in public ownership along the full frontage of the Maud Canal from Cornmeal Creek to the proposed transit station and interchange (CAMCOS), and surrounding residential areas.
		AO6.2	The pedestrian promenade is designed and constructed in accordance with the specifications shown on Figure 7.2.19B (Maroochydore Public Pedestrian Promenade Design) .
		AO6.3	Development provides for shade structures, landscaping and directional signage to be installed within the pedestrian promenade.
PO7	Development provides mid-block pedestrian connections which:- (a) are located to reflect the desired lines of pedestrian movement between major points of attraction and public spaces that are available for public access at all times; (b) provide a safe alternative to the street based pedestrian and cycle movement network; and (c) provide a comfortable pedestrian environment in terms of access, width, shelter, materials and function.	AO7.1	Development for a large floor plate use in the Principal centre zone, or on land otherwise identified as accommodating a through block pedestrian linkage on Figure 7.2.19A (Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan elements) provides publicly accessible, visible, safe, comfortable and attractive through block pedestrian linkages.
		AO7.2	The pedestrian connections are subject to an easement in favour of the Council to ensure guaranteed 24 hour and 7 days per week public access.
Built Form			
PO8	Development provides for buildings that achieve the following:- (a) define the public domain and contribute to the character of the <i>streetscape</i> and urban open space; (b) have a scale, rhythm and proportions which respond to the building's use, its context including views and vistas and the preferred character of the area in which it is located; and (c) have a high architectural quality.	AO8	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO9	Development provides buildings that:- (a) are closely related to streets, public	AO9	Development for a building in the Principal centre zone in Precinct MAR

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>spaces and pedestrian routes;</p> <p>(b) maintain some area free of buildings at ground level to accommodate deep planted landscapes and facilitate pedestrian movement and other functions associated with the building;</p> <p>(c) exhibit well-defined podium and tower elements which provide a slender building profile above podium level; and</p> <p>(d) are sited and oriented to cause least environmental impact.</p>		<p>LPP-1 (City Core) provides for a maximum <i>site cover</i> of 90% for the podium element, and 50% for the tower element, where the following criteria are met:-</p> <p>(a) the site has a principal <i>frontage</i> of at least 20 metres;</p> <p>(b) deep planted landscapes are provided at the principal <i>frontage</i> of the site and are of a sufficient size and dimension to accommodate mature trees; and</p> <p>(c) the development demonstrates outstanding building, <i>streetscape</i> and landscape design which is highly articulated and epitomises sub-tropical and sustainable design.</p> <p>OR</p> <p>In all other circumstances, development complies with the <i>site cover</i> requirements of the applicable use code.</p>
PO10	<p>Development provides spaces between buildings which:-</p> <p>(a) allow for light and air penetration;</p> <p>(b) provide for an adequate level of privacy and outlook;</p> <p>(c) avoid wind tunnelling effects; and</p> <p>(d) sensitively respond to adjoining uses.</p>	AO10.1	<p>Development ensures that a building which incorporates a tower element but not a podium element is <i>setback</i> a minimum of 6 metres from the side boundary.</p>
		AO10.2	<p>Development ensures that a building which incorporates a tower element and a podium element provides for the following:-</p> <p>(a) the podium element to have a maximum height of 16 metres and be built to the property boundary unless adjoining a residential use in which case the podium element may only be built to the property boundary up to 4.5 metres in height; and</p> <p>(b) the tower element to be <i>setback</i> 6 metres from the front of the podium element with a minimum separation distance of 15 metres between tower elements on the same <i>site</i>.</p>
PO11	<p>Development provides buildings that:-</p> <p>(a) are architecturally treated with facades and elevations that avoid large blank walls; and</p> <p>(b) incorporate roof forms, openings and <i>setbacks</i> that articulate vertical building surfaces and contribute positively to the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre <i>streetscape</i>.</p>	AO11	<p>Development ensures that a building incorporates architectural treatments of facades and elevations such that:-</p> <p>(a) semi-enclosed spaces and colonnades are provided at street level where abutting pedestrian routes, through the use of awnings, pergolas, or other devices that may be suspended, free standing, supported on columns or cantilevered;</p> <p>(b) blank or featureless walls extend for no more than 15 metres either in plane or elevation without including articulation or variation, such as stepping by a minimum of 0.6 metres, windows, balconies or other such features; and</p> <p>(c) top levels of buildings and roof forms that are shaped to:-</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) reduce their apparent bulk and provide visually attractive skyline silhouettes; (ii) screen mechanical plant from view; and (iii) provide roof-top terraces to take advantage of views where appropriate.
PO12	Development provides buildings that respect and reflect the distinctive character of their settings and express contemporary architectural practice.	AO12	Development ensures that a building is finished with external building materials and colours that:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) are robust and do not require high levels of maintenance; (b) complement their setting and be attractive to neighbouring premises; and (c) are not mirrored or highly reflective.
PO13	Development provides buildings with service structures and mechanical plant that are attractively presented and make a positive contribution to the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre <i>streetscape</i> .	AO13.1	Development ensures that building service structures, lift motor rooms and mechanical plant are designed as architectural features of the building or are effectively screened from the street or public open space.
		AO13.2	Development ensures that building roof tops allow for the future inclusion of satellite dishes and <i>telecommunications facilities</i> in an unobtrusive manner such that these services are not visible from the street or public open space.
		AO13.3	Development ensures that building caps and rooftops contribute to the architectural character of the building and create a coherent roofscape for the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre.
Active Streets and Public Spaces			
PO14	Development on a <i>site</i> identified as having an active <i>frontage</i> on Figure 7.2.19A (Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan elements) provides a continuous pedestrian friendly façade and incorporates activities located at ground level that promote a vibrant and lively <i>streetscape</i> character.	AO14	Development provides <i>primary active street frontages</i> and <i>secondary active street frontages</i> where identified on Figure 7.2.19A (Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan elements) .
PO15	Development involving new or extended large floor plate retail uses is located and designed to contribute to vibrant and active streets and public places.	AO15	Development for a large format retail use (such as a <i>showroom</i> , <i>discount department store</i> , <i>department store</i> or a <i>supermarket</i>) provides a main entrance onto a public street with any external walls that would otherwise front the street, containing sleeving uses.
PO16	Development ensures that the ground floor level of a building:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) is adaptable, allowing for changes in land use over time; and (b) distinguish the commercial and sub-tropical identity of the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre. 	AO16	Development provides for business uses in premises having a primary active street frontage as specified on Figure 7.2.19A (Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan elements) to have a minimum floor to ceiling height of 3.5 metres at the ground floor level.
PO17	Development provides for footpaths and walkways intended primarily for pedestrians to be comfortable to use and adequately sheltered from	AO17	Development adjacent to a public street or other public and semi-public space provides adequate and appropriate shelter along or around such spaces

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	excessive sunlight and inclement weather.		with:- (a) a minimum shelter width of:- (i) 3.2 metres provided for <i>primary active street frontages</i> specified on Figure 7.2.19A (Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan elements) ; and (ii) 2.7 metres provided for <i>secondary active street frontages</i> specified on Figure 7.2.19A (Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan elements) ; and (b) a shelter type that comprises one or more of the following:- (i) verandah; (ii) colonnade; (iii) awning; (iv) covered pergola; (v) arcade.
Housing Diversity			
PO18	Development ensures that a range of <i>dwelling</i> types and sizes are provided to facilitate social mix, meet changing demographic needs and provide opportunities for affordable living.	AO18	Development ensures at least 10% of all <i>dwelling</i> s on a <i>site</i> are equal to or less than 100m ² in <i>gross floor area</i> . Note—Acceptable Outcome AO18 is not intended to apply to sites fronting the Maroochy River.
Streetscapes, Public Spaces and Landscapes²			
PO19	Development provides attractive landscapes that contribute to the sub-tropical character, amenity, utility and safety of the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre including within public places and open space areas, <i>streetscapes</i> and streetscape interfaces.	AO19.1	Development provides landscaping on top of podium levels and car parks and on balconies and verandahs, where such front the street.
		AO19.2	Development provides planter boxes that are an integral part of the building structure, are appropriately drained and do not exceed 0.6 metres in height.
		AO19.3	Development provides for the use of primarily advanced trees and shrubs to soften large built form exteriors and to achieve screening of a minimum of 30% of the building elevation.
		AO19.4	Development provides footpath paving treatments and street furniture that integrate with adjoining development and setback areas and align with public footpaths.
PO20	Development which in order to comply with a minimum habitable floor level, has a ground storey that is different to the level of the adjoining street or other public space, provides for the following:- (a) a high level of non-discriminatory pedestrian access to maintain an <i>active frontage</i> ; (b) a ramp, stair or other element to facilitate pedestrian and vehicular access that is entirely accommodated within the <i>site</i> .	AO20	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO21	Development provides for art	AO21	No acceptable outcome provided.

² These provisions are intended to supplement the *Landscape code*.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	installations to be incorporated where possible, as an essential element to engage users of the urban environment.		
Car Parking			
PO22	Development provides for or contributes to the provision of consolidated or shared car parking which serves a variety of nearby uses.	AO22	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO23	Development in Precinct MAR LPP-1 (City Core) and in Sub-precinct MAR LPSP-1 (Ocean Street Hospitality Area) provides car parking areas and service areas that are not visually dominant from a street or public open space.	AO23.1	Development provides car parking areas, service areas and access driveways that are located so that they will not dominate the <i>streetscape</i> or unduly intrude upon pedestrian use of footpaths, through:- (a) the use of rear access lanes; (b) parking and service areas situated at the rear of the <i>site</i> , incorporated wholly within a building or below ground level, and shared driveways.
		AO23.2	Development provides vehicular access arrangements that do not ramp along boundary alignments edging the street, laneways, public open space and the like.
PO24	Development in a precinct other than Precinct MAR LPP-1 (City Core) and in Sub-precinct MAR LPSP-1 (Ocean Street Hospitality Area) provides ground level car parking areas and service areas that do not dominate the street <i>frontage</i> .	AO24.1	Development provides for any ground level car parking area to be:- (a) located behind or contained within a building and not visible from the street <i>frontage</i> ; or (b) screened by a minimum 3 metre wide landscape buffer containing continuous shade tree planting.
		AO24.2	Development provides for loading docks to be fully enclosed and manoeuvring areas for service vehicles to be <i>setback</i> a minimum of 5 metres and not be adjacent to or visible from the street.
Development in the Principal Centre Zone in Precinct MAR LPP-1 (City Core)			
PO25	Development in the Principal centre zone in Precinct MAR LPP-1 (City Core) identified on Local Plan Map LPM22 comprises a vibrant and high intensity mixed use core where the principal business and administrative functions are complemented by retailing, entertainment, education, community and cultural facilities, tourism and residences.	AO25	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO26	Development in the Principal centre zone in Precinct MAR LPP-1 (City Core) does not comprise <i>showrooms</i> so that it does not delay or compromise the following:- (a) the capacity of the existing and planned road transport infrastructure networks in the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre; (b) the employment potential of the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre; (c) the intended urban design outcomes for the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre; (d) the principle of a transit oriented	AO26	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>community through pedestrian and cycle paths and public transport;</p> <p>(e) the development of <i>showrooms</i> in other areas intended for this use by the planning scheme outside of the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre.</p>		
Development in the Principal Centre Zone (Key Site 1 – Sunshine Plaza)			
PO27	<p>Development in the Principal centre zone on Key Site 1 (Sunshine Plaza) ensures that significant expansion or redevelopment of the Sunshine Plaza Shopping Centre or adjacent properties:-</p> <p>(a) occurs in an integrated manner in accordance with a master plan or approved plan of development;</p> <p>(b) provides for outstanding building, <i>streetscape</i> and landscape design which is highly articulated and epitomises sub-tropical and sustainable design;</p> <p>(c) facilitates a high level of accessibility to the Maroochydore Station transit interchange and the transit station and interchange (CAMCOS);</p> <p>(d) provides for Cornmeal Creek and the Maud Canal to function as key elements of the urban open space infrastructure network and provides for development which reinforces and activates these links;</p> <p>(e) does not compromise the proposed road hierarchy and transport infrastructure necessary to service the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre;</p> <p>(f) provides strong linkages with surrounding development and, in particular, the provision of the public pedestrian promenade and other urban design elements and treatments necessary to create a high level of integration and connectivity;</p> <p>(g) provides public road links as indicated on Figure 7.2.19A (Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan elements) to improve local connectivity; and</p> <p>(h) minimises visual and amenity impacts associated with car parking and servicing areas.</p>	AO27	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Principal Centre Zone (Key Site 2 – Big Top)			
PO28	<p>Development in the Principal centre zone on Key Site 2 (Big Top) ensures that redevelopment of the site:-</p> <p>(a) provides for the <i>site</i> to be developed as a high quality, integrated, mixed use development incorporating a range of centre activities and residential accommodation;</p> <p>(b) provides for outstanding building,</p>	AO28	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p><i>streetscape</i> and landscape design which is highly articulated and epitomises sub-tropical and sustainable design;</p> <p>(c) provides an attractive address to all street <i>frontages</i> and to Cornmeal Creek;</p> <p>(d) facilitates a high level of accessibility to the Maroochydore Station transit interchange;</p> <p>(e) provides for development which reinforces and activates the public pedestrian and urban open space link along Cornmeal Creek;</p> <p>(f) provides strong linkages with surrounding development and, in particular, the provision of through block pedestrian links connecting Ocean Street and Duporth Avenue with Cornmeal Creek Esplanade, and other urban design elements and treatments necessary to create a high level of integration and connectivity;</p> <p>(g) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i> to Cornmeal Creek, Ocean Street, Duporth Avenue and Horton Parade and the 'urban laneway' through the <i>site</i> connecting Ocean Street with Cornmeal Creek Esplanade;</p> <p>(h) maintains existing vehicular access points; and</p> <p>(i) provides integrated and functional car parking and access arrangements that do not dominate the street.</p>		
Development in the Principal Centre Zone in Sub-precinct MAR LPSP-1 (Ocean Street Food and Music Sub-Precinct)			
PO29	Development in the Principal centre zone in Sub-Precinct MAR LPSP-1 (Ocean Street Food and Music Sub-Precinct) identified on Local Plan Map LPM22 provides for a range of entertainment/catering business uses and other business uses including <i>food and drink outlets, function facilities, bars, hotels and nightclub entertainment facilities</i> that may operate after hours and include live or <i>amplified music</i> which creates a vibrant atmosphere.	AO29	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Principal Centre Zone in Precinct MAR LPP-2 (Aerodrome Road)			
PO30	Development in the Principal centre zone in Precinct MAR LPP-2 (Aerodrome Road) identified on Local Plan Map LPM22 complies with the following:- <p>(a) development predominantly comprises medium intensity residential uses and commercial business uses with short term or permanent residential uses occurring generally at floor levels above the ground <i>storey</i>;</p> <p>(b) development does not detract</p>	AO30	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>from or compete with major retailing activities in Precinct MAR LPP-1 (City Core);</p> <p>(c) development facilitates and supports the creation of Aerodrome Road as an attractive landscaped boulevard with transit and pedestrian priority;</p> <p>(d) development with a <i>frontage</i> to Aerodrome Road provides for the consolidation of existing lot accesses along Aerodrome Road and for rear access to lots to be obtained from other streets where reasonably practicable;</p> <p>(e) development provides for bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure which connects the Maroochydore Station transit interchange and the transit station and interchange (CAMCOS) to the Cotton Tree waterfront and the eastern surf beaches.</p>		
PO31	Development provides for all <i>showrooms</i> to have a maximum <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of 3,000m ² per tenancy.	AO31	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Principal Centre Zone in Precinct in MAR LPP-3 (Maroochy Boulevard/Dalton Drive)			
PO32	<p>Development in the Principal centre zone in Precinct MAR LPP-3 (Maroochy Boulevard/Dalton Drive), identified on Local Plan Map LPM22, complies with the following:-</p> <p>(a) development predominantly comprises medium intensity business and residential activities including <i>offices</i> and smaller scale <i>shops</i> and <i>showrooms</i>;</p> <p>(b) development does not detract from or compete with major retailing activities in Precinct MAR LPP-1 (City Core).</p>	AO32	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO33	<p>Development provides for the following:-</p> <p>(a) all <i>showrooms</i> to have a maximum <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of 3,000m² per tenancy;</p> <p>(b) the total maximum <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of all retail business uses (other than <i>showroom</i>) to not exceed 20,000m² for the precinct.</p>	AO33	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO34	Development provides for Maroochy Boulevard and Dalton Drive to be established as attractive landscaped boulevards incorporating significant tree planting, public transport infrastructure, wide pedestrian paths and limited lot access for vehicles.	AO34	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO35	Development to the north of the Dalton Drive east-west extension is integrated with the adjoining development in the Priority Development Area, having regard to block size, access arrangements, intended uses, built form	AO35	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	and stormwater flow requirements.		
PO36	Development provides for appropriate buffering to the Sunshine Motorway and the Dedicated Transit Corridor (CAMCOS), such that development achieves a high level of amenity and the safety and efficiency of these major transport infrastructure elements is maintained.	AO36	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO37	Development provides a built form that is sympathetic to adjoining development, with a transitioning of building height, bulk and scale on the edges of the precinct.	AO37	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO38	Development fronting Dalton Drive or Maroochy Boulevard provides for the following:- (a) <i>showroom</i> development that maintains a strong built form along Dalton Drive and Maroochy Boulevard and incorporates land uses that activate these <i>frontages</i> ; (b) car parking that is located behind buildings and does not dominate the street <i>frontage</i> ; (c) consolidated access points to Dalton Drive and Maroochy Boulevard.	AO38	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO39	Development fronting Maroochy Boulevard provides for buildings to be of a consistent height that frames Maroochy Boulevard as the gateway entry to the Maroochydoore Principal Regional Activity Centre.	AO39	Development fronting Maroochy Boulevard has a minimum height of 8 metres.

Table 7.2.19.4.3 Maroochydoore/Kuluin local plan supplementary table of consistent uses and potentially consistent uses in the Principal centre zone

Note—this table overrides the consistent and potentially consistent uses specified in the zone codes in Part 6 (Zones) for the precincts specified.

Column 1 Consistent Uses	Column 2 Potentially Consistent Uses
Principal centre zone (Precinct MAR LPP-1 – City Core)	
Residential activities	
(a) <i>Caretaker's accommodation</i> (b) <i>Community residence</i> (c) <i>Dual occupancy (where forming part of a mixed use development)</i> (d) <i>Dwelling unit</i> (e) <i>Multiple dwelling</i> (f) <i>Residential care facility</i> (g) <i>Resort complex</i> (h) <i>Retirement facility</i> (i) <i>Rooming accommodation</i> (j) <i>Short-term accommodation</i>	None
Business activities	
(a) <i>Adult store</i> (b) <i>Agricultural supplies store</i> (c) <i>Bar</i> (d) <i>Car wash</i> (e) <i>Food and drink outlet</i> (f) <i>Function facility</i> (g) <i>Funeral parlour</i> (h) <i>Garden centre (where not exceeding a gross leasable floor area of 450m²)</i> (i) <i>Hardware and trade supplies (where not exceeding a gross leasable floor area of 450m²)</i>	(a) <i>Garden centre (where exceeding a gross leasable floor area of 450m²)</i> (b) <i>Hardware and trade supplies (where exceeding a gross leasable floor area of 450m²)</i> (c) <i>Nightclub entertainment facility (where not located in Sub-Precinct MAR LPSP-1 – Ocean Street Food and Music Sub-Precinct)</i> (d) <i>Tourist attraction</i>

Column 1 Consistent Uses	Column 2 Potentially Consistent Uses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (j) <i>Health care services</i> (k) <i>Home based business (where other than a high impact home based business activity)</i> (l) <i>Hotel</i> (m) <i>Market</i> (n) <i>Nightclub entertainment facility (where located in Sub-Precinct MAR LPSP-1 – Ocean Street Food and Music Sub-Precinct)</i> (o) <i>Office</i> (p) <i>Sales office</i> (q) <i>Service station</i> (r) <i>Shop</i> (s) <i>Shopping centre</i> (t) <i>Theatre</i> (u) <i>Veterinary services</i> 	
Industrial activities	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) <i>Medium impact industry (where for a micro-brewery)</i> (b) <i>Service industry</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) <i>Low impact industry</i> (b) <i>Research and technology industry</i>
Community activities	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) <i>Child care centre</i> (b) <i>Community care centre</i> (c) <i>Community use</i> (d) <i>Educational establishment</i> (e) <i>Emergency services</i> (f) <i>Hospital</i> (g) <i>Place of worship</i> 	
Sport and recreation activities	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) <i>Club</i> (b) <i>Indoor sport and recreation</i> (c) <i>Major sport, recreation and entertainment facility (where for a convention and exhibition centre or entertainment centre)</i> (d) <i>Park</i> 	
Other activities	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) <i>Major electricity infrastructure (where for underground high voltage sub-transmission powerlines and associated transition structures)</i> (b) <i>Parking station</i> (c) <i>Telecommunications facility (where other than a freestanding tower)</i> (d) <i>Utility installation (where a local utility)</i> 	
Principal centre zone (Precinct MAR LPP-2 – Aerodrome Road and Precinct MAR LPP-3 – Maroochy Boulevard/Dalton Drive)	
Residential activities	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) <i>Caretaker's accommodation</i> (b) <i>Community residence</i> (c) <i>Dual occupancy (where forming part of a mixed use development)</i> (d) <i>Dwelling unit</i> (e) <i>Multiple dwelling</i> (f) <i>Residential care facility</i> (g) <i>Resort complex</i> (h) <i>Retirement facility</i> (i) <i>Rooming accommodation</i> (j) <i>Short-term accommodation</i> 	None
Business activities	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) <i>Adult store</i> (b) <i>Agricultural supplies store</i> (c) <i>Bar</i> (d) <i>Car wash</i> (e) <i>Food and drink outlet</i> (f) <i>Function facility</i> (g) <i>Funeral parlour</i> (h) <i>Garden centre (where not exceeding a gross leasable floor area of 450m²)</i> (i) <i>Hardware and trade supplies (where not exceeding a gross leasable floor area of 450m²)</i> (j) <i>Health care services</i> (k) <i>Home based business (where other than a high impact home based business activity)</i> (l) <i>Hotel</i> (m) <i>Market</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) <i>Garden centre (where exceeding a gross leasable floor area of 450m²)</i> (b) <i>Hardware and trade supplies (where exceeding a gross leasable floor area of 450m²)</i> (c) <i>Showroom (where each individual tenancy exceeds a gross leasable floor area of 3,000m²)</i> (d) <i>Tourist attraction</i>

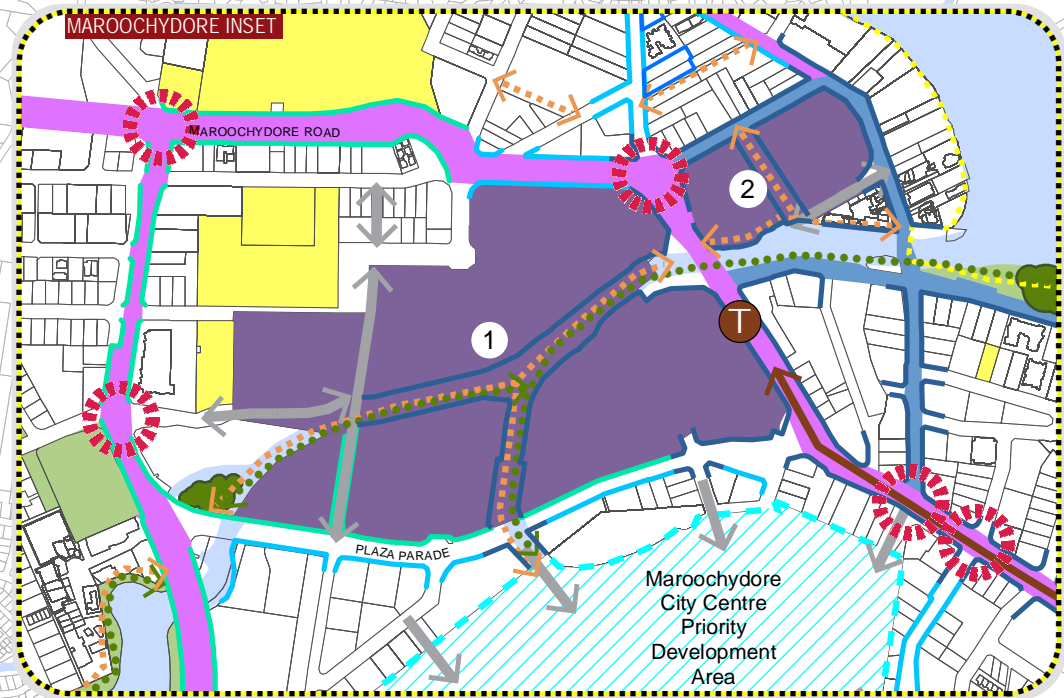
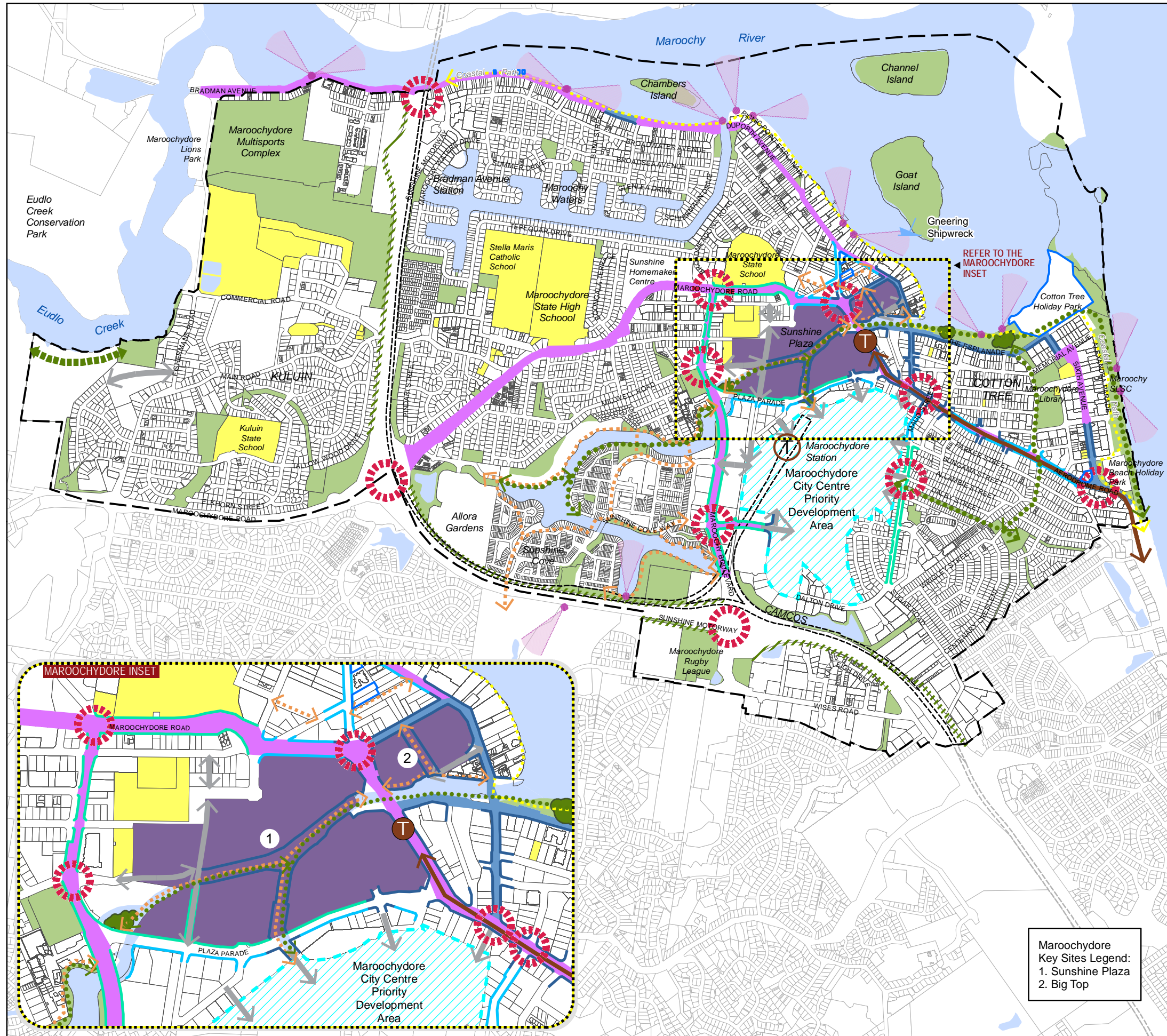
Column 1 Consistent Uses	Column 2 Potentially Consistent Uses
(n) Office (o) Sales office (p) Service station (q) Shop (if not involving a <i>department store</i>) (r) Shopping centre (if not involving a <i>department store</i>) (s) Showroom (where each individual tenancy does not exceed a <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of 3,000m ²) (t) Theatre (u) Veterinary services	
Industrial activities	
(a) Medium impact industry (where for a micro-brewery) (b) Service industry	(a) Low impact industry (b) Research and technology industry
Community activities	
(a) Child care centre (b) Community care centre (c) Community use (d) Educational establishment (e) Emergency services (f) Hospital (g) Place of worship	None
Sport and recreation activities	
(a) Club (b) Indoor sport and recreation (c) Park	None
Other activities	
(a) Major <i>electricity infrastructure</i> (where for underground high voltage sub-transmission powerlines and associated transition structures) (b) Parking station (c) Telecommunications facility (where other than a freestanding tower) (d) Utility installation (where a <i>local utility</i>)	None

Table 7.2.19.4.4 Maroochydore/Kuluin local plan supplementary table of consistent uses and potentially consistent uses in the Open space zone

Note—this table overrides the consistent and potentially consistent uses specified in the zone codes in Part 6 (Zones) for Lot 6 SP239529.

Column 1 Consistent Uses	Column 2 Potentially Consistent Uses
Residential activities	
Caretaker's accommodation	None
Business activities	
(a) Food and drink outlet (where located on Council owned or controlled land, conducted in association with an open space or sport and recreation use on the same site and having a <i>gross leasable floor area</i> not exceeding 100m ²) (b) Market	Food and drink outlet (where other than as specified in column 1)
Community activities	
(a) Community use (where located on Council owned or controlled land and undertaken by or on behalf of the Council) (b) Emergency services	None
Sport and recreation activities	
(a) Outdoor sport and recreation (where located on Council owned or controlled land, undertaken by or on behalf of the Council or a <i>not-for-profit organisation</i> and the <i>gross floor area</i> of any building associated with the use does not exceed 150m ²) (b) Park	Outdoor sport and recreation (where other than as specified in column 1)
Other activities	
(a) Environment facility (where located on Council owned or controlled land, undertaken by or on behalf of the Council) (b) Major <i>electricity infrastructure</i> (where for underground high voltage sub-transmission powerlines and associated transition structures)	None

Column 1 Consistent Uses	Column 2 Potentially Consistent Uses
(c) <i>Utility installation (where a local utility)</i>	



Maroochydore Key Sites Legend:
 1. Sunshine Plaza
 2. Big Top

- LEGEND**
- Local Plan Area Boundary
 - Waterway^{Note 1}
 - Primary Active Street Frontage
 - Secondary Active Street Frontage
 - Landscape Setback
 - Primary Streetscape Treatment Area
 - Boulevard Treatment Area
 - Local Ecological Linkage
 - Greenspace^{Note 1}
 - Community Activity/Facility^{Note 1}
 - Greenspace Link
 - Character Vegetation
 - Landscape Buffer
 - Gateway/Entry Point
 - Significant View
 - Heritage Place^{Note 2}
 - Heritage Place (Shipwreck)
 - Key Pedestrian/Cycle Linkage
 - Coastal Path^{Note 4}
 - Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS)
 - CoastConnect Priority Public Transport Corridor
 - Transit Hub
 - Future Transit Hub
 - Indicative Road Linkage/Access Point
 - Key Site (Refer to Key Sites Legend)
 - Priority Development Area (subject to the *Economic Development Act 2012*)

Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
 Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).
 Note 4: Indicative alignment, subject to further investigation in some areas.

0 100 200 400 600 800 Metres

1:21,116

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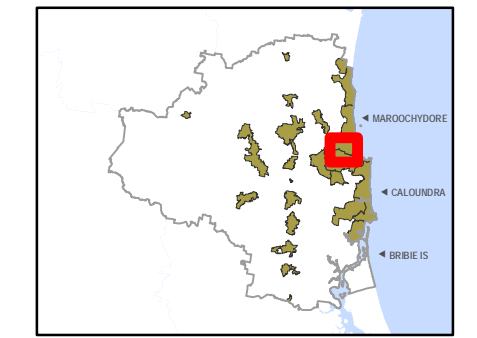
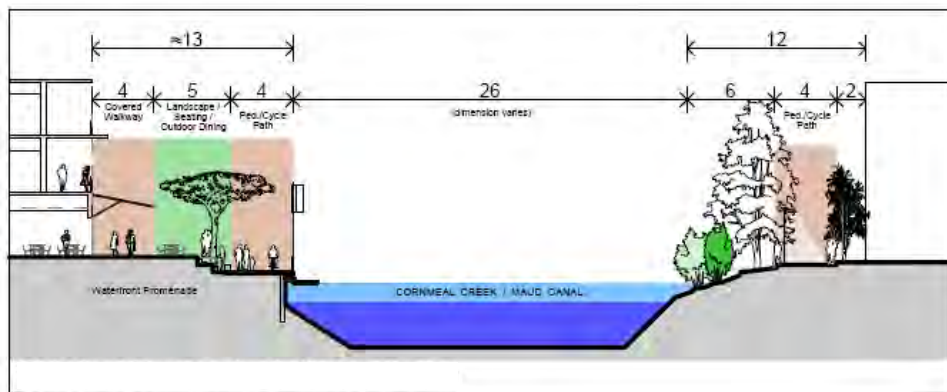
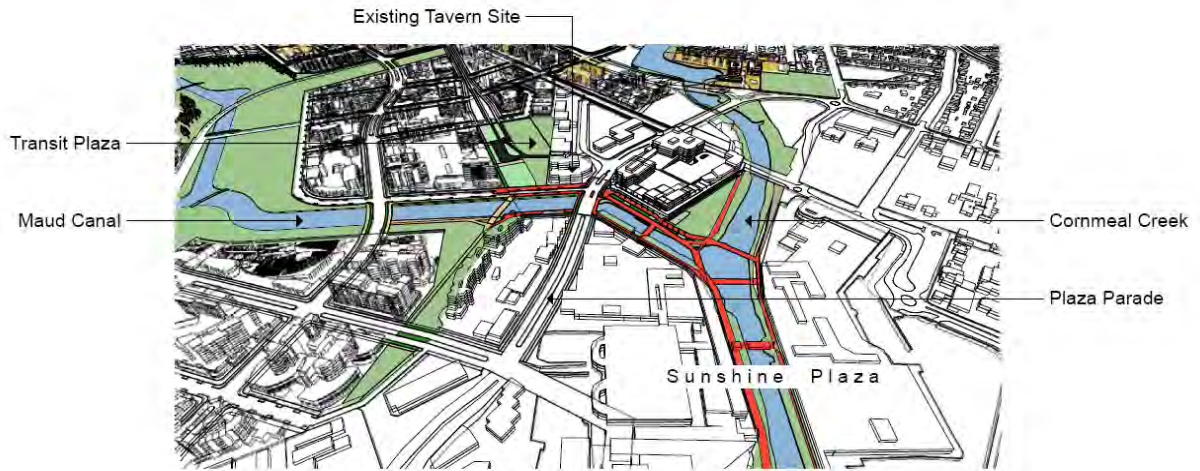
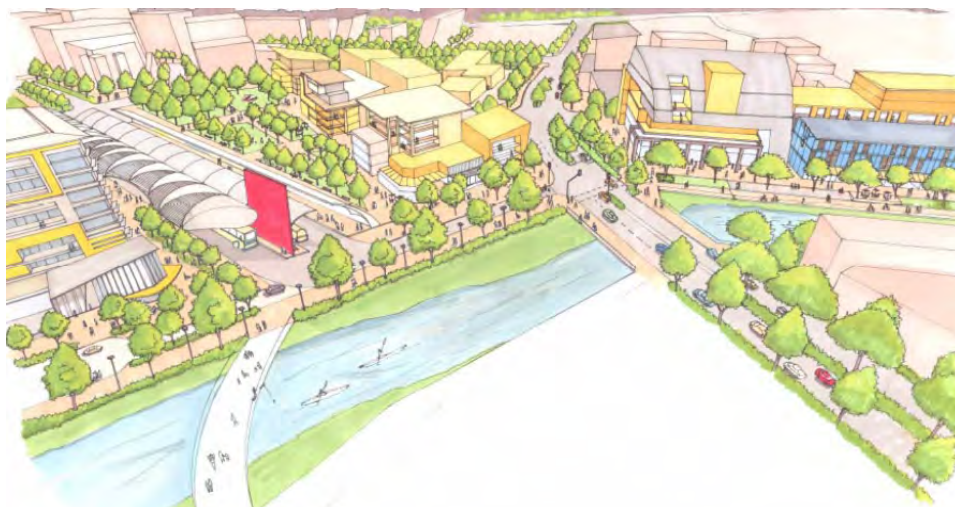


Figure 7.2.19A (Maroochydore/Kuluin Local Plan Elements)

Figure 7.2.19B Maroochydore Public Pedestrian Promenade Design



Public Pedestrian Promenade Indicative Section



7.2.20 Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan code

7.2.20.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) within the Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan area as shown on Map ZM34 contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) The following provisions of the code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development:-
 - (a) **section 7.2.20.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)**;
 - (b) **Table 7.2.20.4.1 (Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development)**; and
 - (c) **Figure 7.2.20A (Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan elements)**.

7.2.20.2 Context and setting

This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan code.

The Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan area is located centrally in the eastern part of the Sunshine Coast to the south of Maroochydore and includes the coastal area from Alexandra Headland to Mooloolaba extending west to the Sunshine Motorway. The local plan area takes in a diverse range of land uses including tourist accommodation and associated services and events, business centres, marine industries, a variety of residential areas, as well as a range of community and sport and recreation uses. The local plan area has a land area of approximately 536 hectares.

The Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan area is a renowned and popular tourist destination and is characterised by its frontage to a spectacular natural coastline, which includes Alexandra Headland, Mooloolaba Beach, Mooloolaba Spit and the Mooloolah River. Extensive foreshore parklands include surf lifesaving clubs, playgrounds, barbeque facilities, tourist parks and the Coastal Path. Impressive water views are available from foreshore areas and particularly from Alexandra Headland.

Business and commercial uses are concentrated in the Mooloolaba District Centre focussed on Brisbane Road and Walan Street. This area provides a range of retail, business and entertainment venues at the main entry road into Mooloolaba. A range of local businesses extend along the southern part of Brisbane Road, providing local convenience shopping and business activities for the surrounding residential community.

The beachfront areas are characterised by medium rise residential development catering for visitor and permanent accommodation. These uses are supported by small scale boutique shopping, cafes, restaurants and tourist and entertainment facilities located at key nodes along Alexandra Parade and Mooloolaba Esplanade and at Underwater World/Mooloolaba Wharf. Other low to medium rise multiple dwellings are located around the activity centres. Traditional low rise residential areas are located on the slopes to the west of Alexandra Headland and around Mooloolaba Waters.

The Mooloolaba marina, boat ramp and Yacht Club are popular recreational boating facilities within the local plan area. The Mooloolaba State Boat Harbour caters for commercial fishing operations and associated marine industries, including seafood retail and wholesale operations. Community services such as Air Sea Rescue and the Coast Guard also operate in the Mooloolaba State Boat Harbour.

Pedestrian and cycle pathways are located along the foreshore and along major roads. The CoastConnect Priority Public Transport Corridor is intended to travel along Brisbane Road, Walan Street, Mooloolaba Esplanade and Alexandra Parade providing opportunities for transit oriented redevelopment. Alexandra Parade, Brisbane Road and Buderim Avenue provide the major road links into the local plan area.

Urban zoned land within the local plan area is connected, or has the ability to be connected, to reticulated water and sewerage.

7.2.20.3 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan code is to provide locally relevant planning provisions for the assessment of development within the Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan code.
- (2) The purpose of the Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan area is a diverse coastal urban area with a strong focus on tourism. The local plan area comprises a number of urban and suburban residential areas and high density visitor accommodation areas supported by a district activity centre at Mooloolaba, community and sport and recreation facilities, a harbour and associated waterfront and marine uses.
 - (b) Urban development in the Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan area is limited to land within the urban growth management boundary so as to protect the environmental and landscape value of foreshore areas and the Mooloolah River.
 - (c) Development in the local plan area is sited and designed to protect significant environmental areas and retain the key landscape elements that contribute to the setting, character and identity of Mooloolaba and Alexandra Headland, including beaches and dunal systems, foreshore parkland, Alex Forest Conservation Area, Mooloolaba environmental reserve, Nelson Park, Charles Clarke Park (a *local heritage place*), character *vegetation* along the foreshore and views either to or from important landscape features.
 - (d) Development recognises and reinforces the beachside location of the local plan area by providing for high quality, contemporary sub-tropical building and landscape design that emphasises the casual, outdoor lifestyle. Development is of a scale and form which protects and enhances the existing character and identity of established parts of the local plan area.
 - (e) Development on land with *frontage* to Alexandra Parade, Brisbane Road, Mooloolaba Esplanade and River Esplanade achieves a high standard of urban design and contributes to *streetscape*, landscape, public art and public space improvements which enhance gateway locations, create attractive boulevards along these roads and promote the beachside character of the local plan area.
 - (f) Development in the District centre zone contributes to the Mooloolaba Town Centre's role as a district activity centre providing a range of business, community and residential uses to service the needs of residents and visitors. Mixed uses and uses which enhance the tourism focus and district level role and function of the Mooloolaba Town Centre are encouraged.
 - (g) Development in the District centre zone contributes to the economic vitality of Mooloolaba Town Centre through the provision of improved streetscape and landscape treatments, active street *frontages* and improved public spaces.
 - (h) Development in the District centre zone on Key Site 1 (Brisbane Road Carpark) provides for an integrated, high quality *mixed use development* incorporating a range of centre activities and residential accommodation. Development provides for significant streetscape and landscape improvements to all *frontages*, strong pedestrian connections to the adjoining tourist accommodation area and a well-designed and integrated public carpark.
 - (i) Development in the Tourist accommodation zone reinforces these areas, and in particular the *frontage* to Mooloolaba Esplanade, as the primary tourism focus areas with vibrant and pedestrian friendly active street *frontages* providing a range of small-scale boutique retail and outdoor dining experiences with residential accommodation above, and strong visual and pedestrian linkages with the foreshore areas and surrounding residential, business and community activities.
 - (j) Development in the District centre zone and Tourist accommodation zone recognises the character of these areas as vibrant, mixed use places, with a lively day time and night time economy. Residents and visitors in these zones should expect a reasonable level of ambient noise associated with the benefits of living or staying in a centre or core tourist area.

- (k) Development in the Tourism area zone on Key Site 2 (Underwater World/Mooloolaba Wharf) provides for an integrated, high quality *mixed use development* which complements the existing range of tourism facilities on the site and contributes to the vitality and attractiveness of Mooloolaba, and in particular Underwaterworld/Mooloolaba Wharf, as a visitor and entertainment destination, whilst maintaining the operation of the marina and protecting the amenity of surrounding residences. Development provides for Hancock Street to be enhanced with streetscaping, landscaping and public art to create an improved entrance from River Esplanade into the *site*, and includes an accessible, safe and integrated public parking facility.
- (l) Redevelopment of Key Site 2 (Underwater World/Mooloolaba Wharf) provides for a pedestrian friendly, activated village square or plaza which links to the Mooloolaba Town Park and provides improved pedestrian and visual connections through to the Mooloolah River.
- (m) Development in the Tourist accommodation zone on Key Site 3 (Club Eatery) provides for an integrated, high quality *mixed use development* which incorporates facilities capable of attracting and accommodating a five-star international standard accommodation hotel and reinforces the role of Mooloolaba as a premier tourist destination and visitor accommodation area. Development provides for exemplar architecture, streetscape and landscape design, through a sub-tropical design response that recognises the beachfront and landmark nature of the *site*.
- (n) Development in the Local centre zone along Brisbane Road functions as a local (not full service) activity centre servicing the local convenience needs of nearby residents and visitors. Development in this area supports the role of the Mooloolaba Town Centre (District centre zone) as the district activity centre for the local area and contributes to the establishment of a vibrant centre and entry boulevard to Mooloolaba.
- (o) Development in the Low density residential zone maintains the traditional beachside residential character of these parts of local plan area.
- (p) Development in the Medium density residential zone in Alexandra Headland respects the existing topography and contributes to a high level of residential amenity and design quality consistent with the scale and character of the *streetscape* and surrounding development.
- (q) Development in the Waterfront and marine industry zone provides for the continued operation of Mooloolaba State Boat Harbour and associated industries and small-scale complementary business uses, to support the ongoing viability of the commercial fishing operations at Mooloolaba.
- (r) The existing *tourist park* sites located on Mooloolaba Esplanade and Parkyn Parade are maintained or redeveloped as *tourist parks* to provide short term, affordable visitor accommodation to complement Mooloolaba's role as a tourism focus area.
- (s) The State government uses at Mooloolaba Spit are rationalised and provide for low key government functions which are dependent on water access, with a limited number of small scale business uses which contribute to the activation of the area and the attractiveness and safety of Mooloolaba Spit as well as improved access to adjoining parkland.
- (t) Development in the Sport and recreation zone at the Yacht Club and boat ramp contributes to tourism opportunities in Mooloolaba by providing for enhanced recreational boating opportunities and associated business uses and improving public access between Parkyn Parade and the Mooloolah River.
- (u) Development provides strong pedestrian and visual links to the coastal foreshore and Mooloolah River including through block pedestrian connections, and facilitates safe and convenient pedestrian and cycle connections to and between other key destinations within the local plan area. The coastal foreshore area provides an important continuous pedestrian, cycle and open space link from the mouth of the Mooloolah River north along the full length of the local plan area.
- (v) Development adjacent to the CoastConnect Priority Public Transport Corridor is for transit oriented development which is fully integrated with the corridor, in particular through the protection and provision of land required for major *infrastructure* in the corridor and the provision of works to minimise vehicle access points to roads in the corridor.

- (w) Development in the High density residential zone in the vicinity of Muraban Street and Naroo Court, Mooloolaba, provides for a future road link between Muraban Street and Naroo Court to improve local connectivity.

7.2.20.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 7.2.20.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that are consistent with and reflect and enhance the coastal urban character of Mooloolaba and Alexandra Headland in terms of form, composition and use of materials.	AO1.1	Development for a residential, business or community activity provides for building design which incorporates the following features:- (a) a mix of lightweight and textured external building materials, including timber finishes or masonry construction with variation provided in texture and detailing; (b) articulated, pitched, skillion or curved roof forms; (c) open or transparent balustrades; and (d) landscaping integrated into the building design.
		AO1.2	Development uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials.
PO2	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> and gateways to enhance the sense of entry to, and the beachside character of, Mooloolaba and Alexandra Headland, including boulevard treatments along Alexandra Parade, Brisbane Road, Mooloolaba Esplanade and River Esplanade.	AO2.1	Development adjacent to a primary streetscape treatment area, boulevard treatment area or gateway/entry point identified on Figure 7.2.20A (Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan elements) :- (a) provides landscaping, public art and public space improvements; (b) incorporates a high standard of urban design and architectural and landscape treatments which enhance the sense of arrival to, and the beachside character of, Mooloolaba and Alexandra Headland, and emphasise corner locations; and (c) incorporates design elements such as varied roof forms, changes in materials, and variations of projected and recessed elements and facades.
		AO2.2	Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design. Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes. Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.
PO3	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of significant views and vistas contributing to the setting, character and sense of place of Mooloolaba and Alexandra Headland.	AO3	Development on sites fronting Mooloolaba Esplanade, Alexandra Parade and Parkyn Parade are designed to minimise the impact on significant views to and from important landmark sites and landscape features including Alexandra Headland Beach, Alexandra Headland, Mooloolaba Beach, Mooloolaba Spit, Point Cartwright, the Pacific Ocean and elevated parts of the local plan area including where identified on Figure 7.2.20A (Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan elements) .
PO4	Development protects and enhances the major open space links and scenic qualities offered by the foreshore park and reserve system, Alex Forest Conservation Area, Mooloolaba environmental reserve, Nelson Park, Charles Clarke Park and the character <i>vegetation</i> along the foreshore area.	AO4.1 AO4.2	Development protects and enhances the greenspace links identified on Figure 7.2.20A (Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan elements) . Development provides for the retention and enhancement of character <i>vegetation</i> along the foreshore and Mooloolah River. Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.
PO5	Development is fully integrated with the CoastConnect Priority Public Transport Corridor, including through the protection and provision of the land required for the major <i>infrastructure</i> corridor that is located on the premises and the provision of works to minimise vehicular <i>access</i> points to roads in the corridor.	AO5.1 AO5.2	Development on sites identified on Figure 7.2.20B (Brisbane Road upgrade) as subject to road widening provides for:- (a) development to be sufficiently set back to accommodate the protection of the major <i>infrastructure</i> corridor located on the premises that is required for road widening to service the Sunshine Coast; and (b) land to be provided as required to accommodate the protection of the major <i>infrastructure</i> corridor located on the premises that is required for road widening to service the Sunshine Coast. Development provides for integrated vehicular <i>access</i> which minimises the number of <i>access</i> points to Brisbane Road, Mooloolaba Esplanade, Alexandra Parade, Hancock Street, Walan Street and Venning Street in the CoastConnect Priority Public Transport Corridor.
PO6	Development improves pedestrian accessibility by providing through block linkages as shown on Figure 7.2.20A (Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan elements) .	AO6	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
Development in the District Centre Zone Generally			
PO7	Development in the District centre zone:- (a) contributes to the creation of a contemporary, subtropical coastal built form and <i>streetscape</i> ; (b) provides for any new or extended large floor plate retail uses to be sleeved and located behind smaller scale, fine grain built form elements; (c) creates vibrant and active streets and public spaces; (d) provides a continuous pedestrian friendly facade including all weather protection for pedestrians; and; (e) provides integrated and functional parking and access arrangements that do not dominate the street.	AO7	Development in the District centre zone:- (a) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i> , built to boundary, where identified on Figure 7.2.20A (Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan elements) ; (b) provides for any residential uses to be effectively integrated with business uses; (c) has building openings overlooking the street; (d) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous awnings and/or light verandah structures over footpath areas with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside; (e) ensures that signage is integrated with buildings; (f) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths; (g) provides for loading docks and service areas to be located and screened so as to be visually unobtrusive; and (h) provides for car parking below ground level in a <i>basement</i> structure(s) or which is sleeved behind buildings.
PO8	Development in the District centre zone provides functional and integrated car parking and vehicular <i>access</i> , which rationalises the number of <i>access</i> points to Brisbane Road.	AO8	Development between Brisbane Road and Smith Street amalgamates sites to create <i>access</i> from Smith Street and rationalise <i>access</i> from Brisbane Road.
Development in the District Centre Zone (Key Site 1 – Brisbane Road Carpark)			
PO9	Development in the District centre zone on Key Site 1 (Brisbane Road Carpark) identified on Figure 7.2.20A (Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan elements) :- (a) provides for the <i>site</i> to be redeveloped as a high quality, integrated, <i>mixed use development</i> incorporating a range of centre activities and residential accommodation; (b) provides for outstanding building, <i>streetscape</i> and landscape design which is highly articulated and epitomises sub-tropical and sustainable design and that recognises the landmark nature of the <i>site</i> ; (c) provides an attractive and pedestrian friendly central community meeting space such as a village square or plaza; and (d) effectively integrates with	AO9	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	visitor mixed use areas along Mooloolaba Esplanade and surrounding centre activities.		
PO10	Development in the District centre zone on Key Site 1 (Brisbane Road Carpark) identified on Figure 7.2.20A (Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan elements) provides for well designed, accessible and integrated public car parking to meet the public parking needs.	AO10	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO11	Development in the District centre zone on Key Site 1 (Brisbane Road Carpark) identified on Figure 7.2.20A (Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan elements) , where integrating a multi-storey public car parking facility, may:- (a) increase <i>site cover</i> to a maximum of 90% for that part of the building up to 4 storeys and a maximum of 65% for that part of the building exceeding 4 storeys; and (b) build to the <i>primary active street frontages</i> for that part of the building up to 4 storeys.	AO11	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Tourist Accommodation Zone Generally			
PO12	Development in the Tourist accommodation zone provides a focus for high-density visitor accommodation and a range of <i>ancillary</i> retail and entertainment/catering uses that contribute to the tourism focus of the Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan area and support the role of the Mooloolaba Town Centre.	AO12	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO13	Development in the Tourist accommodation zone:- (a) contributes to the vitality of Mooloolaba Esplanade, Alexandra Parade and other key streets; (b) provides a continuous pedestrian friendly facade; (c) contributes to the creation of a contemporary coastal built form and <i>streetscape</i> ; and (d) provides functional and integrated parking and access arrangements that do not dominate the street.	AO13.1	Development in the Tourist accommodation zone ensures that the ground <i>storey</i> level of premises on a site having a <i>primary active street frontage</i> where identified on Figure 7.2.20A (Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan elements) :- (a) is built to the front boundary; (b) provides a fine scale built form; (c) has building openings overlooking the street; (d) incorporates shopfronts, indoor/outdoor cafes and restaurants and other activities that are likely to foster casual, social and business interaction for extended periods; (e) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous awnings and/or light verandah structures with non-load bearing posts over footpath areas with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside; (f) ensures that signage is integrated with the building; and

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
		AO13.2	<p>(g) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths.</p> <p>Development in the Tourist accommodation zone:-</p> <p>(a) provides for loading docks and service areas to be located and screened so as to be visually unobtrusive;</p> <p>(b) provides for car parking below ground level in a <i>basement</i> structure(s) or which is sleeved behind buildings; and</p> <p>(c) provides for vehicular <i>access</i> to be rationalised and minimises <i>access</i> across active street <i>frontages</i>.</p>
Development in the Tourist Accommodation Zone (Key Site 3 – Club Eatery)			
PO14	<p>Development in the Tourist accommodation zone on Key Site 3 (Club Eatery) identified on Figure 7.2.20A (Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan elements):-</p> <p>(a) provides for the <i>site</i> to be redeveloped as a high quality, integrated, <i>mixed use development</i>; and</p> <p>(b) provides for exemplar architecture, <i>streetscape</i> and landscape design which is highly articulated and epitomises sub-tropical and sustainable design and that recognises the beachfront and landmark nature of the <i>site</i>.</p> <p>Note—for the purposes of this performance outcome, exemplar architecture will be demonstrated through a sub-tropical design response to create a landmark building, which results in a development with a form and function that epitomises the Sunshine Coast lifestyle and effectively links the development to public spaces through an integrated landscape and built-form response.</p> <p>Editor's note—a peer review will be required to demonstrate best practice sub-tropical design principles have been appropriately considered and incorporated in the proposed design.</p>	AO14	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO15	<p>Development in the Tourist accommodation zone on Key Site 3 (Club Eatery) on Figure 7.2.20A (Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan elements) where incorporating a five-star international standard accommodation hotel component may provide for:-</p> <p>(a) a maximum <i>building height</i> to RL 50m AHD, as identified in Specific Site Note 1 on the applicable Height of Buildings and Structures Overlay Map;</p>	AO15	No acceptable outcome provided.

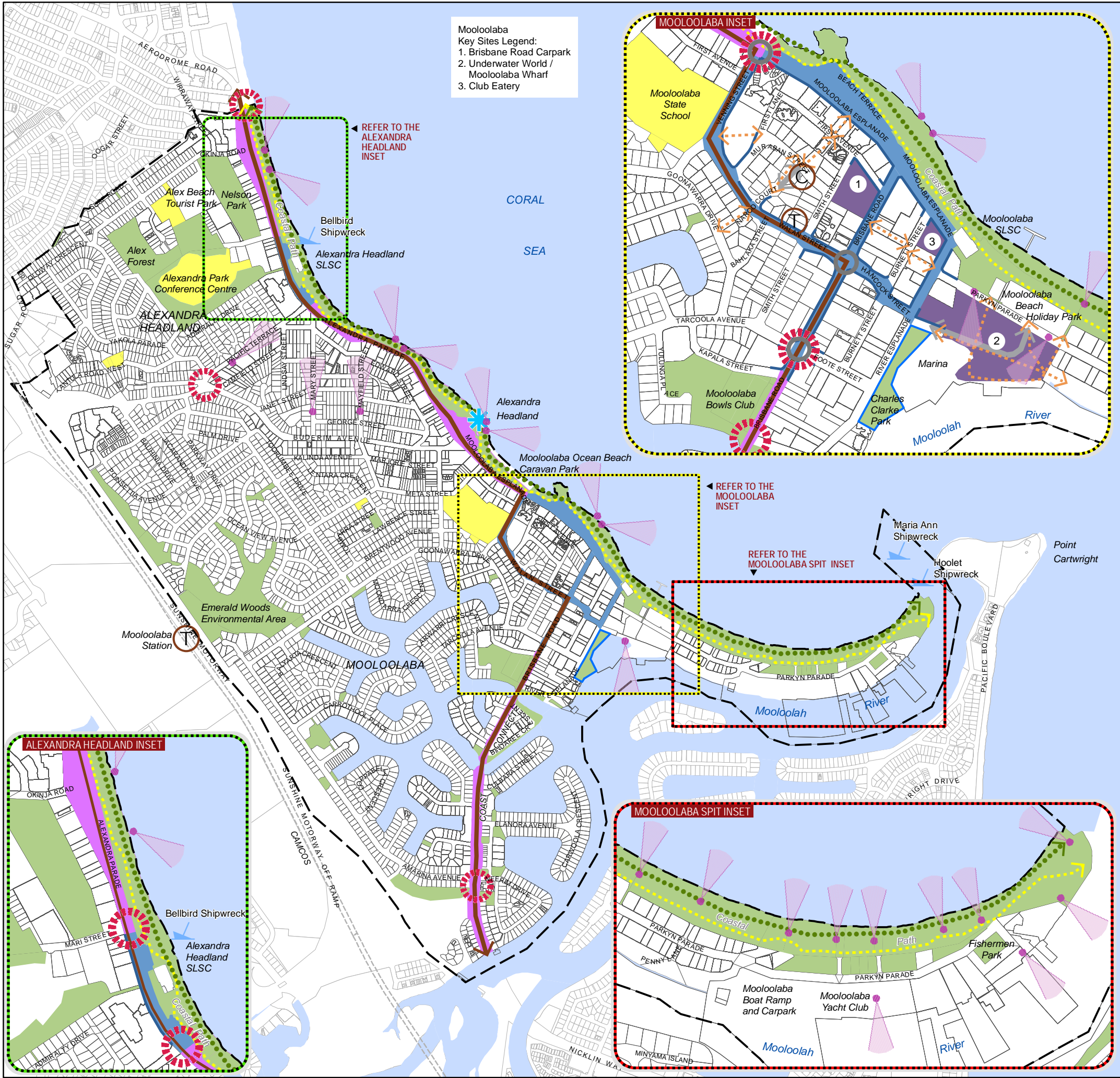
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>and</p> <p>(b) a maximum <i>site cover</i> of 90% for that part of the building up to 2 <i>storeys</i> and a maximum <i>site cover</i> of 65% for that part of the building exceeding 2 <i>storeys</i>, provided the development includes a minimum building <i>setback</i> of 6.0m to River Esplanade (that includes a 10m by 10m corner truncation <i>setback</i> for the south east corner of the site) for the part of the building exceeding 2 <i>storeys</i>.</p> <p>Note—for the purposes of this performance outcome, the following physical components are required to be incorporated to demonstrate that the proposal will provide for and operate as a five-star international standard accommodation hotel component of the development:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • exemplar architecture and landscape design (refer PO14); • over-sized guest rooms; • expansive lobby; • multiple restaurants; • conference facilities; • wide passageways; • high ceiling heights; • dedicated service lift; • housekeeping and linen store on every floor; • covered porte cochere capable of bus set down; and • publicly accessible rooftop amenities and facilities (e.g. restaurant, day spa and pool). <p>Note—the five-star international standard accommodation hotel component is to comprise a minimum of 50% of the apartments/suites in the overall development.</p> <p>Note—for the purpose of determining <i>site cover</i> for this performance outcome, <i>site cover</i> shall be determined based upon the floor plane of each level and not the aggregate of all levels, when viewed in plan view.</p>		
Development in the Tourism Zone (Key Site 2 – Underwater World/Mooloolaba Wharf)			
PO16	<p>Development in the Tourism zone on Key Site 2 (Underwater World/Mooloolaba Wharf) identified on Figure 7.2.20A (Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan elements):-</p> <p>(a) provides for the site to be redeveloped as a high quality, integrated, mixed use development providing for a range of uses that complement existing tourism uses and providing for the continued operation of the marina;</p> <p>(b) provides for outstanding</p>	AO16	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>building, <i>streetscape</i> and landscape design which is highly articulated, epitomises sub-tropical and sustainable design and recognises the landmark nature of the site;</p> <p>(c) provides for buildings which are sited and designed to minimise building bulk and achieve visual permeability through the site to maintain views to the Mooloolah River from the Mooloolaba Town Park, River Esplanade and Parkyn Parade;</p> <p>(d) complements the amenity of adjoining uses and provides strong links to open space on Parkyn Parade and River Esplanade;</p> <p>(e) incorporates <i>active uses</i> such as outdoor dining on terraces, in courtyards and on verandahs at ground and first <i>storey</i> levels;</p> <p>(f) provides an attractive and pedestrian friendly central community meeting space such as a village square or plaza which links to and effectively extends the Mooloolaba Town Park located on the northern side of Parkyn Parade;</p> <p>(g) provides an attractive address to all street <i>frontages</i> and to the Mooloolah River;</p> <p>(h) provides a <i>public open space</i> esplanade, and improved through block pedestrian and cycle access, including along the full length of the Mooloolah River frontage linking existing parklands along the wharf frontage to Charles Clarke Park; and</p> <p>(i) protects bank stability, water quality and hydrological processes within the Mooloolah River.</p>		
PO17	<p>Development in the Tourism zone on Key Site 2 (Underwater World/Mooloolaba Wharf) identified on Figure 7.2.20A (Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan elements):-</p> <p>(a) improves vehicular accessibility into and through the site with primary access provided for from a road other than Parkyn Parade;</p> <p>(b) improves pedestrian connectivity through the site and along the Mooloolah River frontage; and</p> <p>(c) provides for well designed, accessible and integrated public car parking.</p>	<p>AO17.1</p> <p>Development provides for vehicular site access which provides for:-</p> <p>(a) a road connection from Hancock Lane through to Parkyn Parade as indicated conceptually on Figure 7.2.20A (Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan elements);</p> <p>(b) improved primary access into the site through the upgrade of the Hancock Lane intersection and the creation of a landscaped entry boulevard;</p> <p>(c) improved secondary access from Parkyn Parade; and</p> <p>(d) improved facilities for tourist buses.</p> <p>AO17.2</p> <p>Development provides improved</p>	

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
		AO17.3	pedestrian linkages through the site and along the Mooloolah River frontage as indicated conceptually on Figure 7.2.20A (Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan elements) . Development provides a well designed and integrated public carpark to service the development and meet public parking needs.
Development in the Local Centre Zone (Brisbane Road)			
PO18	Development in the Local centre zone:- (a) supports the role and function of the local business areas as local (not full service) activity centres providing basic convenience goods and services to local residents and visitors; and (b) does not detract from the role of the Mooloolaba Town Centre (District centre zone) as the district activity centre for the local plan area.	AO18	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO19	Development in the Local centre zone provides:- (a) a coherent and attractive streetfront address and achieves a high level of visual amenity, particularly along Brisbane Road; (b) a high level of comfort and convenience to pedestrians; and (c) functional and integrated car parking and vehicular access that does not dominate the street.	AO19	Development in the Local centre zone:- (a) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i> , built to boundary, where identified on Figure 7.2.20A (Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan elements) ; (b) respects the layout, scale (including height and <i>setback</i>) and character of development on adjoining sites; (c) reduces the dominance of signage elements, particularly along Brisbane Road; (d) has building openings overlooking the street; (e) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous awnings and/or light verandah structures over footpath areas with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside; (f) ensures that signage is integrated with the building; (g) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths; and (h) provides on-site car parking in basements or at the rear or one side of the development, integrated with other vehicle movement areas.
Development in the High Density Residential Zone (Muraban Street and Naroo Court, Mooloolaba)			
PO20	Development in the High density residential zone in the vicinity of Muraban Street and Naroo Court, Mooloolaba provides for a future road, pedestrian and cycle link between Muraban Street and Naroo	AO20	No acceptable outcome provided.

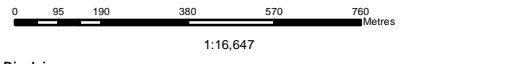
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	Court as indicated on Figure 7.2.20A (Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan elements) to improve local connectivity.		
Development in the High Density Residential Zone in Precinct MAH LPP-2 (Mooloolaba Heart Street Activation)			
PO21	Development in Precinct MAH LPP-2 (Mooloolaba Heart Street Activation) identified on Local Plan Map LPM34 provides for a range of <i>food and drink outlets</i> and small scale retailing businesses, which:- (a) are located at ground level of a <i>mixed use building</i> ; and (b) provide <i>primary active street frontages</i> , built to boundary, as indicated on Figure 7.2.20A (Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland local plan elements) .	AO21	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Medium Density Residential Zone at Alexandra Headland			
PO22	Development in the Medium density residential zone at Alexandra Headland is sited and designed in a manner which:- (a) is of a domestic scale that does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i> or skyline; (b) contributes positively to local <i>streetscape</i> character; and (c) respects the topography by providing for building forms which step down the slope.	AO22	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Waterfront and Marine Industry Zone			
PO23	Development in the Waterfront and marine industry zone:- (a) provides for the continued operation of the Mooloolaba State Boat Harbour and associated industries and community harbour services; (b) provides for the establishment of predominantly <i>marine industry</i> uses and limited complementary <i>ancillary</i> business uses which support such uses; (c) does not provide for the establishment of a multi-storey boat storage facility; (d) provides for <i>ancillary</i> business uses to be located on the <i>frontage</i> to Parkyn Parade that contribute to the activation of this <i>frontage</i> ; (e) provides required car parking on site; (f) contributes to streetscape improvements along Parkyn Parade; and (g) protects bank stability, water quality and hydrological processes within the Mooloolah River.	AO23	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
Development in the Sport and Recreation Zone (The Yacht Club and Boat Ramp)			
PO24	<p>Development in the Sport and recreation zone at The Yacht Club and boat ramp:-</p> <p>(a) provides for the continued operation of the Mooloolaba State Boat Harbour including enhanced recreational boating opportunities and associated <i>ancillary</i> uses;</p> <p>(b) improves public access between Parkyn Parade and the Mooloolah River;</p> <p>(c) provides required car-parking on site;</p> <p>(d) contributes to streetscape improvements along Parkyn Parade; and</p> <p>(e) protects bank stability, water quality and hydrological processes within the Mooloolah River.</p>	AO24	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Community Facilities Zone			
PO25	Development provides for the existing <i>tourist park</i> sites located on Mooloolaba Esplanade and Parkyn Parade to be retained or redeveloped as <i>tourist parks</i> .	AO25	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO26	<p>Development in the Community facilities zone in Precinct MAH LPP-1 (Mooloolaba Spit Government Uses) identified on Local Plan Map LPM34 provides for:-</p> <p>(a) State Government uses to be rationalised and limited to uses dependant on water access such as maritime safety, water police, fisheries and associated functions;</p> <p>(b) building design which addresses the street and adjoining parkland;</p> <p>(c) a limited number of small scale business uses such as café's and restaurants located adjacent to the foreshore parkland which contribute to the activation of this frontage; and</p> <p>(d) improved pedestrian connections to the adjoining parkland, foreshore and Mooloolah River.</p>	AO26	No acceptable outcome provided.



LEGEND

- Local Plan Area Boundary
- Waterway^{Note 1}
- Key Site
- Primary Active Street Frontage
- Primary Streetscape Treatment Area
- Boulevard Treatment Area
- Greenspace^{Note 1}
- Heritage Place^{Note 2}
- Heritage Place (Shipwreck)
- Community Activity/Facility^{Note 1}
- Greenspace Link
- Gateway/Entry Point
- Headland
- Significant View
- Through Block Pedestrian/Cycle Linkage
- Coastal Path^{Note 4}
- Dedicated Public Transport Corridor (CAMCOS)
- CoastConnect Priority Public Transport Corridor
- Future Transit Hub
- Intersection Upgrade
- Indicative Road Linkage/Access Point
- Future Community/Arts Hub



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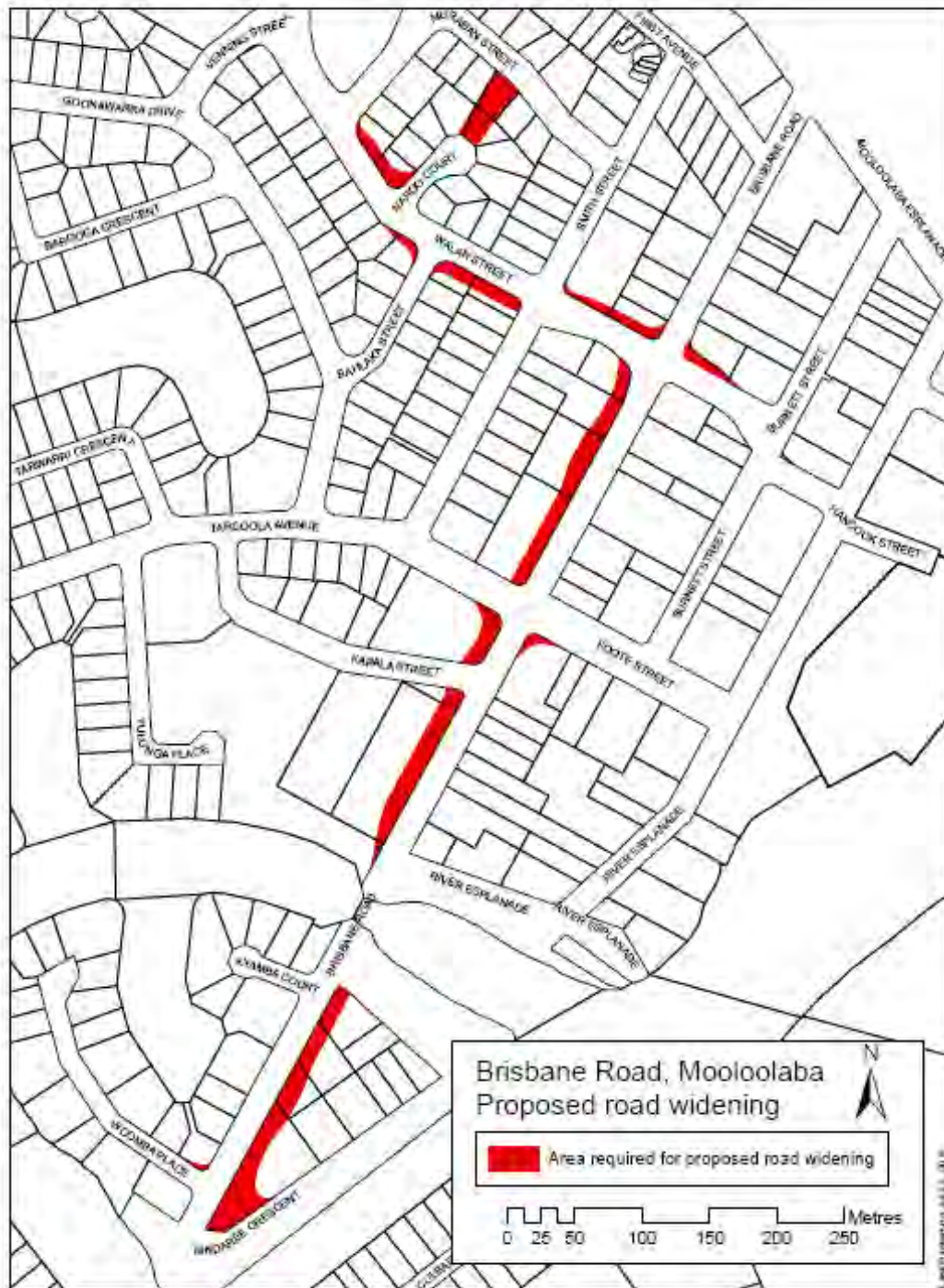
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Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
 Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).
 Note 4: Indicative alignment, subject to further investigation in some areas.

Figure 7.2.20A (Mooloolaba/Alexandra Headland Local Plan Elements)

Figure 7.2.20B Brisbane Road upgrade



7.2.21 Mooloolah local plan code

7.2.21.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) within the Mooloolah local plan area as shown on Map ZM41 contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Mooloolah local plan code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) The following provisions of the code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development:-
 - (a) **section 7.2.21.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)**;
 - (b) **Table 7.2.21.4.1 (Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development)**; and
 - (c) **Figure 7.2.21A (Mooloolah local plan elements)**.

7.2.21.2 Context and setting

This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Mooloolah local plan code.

The Mooloolah local plan area is located in the southern part of the Sunshine Coast on the North Coast Rail Line between Landsborough and Eudlo. The local plan area comprises the small rural town of Mooloolah and adjacent urban and rural residential areas. The local plan area has a land area of approximately 790 hectares.

The Mooloolah local plan area is framed to the west by the Blackall Range, to the south by the tall eucalypts of the Dularcha National Park, Mooloolah Forest Reserve and Tunnel Ridge and to the north by the Mooloolah Range. The local plan area is traversed by the Mooloolah River and South Mooloolah River and their tributaries and has a generally flat to gently undulating landform reflecting its location adjacent to the Mooloolah floodplain. Steeper parts are found on the edges of the local plan area where the land rises around the adjacent ranges.

The Mooloolah local plan area derives its character from its picturesque rural and natural landscape setting, village character and strong community feel. Mooloolah Connection Road provides a physical and visual gateway to the town, with a distinct sense of arrival provided by striking views to the Blackall Range, and the current railway crossing and traditional style pedestrian overpass. The town has a strong horse riding community with a pony club and riding school both located in close proximity to the town centre. Riders often travel through the town, adding to the rural character.

The Mooloolah Town Centre provides important commercial, community, social, and recreational facilities to service the local level needs of its resident population as well as the needs of the surrounding rural residential and rural communities. The town centre is currently divided into two parts by the North Coast Rail Line, with the western side of the rail line focussed on Bray Road and Jones Street, and the eastern side predominantly along Mooloolah Connection Road. The open level crossing provides good connectivity between the two sides of the town centre and functions as a gateway to the town.

Although the buildings in the centre are relatively new, they comprise characteristics of traditional rural towns, particularly on the western side of the railway. The town centre is complemented by the open space reserves of the Village Green and Martin Rungert Park. A number of community facilities are located within the local plan area including a local State primary school, community centre, public hall and recreation reserve (pony club). The Mooloolah railway shelter, Mooloolah Public Hall and St Thomas Anglican Church are of local heritage significance.

The local plan area consists of small residential lots focused on Jones Street and the northern side of Paget Street with the remaining residential areas of the town characterised by dwelling houses on larger sized lots.

The rural residential and rural lands surrounding the town are constrained by flooding, sloping topography and native vegetation which also contribute to the scenic amenity and character of the local plan area.

The North Coast Rail Line is planned to be subject to realignment and duplication. As part of the duplication, provision has been made for a potential road overpass and closure of the current open level crossing. Closure of the open level crossing will physically and visually segregate the town and has the potential to impact significantly on the character and functionality of the town centre. If this option is pursued, maintaining connectivity for pedestrians, cyclists and horse riders will be critical.

Mooloolah Road/Connection Road is the major road link within the local plan area. Other important local road links include Neil Road, Bray Road and King Road. Urban zoned land within the local plan area is connected, or has the ability to be connected, to reticulated water and sewerage.

7.2.21.3 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Mooloolah local plan code is to provide locally relevant planning provisions for the assessment of development within the Mooloolah local plan area.
- (2) The purpose of the Mooloolah local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) Mooloolah remains a small rural town with an intimate rural character and identity, primarily servicing the local community and visitors to the area. Some expansion of local business, residential and rural residential uses is provided for.
 - (b) Urban and rural residential development within the Mooloolah local plan area is limited to land within the urban and rural residential growth management boundaries respectively so as to protect and reinforce the character and identity of Mooloolah, provide for the efficient provision of *infrastructure* and services, avoid constrained land and protect the character and productivity of surrounding rural land.
 - (c) Development retains the key landscape, built form and natural environment elements that contribute to the setting, character and identity of the Mooloolah local plan area as a rural town with a strong sense of place and associations with the past.
 - (d) The Mooloolah Town Centre functions as a local (full service) activity centre providing a range of convenience goods and services to residents of the local plan area and surrounding rural and rural residential areas and provides a focus for small scale retail, commercial and community activity.
 - (e) Whilst the retail and commercial functions of Mooloolah centre may expand and be enhanced, the town centre remains compact and focused on the western side of the railway, with any expansion limited to land included within the Local business zone. Residents of Mooloolah continue to rely upon larger centres such as Beerwah, Sippy Downs or Caloundra to fulfil higher order business and industry needs.
 - (f) The 'rural town' feel, traditional built form and *streetscape* character of the Mooloolah Town Centre is retained and reinforced with Bray Road, Jones Street and Mooloolah Road enhanced as wide, attractive and pedestrian friendly main streets. Development in the Local centre zone addresses the street and complements and enhances the traditional *streetscape* and building form established on the western side of the railway line.
 - (g) Development in the Local centre zone on Lot 2 on RP8474 and Lots 1 and 2 on RP8476, Mooloolah Road, provides for the establishment of a *hotel* (tavern) and *short-term accommodation*. Such development is configured, designed and operated in a manner which minimises impacts on local residential amenity and *adjoining premises*.
 - (h) Development is designed and sited to protect significant views from Mooloolah Connection Road and the Mooloolah Town Centre to the Blackall Range.
 - (i) Development in the Medium density residential zone provides for the establishment of medium density housing which contributes to a high level of residential amenity and design quality consistent with the rural character of the Mooloolah local plan area, the scale and character of the *streetscape* and surrounding development.
 - (j) Development in the Low density residential zone and Rural residential zone, including road and lot layouts and *streetscape*, reflects traditional rural town residential qualities such as low rise detached housing on large lots, open *streetscape* and mature street trees. Development is

designed and sited to sensitively respond to the physical characteristics of the land including flooding and slope constraints, and provides for the retention and enhancement of native *vegetation* and appropriate riparian buffers to the Mooloolah River, South Mooloolah River and tributaries. Where applicable, development provides for the effective treatment and disposal of effluent on-site.

- (k) *Home based business, bed and breakfast* accommodation and other complementary uses support local employment and take advantage of the comparatively large lot size and the town's picturesque rural and natural setting. These complementary uses are located and designed to protect the local environment and the amenity of surrounding areas.
- (l) Development in the local plan area is supported by a network of open space to meet the needs of the local community and facilitates safe and convenient pedestrian and cycle connections to, between and around key destinations within the local plan area.
- (m) Development does not compromise or adversely impact upon the future provision or operation of the North Coast Rail Line realignment and duplication and preserves the option for an associated road overpass and pedestrian and cycle connections.

7.2.21.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 7.2.21.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

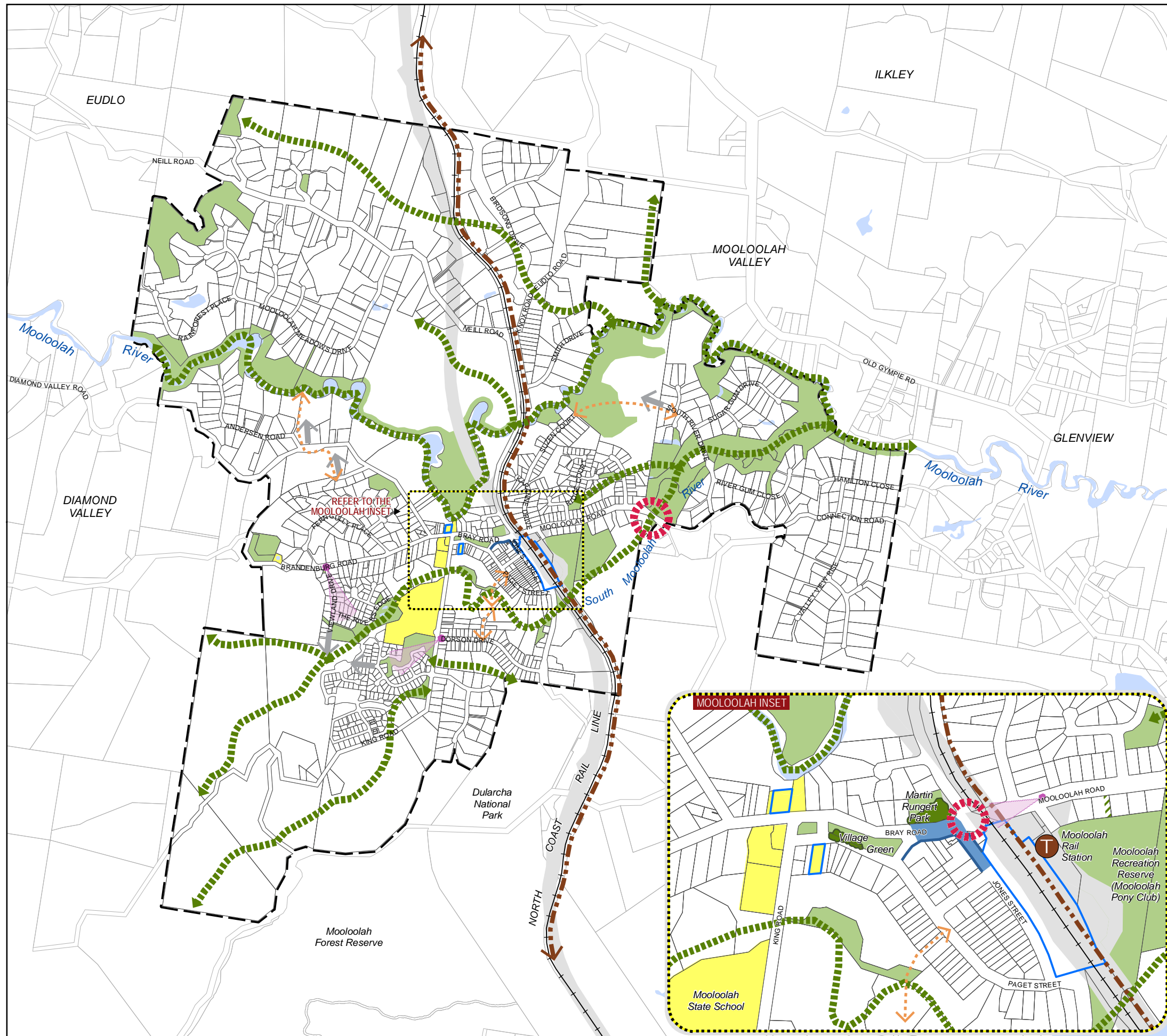
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Mooloolah Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that reflects and enhances the rural town character of Mooloolah in terms of form, composition and use of materials.	AO1.1	Buildings and structures incorporate traditional external building materials, such as timber cladding and corrugated iron roofs.
		AO1.2	Roof forms use simple, traditional Queensland style roof designs including gable, hip, pitched or multiple gable roof forms.
		AO1.3	Development uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials.
PO2	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements including historical structures, significant views and vistas, existing character trees and areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the setting, character and sense of place of Mooloolah.	AO2.1	Development provides for the retention or relocation and adaptive re-use of, the Mooloolah railway shelter and pedestrian overpass.
		AO2.2	Development protects and emphasises, and does not intrude upon, the important views to the Blackall Range, particularly from Mooloolah Road and the town centre, and other views to surrounding rural and natural areas including Dularcha National Park and adjacent ranges where identified on Figure 7.2.21A (Mooloolah local plan elements) .
		AO2.3	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature trees and character <i>vegetation</i> that contribute to the <i>streetscape</i> character and vegetated backdrop to the town including:- (a) character <i>vegetation</i> in Martin Rungert Park and the Village Green where identified on Figure 7.2.21A (Mooloolah local plan elements) ; and (b) riparian <i>vegetation</i> along the

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>Mooloolah River and South Mooloolah River and their tributaries.</p> <p>Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.</p>
PO3	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> and gateways to enhance the sense of entry to, and the rural town character of, Mooloolah.	<p>AO3.1</p> <p>Development adjacent to the primary streetscape treatment area or the identified gateway/entry point within the town centre on Figure 7.2.21A (Mooloolah local plan elements) incorporates architectural and landscape treatments and other design elements which:-</p> <p>(a) enhance the sense of arrival to, and the rural town character of, Mooloolah; and</p> <p>(b) emphasise corner sites and locations.</p> <p>AO3.2</p> <p>Development adjacent to the gateway/entry point on Mooloolah Road at the South Mooloolah River identified on Figure 7.2.21A (Mooloolah local plan elements) provides for the retention and enhancement of riparian <i>vegetation</i> and maintains the dominance of natural features over built features in order to maintain the natural character of this gateway/entry point.</p> <p>AO3.3</p> <p>Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes.</p> <p>Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.</p> <p>Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.</p>	
PO4	Development for a <i>food and drink outlet</i> does not:-	AO4	No acceptable outcome provided.
	(a) provide for the establishment of a <i>high volume convenience restaurant</i> ; or		
	(b) incorporate a <i>drive-through facility</i> .		
PO5	Development on land with frontage to the Mooloolah River and South Mooloolah River, or on land otherwise identified as a local ecological linkage on Figure 7.2.21A (Mooloolah local plan elements) , facilitates the provision of the local ecological linkage.	AO5	No acceptable outcome provided.
			Editor's Note— Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity, waterways and wetlands overlay code) sets out requirements for the provision of ecological linkages.
PO6	Development does not compromise the	AO6	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>future provision and operation of <i>transport networks</i> including:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the proposed North Coast Rail Line realignment and duplication; (b) the potential future road overpass connecting Mooloolah Road and Jones Street; and (c) the pedestrian and cycle overpass linking the two business areas of the town. 		
Development in the Local Centre Zone Generally			
PO7	<p>Development in the Local centre zone provides for small scale uses and mixed uses that:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) support Mooloolah Town Centre's role and function as a local (full service) activity centre; and (b) provide a wide range of convenience goods and services to residents and visitors. 	AO7	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO8	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) is sympathetic to the rural character and identity of Mooloolah; (b) complements the traditional built form and <i>streetscape</i>; (c) provides an active interface to the street; and (d) provides integrated and functional parking and access arrangements that do not dominate the street. 	AO8	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) provides for Bray Road, Jones Street and Mooloolah Road to be maintained and enhanced as wide, attractive and pedestrian friendly main streets; (b) respects the layout, scale (including height and <i>setback</i>) and character of development on adjoining sites; (c) reflects and enhances the character of existing buildings on the western side of the railway; (d) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i>, built to the front boundary, where identified on Figure 7.2.21A (Mooloolah local plan elements); (e) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous cantilevered awnings and/or light verandah structures with non-load bearing posts over footpath areas with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerb; (f) has simple, traditional Queensland style roof designs, such as hipped or gabled, and parapets facing the street; (g) has building openings overlooking the street including a well defined shopfront and entry doors; (h) uses colour schemes and external finishes consistent with the theme established on the western side of the railway; (i) ensures that signage is integrated with the building; (j) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating, public art and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths; and (k) provides on-site car parking at the rear of the development, integrated with other vehicle movement areas.

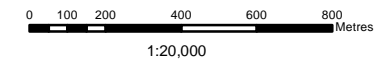
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
Development in the Local Centre Zone (Lot 2 on RP8474 and Lots 1 and 2 on RP8476, Mooloolah Road)			
PO9	<p>Development in the Local centre zone on Lot 2 on RP8474 and Lots 1 and 2 on RP8476, Mooloolah Road, provides for the establishment of a <i>hotel</i> (tavern) and <i>short-term accommodation</i>, provided that such development:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) provides for Lot 2 on RP8476 to be developed for residential purposes, with <i>hotel</i> related activities occurring on the remainder of the site oriented towards Way Street and Mooloolah Road; (b) provides for a minimum 3 metre wide densely planted landscape <i>buffer</i> and 1.8 metre solid screen fence to adjoining residential premises; (c) does not provide for gaming or betting activities or a drive through bottle shop; (d) is designed to minimise adverse amenity impacts, including impacts associated with excessive noise; and (e) is subject to a safety, security and emergency management plan developed in conjunction with the <i>Council</i> and relevant emergency services. 	AO9	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO10	<p>Development of Lot 2 on RP8474 and Lots 1 and 2 on RP8476, Mooloolah Road, is limited to residential uses should the tavern not proceed in order to facilitate consolidation of business uses in the town centre on the western side of the railway line.</p>	AO10	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Medium Density Residential Zone			
PO11	<p>Development in the Medium density residential zone:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) provides for the establishment of medium density housing compatible with a rural town setting; (b) is of a domestic scale that does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i> and is compatible with surrounding development; (c) provides for building form that reflects the traditional Queensland style; (d) contributes positively to local <i>streetscape</i> character; (e) provides for generous open space to be maintained between buildings to preserve a predominantly open feel; (f) provides for on-site car parking to be located and designed such that it does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i>; and (g) avoids constrained land. 	AO11	<p>Development in the Medium density residential zone:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) provides an attractive street address to Paget Street and the Village Green; (b) provides buildings which have the appearance of one or more individual buildings on the <i>site</i> with each building being of a <i>dwelling house</i> scale; (c) provides for building form which reflects the traditional Queensland style with the use of timber, pitched roofs, roof overhangs, prominent entry treatments, subdued colours and non-reflective materials; (d) incorporates verandah to at least 40% of the front facade length; (e) provides good pedestrian and cycle connectivity to the town centre; (f) provides for on-site car parking to be located at the rear of buildings and separated into discrete areas so that it does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i>; and (g) avoids flood prone land, protects

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			native <i>vegetation</i> areas and provides appropriate riparian buffers to South Mooloolah River.
Development in the Low Density Residential Zone and Rural Residential Zone			
PO12	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone and Rural residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that:- (a) is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of the Mooloolah local plan area; and (b) where applicable, provides for safe and effective treatment and disposal of effluent on site.	AO12.1 AO12.2	Development in the Low density residential zone provides for lots which are a minimum of 1,000m ² in area. Development in the Rural residential zone provides for lots which are a minimum of 4,000m ² in area, or larger where required to provide for adequate on-site effluent disposal.
PO13	Reconfiguring a lot within the Low density residential zone and Rural residential zone:- (a) provides for an interconnected system of local roads, pedestrian, cycle and open space links with adjoining land; (b) avoids flood prone land and responds sensitively to areas with slope and landslide constraints; (c) protects native <i>vegetation</i> areas and provides appropriate riparian buffers to Mooloolah River, South Mooloolah River and their tributaries; and (d) provides an open feel and transition between the town and adjoining rural residential and rural areas.	AO13	Reconfiguring a lot:- (a) incorporates an interconnected internal road system, pedestrian, cycle and open space links including where identified on Figure 7.2.21A (Mooloolah local plan elements) ; (b) avoids land subject to flooding, slope and landslide constraints; (c) protects native <i>vegetation</i> and dedicates land for ecological purposes along <i>waterways</i> , where identified as a local ecological linkage on Figure 7.2.21A (Mooloolah local plan elements) , that links to existing land in the Open space zone or Environmental management and conservation zone; and (d) provides for larger lot sizes adjoining land in the Rural zone or Rural residential zone.



- LEGEND**
- Local Plan Area Boundary
 - Waterway^{Note 1}
 - Primary Active Street Frontage
 - Primary Streetscape Treatment Area
 - Local Ecological Linkage
 - Greenspace^{Note 1}
 - Community Activity/Facility^{Note 1}
 - Landscape Buffer
 - Character Vegetation
 - Gateway/Entry Point
 - Significant View
 - Heritage Place^{Note 2}
 - Through Block Pedestrian/Cycle Linkage
 - Dedicated Public Transit Corridor
 - Transit Hub
 - Indicative Road Linkage/Access Point
 - Proposed Rail Corridor Upgrade

Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).



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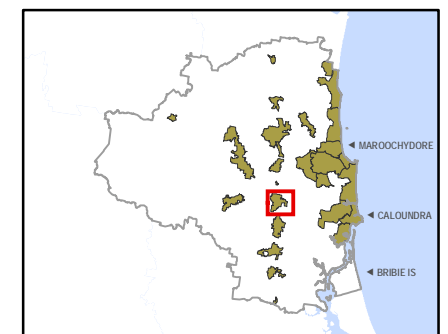


Figure 7.2.21A
(Mooloolah Local Plan Elements)

7.2.22 Nambour local plan code

7.2.22.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) within the Nambour local plan area as shown on Map ZM18 contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Nambour local plan code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) The following provisions of the code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development:-
 - (a) **section 7.2.22.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)**;
 - (b) **Table 7.2.22.4.1 (Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development)**; and
 - (c) **Figure 7.2.22A (Nambour local plan elements)**.

7.2.22.2 Context and setting

This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Nambour local plan code.

The Nambour local plan area is located in the central hinterland of the Sunshine Coast on the North Coast Rail Line and west of the Bruce Highway. The local plan area takes in the town centre and surrounding urban areas of Nambour, which is the largest rural town on the Sunshine Coast. The local plan area has a land area of approximately 1,990 hectares.

The local plan area has a picturesque setting, framed by surrounding hills and hillside vegetation. The local plan area itself is characterised by variable topography with steeper slopes around the margins of the area and undulating land in the central parts. Petrie Creek, Paynter Creek, Whalleys Creek and Tuckers Creek are the main waterways that traverse the local plan area, with central parts of the local plan area, including the fringes of the town centre, being subject to periodic flooding.

Areas of significant riparian vegetation, open space and natural bushland are contained within the local plan area, with Petrie Creek and tributaries providing an important ecological and open space spine. Bushland parks such as Koala Park and Cilento Bushland Conservation Reserve contain high quality remnant vegetation and contribute to the visually attractive setting of Nambour. Nambour also enjoys significant vistas to the Blackall Range in the west and east along the Petrie Creek floodplain to the coast.

Nambour serves an important role as a major regional activity centre providing higher order retail, employment and service needs of its resident population and surrounding hinterland areas, including the nearby rural towns of Woombye, Palmwoods, Montville, Mapleton and Yandina.

These services are mainly provided by the traditional town centre of Nambour focused around Currie Street and Howard Street. A number of smaller local business centres provide for the convenience needs of residential neighbourhoods within the local plan area.

The local plan area also accommodates industrial uses and development, including established industrial estates located in and around Windsor Road, Daniel Street and Rigby Street. The north-eastern corner of the local plan area, focused around the Bruce Highway/Bli Bli Road interchange, includes large extractive industry operations as well as major municipal uses including a regional waste management facility and wastewater treatment plant.

A range of State and Commonwealth Government services are provided in the town and Nambour is also the centre of local government administration for the Sunshine Coast Council. Nambour is also the main regional hub for health and medical services on the Sunshine Coast accommodating two major hospitals, being Nambour General Hospital and the Nambour Selangor Private Hospital. The local plan area contains a range of educational facilities, including a number of primary and secondary schools as well as the Sunshine Coast Institute of TAFE, which is one of the key centres for learning in the region.

A range of cultural and sport and recreation facilities are also located in the local plan area, including the Nambour Civic Centre, police citizens youth club, indoor sports centre, Nambour Showgrounds and numerous other clubs and societies that provide a valuable community focus for the surrounding hinterland and the wider Sunshine Coast.

Nambour provides a mix of residential types to meet community needs, including several retirement communities. However, housing remains predominantly detached in character. Significant consolidation and redevelopment opportunities are available in the local plan area, particularly within walking distance to the town centre and railway station. The older residential parts of the local plan area contain pockets of character housing in the traditional Queensland style. Consolidation is intended to be undertaken in a manner which is sympathetic to the established character of these areas, including the retention of existing character buildings within the development design.

The main north-south road access through the local plan area is via Nambour Connection Road. Bli Bli Road and Petrie Creek Road provide the main road connections between the local plan area and the coastal urban area to the east. Nambour-Mapleton Road provides the main road connection between the local plan area and rural towns and communities to the west. The Bruce Highway passes through the north-eastern corner of the local plan area.

Nambour provides a key transit hub connecting the passenger rail system from Brisbane to the Sunshine Coast's public transport (bus) network. The proposed realignment and duplication of the North Coast Rail Line north to Nambour will further enhance opportunities for transit oriented development in and around the town centre.

Urban zoned land within the local plan area is connected, or has the ability to be connected, to reticulated water and sewerage.

7.2.22.3 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Nambour local plan code is to provide locally relevant planning provisions for the assessment of development within the Nambour local plan area.
- (2) The purpose of the Nambour local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) Nambour is progressively developed as a major regional activity centre, providing a broad range of higher order uses and activities capable of servicing its resident population as well as surrounding rural towns, villages, rural residential and rural communities.
 - (b) Significant urban consolidation and redevelopment opportunities are provided for within Nambour, with a focus on transit oriented development in and around the town centre and railway station.
 - (c) Urban development within the Nambour local plan area is limited to land within the urban growth management boundary so as to protect and reinforce the separate identity of Nambour, provide for the efficient provision of *infrastructure* and services, avoid constrained land and protect the landscape character and productivity of surrounding rural lands.
 - (d) A broad range of higher order retail, commercial, community, cultural, health, entertainment and employment generating uses that support the role and function of Nambour as the dominant major regional activity centre for the central Sunshine Coast hinterland are provided to service the needs of Nambour and surrounding areas including Woombye, Palmwoods, Montville, Mapleton and Yandina.
 - (e) Whilst the retail and commercial functions of Nambour Town Centre will increase in scale and intensity, the town centre remains compact, with any expansion consolidated and contained to land included within the Major centre zone.
 - (f) Development in the Major centre zone provides for mixed use premises which support a vibrant day time and night time economy. Residents in the zone should expect a reasonable level of ambient noise associated with the benefits of living in a centre.
 - (g) Development in Precincts NAM LPP-1 (Nambour Special Entertainment Precinct) provides a range of business uses and entertainment activities including *food and drink outlets, function facilities, bars, hotels* and *nightclub entertainment facilities* that may operate after hours and include live or *amplified music* which creates a vibrant atmosphere. New and redeveloped

residential uses and entertainment venues within, and in close proximity to, the precinct are designed and operated to achieve specified noise criteria and attenuation requirements.

Note—noise criteria and attenuation requirements for development within a special entertainment precinct and buffer area are contained in **Section 9.4.3 (Nuisance code)**.

- (h) Development in Precinct NAM LPP-2 (Former Mill Site) consolidates Nambour's role as a major regional activity centre and integrates the site with the traditional town centre through a permeable pedestrian and street network. Building form and urban design on the site provides for an outwardly focussed, main street development which is sympathetic to Nambour's traditional built form and *streetscape* character.
- (i) The State heritage-listed Mill Houses form part of a courtyard setting for passive recreation and social interaction. The heritage significance of the Mill Houses is maintained and development provides for the retention and re-use of these buildings for business, community, cultural, entertainment and catering uses.
- (j) Development in Precinct NAM LPP-3 (Town Centre Frame) provides for *mixed use development* with retail business uses at a scale and intensity less than in other parts of the Major centre zone in accordance with **Table 7.2.22.4.2 (Nambour local plan supplementary table of consistent uses and potentially consistent uses in the Major centre zone)**. Development in Precinct NAM LPP-3 also provides for low intensity, small scale industry uses where adverse amenity impacts to surrounding uses are avoided. Physical and visual accessibility from the town centre frame to Nambour's transit hub and town centre core is maximised.
- (k) Development within the Nambour Town Centre provides for visually interesting building elements which respond to and respect the established patterns of development in Nambour and are created to provide high levels of pedestrian comfort and convenience, meaningful architectural expression and interesting urban forms.
- (l) Development within the local plan area protects and retains the *character areas* in Nambour (Netherton Street, Lower Blackall Terrace and Magnolia Street) and buildings identified as having cultural heritage or *streetscape* significance as important elements of local character and identity.
- (m) Development retains key landscape character and natural environment elements and protects significant views contributing to the character and landscape setting of Nambour including the prominent vegetated hills, escarpments and ridgelines surrounding the town.
- (n) Development in Precinct NAM LPP-4 (Nambour Health Hub) provides for the consolidation of a sub-regional employment opportunity area, focussed around the Nambour General Hospital and Nambour Selangor Private Hospital. Development in the Local centre zone in the vicinity of the hospitals provides for the establishment of a range of health-related business uses and allied and compatible uses which are sympathetic to the residential amenity and character of the area in accordance with **Table 7.2.22.4.3 (Nambour local plan supplementary table of consistent uses and potentially consistent uses in the Local centre zone)**. Development in this area does not detract from the role and function of Nambour's town centre as the key focus for *office* and retail activities.
- (o) Development in the Medium density residential zone provides for a mix of housing types and densities with *dwellings* that are generally of a domestic scale or are provided in small groups so as to reduce the perceived scale and mass of development relative to its surrounds.
- (p) Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone and Emerging community zone incorporates road and lot layouts which sensitively respond to site characteristics and are consistent with the established subdivision pattern of the town, characterised by regular shaped lots, grid street layout, open *streetscape* and mature street trees. Development occurs in an integrated manner and provides an interconnected network of roads, pedestrian and cycle paths and open space and buffering to surrounding rural lands.
- (q) Development in the Community facilities zone at Carter Road/Doolan Street Nambour (Sundale Nambour Garden Village) is master planned to ensure that development occurs in a functionally efficient and integrated manner. Development provides for a range of *residential care facilities* and *retirement facilities* complemented by a range of supporting small-scale business and community activities. Such activities do not detract from the role and function of the Nambour Town Centre as the key focus for business activities. Development provides a

transition of *building height* adjacent to Carter Road/Doolan Street to minimise amenity impacts and achieve appropriate building massing and scale relative to its surroundings. Development also contributes to the retention of the preferred built form character for the Nambour local plan area.

- (r) Development is designed and sited to protect significant environmental and riparian areas and to sensitively respond to the physical characteristics and constraints of land in the local plan area, including flooding, steep slopes and *ecologically important areas*.
- (s) Development in the local plan area is supported by a network of open space to meet the needs of the local community and facilitate safe and convenient pedestrian and cycle connections to, between and around key destinations within the local plan area.
- (t) Development does not compromise or adversely impact upon the planned realignment and duplication of the North Coast Rail Line.

7.2.22.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 7.2.22.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Nambour Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development provides for visually interesting building elements which:- (a) respond to and respect the traditional <i>streetscape</i> and architectural character of Nambour in terms of scale, siting, form, composition and use of materials; and (b) facilitate high levels of pedestrian comfort, meaningful architectural expression and interesting urban forms.	AO1	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO2	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements including historical landmarks, significant views and vistas, existing character trees and areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the character, setting and sense of place of Nambour.	AO2.1 AO2.2 AO2.3	Development provides for the retention of old stone retaining walls, historical landmarks, memorials and monuments. Development protects and emphasises, and does not intrude upon, important view lines to the Blackall Range and other views to surrounding rural and natural areas where identified on Figure 7.2.22A (Nambour local plan elements) . Development retains and protects existing mature trees and character <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the vegetated backdrop setting and <i>streetscape</i> character of the local plan area including:- (a) riparian <i>vegetation</i> adjacent to Petrie Creek, Paynter Creek, Whalleys Creek, Tuckers Creek and tributaries; (b) native <i>vegetation</i> areas along ridgelines and on prominent hillsides and escarpments framing the town; and (c) other character <i>vegetation</i> identified on Figure 7.2.22A (Nambour local plan elements) . Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
PO3	Development provides for the retention and possible future operation of the former sugar cane train railway along the Mill Street/Howard Street route between the former mill site and the former marshalling yards off Howard Street, for the purpose of tourism, transportation, connectivity and retention of heritage values.	AO3	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO4	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> and gateways to enhance the contemporary rural town character of, and sense of entry and arrival to, Nambour.	AO4.1	Development adjacent to a primary streetscape treatment area or identified gateway/entry point on Figure 7.2.22A (Nambour local plan elements) incorporates architectural and landscape treatments and other design elements which enhance the sense of entry and arrival to, and contemporary rural town character of, Nambour, and emphasise corner locations.
		AO4.2	Development adjacent to the gateway/entry point on Nambour Connection Road at Panorama Drive, identified on Figure 7.2.22A (Nambour local plan elements) provides for the retention and enhancement of significant views and maintains the dominance of natural features over built features in order to maintain the natural character of this gateway/entry point.
		AO4.3	Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design. Note— Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes. Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area. Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.
PO5	Development on land with frontage to Petrie Creek, Paynter Creek, Whalleys Creek and Tuckers Creek, or on land otherwise identified as a local ecological linkage on Figure 7.2.22A (Nambour local plan elements) , facilitates the provision of the local ecological linkage.	AO5	No acceptable outcome provided. Editor's Note— Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity, waterways and wetlands overlay code) sets out requirements for the provision of ecological linkages.
PO6	Development protects prominent hillsides, ridgelines and escarpments in the local plan area through sensitive and innovative lot layouts and building siting and design.	AO6	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO7	Development improves local connectivity by providing pedestrian and cycle connections to and between key destinations including, but not limited to, those connections identified conceptually on Figure 7.2.22A	AO7	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	(Nambour local plan elements).		
PO8	Development does not compromise the provision and operation of <i>transport networks</i> , including the proposed realignment and duplication of the North Coast Rail Line.	AO8	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Major Centre Zone Generally			
PO9	Development in the Major centre zone provides large scale and mixed uses that:- (a) support Nambour's role and function as the dominant major regional activity centre for the central Sunshine Coast hinterland, subservient only to the Maroochydore Principal Regional Activity Centre; and (b) provide a wide range of higher order goods and services to Nambour's resident population and surrounding areas, including Woombye, Palmwoods, Montville, Mapleton and Yandina.	AO9	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO10	Development in the Major centre zone:- (a) is sympathetic to and reinforces the rural character and heritage values of Nambour; (b) provides a walkable town centre which includes a permeable street network, wide tree lined footpaths and continuous weather protection for pedestrians along active or semi-active streetfront areas; (c) creates vibrant and active streets and public spaces; (d) maximises the physical and visual accessibility to Nambour's transit hub; and (e) provides integrated and functional car parking and access arrangements that do not dominate the street.	AO10	Development in the Major centre zone:- (a) respects the layout, scale and character of development on adjoining sites; (b) provides for <i>primary active street frontages</i> , built to the front boundary, where identified on Figure 7.2.22A (Nambour local plan elements) ; (c) provides for adaptive reuse, with limited modification, of <i>local heritage places</i> that is sympathetic to the inherent character of the building and the Nambour town centre context; (d) provides for vertical and horizontal building elements created through the visible expression of building design elements such as columns, doors and doorways, windows, awnings, screens, shade structures, low relief decorative elements, parapet details and shadow lines; (e) incorporates variety in <i>storey</i> height, recessed upper levels, single and double <i>storey</i> colonnades and recesses for balconies and verandahs such that long unbroken blank wall planes with repetitive elements and continuous roof lines are avoided; (f) provides for buildings with <i>frontage</i> to Currie Street to incorporate:- (i) vertical building proportions that divide the building elevation into three (3) or more major vertical parts for every 20 metres of street <i>frontage</i> as identified on Figure 7.2.22B (Typical vertical proportions along part of Currie Street) ; (ii) roof forms designed to diminish the visual impact of large floor plate buildings and large flat roof forms by articulated roof designs

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>(pitched or sloped) with multiple ridge lines and incorporating articulated upper facades as identified on Figure 7.2.22C (Articulated and 'fine grain' skyline); and</p> <p>(iii) understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials;</p> <p>(g) ensures that signage is integrated with the building;</p> <p>(h) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths;</p> <p>(i) provides all weather protection along active street <i>frontages</i> in the form of continuous cantilevered awnings and/or lightweight verandah structures with no load bearing posts over footpath areas in conjunction with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i>;</p> <p>(j) provides for the continuation of existing laneways and pedestrian and cycle linkages where identified on Figure 7.2.22A (Nambour local plan elements); and</p> <p>(k) provides for on-site car parking at the rear or below ground level of the development.</p>
PO11	<p>Development in the Major centre zone facilitates pedestrian movement and connectivity by providing pedestrian through-block links that:-</p> <p>(a) are located to connect key activity nodes, including the Nambour transit hub, and pedestrian crossings of streets;</p> <p>(b) provide a safe alternative to the street-based movement network; and</p> <p>(c) provide a comfortable pedestrian environment in terms of access, width, shelter, materials and function.</p>	AO11	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Major Centre Zone in Precinct NAM LPP-1 (Nambour Special Entertainment Precinct)			
PO12	<p>Development in Precinct NAM LPP-1 (Nambour Special Entertainment Precinct) identified on Local Plan Map LPM18 provides for a range of entertainment/catering business uses and other business uses including <i>food and drink outlets, function facilities, bars, hotels and nightclub entertainment facilities</i> that may operate after hours and include live music which creates a vibrant atmosphere.</p> <p>Note—noise criteria and attenuation requirements for development within a special entertainment precinct and buffer area are contained in Section 9.4.3 (Nuisance code).</p>	AO12	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Major Centre Zone in Precinct NAM LPP-2 (Former Mill Site)			
PO13	Development in Precinct NAM LPP-2 (Former Mill Site) identified on Local	AO13	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	Plan Map LPM18 provides for a proportional share of the total commercial business and retail business floor space for the Nambour town centre through the establishment of only one <i>full line supermarket or discount department store</i> , with a <i>gross leasable floor area</i> not exceeding 4,000m ² .		
PO14	Development in Precinct NAM LPP-2 (Former Mill Site) provides for any large floor plate retail use to be located to the north of the Bury Street extension and on the western side of the Mill Lane extension identified on Figure 7.2.22A (Nambour local plan elements) .	AO14	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO15	Development in Precinct NAM LPP-2 (Former Mill Site):- (a) provides for the establishment of an outwardly focused, active main street format; and (b) visually and physically integrates with the established town centre of Nambour and the State heritage-listed Mill Houses.	AO15	Development in Precinct NAM LPP-2 (Former Mill Site) is provided in a main street configuration and ensures that:- (a) any large floor plate retail use is separated from the street by sleeving; (b) sleeving comprises active retail business uses or catering business uses located at ground level with residential uses and commercial business uses located on upper building levels; (c) sleeving extends to the Bury Street and Mill Street boundaries and is provided adjacent to the Mill House Courtyard; (d) a civic space (mini plaza) is provided opposite the Mill House Courtyard; (e) site interpretative features, such as public artwork, are provided; and (f) service lanes and loading bays are appropriately screened and are located adjacent to the rail line corridor in areas of least visibility.
PO16	Development in Precinct NAM LPP-2 (Former Mill Site) provides a functional and permeable street network that:- (a) is integrated with the street network in the Nambour Town Centre; (b) is in the configuration identified on Figure 7.2.22A (Nambour local plan elements) ; and (c) incorporates the following road network and intersection improvements:- (i) the widening and extension of Mill Lane to connect to Mill Street adjacent to the Mill Houses; (ii) the extension of Bury Street into the Former Mill Site; (iii) the extension of Mitchell Street into the Former Mill Site; (iv) intersections upgraded at Mill Street/Mill Lane and Mitchell Street/Mill Lane; and (v) a new intersection located at the Bury Street and new Mill Lane extension.	AO16	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO17	Development in Precinct NAM LPP-2 (Former Mill Site) ensures that the State heritage listed Mill Houses:-	AO17	Development in Precinct NAM LPP-2 (Former Mill Site) provides for the establishment of a 'Mill Houses Courtyard'

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) are sensitively reused for a range of business, community and cultural activities; and (b) form part of a courtyard setting for passive recreation and social interaction as part of the overall redevelopment of the Former Mill Site. 		<p>that:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) is in the location identified on Figure 7.2.22A (Nambour local plan elements); (b) is designed and constructed in accordance with a detailed master plan; and (c) provides for the following:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) adaptive reuse of the buildings for a range of business and community activities that are sympathetic with cultural heritage values; (ii) soft and hard landscaped surfaces that provide a public 'courtyard' as an outdoor focus for the activities in the Mill Houses; (iii) retention of mature <i>vegetation</i>; (iv) shelter over the space that includes a mix of <i>vegetation</i> and roofed structures; (v) reinforced pedestrian connections to the commercial activities in the Nambour Town Centre; (vi) public art works and signage elements that celebrate the Mill Houses' heritage values; (vii) public accessibility at all times; (viii) clear sight lines and visibility corridors to the Mill Houses; and (ix) compliance with disability access and CPTED principles and standards.
PO18	<p>Development in Precinct NAM LPP-2 (Former Mill Site) on or adjacent to the 'Mill House Courtyard':-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) clearly displays its physical relationship to the Mill Houses and the Mill Houses Courtyard; and (b) enhances the heritage values associated with the Mill House Courtyard through its use, form and function. 	AO18	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Major Centre Zone in Precinct NAM LPP-3 (Town Centre Frame)			
PO19	<p>Development in the Major centre zone in Precinct NAM LPP-3 (Town Centre Frame) identified on Local Plan Map LPM18 provides for:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) <i>mixed use development</i> that incorporates medium to high density residential uses; (b) a range of commercial and entertainment/catering business uses; (c) retail business uses at a scale and intensity less than in other parts of the Major centre zone; (d) <i>showrooms</i>; and (e) low intensity and small scale industry uses, provided that there are no adverse amenity impacts on surrounding uses. 	AO19	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO20	<p>Development in the Major centre zone in Precinct NAM LPP-3 (Town Centre</p>	AO20	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>Frame) identified on Local Plan Map LPM18 provides for:-</p> <p>(a) a use listed as a consistent use in Column 1 of Table 7.2.22.4.2 (Nambour local plan supplementary table of consistent uses and potentially consistent uses in the Major centre zone) to occur in the precinct; and</p> <p>(b) a use listed as a potentially consistent use in Column 2 of Table 7.2.22.4.2 to occur in the precinct only where further assessment has determined that the use is appropriate in the precinct having regard to such matters as its location, nature, scale and intensity.</p> <p>Note—a use not listed in Table 7.2.22.4.2 is an inconsistent use and is not intended to occur in the Major centre zone in Precinct NAM LPP-3.</p> <p>Note—consistent and potentially consistent uses for other areas within the Major centre zone at Nambour are identified in Part 6 (Zone codes) in Table 6.2.6.2.1 (Consistent uses and potentially consistent uses in the Major centre zone).</p>		
PO21	<p>Development in that part of Precinct NAM LPP-3 (Town Centre Frame) centred on Price Street:-</p> <p>(a) maximises the physical and visual accessibility to the transit hub and town centre core retail area; and</p> <p>(b) does not inhibit, prevent or delay the provision and delivery of the North Coast Rail Line corridor upgrade and transit hub.</p>	AO21	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Local Centre Zone in Precinct NAM LPP-4 (Nambour Health Hub)			
PO22	<p>Development in the Local centre zone in Precinct NAM LPP-4 (Nambour Health Hub) identified on Local Plan Precinct Map LPM18:-</p> <p>(a) contributes to the creation of a cluster of health-related business uses which complement the nearby <i>hospital</i> uses;</p> <p>(b) provides for a limited range of other business and community activities which provide a service to the health-related uses and residential uses in the immediate area; and</p> <p>(c) has an intensity and scale which does not detract from the role and function of the Nambour Town Centre as the key focus for <i>office</i> and retail activities.</p>	AO22	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO23	<p>Development in the Local centre zone in Precinct NAM LPP-4 (Nambour Health Hub) identified on Local Plan Map LPM18 provides for:-</p> <p>(a) a use listed as a consistent use in Column 1 of Table 7.2.22.4.3 (Nambour local plan supplementary table of</p>	AO23	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>consistent uses and potentially consistent uses in the Local centre zone) to occur in the precinct; and</p> <p>(b) a use listed as a potentially consistent use in Column 2 of Table 7.2.22.4.3 to occur in the precinct only where further assessment has determined that the use is appropriate in the precinct having regard to such matters as its location, nature, scale and intensity.</p> <p>Note—a use not listed in Table 7.2.22.4.3 is an inconsistent use and is not intended to occur in the Local centre zone in Precinct NAM LPP-4.</p> <p>Note—consistent and potentially consistent uses for other areas within the Local centre zone at Nambour are identified in Part 6 (Zone codes) in Table 6.2.8.2.1 (Consistent uses and potentially consistent uses in the Local centre zone).</p>		
PO24	<p>Development in the Local centre zone in Precinct NAM LPP-4 (Nambour Health Hub):-</p> <p>(a) is sympathetic to the traditional built form and <i>streetscape</i> character of residential development and identified character areas in the locality;</p> <p>(b) provides an attractive streetfront address;</p> <p>(c) provides a high level of accessibility and permeability for pedestrians; and</p> <p>(d) provides an integrated approach to the provision of on-site car parking and the management of car parking demand in a manner which does not dominate the street.</p>	<p>AO24.1</p> <p>AO24.2</p> <p>AO24.3</p> <p>AO24.4</p> <p>AO24.5</p> <p>AO24.6</p>	<p>Development provides for the retention and adaptive re-use of existing residential buildings, with limited external modification.</p> <p>OR</p> <p>New buildings are sited and designed to be of an appearance and scale that is sympathetic to existing residential development in the locality.</p> <p>Development provides for business uses to address the street with attractive buildings and landscaping established along <i>frontages</i> to Blackall Terrace, Nambour-Mapleton Road, and Hospital Road.</p> <p>Development provides for safe, efficient and legible pedestrian access to the hospitals and associated medical and related uses in the locality.</p> <p>Development provides for on-site car parking areas to be located behind, under or at one side of buildings such that parking areas do not dominate the street or interfere with the continuity of the <i>streetscape</i>.</p> <p>Development is undertaken in accordance with a car parking and public transport management plan which identifies how the operational needs of the development are to be met through a combination of travel modes such that there is a reduction in demand for on-site car parking.</p> <p>Where located in a character area identified on a Heritage and character areas overlay map, development provides</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			for shared access driveways between <i>sites</i> where there is restricted access within one <i>site</i> to gain rear access.
Development in the Medium Density Residential Zone			
PO25	Development in the Medium density residential zone:- (a) provides for the establishment of medium density housing compatible with a rural town setting; (b) is sympathetic to and respects the character of established residential areas and identified character areas; (c) is of a domestic scale that does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i> and is compatible with surrounding development; (d) provides for building form that reflects the traditional Queensland style; (e) contributes positively to local <i>streetscape</i> character; (f) provides for generous open space to be maintained between buildings to preserve a predominantly open feel; (g) provides for on-site car parking to be located and designed such that it does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i> ; and (h) avoids constrained land.	AO25	Development in the Medium density residential zone:- (a) provides buildings which have the appearance of one or more individual buildings on the <i>site</i> with each building being of a <i>dwelling house</i> scale; (b) where located within an identified character area identified on a Heritage and character areas overlay map:- (i) provides for the retention and adaptive re-use of existing residential buildings, with limited external modification; (ii) provides for shared access driveways between sites where there is restricted access within one site to gain rear access; (c) provides for building form which reflects the traditional Queensland style with the use of timber, pitched roofs, roof overhangs, prominent entry treatments, subdued colours and non-reflective materials; (d) incorporates verandah to at least 40% of the front facade length; (e) provides good pedestrian and cycle connectivity to the town centre; (f) provides for on-site car parking to be located at the rear of buildings and separated into discrete areas so that it does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i> ; and (g) avoids land subject to constraints.
Development in the Low Density Residential Zone			
PO26	Reconfiguring a lot within the Low density residential zone:- (a) is designed to sensitively respond to site characteristics and avoids significant scarring of the landscape; (b) is compatible with the predominant landscape character of its location and setting; and (c) provides for an interconnected system of local roads, pedestrian, cycle and open space links with adjoining land.	AO26	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone:- (a) provides for a subdivision layout which minimises the extent of cut and fill required to accommodate new lots and roads; (b) avoids or minimises <i>vegetation clearing</i> ; (c) provides street trees and landscaping which complements nearby bushland, contributing to the re-forestation of the hillsides and riparian corridors and softening the visual impact of urban development; and (d) incorporates an interconnected internal road system, pedestrian, cycle and open space links including where identified on Figure 7.2.22A (Nambour local plan elements) .
Development in the Emerging Community Zone			
PO27	Development in the Emerging community zone contributes to the creation of high quality, attractive, environmentally responsible and sustainable residential neighbourhoods which:-	AO27	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) are designed to sensitively respond to site characteristics and avoids significant scarring of the landscape; (b) are integrated with and connect to established residential development to the north and the east; (c) have legible and permeable local street systems and movement networks; (d) provide for the coordinated provision of <i>infrastructure</i>; and (e) retain, enhance and connect native <i>vegetation</i> areas and other <i>ecologically important areas</i>. 		
PO28	Development in the Emerging community zone provides for the establishment of a mix of land uses and housing types at a scale and intensity and in a configuration that is sympathetic to the character and amenity of established residential neighbourhoods.	AO28	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Community Facilities Zone (Sundale Nambour Garden Village)			
PO29	Development in the Community facilities zone (Sundale Nambour Garden Village):- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) occurs in accordance with an approved master plan for the whole of the <i>site</i> that provides for facility elements to be configured in a functionally efficient and integrated manner; (b) provides for a range of <i>residential care facilities</i> and <i>retirement facilities</i>; (c) contributes to the creation of a cluster of health-related business uses which complement the <i>residential care facility/retirement facility</i> on the same <i>site</i>; (d) provides for a limited range of other business and community activities which complement the <i>residential care facility/retirement facility</i> on the same <i>site</i> and residential uses in the immediate area; and (e) ensures that business activities have an intensity and scale which do not detract from the role and function of the Nambour Town Centre as the key focus for commercial and retail activities. 	AO29	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO30	Development in the Community facilities zone (Sundale Nambour Garden Village) provides a built form that is sympathetic to surrounding residential development, with a transition of <i>building height</i> , bulk and scale at the Carter Road/Doolan Street frontages.	AO30	<i>In partial fulfilment of Performance Outcome PO30:-</i> Development in the community facilities zone (Sundale Nambour Garden Village) where adjoining or opposite a residential use or land included in a <i>residential zone</i> , provides for buildings and structures to be <i>setback</i> from the corresponding <i>site</i> boundary a minimum distance equal to the height of the building or structure.
PO31	Development in the Community facilities zone (Sundale Nambour Garden Village):-	AO31	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) preserves the amenity of adjacent land and <i>dwelling houses</i>; (b) does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i> and contributes positively to local <i>streetscape</i> character; (c) provides for buildings which are designed to address and optimise casual surveillance to public streets, pedestrian pathways, Petrie Creek and other areas of community activity; (d) maintains an adequate area suitable for landscapes adjacent to the road <i>frontages</i>; (e) provides for on-site car parking to be located and designed such that it does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i>; (f) maintains the visual continuity and pattern of buildings and landscape elements within the immediate area; (g) provides for the protection and buffering of <i>ecologically important areas</i> and local ecological linkages identified on Figure 7.2.22A (Nambour local plan elements); and (h) maintains and, wherever practicable, enhances pedestrian and cycle connectivity along Petrie Creek and to existing and planned pedestrian/cycle pathways. 	

Table 7.2.22.4.2 Nambour local plan supplementary table of consistent uses and potentially consistent uses in the Major centre zone

Note—this table overrides the consistent and potentially consistent uses specified in the zone codes in **Part 6 (Zones)** for the precincts specified.

Column 1 Consistent uses	Column 2 Potentially consistent uses
Major Centre Zone (Precinct NAM LPP-3 – Town Centre Frame)	
Residential activities	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) <i>Caretaker's accommodation</i> (b) <i>Community residence</i> (c) <i>Dual occupancy</i> (where forming part of a <i>mixed use development</i>) (d) <i>Dwelling unit</i> (e) <i>Multiple dwelling</i> (f) <i>Residential care facility</i> (g) <i>Resort complex</i> (h) <i>Retirement facility</i> (i) <i>Rooming accommodation</i> (j) <i>Short-term accommodation</i> 	None
Business activities	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) <i>Adult store</i> (where not located in an <i>adult store sensitive use area</i>) (b) <i>Agricultural supplies store</i> (c) <i>Bar</i> (d) <i>Car wash</i> (e) <i>Food and drink outlet</i> (where not incorporating a <i>drive-through facility</i>) (f) <i>Funeral parlour</i> (g) <i>Garden centre</i> (where not exceeding a <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of 300m²) (h) <i>Hardware and trade supplies</i> (where not exceeding a <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of 300m²) (i) <i>Health care services</i> (j) <i>Home based business</i> (where other than a <i>high impact home based business activity</i>) (k) <i>Office</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) <i>Garden centre</i> (where exceeding a <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of 300m²) (b) <i>Hardware and trade supplies</i> (where exceeding a <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of 300m²)

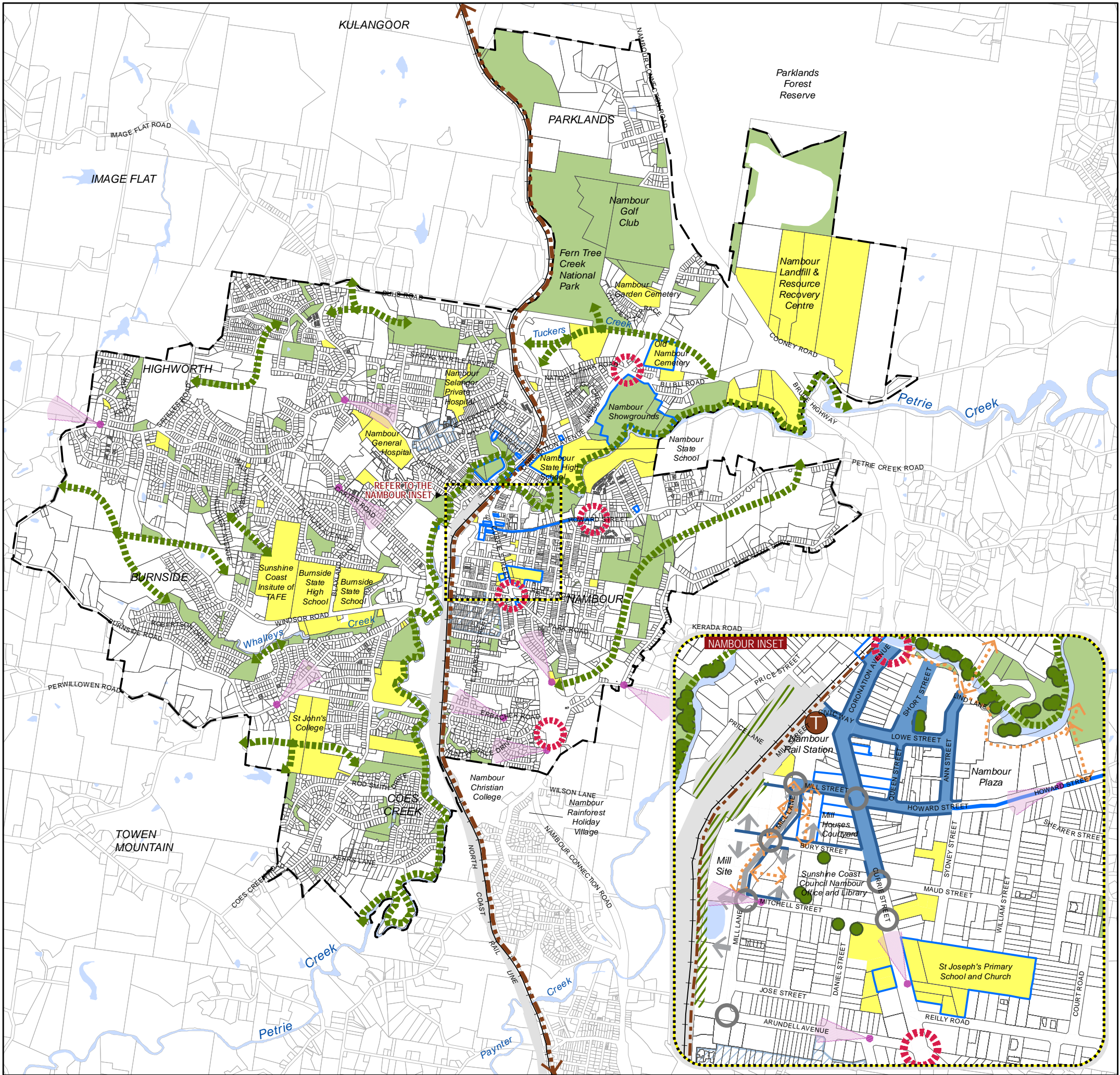
Column 1 Consistent uses	Column 2 Potentially consistent uses
(l) <i>Sales office</i> (m) <i>Service station</i> (n) <i>Shop</i> (where occupying not more than 200m ² of gross leasable floor area) (o) <i>Showroom</i> (p) <i>Veterinary services</i>	
Industrial activities	
(a) <i>Low impact industry</i> (where occupying not more than 200m ² of gross leasable floor area) (b) <i>Medium impact industry</i> (where for a micro-brewery) (c) <i>Service industry</i>	<i>Research and technology industry</i>
Community activities	
(a) <i>Child care centre</i> (b) <i>Community care centre</i> (c) <i>Community use</i> (d) <i>Educational establishment</i> (e) <i>Emergency services</i> (f) <i>Place of worship</i>	None
Sport and recreation activities	
(a) <i>Club</i> (b) <i>Indoor sport and recreation</i> (c) <i>Park</i>	None
Other activities	
(a) <i>Parking station</i> (b) <i>Telecommunications facility</i> (where other than a freestanding tower) (c) <i>Utility installation</i> (where a local utility)	None

Table 7.2.22.4.3 Nambour local plan supplementary table of consistent uses and potentially consistent uses in the Local centre zone

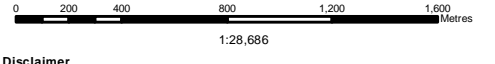
Note—This table overrides the consistent and potentially consistent uses specified in the zone codes in **Part 6 (Zones)** for the precincts specified.

Column 1 Consistent uses	Column 2 Potentially consistent uses
Local Centre Zone (Precinct NAM LPP-4 – Nambour Health Hub)	
Residential activities	
(a) <i>Caretaker's accommodation</i> (b) <i>Community residence</i> (c) <i>Dual occupancy</i> (where forming part of a mixed use development) (d) <i>Dwelling unit</i> (e) <i>Multiple dwelling</i> (f) <i>Rooming accommodation</i> (g) <i>Short-term accommodation</i>	(a) <i>Retirement facility</i> (b) <i>Residential care facility</i>
Business activities	
(a) <i>Food and drink outlet</i> (other than where incorporating a <i>drive-through facility</i> or where for a <i>high volume convenience restaurant</i>) (b) <i>Funeral parlour</i> (c) <i>Health care services</i> (d) <i>Home based business</i> (other than where involving a <i>high impact home based business activity</i>) (e) <i>Office</i> (f) <i>Sales office</i> (g) <i>Shop</i> (where having a <i>gross leasable floor area</i> not exceeding 200m ²) (h) <i>Shopping centre</i> (where having a total <i>gross leasable floor area</i> not exceeding 1000m ² and any individual shop tenancy does not exceed a <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of 200m ²)	<i>Theatre</i> (other than a multiplex cinema)
Industrial activities	
<i>Service industry</i>	None
Community activities	
(a) <i>Child care centre</i> (b) <i>Community care centre</i> (c) <i>Community use</i> (d) <i>Educational establishment</i> (e) <i>Emergency services</i> (f) <i>Hospital</i>	None

Column 1 Consistent uses	Column 2 Potentially consistent uses
(g) <i>Place of worship</i>	
<i>Sport and recreation activities</i>	
<i>Park</i>	None
<i>Other activities</i>	
(a) <i>Parking station</i>	None
(b) <i>Utility installation (where a local utility)</i>	

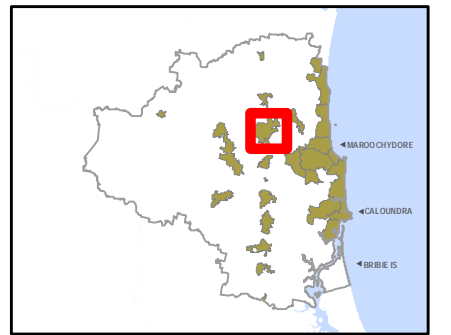


LEGEND	
	Local Plan Area Boundary
	Waterway ^{Note 1}
	Primary Active Street Frontage
	Primary Streetscape Treatment Area
	Local Ecological Linkage
	Greenspace ^{Note 1}
	Community Activity/Facility ^{Note 1}
	Character Vegetation
	Landscape Buffer
	Gateway/Entry Point
	Heritage Place ^{Note 2}
	Character Area ^{Note 2}
	Significant View
	Through Block Pedestrian/Cycle Linkage
	Dedicated Public Transport Corridor
	Transit Hub
	Indicative Road Linkage/Access Point
	Intersection Upgrade
	Proposed Rail Corridor Upgrade



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Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping)

Figure 7.2.22A (Nambour Local Plan Elements)

Figure 7.2.22B Typical vertical proportions along part of Currie Street

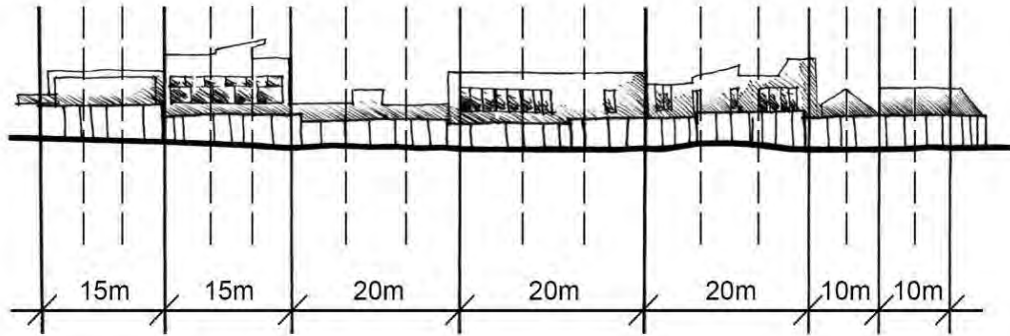
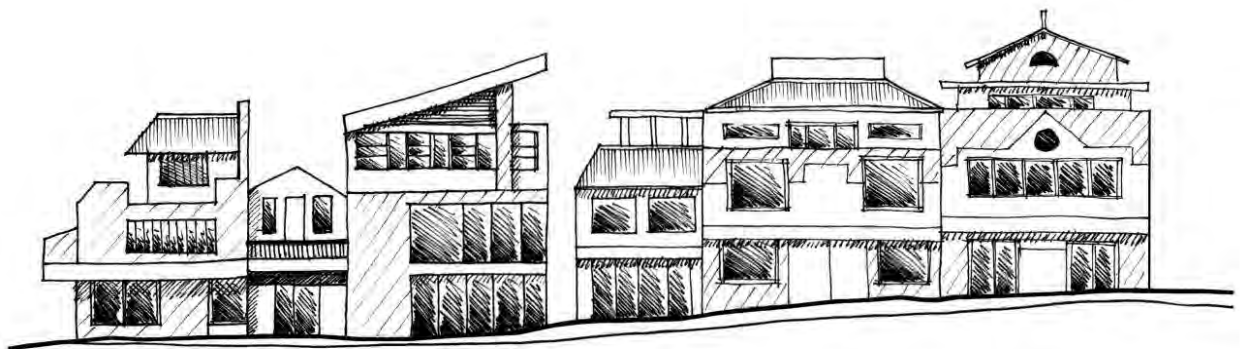


Figure 7.2.22C Articulated and 'fine grain' skyline



7.2.23 Palmwoods local plan code

7.2.23.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) within the Palmwoods local plan area as shown on Map ZM28 contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Palmwoods local plan code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) The following provisions of the code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development:-
 - (a) **section 7.2.23.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)**;
 - (b) **Table 7.2.23.4.1 (Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development)**; and
 - (c) **Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan elements)**.

7.2.23.2 Context and setting

This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Palmwoods local plan code.

The Palmwoods local plan area is located in the central part of the Sunshine Coast on the North Coast Rail Line immediately south of Nambour and Woombye. The local plan area comprises the rural town of Palmwoods and adjacent residential and rural residential areas. It takes in a land area of approximately 496 hectares.

The local plan area is set within a picturesque rural and natural landscape on the foothills of the Blackall Range. Paynter Creek forms part of the western boundary of the local plan area and a number of other smaller water courses traverse the local plan area generally in a north-south direction. The local plan area is characterised by an undulating and gently sloping topography and is surrounded by large areas of productive rural land.

Palmwoods is a moderate sized rural town with a small town centre that services the local needs of its resident population as well as the needs of rural and residential communities immediately surrounding the town.

The Palmwoods Town Centre is based along Main Street and Margaret Street and has a traditional main street character with a number of older buildings that provide a strong sense of history and links to the past. The town centre meets the local shopping and convenience needs of Palmwoods and residents of nearby rural and rural residential areas whilst also providing tourist services to visitors. A small light industry area extends along Main Street south of the town centre, and a substantial food processing facility is located on Palmwoods-Montville Road.

The existing historic buildings in Palmwoods, especially fronting Main Street, and other heritage elements, such as the old stone retaining walls, contribute significantly to the character and identity of the town. The Palmwoods Hotel at the corner of Main and Church Streets is an important local landmark and heritage building.

The residential parts of Palmwoods are characterised by predominantly dwelling houses on large suburban lots.

The Palmwoods local plan area is dissected by a number of open space corridors that contain significant areas of remnant vegetation. The local plan area also contains a number of existing sporting facilities and notable parks, such as Kolora Park, with its duck ponds and playground facilities.

The North Coast Rail Line is planned to be subject to re-alignment and duplication, with the proposed new alignment through Palmwoods shifting the rail line and station to the east and freeing up existing rail land for alternative uses and potential improvements to the town centre. The realignment of the rail line also impacts upon opportunities for residential expansion in northern and southern parts of the local plan area with these

areas intended to be predominantly retained for rural uses until the upgrade is completed and associated infrastructure and access issues can be resolved.

Major road links within the local plan area include Palmwoods-Montville Road, Woombye-Palmwoods Road, Eudlo Road and Chevallum Road.

Urban zoned land within the local plan area is connected, or has the ability to be connected, to reticulated water and sewerage.

7.2.23.3 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Palmwoods local plan code is to provide locally relevant planning provisions for the assessment of development within the Palmwoods local plan area.
- (2) The purpose of the Palmwoods local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) Palmwoods remains a moderate sized rural town with a distinct heritage character, primarily servicing the local needs of its resident population and immediately surrounding rural communities.
 - (b) Urban development within the Palmwoods local plan area is limited to land within the urban growth management boundary so as to protect and reinforce the separate identity of Palmwoods, provide for the efficient provision of *infrastructure* and services, avoid constrained land and protect the landscape character and productivity of surrounding rural lands.
 - (c) Development retains important built form, *streetscape*, landscape character and natural environment elements that contribute to the character, setting, and identity of Palmwoods as a rural town with a strong sense of place and associations with the past.
 - (d) Development in the local plan area protects and retains the *character area* in Palmwoods and buildings identified as having cultural heritage or *streetscape* significance as important elements of local character and identity.
 - (e) Development in the Local centre zone supports the role and function of the Palmwoods Town Centre as a local (full service) activity centre, providing a wide range of convenience goods and services to meet the needs of its resident population and immediately surrounding rural communities.
 - (f) The “country town” feel, traditional main street built form and heritage and *streetscape* character of the Palmwoods Town Centre is retained and reinforced, with Main Street and Margaret Street enhanced as attractive and pedestrian friendly streets. Development addresses the street, complements the traditional *streetscape* and building form and retains historical buildings and landmarks contributing to the character and identity of the town.
 - (g) Development provides for centre uses to be consolidated along Main Street, with development along Margaret Street limited to small scale, low intensity business uses with low traffic generation.
 - (h) Redevelopment of disused rail land fronting Main Street in the vicinity of Church Street:-
 - (i) provides for community activities and/or business activities and, in particular, a *supermarket*;
 - (ii) does not compromise or adversely impact upon the current or future operation of the North Coast Rail Line;
 - (iii) retains existing heritage buildings and features;
 - (iv) provides for safe and convenient pedestrian access to the railway station;
 - (v) provides an attractive and active streetfront address to Main Street and the future pedestrian link to the railway station;
 - (vi) retains public parking servicing the railway station integrated within the development design; and
 - (vii) is designed such that opportunities for possible future expansion are retained following realignment of the rail line.
 - (i) Development in the Low density residential zone and Emerging community zone protects and is sympathetic to the traditional rural town character and identity of Palmwoods, typified by

low-rise *dwelling houses* in generous landscaped grounds. Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone and Emerging community zone incorporates road and lot layouts which sensitively respond to site characteristics and are consistent with the established subdivision pattern of older parts of the town, characterised by regular shaped lots, grid or modified grid layout, open *streetscape* and mature street trees. Development in these zones provides an interconnected network of roads, pedestrian and cycle paths and open space.

- (j) Development in the Medium density residential zone is sympathetic to the traditional rural town character and heritage values of Palmwoods and is of a bulk and architectural scale that does not dominate the *streetscape* or the hillside, is compatible with surrounding development and provides strong pedestrian links to the town centre.
- (k) Development in the Low impact industry zone and Medium impact industry zone provides a range of small to medium scale industry uses compatible with a rural town setting. Industry uses are located, designed and operated in manner that does not adversely impact upon environmental values or the amenity of nearby residential land.
- (l) Development provides for the establishment of a linked system of open space focussed on continuous vegetated corridors along Paynter Creek and the major drainage lines which traverse the local plan area.
- (m) Development is designed and sited to protect significant environmental and riparian areas and to sensitively respond to the physical characteristics and constraints of land in the local plan area, including flood prone land, steep slopes and native *vegetation*.
- (n) Development in the local plan area is supported by a network of open space to meet the needs of the local community and facilitates safe and convenient pedestrian and cycle connections to, between and around key destinations within the local plan area.
- (o) Development does not compromise or adversely impact upon the operation or future upgrading of the North Coast Rail Line. Rural land located within the urban growth management boundary is not developed for urban purposes prior to the re-alignment of the North Coast Rail Line.
- (p) In the event that the North Coast Rail Line is re-aligned within the life of the planning scheme, the pattern of land use and the provision of transport and other *infrastructure* in the Palmwoods local plan area is adapted to:-
 - (i) appropriately utilise surplus railway land to consolidate and provide for improvements to the Palmwoods town centre, particularly in terms of the provision of community facilities and urban open space, with some expansion of business uses provided for; and
 - (ii) provide for the development of rural land within the urban growth management boundary that has been identified as being potentially suitable for urban purposes but that cannot be efficiently integrated within the town fabric prior to the realignment of the North Coast Rail Line.
- (q) Development of surplus railway land and rural land within the urban growth management boundary that becomes available as a consequence of the re-alignment of the North Coast Rail Line occurs in a logical manner, consistent with the availability of *infrastructure* and services. Development that brings forward a requirement for new *infrastructure* only occurs if that *infrastructure* is provided as part of the development.
- (r) Development of surplus railway land and rural land within the urban growth management boundary that becomes available as a consequence of the re-alignment of the North Coast Rail Line is master planned.

7.2.23.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 7.2.23.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Palmwoods Local Plan Area Generally</i>			
PO1	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that is	AO1.1	Development provides for the retention and/or adaptive re-use, with limited

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	consistent with and reflects the traditional <i>streetscape</i> and built form and rural town character of Palmwoods.	<p>AO1.2</p> <p>AO1.3</p>	<p>modification, of buildings which have cultural heritage or character significance.</p> <p>Editor's note—Section 8.2.9 (Heritage and character areas overlay code) sets out requirements for development on or in proximity to <i>local heritage places</i> and in <i>character areas</i>.</p> <p>Buildings and structures incorporate traditional external building materials, such as timber cladding and corrugated iron roofs.</p> <p>For residential, business and community activities, roof forms are simple, traditional Queensland-style roof designs including gable, hip, pitched or multiple gable roof forms.</p>
PO2	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements including historical landmarks, significant views and vistas, existing character trees and areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the character, setting, and sense of place of Palmwoods.	<p>AO2.1</p> <p>AO2.2</p> <p>AO2.3</p>	<p>Development provides for the retention of old stone retaining walls, historical landmarks, memorials and monuments.</p> <p>Development protects and emphasises, and does not intrude upon, important view lines to the Blackall Range and other views to surrounding rural and natural areas where identified on Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan elements).</p> <p>Development protects and enhances existing mature trees and character <i>vegetation</i> including:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) riparian <i>vegetation</i> along Paynter Creek and the major drainage lines running north from Rifle Range Road across Palmwoods School Road and Dunning Street; (b) <i>vegetation</i> in Kolora Park identified on Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan elements); (c) bushland along Woombye-Palmwoods Road, Eudlo Road and Palmwoods-Montville Road; and (d) other character <i>vegetation</i> identified on Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan elements). <p>Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.</p>
PO3	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> and gateways to enhance the rural town character of, and sense of entry and arrival to, Palmwoods.	<p>AO3.1</p> <p>AO3.2</p>	<p>Development adjacent to a primary streetscape treatment area or identified gateway/entry point on Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan elements) incorporates architectural and landscape treatments and other design elements which enhance the sense of entry and arrival to, and rural town character of, Palmwoods, and emphasise corner locations.</p> <p>Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes.</p> <p>Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.</p> <p>Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.</p>
PO4	<p>Development provides through block pedestrian linkages which:-</p> <p>(a) are located to reflect the desire lines of pedestrian movement between major points of attraction and public spaces;</p> <p>(b) provide a safe alternative to the street based pedestrian and cycle movement network; and</p> <p>(c) provide a comfortable pedestrian environment in terms of access, width, shelter, materials and function.</p>	AO4	<p>Development provides visible, safe, comfortable and attractive through block pedestrian linkages where identified on Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan elements).</p>
PO5	<p>Development is sited and designed in a manner which sensitively responds to local topography.</p>	AO5	<p>Development on sloping sites provides for building form that steps down the slope and minimises the extent of cut and fill required to accommodate development.</p>
PO6	<p>Development on land with frontage to Paynter Creek and the major drainage lines running north from Rifle Range Road across Palmwoods School Road and Dunning Street, or on land otherwise identified as a local ecological linkage on Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan elements), facilitates the provision of the local ecological linkage.</p>	AO6	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Editor's note—Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity, waterways and wetlands overlay code) sets out requirements for the provision of ecological linkages.</p>
PO7	<p>Development does not compromise or adversely impact upon the operation or future upgrading of the North Coast Rail Line.</p>	AO7	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p>
PO8	<p>Development for a <i>food and drink outlet</i> does not:-</p> <p>(a) provide for the establishment of a <i>high volume convenience restaurant</i>, or</p> <p>(b) incorporate a <i>drive-through facility</i>.</p>	AO8	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p>
Development in the Local Centre Zone			
PO9	<p>Development in the Local centre zone provides for small scale uses and mixed uses that:-</p> <p>(a) support Palmwoods' role and function as a local (full service) activity centre; and</p> <p>(b) provide a wide range of goods and services to meet the convenience needs of Palmwoods' resident population and immediately surrounding rural community.</p>	AO9	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p>
PO10	<p>Development in the Local centre zone provides for:-</p> <p>(a) Main Street to be retained as the</p>	AO10	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>primary focus for centre activities; and</p> <p>(b) development along Margaret Street to be limited to small scale, low intensity business uses with low traffic generation.</p>		
PO11	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> <p>(a) is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of Palmwoods;</p> <p>(b) addresses the street;</p> <p>(c) complements the traditional built form and <i>streetscape</i>;</p> <p>(d) creates vibrant and active streets and public spaces;</p> <p>(e) provides continuous weather protection for pedestrians;</p> <p>(f) uses traditional building materials; and</p> <p>(g) provides functional and integrated access, car parking and servicing areas which preserve the integrity of existing stone retaining walls and do not dominate the street.</p>	AO11	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> <p>(a) provides for Main Street and Margaret Street to be maintained and enhanced as attractive and pedestrian friendly main streets;</p> <p>(b) provides for <i>primary active street frontages</i>, built to the front boundary, where identified on Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan elements);</p> <p>(c) maintains the appearance of fine-grained shopfronts addressing the street;</p> <p>(d) respects the layout, scale (including height and <i>setback</i>) and character of existing buildings;</p> <p>(e) provides all-weather protection for pedestrians in the form of continuous awnings and/or light verandah structures with decorative (non-load bearing) posts over footpath areas in conjunction with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside;</p> <p>(f) has simple, traditional Queensland-style roof designs such as hipped or gabled and parapet walls of various shapes facing the street;</p> <p>(g) has building openings overlooking and addressing the street;</p> <p>(h) incorporates vertical proportions on the front façade and well defined shopfronts and entry doors;</p> <p>(i) uses traditional building materials (timber cladding and corrugated iron roofing);</p> <p>(j) uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials;</p> <p>(k) ensures that signage is integrated with the building;</p> <p>(l) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths;</p> <p>(m) provides for vehicular access to be from the rear of sites where required to preserve old stone retaining walls; and</p> <p>(n) retains on-street car parking and provides for on-site car parking behind buildings at the rear of the development.</p>
PO12	<p>Redevelopment of disused railway land adjacent to Main Street in the vicinity of Church Street:-</p> <p>(a) provides for the development of community activities and/or business activities, in particular, a <i>supermarket</i> (where not otherwise established in the local plan area);</p>	AO12	No acceptable outcome provided.

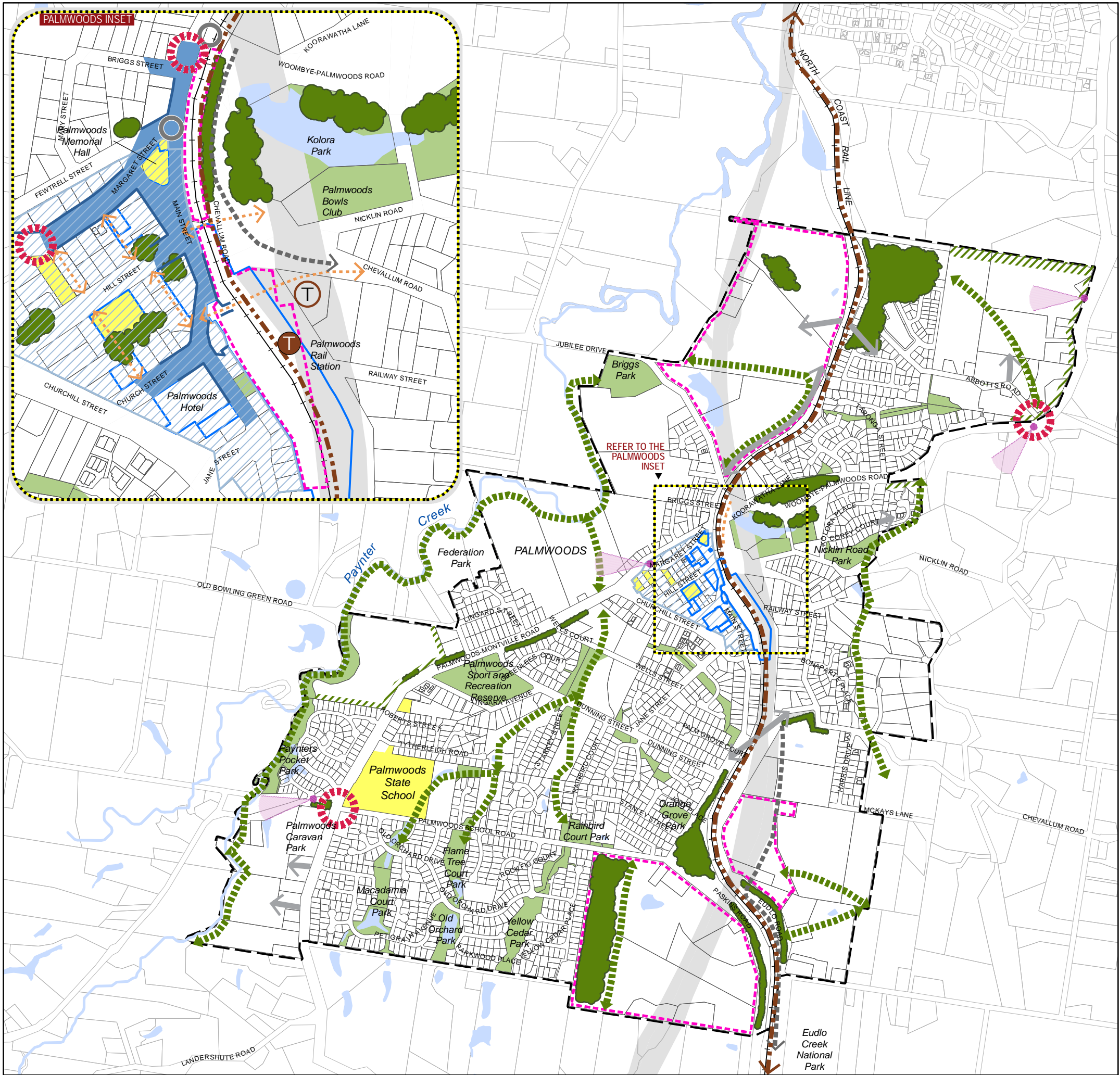
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (b) does not compromise or adversely impact upon the current or future operation of the North Coast Rail Line; (c) provides for the retention and/or adaptive re-use of existing heritage buildings and features; (d) provides for safe and convenient pedestrian access to the railway station; (e) provides an attractive and active streetfront address to Main Street and the future pedestrian link to the railway station; (f) retains public parking servicing the railway station integrated within the development design; and (g) is designed such that opportunities for possible future expansion are retained following realignment of the rail line. 		
Development in the Medium Impact Industry Zone			
PO13	Development in the Medium impact industry zone:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) provides safe and efficient vehicular access; (b) is effectively screened from Palmwoods-Montville Road; (c) provides appropriate riparian buffers to Paynter Creek and protects water quality; and (d) protects the amenity of surrounding or nearby residential areas. 	AO13	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Low Impact Industry Zone			
PO14	Development in the Low impact industry zone:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) is limited to small scale and low impact industry uses that are compatible with a rural town setting; (b) integrates with existing developed areas; (c) provides safe and efficient vehicular access; (d) is effectively screened from, or provides an attractive street front address, to Main Street; and (e) protects the amenity of surrounding or nearby residential areas. 	AO14	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Low Density Residential Zone			
PO15	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of the Palmwoods local plan area.	AO15.1 AO15.2	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone has a minimum lot size of 800m ² . Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for regular-shaped lots with a grid street layout and subdivision pattern.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
PO16	Reconfiguring a lot within the Low density residential zone:- (a) is designed to sensitively respond to site characteristics and avoids significant scarring of the landscape; and (b) provides for an interconnected, legible and permeable system of local roads, pedestrian, cycle and open space links with adjoining land.	AO16	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone:- (a) provides for a subdivision layout which minimises the extent of cut and fill required to accommodate new lots and roads; and (b) incorporates an interconnected internal road system, pedestrian, cycle and open space links, including where identified on Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan elements) .
Development in the Low Density Residential Zone (West of Landershute Road)			
PO17	Development in the Low density residential zone (west of Landershute Road) provides for coordinated road access/egress from Landershute Road, with no direct access to Palmwoods-Montville Road.	AO17	Development in the Low density residential zone (west of Landershute Road) provides road access/egress as indicated on Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan elements) .
Development in the Medium Density Residential Zone			
PO18	Development in the Medium density residential zone:- (a) provides for the establishment of a range of housing types compatible with a rural town setting; (b) sensitively responds to local topography; (c) allows for integration of existing <i>character buildings</i> into any redevelopment including the retention and adaptive re-use of existing <i>character buildings</i> , with limited external modification; (d) is of a domestic scale that does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i> or hillside or detract from the visual amenity of adjoining properties; (e) provides for building form which reflects the traditional Queensland style with the use of timber, pitched roofs, verandahs and subdued colours; (f) contributes positively to local <i>streetscape</i> character; (g) provides for generous open space to be maintained between buildings to preserve a predominantly open feel; (h) provides for the retention of existing mature <i>vegetation</i> , particularly on ridgelines and hilltops; and (i) provides strong pedestrian links to the town centre.	AO18	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Emerging Community Zone Generally			
PO19	Development in the Emerging community zone is master planned to ensure that development occurs in a logical and coordinated manner.	AO19	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO20	Development in the Emerging community zone provides for:- (a) predominantly low density residential housing; and (b) lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is sympathetic to the rural town	AO20	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	character and identity of the Palmwoods local plan area.		
PO21	Reconfiguring a lot within the Emerging community zone:- (a) is designed to sensitively respond to site characteristics and avoids significant scarring of the landscape; and (b) provides for an interconnected system of local roads, pedestrian, cycle and open space links with adjoining land and the Palmwoods Town Centre.	AO21	Reconfiguring a lot in the Emerging community zone:- (a) provides for a subdivision layout which minimises the extent of cut and fill required to accommodate new lots and roads; and (b) incorporates an interconnected, permeable internal road system, pedestrian, cycle and open space links, including as indicated on Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan elements) .
PO22	Development in the Emerging community zone provides for:- (a) the protection and buffering of <i>ecologically important areas</i> and drainage areas, including the character <i>vegetation</i> and local ecological linkages identified on Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan elements) ; and (b) appropriate buffering and separation to nearby agricultural land and rural uses.	AO22	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Emerging Community Zone (North-Eastern Part of Local Plan Area)			
PO23	Development in the Emerging community zone in the north-eastern part of the local plan area:- (a) provides a physical and visual <i>buffer</i> at the interface to rural land directly to the north to reinforce and maintain the sub-regional inter urban break between Palmwoods and Woombye; (b) provides for a future road connection to the west of the existing North Coast Rail Line corridor; (c) provides for the retention of existing mature <i>vegetation</i> , particularly in and adjacent to Woombye-Palmwoods Road, drainage lines and <i>wetland</i> areas; (d) does not interfere with or adversely impact on significant views to the west from Woombye-Palmwoods Road; and (e) provides an appropriate interface to the Woombye War Cemetery located on the opposite (eastern) side of Woombye-Palmwoods Road.	AO23	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Emerging Community Zone (South-Eastern Part of Local Plan Area)			
PO24	Development in the Emerging community zone in the south-eastern part of the local plan area provides for local road connections and does not solely rely upon road access from Eudlo Road.	AO24	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development of Surplus Railway land and Rural land within the Urban Growth Management Boundary not available for Urban Purposes at Commencement of Planning Scheme			
PO25	Development provides for the following land areas that are not available for	AO25	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>urban development at the commencement of the planning scheme to be developed only once the North Coast Rail Line is re-aligned:-</p> <p>(a) surplus railway land included in the Community facilities zone in the central part of the local plan area immediately adjoining the Palmwoods Town Centre; and</p> <p>(b) rural zoned land within the urban growth management boundary in the north-western and south-eastern parts of the local plan area.</p>		
PO26	<p>Development of rural land within the urban growth management boundary, where identified on Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan elements), and made available in the life of the planning scheme (once the North Coast Railway is realigned):-</p> <p>(a) provides for predominantly low density residential development;</p> <p>(b) is already connected to or can be efficiently connected to the <i>infrastructure</i> required to service the land;</p> <p>(c) is sympathetic to the rural town character and heritage of Palmwoods;</p> <p>(d) avoids development of land subject to constraints and protects <i>ecologically important areas</i>;</p> <p>(e) is designed to sensitively respond to site characteristics and avoids significant scarring of the landscape;</p> <p>(f) protects visual amenity from Woombye-Palmwoods Road, Eudlo Road and the re-aligned rail line;</p> <p>(g) provides an integrated, legible and permeable road, cycle and pathway network which connects residential neighbourhoods to the town centre, community, sport and recreation facilities and open space;</p> <p>(h) provides appropriate open space to service the local community; and</p> <p>(i) provides effective buffering to adjoining rural areas and uses.</p>	AO26	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO27	<p>Development of surplus railway land immediately adjoining the Palmwoods Town Centre, where identified on Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods local plan elements), and made available in the life of the planning scheme:-</p> <p>(a) provides for the improvement of the town centre and the consolidation of Main Street as the focus for centre activities and community interaction;</p> <p>(b) provides for predominantly open space and community activities, with limited business and residential activities;</p>	AO27	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>(c) is sympathetic to the rural town character and heritage of Palmwoods and provides a coherent and attractive streetfront address;</p> <p>(d) provides safe and convenient access to the new railway station, Kolora Park and surrounding areas;</p> <p>(e) effectively integrates with existing developed areas and the new railway station; and</p> <p>(f) where for business uses, provides an active <i>frontage</i> to Main Street and the pedestrian link to the new railway station.</p>		
PO28	Development provides for surplus railway land and rural land within the urban growth management boundary made available in the life of the planning scheme to be master planned and occur in a logical sequence, providing for the efficient and timely provision of <i>infrastructure</i> and services.	AO28	Development of surplus railway land or rural land within the urban growth management boundary is undertaken in accordance with a local master plan that has been subject to public consultation and implemented either through a planning scheme amendment or a variation approval.



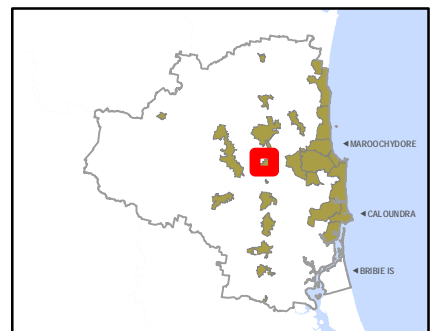
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|--|---|--|--|
| | Local Plan Area Boundary | | Through Block Pedestrian/Cycle Linkage |
| | Waterway ^{Note 1} | | Dedicated Public Transport Corridor |
| | Primary Active Street Frontage | | Transit Hub |
| | Primary Streetscape Treatment Area | | Future Transit Hub |
| | Local Ecological Linkage | | Indicative Road Linkage/Access Point |
| | Greenspace ^{Note 1} | | Intersection Upgrade |
| | Community Activity/Facility ^{Note 1} | | Proposed Rail Corridor Upgrade |
| | Character Vegetation | | Proposed road following Rail Corridor Upgrade |
| | Gateway/Entry Point | | Land for Potential Urban Purposes following Rail Corridor Upgrade (subject to master planning) |
| | Landscape Buffer | | |
| | Heritage Place ^{Note 2} | | |
| | Character Area ^{Note 2} | | |
| | Significant View | | |

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Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).

Figure 7.2.23A (Palmwoods Local Plan Elements)

7.2.24 Peregian South local plan code

7.2.24.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) within the Peregian South local plan area as shown on Map ZM10 contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Peregian South local plan code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) The following provisions of the code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development:-
 - (a) **section 7.2.24.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)**;
 - (b) **Table 7.2.24.4.1 (Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development)**; and
 - (c) **Figure 7.2.24A (Peregian South local plan elements)**.

7.2.24.2 Context and setting

This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and assists in the interpretation of the Peregian South local plan code.

The Peregian South local plan area is located in the central eastern part of the Sunshine Coast, west of Peregian Beach and immediately west of the Sunshine Motorway. The local plan area includes the emerging communities of Peregian Springs/Coolum Ridges comprising a number of residential neighbourhoods, a local (full service) activity centre, a number of smaller local centres, schools and large areas of open space including the Peregian Springs Golf Course and several environmental parks. The local plan area has a land area of approximately 597 hectares.

The local plan area is located on coastal lowlands within the core conservation area of the National Wallum Estate and is bounded on three sides by adjuncts of the Noosa National Park. The protection of the extensive environmental parks and interconnected system of remnant vegetation corridors protecting and linking key natural conservation areas present in and surrounding the local plan area is an important factor in supporting the long-term viability of these state and national reserves.

The established residential parts of the local plan area are characterised by dwelling houses on residential lots of varying sizes surrounding a large private golf course. The local plan area also includes a State school and a private school (St Andrews Anglican College).

Major road links within the local plan area include the Sunshine Motorway, Emu Mountain Road and Peregian Springs Drive.

Urban zoned land within the local plan area is connected, or has the ability to be connected, to reticulated water and sewerage.

7.2.24.3 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Peregian South local plan code is to provide locally relevant planning provisions for the assessment of development within the Peregian South local plan area.
- (2) The purpose of the Peregian South local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) The Peregian South local plan area is a discrete master planned residential area providing a mix of dwelling types in a number of residential neighbourhoods and supported by a local (full service) activity centre and several smaller local (not full service) activity centres providing convenience shopping and local commercial uses, as well as a range of community facilities and large areas of open space.

- (b) Urban development with the Peregian South local plan area is limited to land within the urban growth management boundary so as to protect significant environmental areas and landscape values and provide for the efficient provision of *infrastructure* and services.
- (c) Development is sited and designed to protect and enhance the natural environmental and scenic values of the Peregian South local plan area and adjacent areas including wetland, wallum heathland, paperbark and open eucalypt bushland vegetation communities, and provides for the establishment, protection and enhancement of a system of interconnected ecological and open space linkages.
- (d) Development adjacent to the Noosa National Park or other conservation areas incorporates appropriate measures to protect the long-term viability of these areas.
- (e) Development in the Local centre zone at the corner of Peregian Springs Drive and Ridgeview Drive supports its role and function as a local (full service) activity centre providing a wide range of business uses and community facilities to service the local level needs of residents within the local plan area.
- (f) A number of smaller local (not full service) activity centres are also located throughout the local plan area servicing the basic convenience needs of nearby residents. With the exception of areas already zoned for local centre purposes and additional small local centres to be located within the emerging community areas at Coolum Ridges and Old Emu Mountain Road, no additional local business centres are established within the local plan area. Residents continue to rely upon larger centres such as Noosa Business Centre or Maroochydore to fulfil higher order business and industry needs.
- (g) Development within the Low density residential zone, Medium density residential zone and Emerging community zone is effectively integrated with existing subdivision patterns and provides for walkable neighbourhoods with good pedestrian and cycle connectivity to local centres, community and sport and recreation facilities and open space, as well as a diverse range of lot sizes and housing choices.
- (h) Development provides for the Peregian Springs Golf Course to be retained as an important sport and recreation facility and valuable area of private open space contributing to the character and identity of the local plan area.
- (i) Development provides a network of open space to meet the needs of the local community and an integrated, legible and permeable road, cycle and pathway network which connects residential neighbourhoods to local centres, community and sport and recreation facilities and open space.
- (j) Development along the Sunshine Motorway and Emu Mountain Road protects the visual amenity of these roads as scenic routes and provides a wide, densely vegetated *landscape buffer* to effectively screen development from the road.
- (k) Development occurs in a logical sequence and provides for the efficient and timely provision of *infrastructure* and services.

Editor's note—development at Peregian Springs, Coolum Ridges and Old Emu Mountain Road is currently regulated in accordance with an approved master plan and plan of development.

7.2.24.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 7.2.24.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Peregian South Local Plan Area Generally</i>			
PO1	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that are consistent with and reflect the coastal urban character and natural landscape setting of the Peregian South local plan area.	AO1.1	Development provides for building design which incorporates the following features:- (a) a mix of lightweight and textured external building materials, including timber finishes or masonry construction with variation provided in texture and detailing; (b) articulated, pitched, skillion or curved

Part 7

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>roof forms;</p> <p>(c) open or transparent balustrades; and</p> <p>(d) landscaping integrated into the building design.</p> <p>AO1.2</p> <p>Development uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials.</p> <p>AO1.3</p> <p>Development provides for existing mature trees to be retained and incorporated into the design of development.</p>
PO2	<p>Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> and gateways to:-</p> <p>(a) enhance the sense of entry to the local plan area; and</p> <p>(b) enhance the landscape and visual amenity of the Sunshine Motorway.</p>	<p>AO2.1</p> <p>Development adjacent to identified gateway/entry points, where identified on Figure 7.2.24A (Peregian South local plan elements), provides dense landscaping which effectively screens development from the Sunshine Motorway and enhances the natural landscape character of the local plan area.</p> <p>AO2.2</p> <p>Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes.</p> <p>Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.</p> <p>Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.</p>	
PO3	<p>Development on land adjacent to the Sunshine Motorway or Emu Mountain Road incorporates a <i>landscape buffer</i> to visually screen built form elements and maintain and enhance the visual amenity of these roads as scenic routes.</p>	AO3	<p>Development provides a minimum 20 metre wide densely vegetated <i>landscape buffer</i> along the Sunshine Motorway and Emu Mountain Road <i>frontage</i>, where identified on Figure 7.2.24A (Peregian South local plan elements).</p>
PO4	<p>Development provides for the Peregian Springs Golf Course to be retained as an important sport and recreation facility and open space area contributing to the character and identity of the local plan area.</p>	AO4	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO5	<p>Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements including <i>wetlands</i>, wallum heathland, bushland and other areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the setting and character of the local plan area.</p>	AO5	<p>Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature trees, stands of paperbarks, eucalypt, wallum heath and <i>wetlands</i>.</p>
PO6	<p>Development facilitates the provision of local ecological linkages connecting remnant <i>vegetation</i> areas within the local plan area to surrounding conservation areas where identified on Figure 7.2.24A (Peregian South local plan elements).</p>	AO6	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Editor's note—Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity, waterways and wetlands overlay code) sets out requirements for the provision of ecological linkages.</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
PO7	Development adjacent to the Noosa National Park or other <i>ecologically important areas</i> provides a vegetated open space <i>buffer</i> to protect the sustainability of vegetation communities and maintain visual amenity.	AO7	No acceptable outcome provided. Editor's note— Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity, waterways and wetlands overlay code) sets out <i>buffer</i> distances and other requirements for development on land adjacent to conservation areas and other <i>ecologically important areas</i> .
PO8	Development improves local connectivity by providing pedestrian and cycle connections to and between key destinations such as local centres, existing and proposed public transport stops, community facilities, schools and recreation facilities.	AO8	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Local Centre Zone Generally			
PO9	Development in the Local centre zone supports the role and function of:- (a) the local centre at the corner of Peregian Springs Drive and Ridgeview Drive as a local (full service) activity centre providing a range of convenience goods and services to local residents; and (b) other local centres as local (not full service) activity centres providing basic convenience goods and services.	AO9	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO10	Development in the Local centre zone provides for the maximum <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of business uses to not exceed:- (a) for the local (full service) activity centre at the corner of Peregian Springs Drive and Ridgeview Drive, a total of 6,500m ² ; (b) for the local centre on the corner of Balgownie Drive and Peregian Springs Drive, a total of 1,000m ² ; and (c) for other local centres, a total of 500m ² , with no single tenancy exceeding 100m ² .	AO10	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO11	Development for a <i>supermarket</i> :- (a) is only located within the Peregian South local (full service) activity centre at the corner of Peregian Springs Drive and Ridgeview Drive; (b) does not exceed a <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of 3,500m ² ; and (c) is sleeved and located behind smaller scale fine grain built form elements.	PO11	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO12	Development in the Local centre zone:- (a) creates vibrant and active streets and public spaces; (b) provides a coherent and attractive streetfront address and achieves a high level of visual amenity; (c) provides a high level of comfort and convenience to pedestrians; and (d) provides functional and integrated car parking and vehicular access that does not dominate the street.	AO12	Development in the Local centre zone:- (a) respects the layout, scale (including height and <i>setback</i>) and character of development on adjoining sites; (b) where applicable, provides for new or extended large floor plate retail uses to be sleeved and located behind smaller scale, fine grain built form elements; (c) incorporates shopfronts, indoor/outdoor cafes and restaurants and other activities that are likely to foster casual, social and

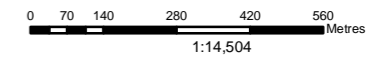
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>business interaction for extended periods;</p> <p>(d) has building openings overlooking the street;</p> <p>(e) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous awnings and/or light verandah structures over footpath areas with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside;</p> <p>(f) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths; and</p> <p>(g) provides on-site car parking at the rear or to one side of the development, integrated with other vehicle movement areas.</p>
PO13	<p>Development in the Local centre zone at the corner of Peregrin Springs Drive and Ridgeview Drive:-</p> <p>(a) does not incorporate uses oriented towards passing trade on the Sunshine Motorway;</p> <p>(b) provides for a range of civic and community facilities and is designed to foster community interaction;</p> <p>(c) provides for any residential uses to be provided in a mixed use format above the ground storey, and</p> <p>(d) occurs in a manner which allows for the gradual and orderly expansion of the centre over time.</p>	AO13	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Medium Density Residential Zone			
PO14	<p>Development in the Medium density residential zone:-</p> <p>(a) provides for the establishment of a range of medium density housing types in close proximity to local centres and community facilities;</p> <p>(b) is of a domestic scale that does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i> or detract from the visual amenity of adjoining properties; and</p> <p>(c) contributes positively to local <i>streetscape</i> character.</p>	AO14	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Emerging Community Zone			
PO15	<p>Development in the Emerging community zone:-</p> <p>(a) contributes to the establishment of a walkable integrated residential community configured in a number of high quality, attractive, environmentally responsible and sustainable residential neighbourhoods;</p> <p>(b) provides for the establishment of a small centrally located local (not full service) activity centre;</p> <p>(c) provides for the <i>gross leasable floor area</i> for business uses to not exceed a total of 500m², with no single tenancy exceeding 100m²;</p>	AO15	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Editor's note—development at Coolum Ridges and Old Emu Mountain Road is currently regulated in accordance with an approved master plan and plan of development.</p>

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (d) provides for a range of lot sizes and in the case of Coolum Ridges, provides medium density residential development close to a local centre; (e) provides an interconnected system of open space and community facilities to meet the needs of the local community; (f) provides an integrated, legible and permeable road, cycle and pathway network which connects residential neighbourhoods to the local centre, community, sport and recreation facilities and open space; (g) provides a new connection to the Sunshine Motorway at the southern end of the local plan area; (h) provides a wide, densely vegetated <i>buffer</i> to the Sunshine Motorway and Emu Mountain Road to effectively screen development and protect the visual amenity of these roads as scenic routes; (i) provides a wide, vegetated open space <i>buffer</i> to the Noosa National Park to protect the long term viability of the National Park; and (j) provides for the maintenance, enhancement and reconnection of native <i>vegetation</i> areas, <i>wetlands</i> and other <i>ecologically important areas</i>. 	



- LEGEND**
- Local Plan Area Boundary
 - Waterway^{Note 1}
 - Local Ecological Linkage
 - Greenspace^{Note 1}
 - Community Activity/Facility^{Note 1}
 - Landscape Buffer
 - Gateway/Entry Point
 - Indicative Road Linkage/Access Point

Note 1: For contextual purposes only.



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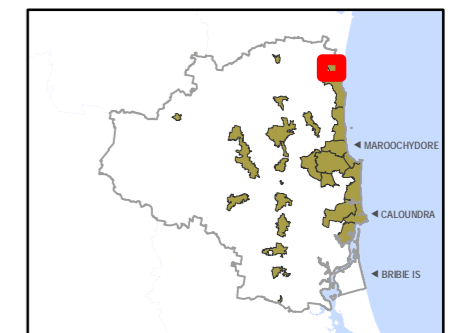


Figure 7.2.24A (Peregian South Local Plan Elements)

7.2.25 Sippy Downs local plan code

7.2.25.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) within the Sippy Downs local plan area as shown on Map ZM33 contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Sippy Downs local plan code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.4.
- (2) The following provisions of the code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development:-
 - (a) **section 7.2.25.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)**;
 - (b) **Table 7.2.25.4.1 (Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development in the Sippy Downs local plan area generally)**;
 - (c) **Table 7.2.25.4.2 (Additional performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development in Precinct SID LPP-1 (Sippy Downs Town Centre))**; and
 - (d) **Figure 7.2.25A (Sippy Downs local plan elements)**.

7.2.25.2 Context and setting

This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Sippy Downs local plan code.

The Sippy Downs local plan area is located in the central part of the Sunshine Coast, along the Sunshine Motorway, bordered to the west by the Bruce Highway, to the south by Sippy Creek and the Palmview declared master plan area and to the east by the Mooloolah River National Park. The local plan area includes the proposed Sippy Downs Town Centre, the University of the Sunshine Coast, the communities of Chancellor Park and Bellflower located to the south of the Sunshine Motorway and the Stringybark Road area north of the Sunshine Motorway. The local plan area takes in a land area of approximately 775 hectares.

The northern part of the local plan area is well vegetated and provides a bushland setting at the base of the Buderim escarpment and along Mountain Creek. The wallum heathland and open eucalypt woodlands of the Mooloolah River National Park, and remnant riparian vegetation along Sippy Creek provide an attractive landscape setting and natural edge to the local plan area in the east and south. The Chancellor Lakes system also provides an important open space link through the local plan area.

The proposed Sippy Downs Town Centre, located adjacent to the University of the Sunshine Coast, is a major regional activity centre and is intended to provide significant retail, commercial and community activities to service the needs of its resident population as well as the needs of surrounding communities, including the emerging community of Palmview located to the south of the local plan area. The proposed Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct is located adjacent to the proposed Town Centre core and the University of the Sunshine Coast and is intended to support a broad range of science and technology based businesses and industries and maintain a strong nexus with the University.

The University of the Sunshine Coast is a regionally significant facility providing a focus for education, research and cultural activities on the Sunshine Coast. The University Library Building is a local heritage place. The University is intended to continue to grow and develop in conjunction with the new Town Centre. A number of schools are also located within the local plan area adjacent to the University including Chancellor State College primary and secondary campuses, Siena Catholic College and Siena Primary School and the Montessori International College.

The existing residential areas of the local plan area including the Chancellor Park and Bellflower estates comprise primarily single dwelling houses on suburban lots of varying sizes. Substantial retirement facilities are located within Chancellor Park and student accommodation is also provided adjacent to the University. Local centres at Chancellor Village Boulevard and Scholars Drive currently provide for the convenience needs of residents. Several showrooms are also located along Chancellor Village Boulevard.

The Stringybark Road area in the northern part of the local plan area, currently comprises a small local business area and primarily low density and rural residential development, with small areas of multi-unit residential development. Parts of this area are intended to be redeveloped for medium density dwellings and low density residential development, given its proximity to the proposed Sippy Downs Town Centre.

The Sunshine Motorway is the major road link within the local plan area, traversing the local plan area in an east-west direction. Other key local road links include Sippy Downs Drive, University Way, Crosby Hill Road, Claymore Road, Dixon Road and Stringybark Road.

The local plan area has high levels of accessibility due to its location at the juncture of the Sunshine Motorway and the Bruce Highway.

Urban zoned land within the local plan area is connected, or has the ability to be connected, to reticulated water and sewerage.

7.2.25.3 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Sippy Downs local plan code is to provide locally relevant planning provisions for the assessment of development within the Sippy Downs local plan area.
- (2) The purpose of the Sippy Downs local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) The Sippy Downs local plan area is a diverse urban area comprising a number of residential neighbourhoods and the University of the Sunshine Coast, supported by a major regional activity centre at Sippy Downs Town Centre.
 - (b) Urban and rural residential development in the Sippy Downs local plan area is limited to land within the urban and rural residential growth management boundaries respectively so as to protect the environmental and natural landscape values of the Mooloolah River National Park, Sippy Creek and bushland areas at the base of the Buderim escarpment, and to ensure the efficient provision of *infrastructure* and services.
 - (c) Development is sited and designed to protect and enhance the natural environmental and scenic values of the lower Buderim escarpment, Mountain Creek and Sippy Creek and adjacent areas including wetland, wallum heathland, paperbark and open eucalypt bushland vegetation communities, and provides for the establishment, protection and enhancement of an interconnected system of ecological and open space linkages. Development in the Sippy Downs Town Centre provides a biodiversity offset for native *vegetation* cleared as part of the development.⁵
 - (d) Development provides for high quality, sub-tropical building and landscape design that emphasises the casual, outdoor lifestyle. In the Major centre zone and High density residential zone, development:-
 - (i) has a perimeter block form to maintain and define an active public realm and allow significant densities to be achieved without high rise buildings; and
 - (ii) achieves a comfortable pedestrian scale and quality in the public realm by providing buildings with a variety of heights to reduce the wall effects of development and create a varied skyline.
 - (e) Development supports the role and function of the Sippy Downs Town Centre (Precinct SID LPP-1) as a major regional activity centre, providing a broad range of higher order retail, commercial, community, entertainment and employment generating uses to service the needs of residential areas within the local plan area and surrounding areas, including residential areas south of Buderim and west of Mooloolaba and the emerging community of Palmview, as well as significant residential development to support transit oriented development outcomes.
 - (f) Development in the Sippy Downs Town Centre (Precinct SID LPP-1) does not detract from or have an adverse impact on the intended role and function of:-

⁵ Note—the clearing of native *vegetation* for the purposes of providing for the development of the Sippy Downs Town Centre Major Regional Activity Centre is considered to satisfy the community interests test set out in section 3.7.2.1(c) of the Strategic Framework. Notwithstanding this, *vegetation* is still to be retained in the specific circumstances required by this code. **Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity, waterways and wetlands overlay code)** sets out the requirements for environmental offsets. Approval for clearing may still be required under State or Federal legislation.

- (i) Maroochydore as the principal regional activity centre for the Sunshine Coast; or
 - (ii) nearby major regional activity centres at Nambour and Kawana.
- (g) Development supports the role and function of the University of the Sunshine Coast and the Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct as regional employment opportunity areas which:-
- (i) in the case of the University of the Sunshine Coast, provides a focus for tertiary education, training and research activities; and
 - (ii) in the case of the Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct, provides a focus for science and technology related business and industries and has a strong nexus with the University of the Sunshine Coast.
- (h) Development in the Major centre zone in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core):-
- (i) provides the main retail, commercial and civic uses for the local plan area in accordance with **Table 7.2.25.4.3 (Sippy Downs local plan supplementary table of consistent uses and potentially consistent uses in the Major centre zone)**;
 - (ii) results in the creation of a traditional main street based town centre rather than a shopping centre or internalised mall type of development;
 - (iii) incorporates medium to high density residential uses as part of *mixed use developments*⁶;
 - (iv) is characterised by its vibrant, active streets with high pedestrian activity and buildings with close street relationships;
 - (v) results in a walkable centre characterised by wide tree lined streets and public spaces marking prominent corners and provides expansive social space for community life and interaction;
 - (vi) provides a simple, grid-based urban form and movement network which ensures a high level of connectivity for pedestrians, cyclists and vehicles;
 - (vii) provides *public open space* in the form of a centrally located Town Square and a number of Mini Plazas at specific locations;
 - (viii) provides land for the establishment of a multi purpose, integrated community facility;
 - (ix) provides safe, efficient and legible pedestrian access to public transport *infrastructure*;
 - (x) ensures retail uses are dispersed across the town centre core rather than being consolidated in one area;
 - (xi) provides that all retail premises being a *supermarket* or a *discount department store* are separated by a street and are not developed as an indoor retail shopping mall; and
 - (xii) provides that all or most retail uses address and activate the street.
- (i) Development in the Major centre zone in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct):-
- (i) supports the creation of a 'knowledge-based' employment precinct that has a strong nexus with the University of the Sunshine Coast and provides opportunities to incubate and grow businesses;
 - (ii) comprises a range of commercial, educational, health care, government and some residential uses that support and complement the Town Centre Core (Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a) and the University of the Sunshine Coast in accordance with **Table 7.2.25.4.3 (Sippy Downs local plan supplementary table of consistent uses and potentially consistent uses in the Major centre zone)**;
 - (iii) provides for uses including research facilities, laboratories, research and technology-based industries, *offices* and consulting rooms, a conference centre, studios, media production facilities, community and education-related uses and tourist and conference accommodation;
 - (iv) provides for medium density *mixed use developments* incorporating residential and non-residential uses;
 - (v) provides a simple grid-based urban form and movement network that links with extensions of the Town Centre Core (Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a) grid and extensions of the University of the Sunshine Coast grid;
 - (vi) provides *public open space* in the form of a Town Plaza and a number of Mini Plazas at specific locations; and
 - (vii) provides for a small local (not full service) activity centre that:-

⁶ Note—*mixed use development* in the Sippy Downs Town Centre may be staged such that initial stages of development do not include a residential component provided that:-

- (a) it is clear how future stages of development will achieve a *mixed use development* outcome; and
- (b) the early stages of development do not prejudice the delivery of a *mixed use development* outcome.

- (A) serves the local residents, businesses and employees of the immediate area;
 - (B) is located in the 'Main Street' designated area on the southern side of the Town Plaza; and
 - (C) has a total maximum *gross leasable floor area* for retail and catering uses that does not exceed 500m².
- (j) The Chancellor Park West local centre located on Chancellor Village Boulevard, functions as a local (full service) activity centre servicing the local convenience needs of nearby residents. Development for retail premises in the Local centre zone and Specialised centre zone at Chancellor Park West does not expand beyond the specified maximum *gross leasable floor area* limit so as to protect the intended role and function of the Sippy Downs Town Centre.
 - (k) Other designated local centres at Stringybark Road and Scholars Drive are retained as local (not full service) activity centres servicing the basic convenience needs of nearby residents.
 - (l) Development in the High density residential zone in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1c (Sippy Downs West Neighbourhood) provides for a high quality, walkable residential neighbourhood comprising a range of medium to high density housing types in close proximity to the Sippy Downs Town Centre and focussed around a large central *public open space* in the form of a forest *park*. Development is configured in a grid layout which ensures a high level of connectivity internally and externally, particularly to the Sippy Downs Town Centre Core, and maintains a perimeter block form of development with buildings overlooking the street, parks and other public spaces.
 - (m) Residential expansion occurs in the Stringybark Road area as large lots are developed for a range of residential dwelling types and densities in accordance with allocated zones. Development in this area occurs in an integrated manner and provides a high level of permeability and connectivity including new road links between Toral Drive and Jorl Court, Jorl Court and Walgarri Drive and Stringybark Road and Dixon Road (via Goshawk Boulevard and Power Road).
 - (n) Development in the Emerging community zone at 137 Crosby Hill Road, Tanawha, provides for:-
 - (i) business activities to be limited to small scale local convenience goods and services only;
 - (ii) a dedicated road link between Crosby Hill Road and Rainforest Sanctuary Drive; and
 - (iii) adequate and sensitive address of site constraints including flooding, *vegetation*, *waterways* and *wetlands*.
 - (o) Development in the Medium density residential zone, Low density residential zone, Emerging community zone and Rural residential zone provides a network of open space to meet the needs of the local community and an integrated, legible and permeable road, cycle and pathway network which connects residential neighbourhoods to the Sippy Downs Town Centre, local centres, the University of the Sunshine Coast, local schools, community and sport and recreation facilities and open space.
 - (p) Development along the Sunshine Motorway and Bruce Highway protects the visual amenity of these roads as scenic routes and provides a wide, densely vegetated *landscape buffer* to effectively screen development from these roads.
 - (q) The *transport network* is progressively upgraded to meet the needs of the local plan area and provide increased connectivity and permeability. Development contributes to, and does not compromise the provision and operation of, proposed new roads within the Sippy Downs Town Centre and the Stringybark Road area, the Sunshine Motorway or the Bruce Highway.
 - (r) Development occurs in a logical sequence and provides for the efficient and timely provision of *infrastructure* and services in a manner that does not compromise the future development of any adjoining lot or the planned ultimate development outcomes.
 - (s) Development provides telecommunications *infrastructure* and services such that the Sippy Downs local plan area, and in particular the Sippy Downs Town Centre and the University of the Sunshine Coast, has *best practice* standard telecommunications capability.

7.2.25.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 7.2.25.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development in the Sippy Downs local plan area generally

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Sippy Downs Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development does not detract from the role and function of the Sippy Downs Town Centre (Major centre zone) as a major regional activity centre and the primary focus for retail, commercial and civic activities within the local plan area.	AO1	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO2	Development for a higher order business use is located in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core), including the following:- (a) a <i>full line supermarket</i> ; (b) a <i>discount department store</i> ; and (c) a <i>theatre</i> .	AO2	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO3	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that are consistent with and reflect and enhance the coastal urban character of the Sippy Downs local plan area.	AO3.1	Development provides for building design which incorporates the following features:- (a) a mix of lightweight and textured external building materials, including timber finishes or masonry construction with variation provided in texture and detailing; (b) articulated, pitched, skillion or curved roof forms; (c) open or transparent balustrades; and (d) landscaping integrated into the building design.
		AO3.2	Development uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials.
		AO3.3	Development provides for existing mature trees and stands of native <i>vegetation</i> to be retained and incorporated into the design of development.
PO4	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements including <i>wetlands</i> , wallum heathland, bushland and other areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the setting, character and sense of place of the Sippy Downs local plan area.	AO4	Development retains, protects and enhances existing mature trees and character <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the setting and character of the local plan area including:- (a) riparian <i>vegetation</i> along Mountain Creek and Sippy Creek; (b) bushland areas at the base of the Buderim escarpment identified on Figure 7.2.25A (Sippy Downs local plan elements) ; (c) bushland within the <i>landscape buffer</i> to the Sunshine Motorway; and (d) other character <i>vegetation</i> identified on Figure 7.2.25A (Sippy Downs local plan elements) . Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.
PO5	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> and gateways to enhance	AO5.1	Development adjacent to gateway/entry points where identified on Figure 7.2.25A (Sippy Downs local plan elements) :-

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	the sense of entry to, and character of, the Sippy Downs local plan area.	AO5.2	<p>(a) incorporates architectural and landscape treatments which enhance the sense of arrival to, and the coastal urban character, of the local plan area, and emphasise corner locations; and</p> <p>(b) incorporates building materials such as varied roof forms, changes in materials and variations in projected and recessed elements and facades.</p> <p>Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes.</p> <p>Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.</p> <p>Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required.</p> <p>Editor's note—Table 7.2.25.4.2 (Additional criteria for assessable development in Precinct SID LPP-1 (Sippy Downs Town Centre)) sets out the requirements for streetscape improvements in Precinct SID LPP-1 (Sippy Downs Town Centre).</p>
PO6	Development on land adjacent to the Sunshine Motorway or the Bruce Highway provides a wide densely vegetated <i>landscape buffer</i> to visually screen built form elements and maintain and enhance the visual amenity of these roads as scenic routes.	AO6	<p>Development on land adjacent to the Sunshine Motorway or the Bruce Highway provides a minimum 20 metre wide densely vegetated <i>landscape buffer</i>.</p> <p>Editor's note—Table 7.2.25.4.2 (Additional criteria for assessable development in Precinct SID LPP-1 (Sippy Downs Town Centre)) sets out the requirements for <i>landscape buffers</i> in Precinct SID LPP-1 (Sippy Downs Town Centre).</p>
PO7	Development improves local connectivity by providing an integrated, legible and permeable road, cycle and pathway network which provides connections to and between key destinations including the Sippy Downs Town Centre, local centres, the University of the Sunshine Coast, existing and proposed transit stations and public transport stops, community facilities, schools, recreation facilities and open space.	AO7.1 AO7.2	<p>Development complements and extends pedestrian and cycle linkages, including where identified on Figure 7.2.25A (Sippy Downs local plan elements).</p> <p>Development provides a simple, grid-based road/street network which complies with and complements the proposed road/street network identified on Figure 7.2.25A (Sippy Downs local plan elements).</p>
PO8	Development on land with frontage to Sippy Creek or Mountain Creek facilitates the provision of a local ecological linkage as identified on Figure 7.2.25A (Sippy Downs local plan elements) .	AO8	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Editor's note—Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity, waterways and wetlands overlay code) sets out requirements for the provision of ecological linkages.</p>
PO9	Development provides for, and does not compromise the future provision and operation of, <i>transport networks</i>	AO9	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>including:-</p> <p>(a) proposed new roads within the Sippy Downs Town Centre (Precinct SID LPP-1), the Stringybark Road area and elsewhere in the local plan area where identified on Figure 7.2.25A (Sippy Downs local plan elements);</p> <p>(b) the Sunshine Motorway; and</p> <p>(c) the Bruce Highway.</p>		
Development in the Local Centre Zone			
PO10	<p>Development in the Local centre zone supports the role and function of:-</p> <p>(a) the Chancellor Park West local centre as a local (full service) activity centre providing convenience goods and service to local residents; and</p> <p>(b) other local business areas as local (not full service) activity centres providing basic convenience goods and services to local residents.</p>	AO10	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO11	<p>Development in the Local centre zone provides for the <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of commercial and retail business uses to not exceed:-</p> <p>(a) for the Chancellor Park West Local Centre, a total of 8,400m²; and</p> <p>(b) for other local centres, a total of 1,000m².</p> <p>Editor's note—Table 7.2.25.4.2 (Additional criteria for assessable development in Precinct SID LPP-1 (Sippy Downs Town Centre)) sets out the requirements for local centres in Precinct SID LPP-1 (Sippy Downs Town Centre).</p>	AO11	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO12	<p>Development in the Local centre zone provides for no more than one <i>supermarket</i> to be established so as to protect the role and function of the Sippy Downs Town Centre.</p>	AO12	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO13	<p>Development in the Local centre zone provides:-</p> <p>(a) a coherent and attractive streetfront address and achieves a high level of visual amenity;</p> <p>(b) vibrant and active streets and public spaces;</p> <p>(c) a high level of comfort and convenience for pedestrians; and</p> <p>(d) functional and integrated car parking and servicing areas which do not dominate the street.</p>	AO13	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> <p>(a) respects the layout, scale and character of development on adjoining sites;</p> <p>(b) has building openings overlooking the street;</p> <p>(c) provides for <i>primary active street frontages</i>, built to the front boundary, where identified on Figure 7.2.25A (Sippy Downs local plan elements);</p> <p>(d) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous awnings and/or light verandah structures over footpath areas with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside;</p> <p>(e) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths; and</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			(f) provides on-site car parking at the rear of the development, integrated with other vehicle movement areas.
Development in the Specialised Centre Zone			
PO14	Development in the Specialised centre zone provides for:- (a) existing retail showroom uses to not be expanded so as to protect the role and function of the Sippy Downs Town Centre; and (b) the total <i>gross leasable floor area</i> for all proposed, existing and approved retail uses to not exceed a total of 8,500m ² .	AO14	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO15	Development in the Specialised centre zone is located, designed and effectively screened such that it is not recognisable from the Sunshine Motorway.	AO15	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Low Density Residential Zone (Toral Drive and Jorl Court)			
PO16	Development in the Low density residential zone in Toral Drive and Jorl Court provides for the amalgamation of lots to create development sites which:- (a) are of a sufficient size to ensure the coordinated and orderly development of sites; and (b) provides for a lot and street layout which avoids or minimises the creation of <i>culs-de-sac</i> and <i>rear lots</i> .	AO16	Development in the Low density residential zone in Toral Drive and Jorl Court:- (a) provides for the amalgamation of lots to create a minimum development <i>site</i> of 1 hectare; and (b) avoids the creation of <i>rear lots</i> and <i>culs-de-sac</i> .
Development in the Medium Density Residential Zone			
PO17	Development in the Medium density residential zone:- (a) provides for the establishment of a range of medium density housing types, including long and short term accommodation in close proximity to the Sippy Downs Town Centre, local centres, the University of the Sunshine Coast and other educational facilities; (b) contributes positively to local <i>streetscape</i> character; (c) provides for generous open space to be maintained between buildings to preserve a predominantly open feel; and (d) provides strong pedestrian links to the Sippy Downs Town Centre, local centres, the University of the Sunshine Coast and other educational facilities.	AO17	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO18	Development provides a minimum 20 metre wide landscaped <i>buffer</i> to the electricity substation at Power Road.	AO18	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Emerging Community Zone (Lots 1 and 7 on RP817448 at 137 Crosby Hill Road, Tanawha)			
PO19	Development in the Emerging community zone on Lots 1 and 7 on RP817448 at 137 Crosby Hill Road, Tanawha, provides for the following:- (a) any commercial/retail development to be limited to small scale local convenience goods and services	AO19	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>only;</p> <p>(b) the total <i>gross leasable floor area</i> for business uses to not exceed:-</p> <p>(i) a total of 700m² for all business uses on the site;</p> <p>(ii) a total of 100m² for <i>health care services</i>; and</p> <p>(iii) a total of 500m² for any <i>shop tenancy</i>;</p> <p>(c) a public road connection, including pedestrian and cycle links, along Meads Road connecting Crosby Hill Road and Rainforest Sanctuary Drive, as identified on Figure 7.2.25A (Sippy Downs local plan elements);</p> <p>(d) adequate flood immunity whilst minimising the total amount of fill required and avoiding any adverse off site impacts;</p> <p>(e) retention of significant <i>vegetation</i> on the site including character <i>vegetation</i> identified on Figure 7.2.25A (Sippy Downs local plan elements); and</p> <p>(f) appropriate <i>buffers</i> to <i>waterways</i> and <i>wetlands</i>.</p>		
Development in the Community Facilities Zone (University of the Sunshine Coast)			
PO20	<p>Development in the Community facilities zone at the University of the Sunshine Coast:-</p> <p>(a) supports the role and function of the University of the Sunshine Coast as a regional employment opportunity area with a focus on tertiary education, training and research activities and <i>ancillary</i> activities;</p> <p>(b) does not detract from the Sippy Downs Town Centre as the primary focus for business uses and community activity within the local plan area;</p> <p>(c) integrates effectively with the Sippy Downs Town Centre;</p> <p>(d) is designed around a major open space axis linking the Sippy Downs Town Centre to the University;</p> <p>(e) provides buildings and landscaping which contribute to a distinctive image and character and define and enclose the open space axis;</p> <p>(f) provides the main transit hub for the Sippy Downs local plan area; and</p> <p>(g) provides a University Park which:-</p> <p>(i) is located where identified on Figure 7.2.25F (Sippy Downs Town Centre Open Space, Pedestrian and Cycle Linkages);</p> <p>(ii) provides the principal open space for the Sippy Downs Town Centre;</p> <p>(iii) provides a welcoming, framed view of the University from</p>	AO20	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	Stringybark Road; and (iv) is an open parkland with areas of bushland, existing trees and gardens.		
Development in the Community Facilities Zone (Lot 1 SP215755 at 227 – 237 Sippy Downs Drive)			
PO21	Development in the Community facilities zone on Lot 1 SP215755, at 227 – 237 Sippy Downs Drive:- (a) may provide for a <i>service station</i> and <i>food and drink outlet</i> (including a <i>high volume convenience restaurant</i> and <i>drive-through facility</i>); and (b) does not provide for retail or commercial activities other than those directly <i>ancillary</i> to a <i>service station</i> .	AO21	No acceptable outcome provided.

Table 7.2.25.4.2 Additional performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development in Precinct SID LPP-1 (Sippy Downs Town Centre)⁷

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
Development in Precinct SID LPP-1 (Sippy Downs Town Centre) Generally			
Town Centre Structure and Character			
PO1	Development contributes to the creation of a vibrant, mixed use, transit oriented community incorporating a range of land uses and an urban structure configured in a manner generally in accordance with Figure 7.2.25B (Sippy Downs Town Centre Master Plan) and comprising the following sub-precincts identified on Local Plan Map LPM33 :- (a) the Sippy Downs Town Centre Core (Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a); (b) the Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct (Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b); and (c) the Sippy Downs West Neighbourhood (Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1c).	AO1	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO2	Development contributes to the creation of a memorable town centre by:- (a) contributing to the creation of vibrant public and semi public spaces; (b) ensuring that built form increases legibility; (c) maximising pedestrian activity; (d) providing a high level of amenity for all users; and (e) contributing to the desired character of the Sippy Downs Town Centre as a place with innovative architecture and landscaping which:- (i) reflects its surroundings; (ii) respects the preferred built form for the relevant Sub-precinct; (iii) capitalises on the sub-tropical climate;	AO2	No acceptable outcome provided. Note—the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre provides guidance in relation to achieving the desired architectural and landscape character of the Sippy Downs Town Centre.

⁷ Editor's note—the **Planning Scheme Policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre** provides guidance in relation to the achievement of certain outcomes in this code.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (iv) has a high level of public and private amenity; (v) promotes variety and visual interest; and (vi) delivers a vibrant relationship with adjacent public and semi-public spaces. 		
Land Uses			
PO3	<p>Development in the Major centre zone in Precinct SID LPP-1 (Sippy Downs Town Centre) provides for:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) a use listed as a consistent use in Column 1 of Table 7.2.25.4.3 (Sippy Downs local plan supplementary table of consistent uses and potentially consistent uses in the Major centre zone) to occur in the relevant sub-precinct; and (b) a use listed as a potentially consistent use in Column 2 of Table 7.2.25.4.3 to occur in the relevant sub-precinct only where further assessment has determined that the use is appropriate in the sub-precinct having regard to such matters as its location, nature, scale and intensity. <p>Note—a use not listed in Table 7.2.25.4.3 is an inconsistent use and is not intended to occur in the Major centre zone in the relevant sub-precinct of Precinct SID LPP-1.</p>	AO3	No acceptable outcome provided.
Connectivity and Movement			
PO4	<p>Development provides an interconnected, efficient and permeable street network which:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) facilitates convenient access for pedestrians, cyclists and vehicles; (b) provides clear, safe and convenient connections to existing and proposed streets; (c) in the case of Principal Streets:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) are located where identified on Figure 7.2.25A (Sippy Downs local plan elements); and (ii) provide the focus for activity and movement in the Sippy Downs Town Centre; (d) in the case of Local Access Streets:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) are provided in the approximate location identified on Figure 7.2.25A (Sippy Downs local plan elements); and (ii) provide for additional through connections in the street network; and (e) ensures that all Principal and Local Access Streets are provided and are dedicated as road reserve. 	AO4	<p>Development provides for all Principal Streets and Local Access Streets:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) to be provided in the locations identified on Figure 7.2.25A (Sippy Downs local plan elements); (b) to be designed in accordance with the standards specified in the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre; and (c) to be dedicated as road reserve.
PO5	Development provides a support network of rear/service lanes to provide:-	AO5	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) vehicle access to lots; (b) service functions; (c) intra-block connectivity; (d) high levels of vehicle and pedestrian permeability; (e) opportunities for shared or consolidated access and servicing; and (f) further block subdivision. 		
PO6	<p>Development provides for vehicular access arrangements which:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) do not provide for direct access to/from 'A' Street where in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core), Stringybark Road or Town Centre Connector Roads where identified on Figure 7.2.25D (Sippy Downs Town Centre Road/Street Designations); and (b) provide for limited direct access to/from:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) other Principal Streets; and (ii) 'A' Street, where in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1c (Sippy Downs West Neighbourhood) or Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct); and (c) do not restrict the ability of adjacent premises to achieve access to/from a Local Access Street. 	<p>AO6.1</p> <p>AO6.2</p> <p>AO6.3</p> <p>AO6.4</p>	<p>Development provides that a servicing area and a car parking area are only accessed from a Local Access Street.</p> <p>Vehicular access to 'A' Street where in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1c (Sippy Downs West Neighbourhood) or Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct) is limited to instances where access cannot be reasonably achieved from a Local Access Street.</p> <p>Development is designed and sited such that it does not restrict the ability of adjacent premises to achieve vehicular access to a Local Access Street.</p> <p>Where direct vehicular access to 'A' Street is required, because access is not possible from another street, the access to 'A' street is limited to left-in/left-out movements only and is temporary until the preferred access arrangement can be achieved.</p>
PO7	<p>Development contributes to the creation of a safe and convenient pedestrian and cycle movement network, including where identified on Figure 7.2.25F (Sippy Downs Town Centre Open Space, Pedestrian and Cycle Linkages).</p>	AO7	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO8	<p>Development provides pedestrian through block links which:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) are located: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) generally in accordance with Figure 7.2.25F (Sippy Downs Town Centre Open Space, Pedestrian and Cycle Linkages); and (ii) at other mid block locations to align with key activity nodes and the indicative pedestrian crossings of streets; (b) provide guaranteed 24 hour/7 days a week public access by means of a dedicated easement to <i>Council</i>; (c) are consistent with the preferred street layout; and (d) have a minimum width of 5 metres. 	AO8	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Note—the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre provides guidance in relation to the provision of pedestrian through block links.</p>
Parking			
PO9	<p>Development being a multi-level car parking structure:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) is sleeved behind the active street <i>frontage</i>; (b) does not have a direct street <i>frontage</i> other than to a Local 	AO9	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	Access Street; and (c) in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core), is located towards the periphery of the Sub-precinct generally in the locations identified in Figure 7.2.25C (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core Plan) .		
PO10	Development which is adjacent to the Sunshine Motorway ensures that any car parking area is not visible from the Sunshine Motorway.	AO10	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO11	Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct) and Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1c (Sippy Downs West Neighbourhood) provides for small scale landscaped car parking areas which are designed to minimise visual impacts.	AO11	No acceptable outcome provided.
Built Form			
PO12	Development takes on a perimeter block form to:- (a) maintain and define an active public realm; (b) maximise casual surveillance of streets; and (c) allow high densities to be achieved without high rise buildings.	AO12	No acceptable outcome provided. Note—the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre provides guidance in relation to 'Perimeter block' form. Note—for the purposes of development in the Sippy Downs Town Centre, the built form provisions, including <i>site cover</i> and <i>setback</i> provisions, of the Multi-unit residential uses code and Business uses and centre design code do not apply. To remove any doubt, built form for the Sippy Downs Town Centre is to be in accordance with the provisions specified in this code.
PO13	Development ensures that buildings (including balconies) maintain a maximum building depth of 25 metres from the property <i>frontage</i> unless:- (a) for a large floor plate use being a <i>supermarket</i> or a <i>discount department store</i> , which is unable to be located entirely within the perimeter development area; (b) for a multi-storey car parking station, which is to be located in accordance with performance outcome PO9; or (c) where a 'pedestrian through block link' is identified in conjunction with ' <i>secondary active street frontage</i> ' in Figure 7.2.25C (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core Plan) , development should address these links.	AO13	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO14	Development ensures that a building is located and designed to support the desired character of the Sippy Downs Town Centre to:- (a) capitalise on vistas and use built form elements to create an appropriate landmark to increase legibility within the Sippy Downs Town Centre; (b) respond to emerging architectural themes and ideas;	AO14	No acceptable outcome provided. Note—The Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre provides guidance in relation to achieving the desired architectural and landscape character of the Sippy Downs Town Centre and building massing and composition.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (c) reduce the reliance on non-renewable energy sources for heating and cooling systems in response to the local climate; (d) minimise excessive shade or sun exposure on public spaces; (e) deliver a high level of public and private amenity; (f) promote variety and visual interest within the <i>streetscape</i> and public realm; (g) provide a sense of enclosure to streets and public spaces; (h) provide for a seamless transition from external areas to internal areas; (i) ensure equitable access to attractive views and prevailing cooling breezes; and (j) avoid excessively wide and tall facades and inadequate spaces between buildings. 		
PO15	<p>The height of buildings complies with Figure 7.2.25E (Sippy Downs Town Centre Building Heights) such that:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) buildings fronting a Principal Street have:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) a maximum height of not more than 6 <i>storeys</i> and not more than 25 metres, other than where otherwise provided for in performance outcome PO52 below; and (ii) a minimum height of not less than:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (A) 1 <i>storey</i> where for the purposes of a <i>child care centre</i> located in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1c (Sippy Downs West Neighbourhood)); and (B) 2 <i>storeys</i> otherwise; and (b) buildings fronting a Local Access Street have:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) a maximum height of not more than 4 <i>storeys</i> and not more than 15 metres; and (ii) a minimum height of not less than 2 <i>storeys</i>. 	AO15	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO16	<p>Development provides for a variation in <i>building height</i> such that:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) development on a Principal Street provides for buildings taller than 4 <i>storeys</i> or 15 metres to be limited to the following locations:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the corner of two Principal Streets; (ii) premises where a separation of 30 metres is achieved to an existing or future 5 or 6 <i>storey</i> corner element; (iii) towards the <i>frontage</i> of 'A' Street and Sippy Downs Drive; and (iv) at a terminating vista; and (b) development on a Local Access 	AO16	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	Street provides for buildings taller than 2 <i>storeys</i> or 8.5 metres to be limited to corner locations.		
PO17	Development on a Principal Street limits the size of the building footprint above 4 <i>storeys</i> or 15 metres and provides separation between the built form elements to:- (a) reduce the wall effects of development and ensure that light and air can penetrate; (b) ensure that taller buildings act as 'pop up' elements above a lower 2 to 4 <i>storey</i> (15 metre) wall rather than as part of a taller wall; (c) create a varied skyline; (d) create vistas up and out of streets to the sky and landscape elements; (e) incorporate a variety of dwelling types; (f) ensure that privacy between <i>dwellings</i> is enhanced and that overlooking and overshadowing is minimised; and (g) provide greater variety to the <i>streetscape</i> .	AO17	No acceptable outcome provided. Note—the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre provides guidance in relation to achieving desired outcomes for the taller elements of buildings.
PO18	Development which is more than 4 <i>storeys</i> or 15 metres in height and situated on a corner ensures that the part of the building which is above 4 <i>storeys</i> or 15 metres:- (a) is limited to a maximum footprint of 450m ² ; and (b) has a minimum horizontal separation distance of 30 metres to other elements above 4 <i>storeys</i> or 15 metres.	AO18	No acceptable outcome provided. Note—the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre provides guidance in relation to achieving desired outcomes for the taller elements of buildings.
PO19	Development minimises gaps between buildings fronting streets and where a break or separation is provided between buildings for service access or other purposes, a minimum clear distance of 6 metres is provided between the buildings for the full height of the structure.	AO19	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO20	Development for a residential use exceeding 4 <i>storeys</i> or 15 metres in height that faces or backs onto another residential use provides a minimum separation distance of 18 metres between the balconies of the residential uses.	AO20	No acceptable outcome provided.
Landscape Buffer			
PO21	Development provides a <i>landscape buffer</i> in the form of a Forest Buffer to the Sunshine Motorway which:- (a) retains all existing <i>vegetation</i> within the <i>buffer area</i> ; (b) is of sufficient width to effectively screen development and provide a visual buffer to and from the Sunshine Motorway; (c) where on the southern side of the Sunshine Motorway, is transferred to the <i>Council</i> in freehold tenure;	AO21	Development provides a <i>landscape buffer</i> in the form of a Forest Buffer to the Sunshine Motorway which:- (a) has a minimum width of 20 metres measured from the Sunshine Motorway property boundary; (b) is provided in the location identified on Figure 7.2.25B (Sippy Downs Town Centre Master Plan) ; (c) where on the southern side of the Sunshine Motorway, is transferred to the <i>Council</i> in freehold tenure; and

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>(d) is located in accordance with Figure 7.2.25B (Sippy Downs Town Centre Master Plan);</p> <p>(e) provides a maintenance aisle adjacent to the <i>buffer</i> area capable of accommodating a small truck/ute and all services including sewer and stormwater treatment functions;</p> <p>(f) does not contain any type of above or below ground development or structure; and</p> <p>(g) where no <i>vegetation</i> exists, provides a densely vegetated area similar to Regional Ecosystems in the area.</p>		<p>(d) is designed in accordance with the standards specified in the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre.</p>
Landscaping and Environment			
PO22	Development provides for retained environmentally sensitive areas to be included in appropriately sized and located areas to ensure that protected or threatened communities or species can continue to grow and reproduce in the locality without being detrimentally impacted upon by adjacent land uses.	AO22	<p>Development ensures that retained environmentally sensitive areas are:-</p> <p>(a) included in corridors linking these areas to nearby bushland remnants;</p> <p>(b) protected by an adequate <i>buffer</i> to avoid degradation as a result of edge effects; and</p> <p>(c) protected from nearby development that may negatively impact on the ability of plants to continue to grow and reproduce.</p> <p>Note—Figure 7.2.25F (Sippy Downs Town Centre Open Space, Pedestrian and Cycle Linkages) identifies an Environmentally Sensitive Area (Frog breeding and forage habitat).</p>
PO23	<p>Development:-</p> <p>(a) retains existing significant <i>vegetation</i> in parks and reserves; and</p> <p>(b) wherever reasonably practicable, retains examples of healthy existing trees and incorporates them into the design of development.</p>	<p>AO23.1</p> <p>AO23.2</p>	<p>Development retains existing <i>vegetation</i>, in particular the understorey, in parks, drainage reserves, road reserves and on land with steep gradients.</p> <p>Development retains existing healthy trees on development lots where they are a minimum of 10 metres from a building and 5 metres from other development.</p> <p>Note—the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre provides guidance in relation to the retention of existing <i>vegetation</i> within the Sippy Downs Town Centre.</p>
PO24	<p>Development provides new planting which:-</p> <p>(a) enhances the sub-tropical image and character desired for the Sippy Downs Town Centre; and</p> <p>(b) includes mature trees which shade road and car parking areas.</p>	<p>AO24.1</p> <p>AO24.2</p>	<p>Development provides soft and hard landscaping on premises, including but not limited to:-</p> <p>(a) feature planting areas along primary <i>frontages</i>;</p> <p>(b) shade trees in car parking areas;</p> <p>(c) screening of buffer planting areas; and</p> <p>(d) planting integrated with building forms.</p> <p>Where feature plantings are used in landmark locations, the following species are used:-</p> <p>(a) <i>Archontophoenix cununinghamiana</i>; or</p> <p>(b) <i>Livistona australis</i>.</p>
PO25	Development provides on-site landscaping involving deep planting	AO25	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>which is free of <i>basement</i> car parking and is not less than:-</p> <p>(a) in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core) – 10% of the <i>site</i>; and</p> <p>(b) in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct) – 20% of the <i>site</i>.</p>		
PO26	<p>Development provides street trees which:-</p> <p>(a) are appropriate to the context and setting of the development;</p> <p>(b) provide continuity of species type along the full length of streets; and</p> <p>(c) have large shady canopies which shade footpath, road and car parking areas and provide traffic calming by overhanging streets.</p>	AO26	<p>Development provides street trees in accordance with the species types and applicable street cross section detail specified in the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre.</p>
PO27	<p>Development of premises with a <i>frontage</i> to:-</p> <p>(a) Sippy Downs Drive, Stringybark Road, University Way and 'A' Street, provides attractive tree-lined streets with lighting, planting and street furniture;</p> <p>(b) Local Access Streets incorporate lighting, landscaped verges and medians (where appropriate) and on-street car parking to provide flexibility for both commercial uses and residential uses; and</p> <p>(c) other new streets, provide avenue tree planting on their verges.</p>	AO27	<p>Development provides for street lighting, planting, verges and street furniture in accordance with the standards specified in the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre.</p>
PO28	<p>Development provides for footpaths which:-</p> <p>(a) differentiate with the road/street types where identified in Figure 7.2.25D (Sippy Downs Town Centre Road / Street Designations);</p> <p>(b) have a high level of presentation;</p> <p>(c) are consistent in patterning with adjoining properties;</p> <p>(d) in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core) and Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct), cater for high pedestrian usage and outdoor dining; and</p> <p>(e) in residential streets are concrete paved footpaths with turfed verges.</p>	AO28	<p>Development provides for footpaths in accordance with the standards specified in the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre.</p>
PO29	<p>Development provides street furniture which:-</p> <p>(a) is comfortable, functional, robust, attractive and safe to use;</p> <p>(b) does not require high levels of maintenance;</p> <p>(c) is in keeping with the landscape character of Sippy Downs and the Town Centre;</p> <p>(d) is appropriately placed; and</p> <p>(e) is of a character and design which fulfils the needs of the users.</p>	AO29	<p>Development provides for street furniture in accordance with the standards specified in the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre.</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
Integrated Water Management			
PO30	Development incorporates a range of Integrated Water Management initiatives to:- (a) achieve an integrated approach to water management; (b) provide more sustainable water supply <i>infrastructure</i> within the Town Centre; and (c) protect or enhance the environmental values and quality of receiving waters.	AO30	Development provides for water supply, wastewater and stormwater <i>infrastructure</i> in accordance with the standards specified in the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre .
Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core)			
Land Uses and Locations (Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core))			
PO31	Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core) provides for a wide range and a 'fine grain' mix of uses, with an emphasis on uses that are complementary to the University of the Sunshine Coast.	AO31	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO32	Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core) is generally in accordance with, and does not compromise the achievement of, the Town Centre layout identified on Figure 7.2.25C (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core Plan) such that:- (a) all retail premises being a <i>supermarket</i> or a <i>discount department store</i> are separated by a street; (b) no more than 2 <i>full line supermarkets</i> are provided; (c) no more than 2 small <i>supermarkets</i> are provided; (d) no more than 1 <i>discount department store</i> is provided; (e) vehicle <i>access</i> points to retail premises being a <i>supermarket</i> or a <i>discount department store</i> are located towards the periphery of the Sub-precinct; (f) large scale on-site car-parking areas and <i>access</i> to those areas is located at the periphery of the Sub-precinct; (g) rear service lanes are provided; (h) existing <i>vegetation</i> is preserved to provide a Landscape (Forest) Buffer to manage the visual appearance of development backing onto the Sunshine Motorway and protect the image of the Town Centre; (i) through block pedestrian links are provided to maximise pedestrian permeability in addition to the street-based pedestrian network; and (j) a minimum of 1,500m ² of land is transferred to the <i>Council</i> in freehold to provide for the establishment of a multi purpose, integrated community facility.	AO32	No acceptable outcome provided. Note—the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre provides guidance in relation to the Sippy Downs Town Centre Core Plan.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
PO33	<p>Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core) is arranged to maximise the vibrancy of public spaces and semi-public spaces by:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) arranging <i>active uses</i> to front public spaces and maximise pedestrian activity; (b) providing for the orientation and clustering of pedestrian intensive development towards Principal Streets; (c) ensuring a variety of compatible mixed uses are provided within each <i>site</i>; and (d) ensuring uses and spaces are safe, equitable and accessible. 	AO33	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO34	<p>Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core) for an accommodation building or <i>multiple dwelling</i>:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) is incorporated into a <i>mixed use development</i>; and (b) where in a location identified as requiring <i>primary active street frontage</i> on Figure 7.2.25C (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core Plan), ensures that all <i>dwellings</i> and <i>rooming units</i> are located above the ground storey. 	AO34	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO35	<p>Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core) for a large floor plate retail use including a <i>supermarket</i> or a <i>discount department store</i>:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) is located generally in accordance with an area identified as 'Large Floor Plate Retail' as shown on the Figure 7.2.25C (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core Plan); (b) is embedded within a block and is sleeved by finer grain <i>mixed use development</i> to maintain active pedestrian frontages to the streets; (c) ensures that 'A' Street is the primary retail location and pedestrian movement path by:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) maintaining close proximity to 'A' Street and locating the main pedestrian entrance as close to 'A' Street as possible; (ii) ensuring that pedestrian entrance points to each large floor plate store are accessed only from 'A' Street and lead only to one large floor plate use; (iii) ensuring that the street is the easiest way for people to move between large floor plate uses; (iv) ensuring that the large floor plate use is not oriented towards a car parking area; and (v) ensuring that pedestrian 	AO35	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Note—the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre provides guidance in relation to the location of large floor plate retail uses.</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	movements from car parking areas result in activity on 'A' Street.		
PO36	Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core) ensures that any entrance to a <i>supermarket, discount department store</i> or other large retail premises:- (a) does not visually dominate a public space; and (b) does not present large scale signage or excessive building openings to a public space.	AO36	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO37	Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core) for a use which generates high pedestrian activity, such as a large <i>shop</i> ('mini major'), <i>theatre</i> (being a cinema) or <i>hotel</i> , is strategically located to support street-based movement and other street-facing uses.	AO37	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO38	Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core) for a retail premises:- (a) is limited to locations fronting areas identified as a 'Main Street' as shown on the Figure 7.2.25C (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core Plan) ; and (b) has the street as its primary address.	AO38	No acceptable outcome provided
PO39	Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core) on premises with a <i>frontage</i> to a 'Main Street' where identified on Figure 7.2.25C (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core Plan) :- (a) provides a continuous pedestrian friendly facade and incorporates activities located at ground level to create a vibrant and active <i>streetscape</i> with high levels of casual surveillance; and (b) provides continuous weather protection for pedestrians.	AO39	Development of premises with a <i>frontage</i> to a 'Main Street' where identified on Figure 7.2.25C (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core Plan) ensures that the ground <i>storey</i> level of premises:- (a) provides a fine scale built form; (b) has building openings overlooking the street; (c) incorporate shopfronts, indoor/outdoor cafes and restaurants and other activities that are likely to foster casual, social and business interaction for extended periods; (d) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous awnings over footpath areas; (e) ensures that signage is integrated with the building; and (f) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent paving materials on footpaths in accordance with the standards specified in the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre.
PO40	Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core) for any business use does not provide for a <i>drive-through facility</i> .	AO40	No acceptable outcome provided.
Maximum Retail Floorspace (Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core))			
PO41	Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core) does not result in a concentration of retail uses in one part of the Sub-precinct but disperses retail uses across	AO41	No acceptable outcome provided. Note—the matters that <i>Council</i> may take into account in assessing and deciding a development application for retail uses in the Town Centre Core include, but may not

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	the Sub-precinct.		<p>necessarily be limited to, the following:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the maximum retail floor space that is realistically viable for the Town Centre Core in the medium and long term; (b) whether the proposal, if approved, would unreasonably limit the viable provision of retail uses in the remainder of the Town Centre Core in the medium or long term; (c) the extent to which the proposal satisfies other outcomes of this code and epitomises the 'vision' and 'planning intent' for Sippy Downs Town Centre; and (d) whether the proposal, if approved, is likely to compromise the <i>Sunshine Coast activity centre network</i> by having an adverse impact on the Maroochydore Principal Activity Centre or the major activity centres at Nambour and Kawana Waters. <p>Note—<i>Council</i> may require the preparation of an Economic Impact Assessment to determine:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) whether the scale and range of retail uses proposed is reasonable and appropriate, having regard to the matters detailed above; and (b) compliance with other outcomes of this code as relevant to the proposal. <p>Note—a development application that proposes a concentration of retail uses and/or a total <i>gross leasable floor area</i> for retail uses:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) that is considered to compromise the achievement of the 'vision' and 'planning intent' for Sippy Downs Town Centre; or (b) which results in an ultimate development outcome that is not generally in accordance with the Town Centre Layout identified on Figure 7.2.25C (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core Plan); <p>will not be supported.</p>
PO42	<p>Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core) does not result in any of the following:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the development of more than 1 <i>discount department store</i>; (b) the development of more than 2 <i>full line supermarkets</i>, with each having a <i>gross leasable floor area</i> not exceeding 4,300m²; (c) the development of more than 2 <i>small supermarkets</i>, with each having a <i>gross leasable floor area</i> not exceeding 1,500m²; (d) the total <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of any other <i>shop</i> exceeding 300m²; or (e) the development of a <i>showroom</i>. 	AO42	No acceptable outcome provided.
Residential Development (Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core))			
PO43	Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core) provides a minimum <i>residential density</i> of 50 <i>equivalent dwellings</i> per hectare.	AO43	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO44	Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core) ensures that:-	AO44	No acceptable outcome provided.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) residential development is provided in conjunction with the first non- 		

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>residential stages of development; or</p> <p>(b) where a staged approach to the provision of residential development is proposed:-</p> <p>(i) the early stages of non-residential development are designed and constructed in a manner which provides for or supports the future provision of residential development in accordance with the intent and outcomes for the town centre expressed in this code; and</p> <p>(ii) there is an agreement in place between the developer and the <i>Council</i> that guarantees the provision of residential development as part of the subsequent stages of development.</p>		
Setbacks (Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core))			
PO45	<p>Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core) provides for the following:-</p> <p>(a) a building fronting a Principal Street:-</p> <p>(i) is built to the road <i>frontage</i>;</p> <p>(ii) is massed horizontally rather than vertically;</p> <p>(iii) is stepped back no more than 4 metres above the fourth <i>storey</i>; and</p> <p>(iv) does not step back above the fourth <i>storey</i> where on a corner; and</p> <p>(b) a building fronting a Local Access Street:-</p> <p>(i) is <i>setback</i> no more than 3 metres at the ground <i>storey</i>; and</p> <p>(ii) is set back above the third <i>storey</i> to allow for balconies and roof form expression.</p>	AO45	No acceptable outcome provided.
Public Open Space (Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core))			
PO46	<p>Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core) provides a public space in the form of a central Town Square which:-</p> <p>(a) is transferred to the <i>Council</i> in freehold tenure;</p> <p>(b) is located generally in accordance with Figure 7.2.25F (Sippy Downs Town Centre Open Space, Pedestrian and Cycle Linkages);</p> <p>(c) has minimum dimensions of 40 metres by 40 metres;</p> <p>(d) has buildings with active <i>frontages</i> fronting the Town Square;</p> <p>(e) provides shade trees and public seating;</p> <p>(f) provides a minimum of 75% hard paved area;</p> <p>(g) provides for planting areas; and</p> <p>(h) provides integrated public art, a</p>	AO46	<p>Development provides a Town Square which:-</p> <p>(a) is located in accordance with the Figure 7.2.25F (Sippy Downs Town Centre Open Space, Pedestrian and Cycle Linkages); and</p> <p>(b) is designed in accordance with the standards specified in the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre.</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	water feature or the like.		
PO47	<p>Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core) provides <i>public open space</i> in the form of Mini Plazas which:-</p> <p>(a) are located generally in accordance with Figure 7.2.25F (Sippy Downs Town Centre Open Space, Pedestrian and Cycle Linkages);</p> <p>(b) have minimum dimensions of 9 metres by 9 metres;</p> <p>(c) provide shade trees and public seating;</p> <p>(d) contain planting to soften the built form edges where pedestrian access is not required;</p> <p>(e) do not operate for private use, such as footpath dining, unless the area for private use is provided in addition to the minimum dimensions; and</p> <p>(f) provide integrated public art, a water feature or the like.</p>	AO47	<p>Development provides Mini Plazas which:-</p> <p>(a) are located in accordance with Figure 7.2.25F (Sippy Downs Town Centre Open Space, Pedestrian and Cycle Linkages); and</p> <p>(b) are designed in accordance with the standards specified in the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre.</p>
Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct)			
Land Uses and Locations (Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct))			
PO48	<p>Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct):-</p> <p>(a) supports the creation of a 'knowledge-based' employment precinct that has a strong nexus with the University of the Sunshine Coast and provides opportunities to incubate and grow businesses;</p> <p>(b) comprises a range of commercial, educational, research and technology, medical, institutional, governmental, and some residential activities that support and complement the Sippy Downs Town Centre Core (Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a) and the University of the Sunshine Coast; and</p> <p>(c) provides for retail uses to be limited and located only in the local centre.</p>	AO48	No acceptable outcome provided
PO49	<p>Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct) provides a local centre which:-</p> <p>(a) functions as a local (not full service) activity centre providing basic convenience goods and services to employees and residents of the immediate area;</p> <p>(b) is located on the southern side of the 'Main Street' designation where identified on Figure 7.2.25B (Sippy Downs Town Centre Master Plan) fronting the Town Plaza; and</p> <p>(c) does not exceed a total <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of 500m² for all retail and catering uses; and</p> <p>(d) comprises one or more of the following:-</p> <p>(i) <i>shop</i> (having a <i>gross</i></p>	AO49	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p><i>leasable floor area</i> not exceeding 100m²); and</p> <p>(ii) <i>food and drink outlet</i>.</p>		
PO50	<p>Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct) for an industrial activity being <i>research and technology industry</i>:-</p> <p>(a) is primarily focused on research and design and involves no, or only a limited component of, manufacturing, assembly, testing, maintenance and/or storage of machinery, equipment and components;</p> <p>(b) is compatible with the mixed use nature of the Sub-precinct and is designed, located and operated in a manner which preserves the amenity of adjoining and nearby non-industrial uses; and</p> <p>(c) is in a building which complies with the built form requirements for the Sippy Downs Town Centre as outlined in performance outcomes PO12-PO20 above.</p>	AO50	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO51	<p>Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct) for a large scale health facility, such as a <i>hospital</i> or medical centre:-</p> <p>(a) is located in a form that is compatible with the Sippy Downs Town Centre and Surrounds street network as identified in Figure 7.2.25D (Sippy Downs Town Centre Road/Street Designations); and</p> <p>(b) positively defines and activates streets and public places by ensuring that:-</p> <p>(i) the buildings face the streets and that <i>ancillary</i> activities, such as pharmacies and clinics, are provided along street <i>frontages</i>;</p> <p>(ii) the entrance fronts onto a Principal Street and a public space;</p> <p>(iii) there is a connection to the campus of the University of the Sunshine Coast and 'A' Street; and</p> <p>(iv) multi-deck car parking is sleeved behind street facing uses.</p>	AO51	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO52	<p>Development on that part of Lot 1 SP211690 (142 – 162 Sippy Downs Drive) located south east of 'B' Street:-</p> <p>(a) may provide for a maximum <i>building height</i> of 8 <i>storeys</i> and not more than 30 metres where for the purposes of a large scale health and educational facility; and</p> <p>(b) demonstrates compliance with the provisions of this code relevant to</p>	AO52	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>the site, including but not limited to ensuring that the following <i>infrastructure</i> elements are provided:-</p> <p>(i) Principal and Local Access Streets as indicated on Figure 7.2.25D (Sippy Downs Town Centre Road/Street Designations) and further described in performance outcome PO4 of this table; and</p> <p>(ii) a <i>public open space</i> in the form of a Town Plaza as indicated on Figure 7.2.25F (Sippy Downs Town Centre Open Space, Pedestrian and Cycle Linkages) and further described in performance outcome PO56 of this table.</p>		
PO53	<i>Mixed use development</i> in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct) provides for residential dwellings to be located above the ground <i>storey</i> where fronting a Principal Street.	AO53	No acceptable outcome provided.
Maximum Retail Floorspace (Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct))			
PO54	Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct) does not result in the total <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of all proposed, existing and approved retail premises in the Sub-precinct exceeding 500m ² in order to protect the role and function of the town centre core.	AO54	No acceptable outcome provided.
Setbacks (Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct))			
PO55	<p>Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct) provides for the following:-</p> <p>(a) a building fronting a Principal Street:-</p> <p>(i) is built to the road <i>frontage</i>;</p> <p>(ii) is massed horizontally rather than vertically;</p> <p>(iii) is stepped back no more than 4 metres above the fourth <i>storey</i>; and</p> <p>(iv) does not step back above the fourth <i>storey</i> where on a corner; and</p> <p>(b) a building fronting a Local Access Street:-</p> <p>(i) is <i>setback</i> no more than 3 metres at the ground <i>storey</i>; and</p> <p>(ii) is set back above the third <i>storey</i> to allow for balconies and roof form expression.</p>	AO55	No acceptable outcome provided.
Public Open Space (Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct))			
PO56	Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct) provides a	AO56	Development provides a Town Plaza which:-
			(a) is located in accordance with the

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p><i>public open space</i> in the form of a Town Plaza which:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) is transferred to the <i>Council</i> in freehold tenure; (b) is located in accordance with Figure 7.2.25F (Sippy Downs Town Centre Open Space, Pedestrian and Cycle Linkages); (c) has minimum dimensions of 80 metres by 35 metres; (d) provides shade trees and public seating; (e) provides a mix of paved, grassed and landscaped areas; (f) is designed to provide opportunities for a kiosk or small scale cafe with outdoor dining; and (g) provides public toilets, integrated public art, a water feature or the like. 		<p>Figure 7.2.25F (Sippy Downs Town Centre Open Space, Pedestrian and Cycle Linkages); and</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (b) is designed in accordance with the standards specified in the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre.
PO57	<p>Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct) provides <i>public open space</i> in the form of Mini Plazas which:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) are located generally in accordance with Figure 7.2.25F (Sippy Downs Town Centre Open Space, Pedestrian and Cycle Linkages); (b) have minimum dimensions of 9 metres by 9 metres; (c) provide shade trees and public seating; (d) contain planting to soften the built form edges where pedestrian access is not required; (e) do not operate for private use, such as footpath dining, unless the area for private use is provided in addition to the minimum dimensions; and (f) provide integrated public art, a water feature or the like. 	AO57	<p>Development provides Mini Plazas which:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) are located in accordance with Figure 7.2.25F (Sippy Downs Town Centre Open Space, Pedestrian and Cycle Linkages); and (b) are designed in accordance with the standards specified in the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre.
Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1c (Sippy Downs West Neighbourhood)			
Land Uses and Locations (Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1c (Sippy Downs West Neighbourhood))			
PO58	<p>Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1c (Sippy Downs West Neighbourhood) provides for a high quality, walkable residential neighbourhood comprising a range of high density housing types supported by limited community activities, being a <i>child care centre</i>, a <i>corner store</i>, and a limited number of <i>food and drink outlets</i> in the form of small scale boutique restaurants/cafes.</p>	AO58	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO59	<p>Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1c (Sippy Downs West Neighbourhood) for a <i>corner store</i>:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) serves the local residents of the Sub-precinct; and (b) is located centrally within the Sub-precinct on premises which is situated on the southern side of 'A' Street, on either corner of the 	AO59	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	intersection of 'A' and 'V' Streets.		
PO60	Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1c (Sippy Downs West Neighbourhood) for a <i>food and drink outlet</i> :- (a) is of a small scale boutique nature; (b) is not a <i>high volume convenience restaurant</i> ; (c) provides outdoor dining; (d) does not result in the total <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of all <i>food and drink outlets</i> in the Sub-precinct exceeding 100m ² ; (e) does not exceed 50m ² ; and (f) is located centrally within the Sub-Precinct on the southern side of 'A' Street on either corner of the intersection of 'A' and 'V' Streets.	AO60	No acceptable outcome provided.
Setbacks (Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1c (Sippy Downs West Neighbourhood))			
PO61	Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1c (Sippy Downs West Neighbourhood) provides for the following:- (a) a building fronting a Principal Street:- (i) is <i>setback</i> no more than 3 metres from the property <i>frontage</i> at the ground <i>storey</i> ; (ii) is massed horizontally rather than vertically; (iii) is stepped back no more than 5 metres above the fourth <i>storey</i> to allow for balconies and roof form expression; and (iv) does not step back above the fourth <i>storey</i> where on a corner; and (b) a building fronting a Local Access Street:- (i) is <i>setback</i> no more than 5 metres at the ground <i>storey</i> ; and (ii) is set back above the third <i>storey</i> to allow for balconies and roof form expression.	AO61	No acceptable outcome provided.
Minimum Residential Density (Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1c (Sippy Downs West Neighbourhood))			
PO62	Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1c (Sippy Downs West Neighbourhood) provides a minimum <i>residential density</i> of 50 <i>equivalent dwellings</i> per hectare.	AO62	No acceptable outcome provided.
Public Open Space (Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1c (Sippy Downs West Neighbourhood))			
PO63	Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1c (Sippy Downs West Neighbourhood) provides <i>public open space</i> in the form of a Forest Park which:- (a) is transferred to <i>Council</i> in freehold tenure; (b) is located generally in accordance with Figure 7.2.25F (Sippy Downs Town Centre Open Space, Pedestrian and Cycle Linkages) ; (c) primarily provides for the retention	AO63	Development provides the Forest Park West which:- (a) is located in accordance with Figure 7.2.25F (Sippy Downs Town Centre Open Space, Pedestrian and Cycle Linkages) ; and (b) is designed in accordance with the standards specified in the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre .

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	<p>of remnant <i>vegetation</i> of ecological value;</p> <p>(d) is a minimum of 2 hectares in area;</p> <p>(e) has a combination of established trees and understorey (70%), established trees and lawn (15%) and open lawn areas (15%);</p> <p>(f) provides a variety of formal and informal pathways to provide pedestrian and cycle access and circulation through the <i>park</i>; and</p> <p>(g) provides facilities including public toilets, picnic shelters, BBQ's, seating areas, signage, walking tracks, kick-a-ball field and play space located near the southern boundary and entrance to the <i>park</i> at the intersection with 'V' Street.</p>		
PO64	<p>Development in Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1c (Sippy Downs West Neighbourhood) provides <i>public open space</i> in the form of a Neighbourhood Park which:-</p> <p>(a) is transferred to the <i>Council</i> in freehold tenure;</p> <p>(b) is located generally in accordance with Figure 7.2.25F (Sippy Downs Town Centre Open Space, Pedestrian and Cycle Linkages);</p> <p>(c) is a minimum of 600m² in area;</p> <p>(d) has a minimum street <i>frontage</i> of 20 metres and a minimum depth of 15 metres; and</p> <p>(e) is located so as to terminate the vista from 'X' Street.</p>	AO64	<p>Development provides a Neighbourhood Park which:-</p> <p>(a) is located in accordance with the Figure 7.2.25F (Sippy Downs Town Centre Open Space, Pedestrian and Cycle Linkages); and</p> <p>(b) is designed in accordance with the standards specified in the Planning scheme policy for Sippy Downs Town Centre.</p>

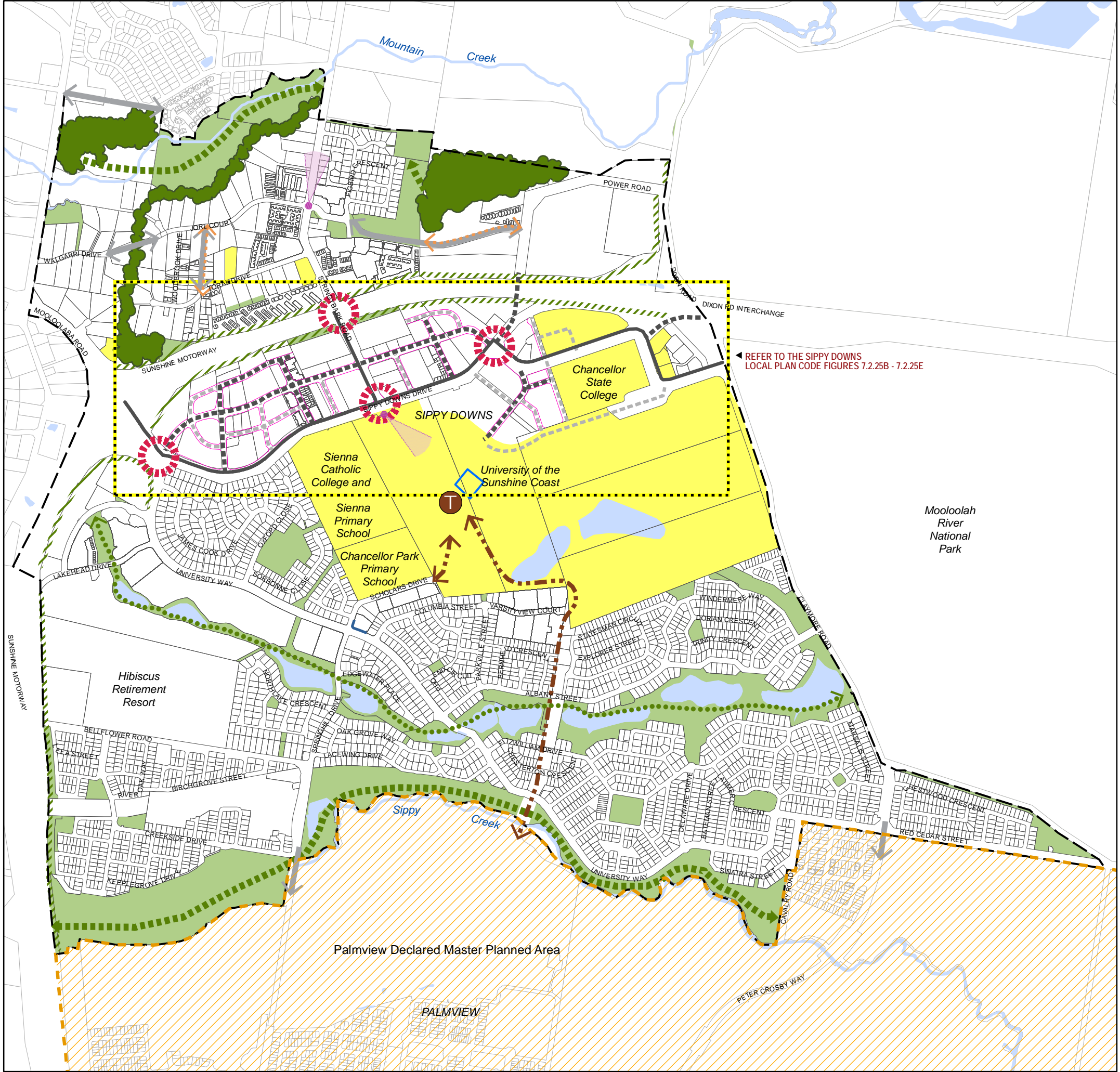
Table 7.2.25.4.3 Sippy Downs local plan supplementary table of consistent uses and potentially consistent uses in the Major centre zone

Note—this table overrides the consistent and potentially consistent uses specified in the zone codes in **Part 6 (Zones)** for the precincts and sub-precincts specified.

Column 1 Consistent uses	Column 2 Potentially consistent uses
Major Centre Zone (Precinct SID LPP-1 – Sippy Downs Town Centre) – Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1a (Sippy Downs Town Centre Core)	
Residential activities	
<p>(a) <i>Caretaker's accommodation</i></p> <p>(b) <i>Community residence</i></p> <p>(c) <i>Multiple dwelling</i></p> <p>(d) <i>Residential care facility</i></p> <p>(e) <i>Retirement facility</i></p> <p>(f) <i>Rooming accommodation</i></p> <p>(g) <i>Short-term accommodation</i></p>	None
Business activities	
<p>(d) <i>Adult store</i> (where not located in an <i>adult store sensitive use area</i> and forming part of a <i>mixed use development</i>)</p> <p>(e) <i>Agricultural supplies store</i> (where forming part of a <i>mixed use development</i>)</p> <p>(f) <i>Bar</i> (where forming part of a <i>mixed use development</i>)</p> <p>(g) <i>Food and drink outlet</i> (where forming part of a <i>mixed use development</i> and not involving a <i>drive-through facility</i>)</p> <p>(h) <i>Function facility</i> (where forming part of a <i>mixed use development</i>)</p> <p>(i) <i>Funeral parlour</i> (where forming part of a <i>mixed use development</i>)</p>	<i>Nightclub entertainment facility</i>

Column 1 Consistent uses	Column 2 Potentially consistent uses
(j) <i>Garden centre</i> (where not exceeding a <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of 200m ² and forming part of a <i>mixed use development</i>) (k) <i>Health care services</i> (where forming part of a <i>mixed use development</i>) (l) <i>Home based business</i> (where other than a <i>high impact home based business activity</i>) (m) <i>Hotel</i> (where forming part of a <i>mixed use development</i>) (n) <i>Office</i> (where forming part of a <i>mixed use development</i>) (o) <i>Shop</i> (where forming part of a <i>mixed use development</i>) (p) <i>Shopping centre</i> (where forming part of a <i>mixed use development</i>) (q) <i>Theatre</i> (where forming part of a <i>mixed use development</i>) (r) <i>Veterinary services</i> (where forming part of a <i>mixed use development</i>)	
Industrial activities	
Service industry	(a) <i>Low impact industry</i> (b) <i>Research and technology industry</i>
Community activities	
(a) <i>Child care centre</i> (b) <i>Community care centre</i> (c) <i>Community use</i> (d) <i>Educational establishment</i> (e) <i>Emergency services</i> (f) <i>Hospital</i> (g) <i>Place of worship</i>	None
Sport and recreation activities	
(a) <i>Club</i> (b) <i>Indoor sport and recreation</i> (c) <i>Major sport, recreation and entertainment facility</i> (where for a convention and exhibition centre or entertainment centre located on <i>Council</i> owned or controlled land) (d) <i>Park</i>	None
Other activities	
(a) <i>Parking station</i> (where forming part of a <i>mixed use development</i>) (b) <i>Telecommunications facility</i> (where other than a freestanding tower) (c) <i>Utility installation</i> (where a <i>local utility</i>)	None
Major Centre Zone (Precinct SID LPP-1 – Sippy Downs Town Centre) – Sub-precinct SID LPSP-1b (Sippy Downs Business and Technology Sub-precinct)	
Residential activities	
(a) <i>Caretaker's accommodation</i> (b) <i>Community residence</i> (c) <i>Dwelling unit</i> (d) <i>Multiple dwelling</i> (e) <i>Residential care facility</i> (f) <i>Retirement facility</i> (g) <i>Rooming accommodation</i> (h) <i>Short-term accommodation</i>	None
Business activities	
(a) <i>Bar</i> (b) <i>Food and drink outlet</i> (c) <i>Function facility</i> (d) <i>Funeral parlour</i> (e) <i>Health care services</i> (f) <i>Home based business</i> (where other than a <i>high impact home based business activity</i>) (g) <i>Hotel</i> (h) <i>Market</i> (i) <i>Office</i> (j) <i>Sales office</i> (k) <i>Shop</i> (where not exceeding a <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of 100m ²) (l) <i>Shopping centre</i> (where any retail/catering uses do not exceed a total <i>gross leasable floor area</i> of 500m ² and any <i>shop</i> tenancy does not exceed a	<i>Nightclub entertainment facility</i>

Column 1 Consistent uses	Column 2 Potentially consistent uses
gross leasable floor area of 100m ² (m) Theatre (where not for a cinema) (n) Veterinary services	
Industrial activities	
(a) Research and technology industry (b) Service industry	Low impact industry
Community activities	
(a) Child care centre (b) Community care centre (c) Community use (d) Educational establishment (e) Emergency services (f) Hospital (g) Place of worship	None
Sport and recreation activities	
(a) Indoor sport and recreation (where not involving an activity that requires a liquor licence or gaming license) (b) Park	None
Other activities	
(a) Parking station (b) Telecommunications facility (where other than a freestanding tower) (c) Utility installation (where a local utility)	None



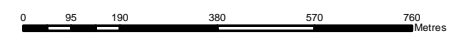
REFER TO THE SIPPY DOWNS LOCAL PLAN CODE FIGURES 7.2.25B - 7.2.25E

Mooloolah River National Park

Palmview Declared Master Planned Area

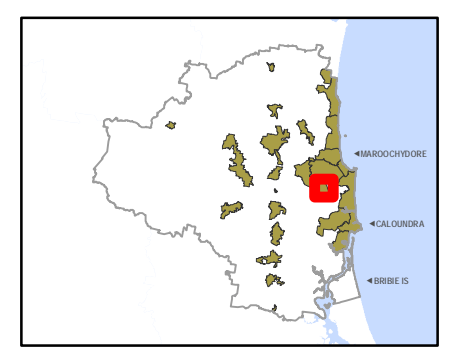
LEGEND

- Local Plan Area Boundary
- Waterway^{Note 1}
- Primary Active Street Frontage
- Local Ecological Linkage
- Greenspace^{Note 1}
- Community Activity/Facility^{Note 1}
- Greenspace Link
- Character Vegetation
- Landscape Buffer
- Heritage Place^{Note 2}
- Gateway/Entry Point
- Significant View
- Dedicated Public Transport Corridor
- Through Block Pedestrian/Cycle Linkage
- Transit Hub
- Indicative Road Linkage/Access Point
- Existing Principal Street (Sippy Downs Town Centre)
- Future Principal Street (Sippy Downs Town Centre)
- Future Local Access Street (Sippy Downs Town Centre)
- Declared Master Planned Area (see Part 10 - Other Plans)



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Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
 Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).

Figure 7.2.25A (Sippy Downs Local Plan Elements)

Figure 7.2.25B Sippy Downs Town Centre Master Plan

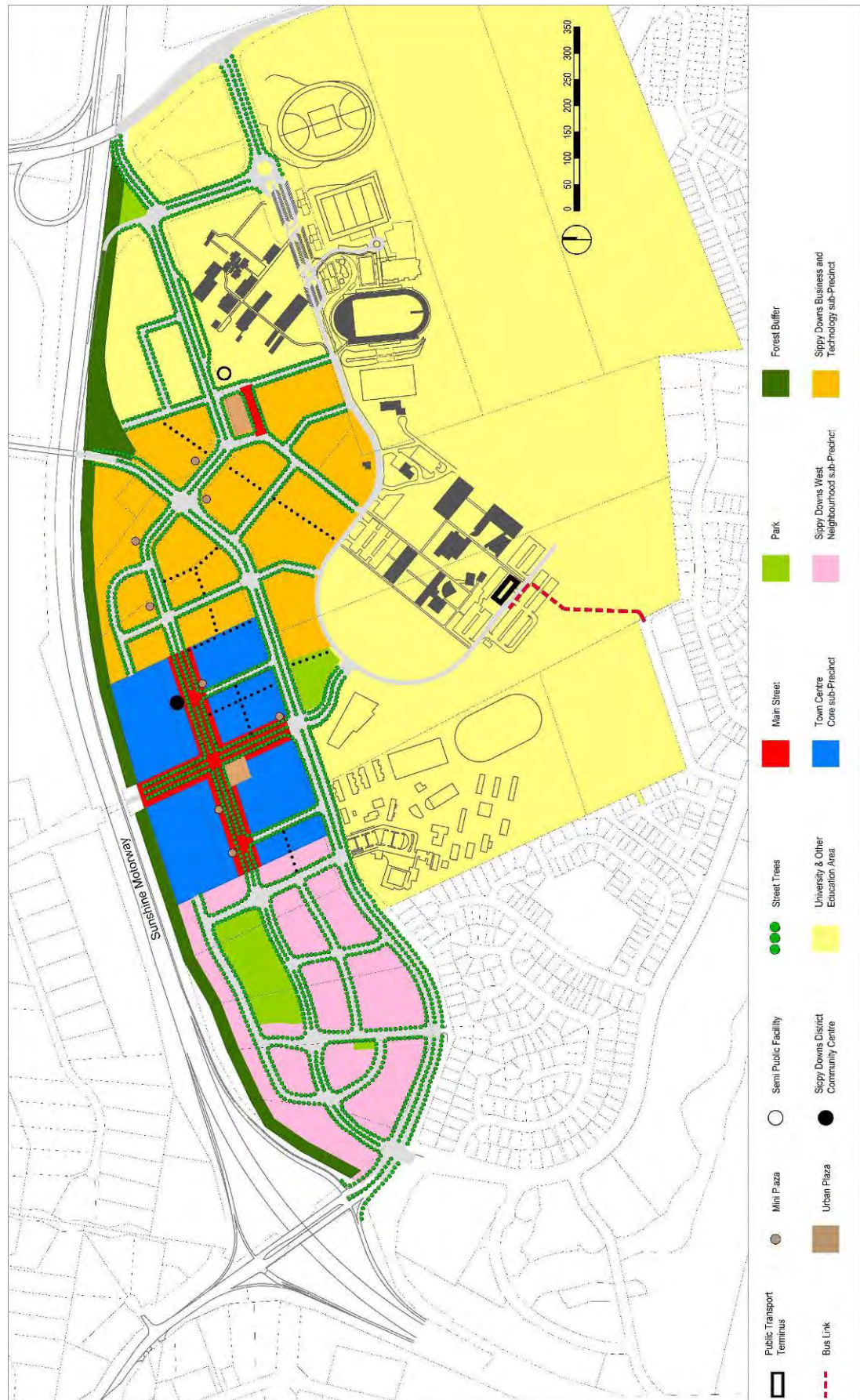


Figure 7.2.25C Sippy Downs Town Centre Core Plan

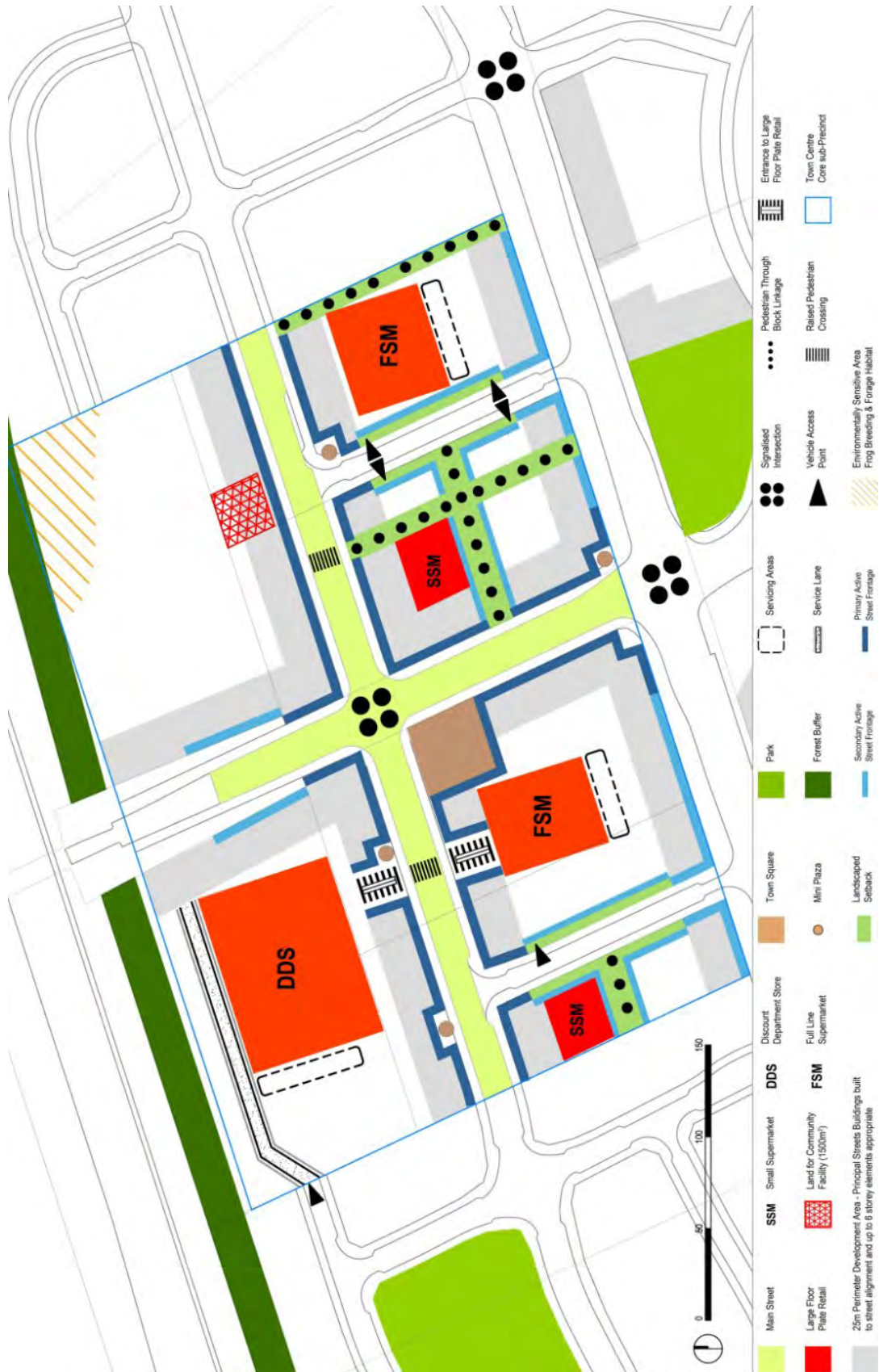


Figure 7.2.25D Sippy Downs Town Centre Road / Street Designations

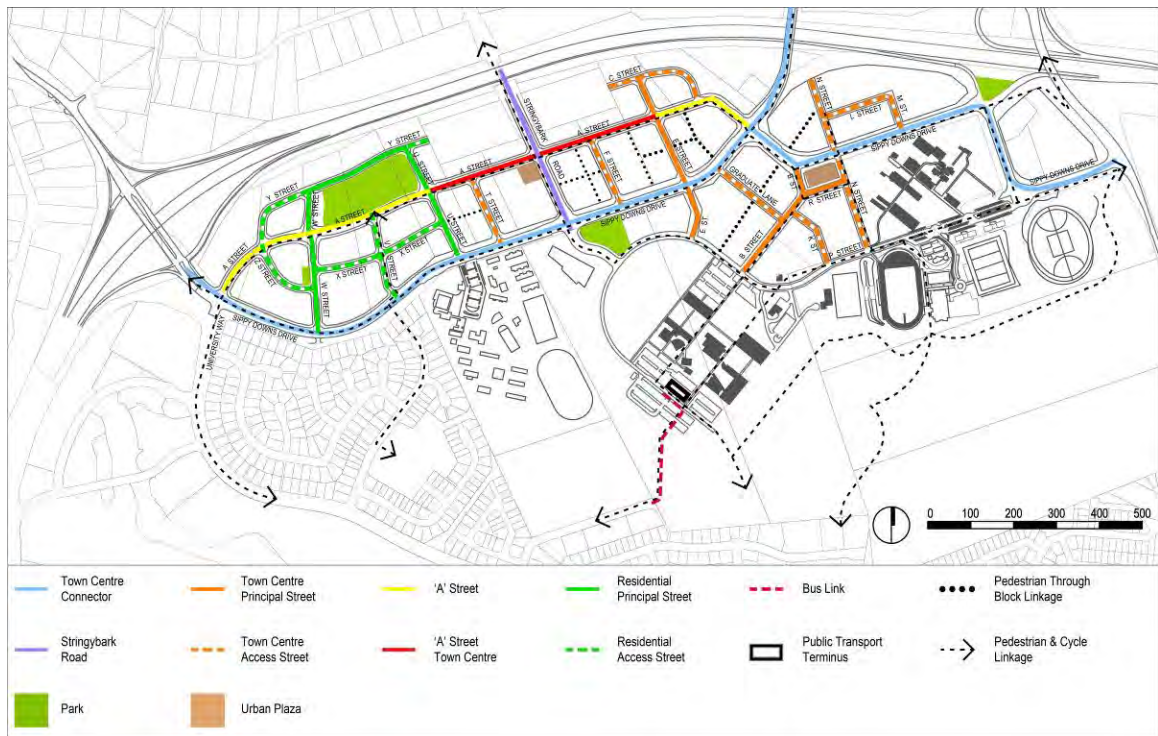


Figure 7.2.25E Sippy Downs Town Centre Building Heights

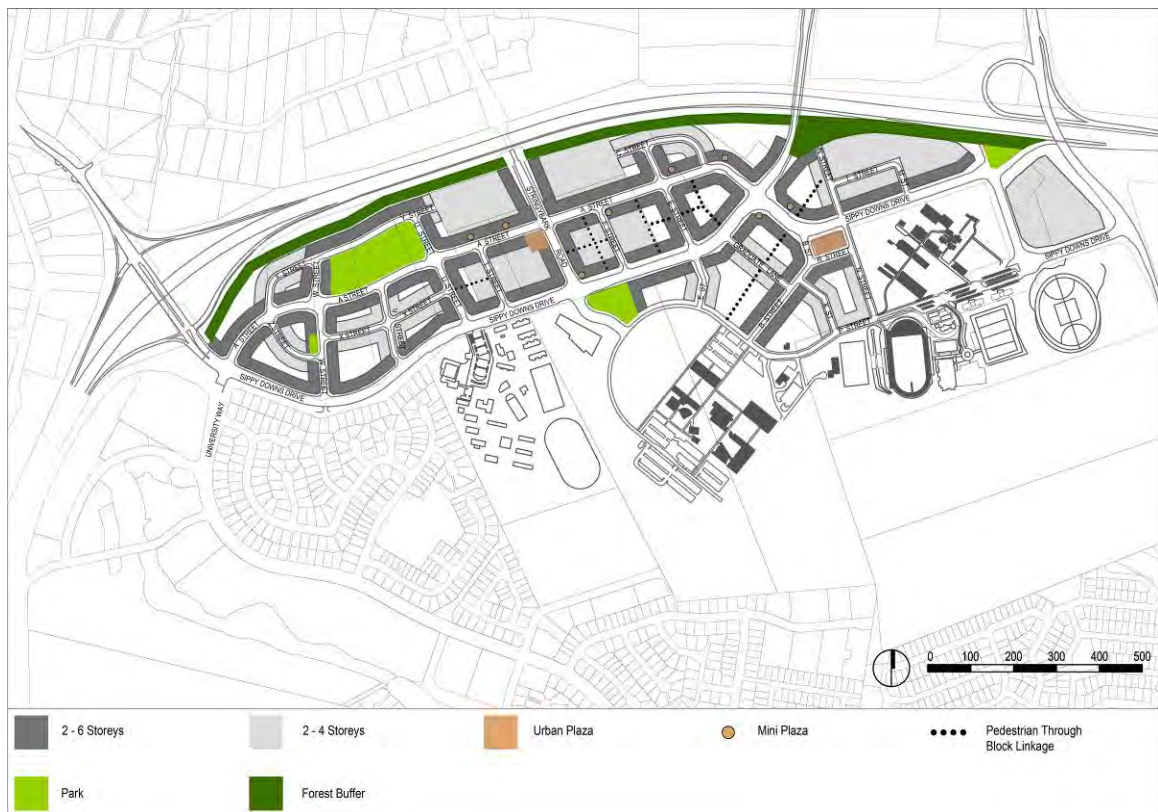


Figure 7.2.25F Sippy Downs Town Centre Open Space, Pedestrian and Cycle Linkages



7.2.26 Woombye local plan code

7.2.26.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) within the Woombye local plan area as shown on Map ZM27 contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Woombye local plan code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) The following provisions of the code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development:-
 - (a) **section 7.2.26.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)**;
 - (b) **Table 7.2.26.4.1 (Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development)**; and
 - (c) **Figure 7.2.26A (Woombye local plan elements)**.

7.2.26.2 Context and setting

This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Woombye local plan code.

The Woombye local plan area is located in the central hinterland of the Sunshine Coast immediately to the south of Nambour. Situated between the North Coast Rail Line and Nambour Connection Road, the local plan area includes Woombye's business centre and adjacent residential areas. The local plan area has a land area of approximately 230 hectares.

The local plan area is characterised by variable topography with the established urban areas in the north comprising gently undulating land and the developing southern area generally comprising steeper slopes, particularly adjacent to Pine Grove Road and Woombye-Palmwoods Road. Parts of the local plan area are subject to periodic flooding from Paynter Creek which is located immediately to the west and traverses the local plan area north of the town centre.

Woombye is a small, attractive rural town providing a range of business, community, social, and recreational facilities to service the local needs of its resident population as well as the needs of immediately surrounding rural and rural residential communities. Residential areas are characterised by dwelling houses on relatively large suburban lots.

Heritage buildings and places, primarily focused in Blackall Street, contribute to the character and historical values of the town. Set within a picturesque rural landscape, Woombye has a separate and distinct identity from nearby settlements, including Nambour.

The North Coast Rail Line, which forms the western boundary of the local plan area, is proposed to be realigned and duplicated. The planned upgrade includes provision for station improvements and a new road overpass extending from Blackall Street to Back Woombye Road. The preferred future use of surplus rail land arising from the proposed upgrade of the rail line will also be an important consideration.

Woombye's role as a public transport node will be improved by the planned rail line upgrade and new transit hub. The major vehicle access into Woombye is via Blackall Street from Nambour Connection Road in the east. Taintons Road provides access to the southern part of the local plan area via Woombye-Palmwoods Road.

Urban zoned land within the local plan area is connected, or has the ability to be connected, to reticulated water and sewerage.

7.2.26.3 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Woombye local plan code is to provide locally relevant planning provisions for the assessment of development within the Woombye local plan area.

- (2) The purpose of the Woombye local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
- (a) Woombye remains a small rural town, primarily servicing the local needs of its resident population and immediately surrounding rural communities.
 - (b) Urban development within the Woombye local plan area is limited to land within the urban growth management boundary so as to protect and reinforce the separate identity of Woombye, provide for the efficient provision of *infrastructure* and services, avoid constrained land and protect the landscape character and productivity of surrounding rural lands.
 - (c) Development retains important built form, *streetscape*, landscape character and natural environment elements that contribute to the character, setting, and identity of Woombye as a rural town with a strong sense of place and associations with the past.
 - (d) Development in the local plan area protects and retains the *character area* in Woombye (Blackall Street) and buildings identified as having cultural heritage or *streetscape* significance as important elements of local character and identity.
 - (e) Development in the Local centre zone supports the role and function of the Woombye Town Centre as a local (full service) activity centre, providing a wide range of small-scale convenience goods and services to meet the needs of its resident population and immediately surrounding rural communities. The town centre remains compact and consolidated, with any further expansion of business uses contained to land included in the Local centre zone.
 - (f) The “country town” feel, traditional main street built form and heritage and *streetscape* character of Woombye’s Town Centre is retained and reinforced, with Blackall Street enhanced as a wide, attractive and pedestrian friendly main street. Development along Blackall Street addresses the street, complements the traditional *streetscape* and building form, and retains the mature street trees.
 - (g) Development in the Low density residential zone protects and is sympathetic to the traditional rural town character and identity of Woombye, typified by low-rise detached housing in generous landscaped grounds. Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone incorporates road and lot layouts which sensitively respond to site characteristics and are consistent with the established subdivision pattern of the town, characterised by regular shaped lots, grid or modified grid layout, open *streetscape* and mature street trees. Development in the zone provides an interconnected and permeable network of roads, pedestrian and cycle paths and open space and buffering to surrounding rural lands.
 - (h) Development in the Medium density residential zone is sympathetic to the traditional rural town character and heritage values of Woombye and is of a bulk and architectural scale that does not dominate the *streetscape* and is compatible with surrounding development.
 - (i) Development is designed and sited to protect significant environmental and riparian areas and to sensitively respond to the physical characteristics and constraints of land in the local plan area, including steeper slopes and remnant *vegetation* and other *ecologically important areas*.
 - (j) Development in the local plan area is supported by a network of open space to meet the needs of the local community, and facilitates safe and convenient pedestrian and cycle connections to, between and around key destinations within the local plan area.
 - (k) Development does not compromise or adversely impact upon the planned realignment and duplication of the North Coast Rail Line and the possible future provision of a grade separated crossing within the local plan area.
 - (l) In the event that the North Coast Rail Line is re-aligned within the life of the planning scheme, the pattern of land use and the provision of transport and other *infrastructure* in the Woombye local plan area is adapted to appropriately utilise surplus railway land, so as to consolidate and provide for improvements to Woombye’s town centre, particularly in terms of the provision of community facilities and *public open space*.

7.2.26.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

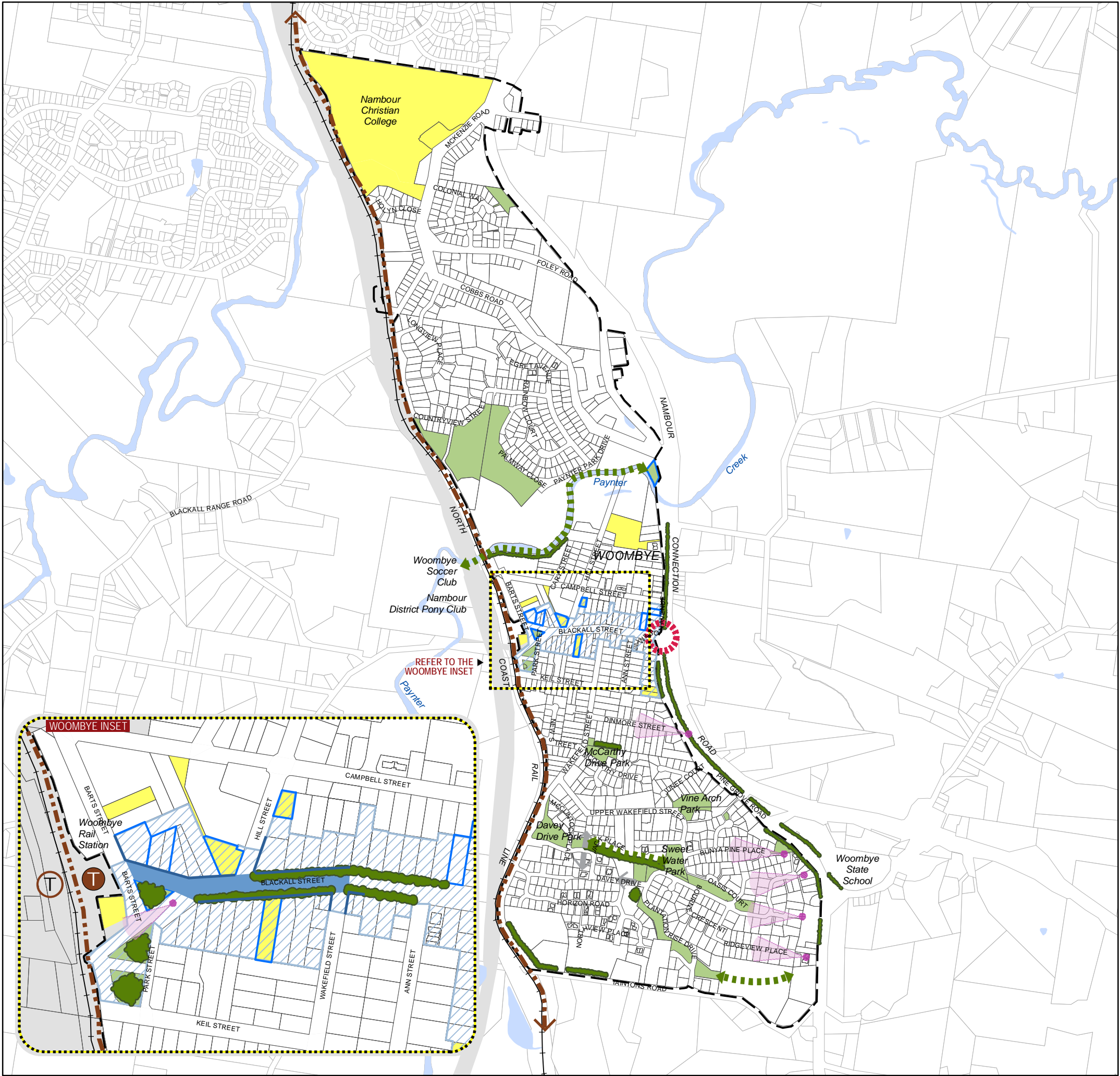
Table 7.2.26.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Woombye Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that is consistent with and reflects the traditional <i>streetscape</i> and architectural character of Woombye in terms of scale, siting, form, composition and use of materials.	AO1.1	Development provides for the retention and/or adaptive re-use, with limited modification, of buildings which have cultural heritage or, character significance. Editor's note— Section 8.2.9 (Heritage and character areas overlay code) sets out requirements for development on or in proximity to <i>local heritage places</i> and in <i>character areas</i> .
		AO1.2	Buildings and structures incorporate traditional external building materials, such as timber cladding and corrugated iron roofs.
		AO1.3	For residential, business and community activities, roof forms are simple, traditional Queensland-style roof designs including gable, hip, pitched or multiple gable roof forms.
PO2	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of key landscape elements including historical landmarks, significant views and vistas, existing character trees and areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the character, setting and sense of place of Woombye.	AO2.1	Development provides for the retention of old stone retaining walls, historical landmarks, memorials and monuments.
		AO2.2	Development protects and emphasises, and does not intrude upon, important view lines to the Blackall Range and other views to surrounding rural and natural areas identified on Figure 7.2.26A (Woombye local plan elements) .
		AO2.3	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature trees and character <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the vegetated backdrop and <i>streetscape</i> character of the local plan area, including where identified on Figure 7.2.26A (Woombye local plan elements) . Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.
PO3	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> and gateways to enhance the rural town character of, and sense of entry and arrival to, Woombye.	AO3.1	Development adjacent to a primary streetscape treatment area or identified gateway/entry point on Figure 7.2.26A (Woombye local plan elements) incorporates architectural and landscape treatments and other design elements which enhance the sense of entry and arrival to, and rural town character of, Woombye, and emphasise corner locations.
		AO3.2	Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>and landscape design.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes.</p> <p>Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.</p> <p>Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required</p>
PO4	<p>Development does not compromise the provision and operation of <i>transport networks</i>, including:-</p> <p>(a) the proposed realignment and duplication of the North Coast Rail Line; and</p> <p>(b) the potential future grade separated rail line crossing in the vicinity of Woombye CWA Park.</p>	AO4	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO5	<p>Surplus rail land that may arise from the proposed realignment of the North Coast Rail Line provides for improvements to Woombye's Town Centre, particularly in terms of the provision of community facilities and urban open space.</p>	AO5	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO6	<p>Development on land with frontage to Paynter Creek, or on land otherwise identified as a local ecological linkage on Figure 7.2.26A (Woombye local plan elements), facilitates the provision of the local ecological linkage.</p>	AO6	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Editor's note—Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity, waterways and wetlands overlay code) sets out requirements for the provision of ecological linkages.</p>
PO7	<p>Development for a <i>food and drink outlet</i> does not:-</p> <p>(a) provide for the establishment of a <i>high volume convenience restaurant</i>; or</p> <p>(b) incorporate a drive-through facility.</p>	AO7	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Local Centre Zone			
PO8	<p>Development in the Local centre zone provides for small scale uses and mixed uses that:-</p> <p>(a) support the role and function of Woombye Town Centre as a local (full service) activity centre; and</p> <p>(b) provide a wide range of goods and services to meet the convenience needs of Woombye's resident population and immediately surrounding rural community.</p>	AO8	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO9	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> <p>(a) is sympathetic to the rural town character and heritage values of Woombye;</p> <p>(b) complements the traditional built form and <i>streetscape</i>;</p> <p>(c) addresses the street;</p> <p>(d) creates vibrant and active streets and public spaces;</p> <p>(e) provides continuous weather protection for pedestrians; and</p> <p>(f) provides integrated and functional parking and access arrangements</p>	AO9	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> <p>(a) provides for Blackall Street to be maintained as a wide, attractive and pedestrian friendly main street;</p> <p>(b) provides for <i>primary active street frontages</i>, built to the front boundary, where identified on Figure 7.2.26A (Woombye local plan elements);</p> <p>(c) maintains the appearance of fine-grained shopfronts addressing the street;</p> <p>(d) respects the layout, scale (including height and <i>setback</i>) and character of</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	that do not dominate the street.		<p>existing buildings;</p> <p>(e) provides all-weather protection for pedestrians in the form of continuous awnings and/or light verandah structures with decorative non-load bearing posts over footpath areas in conjunction with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerbside;</p> <p>(f) has simple, traditional Queensland-style roof designs such as hipped or gabled and parapet walls of various shapes facing the street;</p> <p>(g) has building openings overlooking and addressing the street;</p> <p>(h) uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials;</p> <p>(i) ensures that signage is integrated with the building;</p> <p>(j) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths; and</p> <p>(k) provides for on-site car parking at the rear or to one side of the development.</p>
Development in the Low Density Residential Zone			
PO10	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of the Woombye local plan area.	AO10.1	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for a minimum lot size of 800m ² .
		AO10.2	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for regular-shaped lots with a grid or modified grid street layout and subdivision pattern.
PO11	Reconfiguring a lot within the Low density residential zone:- (a) is designed to sensitively respond to site characteristics and avoids significant scarring of the landscape; and (b) provides for an interconnected system of local roads, pedestrian, cycle and open space links with adjoining land.	AO11	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone:- (a) provides for a subdivision layout which minimises the extent of cut and fill required to accommodate new lots and roads; and (b) incorporates an interconnected, permeable internal road system, pedestrian, cycle and open space links.
Development in the Medium Density Residential Zone			
PO12	Development in the Medium density residential zone:- (a) provides for the establishment of a range of medium density housing compatible with a rural town setting; (b) is sympathetic to the rural town character and heritage values of Woombye; (c) is of a domestic scale that does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i> and is compatible with surrounding development; (d) provides for a building form that reflects the traditional Queensland style; (e) provides for generous open space to be maintained between buildings to preserve a predominantly open	AO12	Development in the Medium density residential zone:- (a) provides for larger buildings to be expressed as a series of linked smaller buildings that are similar in form and scale to a <i>dwelling house</i> ; (b) provides generous open spaces between buildings; (c) incorporates landscaping which complements the character of established gardens in the zone; (d) provides for a building form which reflects the traditional Queensland style and incorporates front facades and building elements, including wall articulation, pitched roof forms, roof overhangs, verandahs and prominent building entries, to reflect the character and heritage of buildings in

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	feel and character; (f) provides for on-site car parking to be located and designed such that it does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i> ; (g) maintains and protects the amenity of residents in adjoining development; and (h) provides for improved pedestrian connectivity between Campbell Street and Blackall Street.		Woombye; (e) provides car parking areas at the rear of and/or between buildings. Car parking areas are broken up and do not dominate the <i>streetscape</i> ; (f) where fronting Blackall Street, provides an attractive street front address and overlooks the street; and (g) provides mid-block pedestrian linkages, between Campbell Street and Blackall Street.



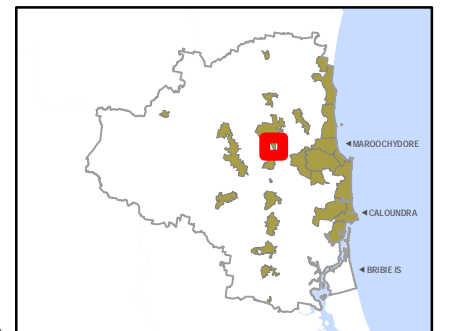
LEGEND

- Local Plan Area Boundary
- Waterway^{Note 1}
- Primary Active Street Frontage
- Primary Streetscape Treatment Area
- Local Ecological Linkage
- Greenspace^{Note 1}
- Community Activity/Facility^{Note 1}
- Character Vegetation
- Gateway/Entry Point
- Significant View
- Heritage Place^{Note 2}
- Character Area^{Note 2}
- Dedicated Public Transport Corridor
- Transit Hub
- Future Transit Hub
- Indicative Road Linkage/Access Point
- Proposed Rail Corridor Upgrade

0 95 190 380 570 760
Metres
1:13,963

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Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).

Figure 7.2.26A (Woombye Local Plan Elements)

7.2.27 Yandina local plan code

7.2.27.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) within the Yandina local plan area as shown on Map ZM8 contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Yandina local plan code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) The following provisions of the code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development:-
 - (a) **section 7.2.27.3 (Purpose and overall outcomes)**;
 - (b) **Table 7.2.27.4.1 (Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development)**; and
 - (c) **Figure 7.2.27A (Yandina local plan elements)**.

7.2.27.2 Context and setting

This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Yandina local plan code.

The Yandina local plan area is located in the central part of the Sunshine Coast and is traversed by the Bruce Highway and the North Coast Rail Line. The local plan area comprises the rural town of Yandina and adjacent urban areas as well as industrial estates in the northern and southern parts of the town. The local plan area has a land area of approximately 396 hectares.

Yandina is located on undulating land and set within a picturesque rural and natural landscape with the prominent Mount Ninderry to the east, Parklands Forest Reserve to the south and Wappa Dam and the Mapleton Forest Reserve in the west. The local plan area is traversed by the South Maroochy River in an east-west direction and bordered to the northeast by the North Maroochy River. The local plan area is surrounded by large areas of productive agricultural land.

The Yandina Town Centre is focussed on the traditional main street of Stevens Street, servicing the town and its surrounding rural and rural residential communities and providing a range of commercial, retail, industrial, community, sport and recreational activities.

The local plan area contains a range of community, sport and recreation facilities including Yandina State School, and Yandina Sports Complex. The local plan area also contains the Yandina Caravan Park which provides both permanent residential accommodation and temporary visitor accommodation.

The Yandina local plan area contains three main industrial estates providing employment for the central hinterland areas. An industrial estate is located in the northern part of the local plan area on the western side of the Bruce Highway. It comprises a range of industrial uses including the Ginger Factory which is also a premier tourist attraction on the Sunshine Coast. The industrial estate located in the northern part of the local plan area on the eastern side of the Bruce Highway is largely undeveloped. The southern industrial estate is located on the eastern side of the Nambour North Connection Road and consists of a range of industrial uses. A smaller industrial area is located on the eastern side of Farrell Street in the northern part of the local plan area.

Yandina's character is derived from its picturesque landscape setting, rural heritage, traditional main street, grid pattern road layout, historical building designs and laid back 'country town' atmosphere. The existing character area and historic buildings, especially fronting Stevens Street and Farrell Street, significantly contribute to the character and identity of the town.

The residential areas in Yandina are predominantly traditional low density neighbourhoods of detached housing characterised by a grid pattern street layout in the older, inner parts of the local plan area and cul-de-sacs in the newer outer parts. Medium density residential areas are located to the west of the town centre with further expansion opportunities available.

The Yandina local plan area has good access to the Bruce Highway via Yandina Cooloolabin Road and Flemming Street. Further connections to the east are provided by Ninderry Road, to the north by Ben Williams Road, to the west by Old Gympie Road and Cooloolabin Road and south by the Nambour North Connection Road.

Urban zoned land within the local plan area is connected, or has the ability to be connected, to reticulated water and sewerage.

7.2.27.3 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Yandina local plan code is to provide locally relevant planning provisions for the assessment of development within the Yandina local plan area.
- (2) The purpose of the Yandina local plan code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) Yandina continues to develop as a small rural town, with a distinct heritage character, primarily servicing the local community and tourist industry and providing industrial employment opportunities. Some expansion of local business, industry and residential areas is provided for.
 - (b) Urban development within the Yandina local plan area is limited to land within the urban growth management boundary so as to protect and reinforce the character and identity of Yandina, provide for the efficient provision of *infrastructure* and services, avoid constrained land and protect the character and productivity of surrounding rural land.
 - (c) Development retains the key built form, landscape character and natural environment elements that contribute to the setting, character and identity of the Yandina local plan area as a rural town with a strong sense of place and associations with the past.
 - (d) Development is designed and sited to protect significant environmental areas and significant views either to or from important landscape features, and to reflect the physical characteristics and constraints of the land, including the protection of sensitive slopes, flood prone areas, native *vegetation* areas and views of the western foothills, South Maroochy River, North Maroochy River and Mount Ninderry, particularly from the Yandina Town Centre.
 - (e) Development in the local plan area protects and retains the *character area* in Yandina and buildings identified as having cultural heritage or streetscape significance as important elements of local character and identity.
 - (f) The Yandina Town Centre functions as a local (full service) activity centre, meeting the needs of the local community and surrounding rural and rural residential areas and visitors to the area, and provides a focus for small scale retail, commercial and community activity.
 - (g) Whilst the retail and commercial functions of Yandina Town Centre may expand and be enhanced, the centre remains compact, with any expansion limited to land included within the Local centre zone. Residents of Yandina and surrounding areas continue to rely upon larger centres such as Nambour or Maroochy to fulfil higher order business and industry needs.
 - (h) The “country town” feel, traditional built form, heritage and *streetscape* character of the Yandina Town Centre is retained and reinforced, with Stevens Street enhanced as an attractive and pedestrian friendly main street. Development within the Local centre zone addresses the street and complements the traditional *streetscape* and building form.
 - (i) Development in the Medium impact industry zone and High impact industry zone provides for the continued development of the three main industrial estates in Yandina in complementary rather than competing roles, so as to provide Yandina with a stronger and more-diversified industrial base.
 - (j) Development in the Yandina Industrial Estate (Central) provides for a range of industry uses, particularly those that promote linkages and synergies with, and are compatible with, the food processing industry and the creation of a manufacturing tourism node.
 - (k) Development in the Yandina Industrial Estate (East) accommodates a broad range of low to medium impact industrial uses, while protecting the environmental values of the North Maroochy River and views to Mount Ninderry.

- (l) Development in the Yandina Industrial Estate (South) accommodates a range of medium to high impact industrial uses, while avoiding impacts on nearby residential areas. Development in the High impact industry zone protects the visual amenity of scenic routes through the local plan area.
- (m) Development in the Low impact industry zone accommodates a broad range of small scale industry and *service industry* uses, while avoiding impacts on nearby residential areas and protecting the visual amenity of scenic routes through the local plan area.
- (n) Development in the Low density residential zone, including road and lot layouts and *streetscape*, reflects traditional rural town residential qualities such as low rise detached housing on large lots, open *streetscape* and mature street trees.
- (o) Development in the Medium density residential zone:-
 - (i) provides for a range of housing choices located with close and convenient access to the Yandina Town Centre, employment nodes, public transport and community facilities;
 - (ii) provides good pedestrian and cycle connectivity to the town centre; and
 - (iii) contributes to a high level of residential amenity and design quality consistent with the traditional rural character of Yandina, the scale and character of the *streetscape* and surrounding development.
- (p) Development in the local plan area provides road network improvements required to service development, improve local connectivity and permeability and ensure safe and efficient access to development sites.
- (q) Development in the local plan area is supported by a network of open space to meet the needs of the local community and facilitates safe and convenient pedestrian and cycle connections between and around key destinations within the local plan area.
- (r) Development provides appropriate landscape buffering to the Bruce Highway and the North Coast Rail Line in order to effectively visually screen built form elements and maintain the visual amenity of these scenic routes.

7.2.27.4 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 7.2.27.4.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Development in the Yandina Local Plan Area Generally (All Zones)</i>			
PO1	Development provides for buildings, structures and landscaping that is consistent with and reflects the traditional rural town architectural character of Yandina in terms of form, composition and use of materials.	AO1.1	Development provides for the retention and/or adaptive re-use, with limited modification, of buildings which have cultural heritage or character significance. Editor's note— Section 8.2.9 (Heritage and character areas overlay code) sets out requirements for development on or in proximity to <i>local heritage places</i> and in <i>character areas</i> .
		AO1.2	For residential, business and community uses, buildings and structures incorporate traditional external building materials, such as timber cladding and corrugated iron roofs.
		AO1.3	Development uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials.
		AO1.4	Roof forms use simple, traditional Queensland style roof designs, such as hipped or gabled.
PO2	Development provides for the retention	AO2.1	Development provides for the retention of

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	and enhancement of key landscape elements including historical landmarks, significant views and vistas, existing character trees and areas of significant <i>vegetation</i> contributing to the setting, character and sense of place of Yandina.	<p>AO2.2</p> <p>AO2.3</p> <p>AO2.4</p> <p>AO2.5</p>	<p>historical landmarks, memorials and monuments.</p> <p>Development protects and emphasises, and does not intrude upon, the important views to the western foothills of Yandina and Mount Ninderry, particularly from the town centre, and to the South Maroochy River, North Maroochy River and other views to surrounding rural and natural areas where identified on Figure 7.2.27A (Yandina local plan elements).</p> <p>Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature trees and character <i>vegetation</i> that contributes to the <i>streetscape</i> character and vegetated backdrop to the town including:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the tree covered hillsides of the western foothills; (b) native <i>vegetation</i> along the North Maroochy River and South Maroochy River; and (c) other character <i>vegetation</i> where identified on Figure 7.2.27A (Yandina local plan elements). <p>Note—in some circumstances, the eradication of weed species and planting of locally native species that make a comparable contribution to local character may also satisfy the Acceptable Outcome.</p> <p>Development retains and revegetates the remaining gully systems in the Fleming Street and Scott Street area.</p> <p>Development retains and enhances the open space land west of Farrell Street to provide:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) a green open space <i>buffer</i> between business uses and residential areas; and (b) a green foreground to views west of the town centre.
PO3	Development contributes to the establishment of attractive and coherent <i>streetscapes</i> and gateways to enhance the sense of entry to, and the rural town character of, Yandina.	<p>AO3.1</p> <p>AO3.2</p> <p>AO3.3</p>	<p>Development adjacent to the primary streetscape treatment area or identified gateway/entry point on Figure 7.2.27A (Yandina local plan elements) incorporates architectural and landscape treatments and other design elements which enhance the sense of entry and arrival to, and rural town character of, Yandina, and emphasise corner locations.</p> <p>Development along Yandina Coolum Road and Fleming Street, between the Bruce Highway and the town centre provides streetscape and landscaping works to enhance the visual amenity of the route as an entrance to the town.</p> <p>Development provides streetscape improvements and traffic calming at the Stevens Street and Farrell Street intersection to reinforce Stevens Street as</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
		AO3.4	<p>the focus of the town centre.</p> <p>Development provides for streetscape improvements which complement existing or proposed streetscape works in the local area to ensure continuity of <i>streetscapes</i> and landscape design.</p> <p>Note—Section 9.4.2 (Landscape code) sets out requirements for streetscape landscapes including entry statement landscapes.</p> <p>Note—a landscape master plan may provide further guidance regarding particular streetscape treatments in a local plan area.</p> <p>Note—streetscape materials and palettes can be referenced from the <i>Council's</i> Infrastructure and Guideline Standards for each centre as required</p>
PO4	Development on land adjacent to the Bruce Highway incorporates a <i>landscape buffer</i> to visually screen and soften built form elements and maintain and enhance the visual amenity of the highway as a scenic route.	AO4	Development provides a minimum 10 metre wide densely vegetated <i>landscape buffer</i> along the Bruce Highway <i>frontage</i> where identified on Figure 7.2.27A (Yandina local plan elements) .
PO5	Development on land with frontage to the North Maroochy River and South Maroochy River, or on land otherwise identified as a local ecological linkage on Figure 7.2.27A (Yandina local plan elements) , facilitates the provision of the local ecological linkage.	AO5	<p>No acceptable outcome provided.</p> <p>Editor's note—Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity, waterways and wetlands overlay code) sets out requirements for the provision of ecological linkages.</p>
PO6	Development for a <i>food and drink outlet</i> does not:- (a) provide for the establishment of a <i>high volume convenience restaurant</i> ; or (b) incorporate a <i>drive-through facility</i> .	AO6	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Local Centre Zone			
PO7	Development in the Local centre zone provides for small scale uses and mixed uses that:- (a) support the role and function of Yandina Town Centre as a local (full service) activity centre; and (b) provide a wide range of convenience goods and services to residents and visitors.	AO7	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO8	Development in the Local centre zone:- (a) is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity of Yandina; (b) addresses the street; (c) complements the traditional built form and <i>streetscape</i> ; (d) creates vibrant and active streets and public spaces; (e) provides continuous weather protection for pedestrians; (f) uses traditional building materials; and (g) provides integrated and functional car parking and access arrangements that do not dominate the street.	AO8	<p>Development in the Local centre zone:-</p> <p>(a) provides for Stevens Street to be maintained and enhanced as an attractive and pedestrian friendly main street;</p> <p>(b) provides a fine scale built form with narrow building frontages and buildings built to the Stevens Street road boundary;</p> <p>(c) respects the layout, scale (including height and <i>setback</i>) and character of development on adjoining sites;</p> <p>(d) provides <i>primary active street frontages</i>, built to the front boundary, where identified on Figure 7.2.27A (Yandina local plan elements);</p> <p>(e) provides all weather protection in the form of continuous cantilevered</p>

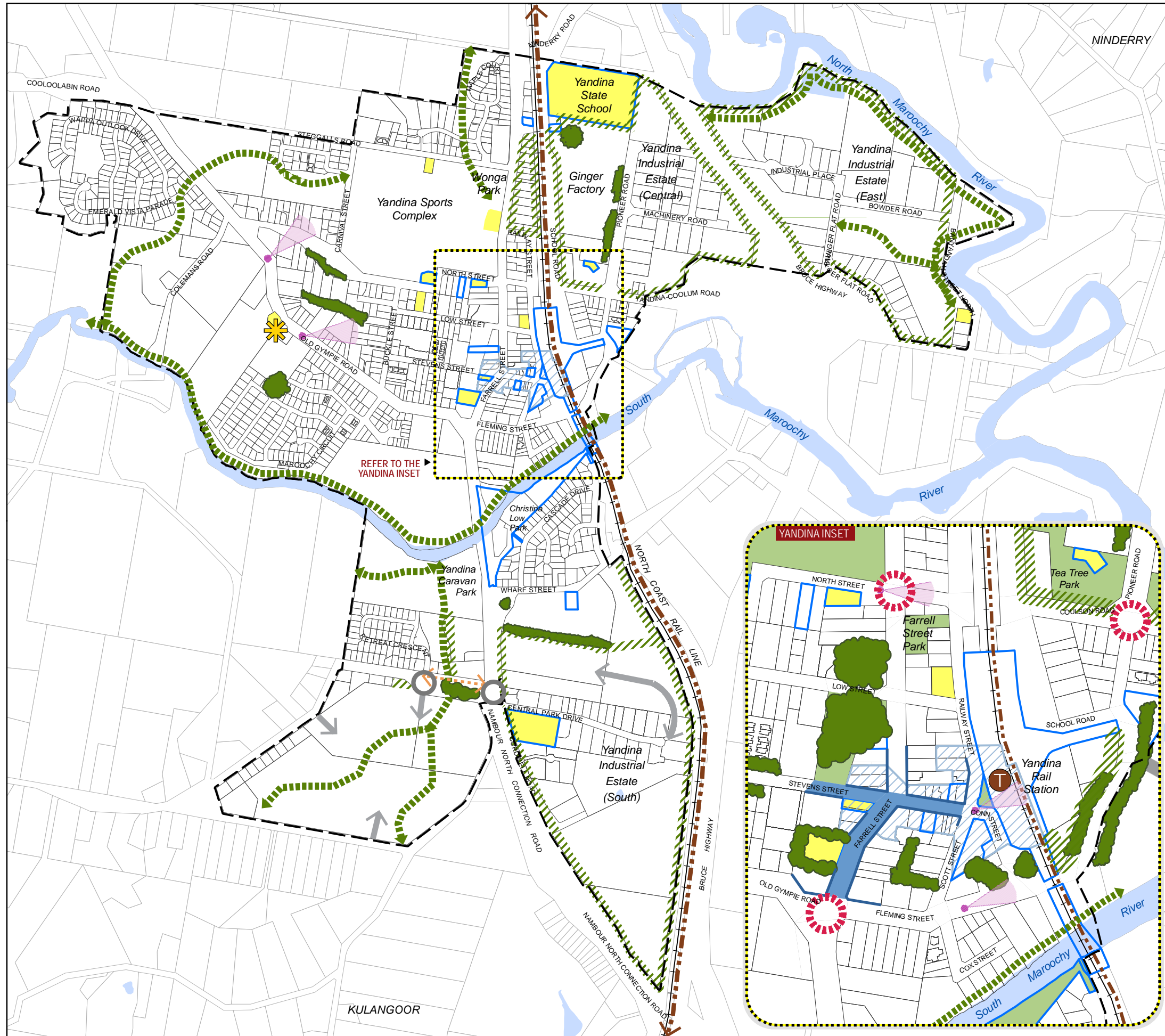
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>awnings and/or light verandah structures with non-load bearing posts over footpath areas in conjunction with mature or semi-mature shade trees planted along the <i>site frontage</i> adjacent to the kerb;</p> <p>(f) provides for a mixture of original lowset timber framed buildings and compatible new buildings;</p> <p>(g) has simple, traditional Queensland style roof designs, such as hipped or gabled, and parapets facing the street;</p> <p>(h) has building openings overlooking the street, with the main entrance visually emphasised in the centre of the ground floor facade;</p> <p>(i) provides detailing and articulation for horizontal emphasis including awnings, parapet walls and first floor balconies;</p> <p>(j) uses traditional building materials (timber cladding and corrugated iron roofing);</p> <p>(k) uses understated colour schemes and low-reflective roofing and cladding materials;</p> <p>(l) ensures that signage is integrated with the building;</p> <p>(m) includes provision of landscaping, shaded seating, public art and consistent and simple paving materials on footpaths; and</p> <p>(n) retains on street parking and provides on-site car parking at the rear or to one side of the development.</p>
PO9	Development provides for buildings on corner sites to be designed as focal points and contribute to defining the street intersection, including use of interesting or decorative features or building elements and complementary landscape features.	AO9	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO10	Reconfiguring a lot in the Local centre zone does not result in the alienation of business zoned land.	AO10.1	Development for reconfiguring a lot in the Local centre zone provides for lots which are a minimum of 600m ² in area.
		AO10.2	Development in the Local centre zone does not result in the creation of <i>rear lots</i> .
Development in the Low Impact Industry Zone			
PO11	Development in the Low impact industry zone at Yandina protects the amenity of nearby and surrounding residential areas and premises and the visual amenity of scenic routes.	AO11	<p>Development in the Low impact industry zone:-</p> <p>(a) incorporates attractive and sensitively designed street facades which are of a domestic scale;</p> <p>(b) provides for any larger access doors (e.g. roller doors) to be located side-on or to the rear of buildings;</p> <p>(c) provides for car parking and service areas to the side or rear of buildings; and</p> <p>(d) provides a minimum 3 metre wide densely vegetated <i>landscape buffer</i> along street <i>frontages</i>, boundaries adjoining sensitive uses and boundaries fronting the North Coast</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			Rail Line, where identified on Figure 7.2.27A (Yandina local plan elements) .
PO12	<p>Development in the Low impact industry zone in the Yandina Industrial Estate (East):-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) does not adversely impact on the scenic amenity of Mount Ninderry when viewed from the Bruce Highway and Yandina Coolum Road; (b) restricts filling for flood immunity to land included within the Low impact industry zone in the Yandina Industrial Estate (East); (c) protects and rehabilitates riparian <i>vegetation</i> and appropriate riparian <i>buffers</i> to the North Maroochy River and the unnamed <i>waterway</i>; (d) provides or contributes to the provision of greenspace where identified on Figure 7.2.27A (Yandina local plan elements), including an open space area with seating and shelters to serve the needs of employees, generally in the location of the corner of Paulger Flat Road and Bowder Road; (e) provides a minimum 20 metre wide densely vegetated <i>landscape buffer</i> along Yandina-Coolum Road (i.e. along the southern property boundary of Lot 4 on SP159592); (f) provides a minimum 60 metre wide densely vegetated <i>landscape buffer</i> along Banyandah Street North (i.e. along the western property boundary of Lot 263 on C311499); and (g) is in accordance with an approved infrastructure agreement between the developer and <i>Council</i> to fund the necessary <i>infrastructure</i> to service the development. <p>Note—the infrastructure agreement is to contain <i>infrastructure</i> items including water supply, sewerage, open space, stormwater, cycle facilities, road networks and rehabilitation and maintenance of riparian buffers.</p> <p>Editor's note—Section 8.2.3 (Biodiversity, waterways and wetlands overlay code) sets out requirements for appropriate riparian <i>buffers</i>.</p>	AO12	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO13	<p>Development in the Low impact industry zone on Lot 312 on SP186045 at 22 Wharf Street:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) incorporates a wide, densely vegetated <i>landscape buffer</i> to adjoining land included in the Low density residential zone to provide appropriate separation between residential and industrial land uses, and visually screen development; (b) provides for access to be through 	<p>AO13.1</p> <p>AO13.2</p>	<p>Development provides a wide, densely vegetated <i>landscape buffer</i> along the boundary of land included in the Low density residential zone such that the wide bushland buffer on land to the west of the site is extended through the site as indicated on Figure 7.2.27A (Yandina local plan elements).</p> <p>Development provides for access and road connections in accordance with</p>

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	the existing industrial area on Central Park Drive; and (c) provides for improved local vehicular circulation through the provision of a road link to industrial development to the west of the site on Lot 6 RP811902.		Figure 7.2.27A (Yandina local plan elements).
PO14	Development in the Low impact industry zone on Lot 2 RP127844, at 1 Wappa Falls Road, retains a wide, densely vegetated <i>landscape buffer</i> to adjoining land included in the Low density residential zone to provide appropriate separation between residential and industrial land uses, and visually screen development.	AO14	Development provides for the retention of existing <i>vegetation</i> along the western boundary of the site adjacent to land included in the Low density residential zone such that the wide bushland buffer on land to the north of the site is extended as indicated on Figure 7.2.27A (Yandina local plan elements).
Development in the Medium and High Impact Industry Zones			
PO15	Development in the Medium and High impact industry zones incorporates wide, densely vegetated <i>landscape buffers</i> to boundaries adjoining or adjacent to residential and other <i>sensitive land uses</i> to buffer, visually screen and soften built form elements and maintain and enhance the visual amenity of the site from the street and the North Coast Rail Line.	AO15	Development provides a minimum 3 metre wide, densely vegetated landscape buffer along street <i>frontages</i> (other than the Bruce Highway) and boundaries adjoining <i>sensitive land uses</i> where identified on Figure 7.2.27A (Yandina local plan elements).
PO16	Development in the Medium impact industry zone in the central and eastern industrial areas, provides for a range of medium and low impact industrial uses, with a focus on uses that complement and enhance the tourism focus area.	AO16	No acceptable outcome provided.
Development in the Medium Density Residential Zone			
PO17	Development in the Medium density residential zone:- (a) provides for the establishment of a range of housing types compatible with a rural town setting; (b) is of a domestic scale that does not dominate the <i>streetscape</i> or detract from the visual amenity of adjoining properties; (c) provides for building form which reflects the traditional Queensland style with the use of timber, pitched roofs, verandahs and subdued colours; (d) contributes positively to local <i>streetscape</i> character; and (e) provides for generous open space to be maintained between buildings to preserve a predominantly open feel.	AO17	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO18	Development in the Medium density residential zone provides for buildings and structures that take the form of small separate buildings rather than large single bulky developments.	AO18	Development provides for buildings that have no more than 4 attached <i>dwelling</i> s.
Development in the Low Density Residential Zone			
PO19	Development for Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lot sizes and a configuration of lots that is sympathetic to the rural town character and identity	AO19.1 AO19.2	Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone provides for lots which are a minimum of 700m ² in area. Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density

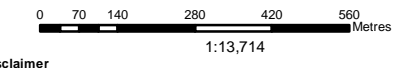
Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	of Yandina.		residential zone provides for regular shaped lots with a grid or modified grid layout and subdivision pattern.
PO20	Development in the Low density residential zone on Lot 1 SP186045, located on Wharf Street, retains existing bushland areas adjoining land in the High impact industry zone and supplements existing <i>vegetation</i> where necessary in order to provide a substantial <i>buffer</i> to the High impact industry zone.	AO20	No acceptable outcome provided.
Additional Performance Outcomes and Acceptable Outcomes for Development in the Low Density Residential Zone South of Wappa Falls Road			
PO21	Development in the Low density residential zone south of Wappa Falls Road provides for a larger average lot size, and a configuration of lots, which:- (a) is sympathetic to the character of existing rural living and residential lots; (b) appropriately transitions to the adjacent residential uses along Wappa Falls Road and Bracken Fern Road; and (c) are used predominantly for single <i>household</i> detached housing.	AO21	<i>In partial fulfillment of Performance Outcome PO21:-</i> Reconfiguring a lot in the Low density residential zone south of Wappa Falls Road provides for:- (a) an average lot size of at least 800m ² ; and (b) lots which are a minimum of 1,000m ² in area adjacent to existing lots along Wappa Falls Road and along the frontage to Bracken Fern Road.
PO22	Development in the Low density residential zone south of Wappa Falls Road provides for:- (a) the protection, rehabilitation and buffering of natural waterways and drainage lines through the site; (b) a minimum 10 metre wide vegetated buffer to Creightons Road, extending and enhancing the existing vegetated buffer along the eastern boundary of the site; and (c) the continuation of the existing nature strip/vegetated buffer on the northern boundary of the site fronting Wappa Falls Road.	AO22	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO23	As identified conceptually on Figure 7.2.27A (Yandina local plan elements) , development in the Low density residential zone south of Wappa Falls Road provides for a safe, interconnected, permeable and legible road, pedestrian and cycle network to service the development, including:- (a) primary access from Wappa Falls Road at the northern boundary of the site, via a new intersection at Retreat Crescent; (b) other external access points from: (i) Wappa Falls Road on the western boundary of the site; and (ii) Bracken Fern Road; (c) works to improve the safety and efficiency of the Nambour North Connection Road, Wappa Falls Road and Creightons Road intersections; and (d) the extension of the existing pedestrian/cycle pathway along	AO23	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	Wappa Falls Road from Retreat Crescent to Nambour North Connection Road.		



- LEGEND**
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 - Waterway^{Note 1}
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 - Primary Streetscape Treatment Area
 - Local Ecological Linkage
 - Greenspace^{Note 1}
 - Community Activity/Facility^{Note 1}
 - Character Vegetation
 - Landscape Buffer
 - Gateway/Entry Point
 - Mountain or Hill
 - Significant View
 - Heritage Place^{Note 2}
 - Character Area^{Note 2}
 - Dedicated Public Transport Corridor
 - Pedestrian/Cycle Linkage
 - Indicative Road Linkage/Access Point
 - Transit Hub
 - Intersection Upgrade

Note 1: For contextual purposes only.
Note 2: Refer to Heritage and Character Overlay maps in Schedule 2 (Mapping).



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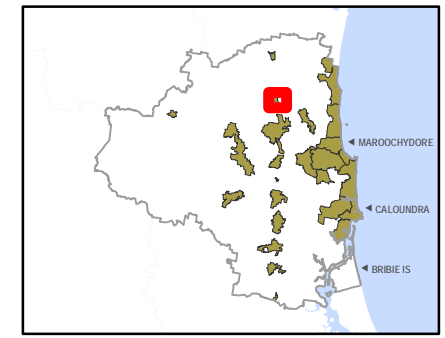


Figure 7.2.27A
(Yandina Local Plan Elements)

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8.2.9 Heritage and character areas overlay code^{31 32 33}

8.2.9.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) subject to the heritage and character areas overlay shown on the overlay maps contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Heritage and character areas overlay code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) All provisions in this code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development.

8.2.9.2 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Heritage and character areas overlay code is to protect *local heritage places* and *character areas* by ensuring that:-
 - (a) development on a *local heritage place* or on *land in proximity to a local heritage place* is compatible with the identified significance of the *local heritage place*;
 - (b) the *streetscape* character and significance of *character areas* are conserved and enhanced; and
 - (c) the protection of *local heritage places* and *character areas* contributes towards an enhanced community connection with historical places, values and traditions.
- (2) The purpose of the Heritage and character areas overlay code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) the heritage significance of individual sites and places is conserved for the benefit of the community and future generations;
 - (b) development on a *local heritage place* is compatible with the heritage significance of the place by:-
 - (i) maintaining or encouraging the appropriate use (including adaptive reuse) of the *local heritage place* whilst protecting the amenity of adjacent uses;
 - (ii) protecting the context and setting of the *local heritage place*;
 - (iii) ensuring development on the *local heritage place* is compatible with the heritage significance of the place; and
 - (iv) retaining the *local heritage place*, unless there is no prudent and feasible alternative to its demolition or removal;
 - (c) development on *land in proximity to a local heritage place* is sympathetic to the heritage significance of that place; and
 - (d) development in a *character area*:-
 - (i) is sympathetic and complementary to the *streetscape* character and heritage values of the area;

³¹ Editor's note—the Heritage and character areas overlay code does not apply to indigenous cultural heritage which is protected under the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003* or Torres Strait Islander cultural heritage which is protected under the *Torres Strait Islander Cultural Heritage Act 2003*. In accordance with these Acts, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander cultural heritage ("the cultural heritage duty of care").

³² Editor's note—the following elements referred to in this code are identified on the Heritage and Character Areas Overlay Maps in **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**:-

- (a) *local heritage places*;
- (b) *land in proximity to a local heritage place*; and
- (c) *character areas*.

Statements of significance (citations) for *local heritage places* and *character areas* are contained in the **Planning scheme policy for the Heritage and character areas overlay code**.

³³ Editor's note—the **Planning scheme policy for the Heritage and character areas overlay code** provides advice and guidance for achieving certain outcomes of this code, including guidance for the preparation of a heritage impact assessment report and conservation management plan.

- (ii) retains *character buildings* as well as other buildings, structures and elements that contribute to the identified character of the area through their age, form, style, siting and character; and
- (iii) complements, rather than mimics or replicates, the identified building styles in the street.

8.2.9.3 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 8.2.9.3.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development – on a local heritage place or on land in proximity to a local heritage place

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
Material Change of Use Involving a Local Heritage Place			
PO1	<p>The form, scale and design of development is compatible with the conservation and management of the heritage significance of the <i>local heritage place</i>, including with regard to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) bulk; (b) <i>building height</i>; (c) <i>setbacks</i> and siting; (d) horizontal and vertical articulation; (e) roof lines; (f) building openings; (g) orientation; (h) materials, footings and architectural detailing; (i) eaves; and (j) access and on-site parking. <p>Note—the heritage significance of each <i>local heritage place</i> is described in SC6.10 Planning scheme policy for heritage and character areas overlay code.</p>	AO1	Development is compatible with a conservation management plan prepared in accordance with the Australia ICOMOS Burra Charter ³⁵ .
Reconfiguring a Lot Involving a Local Heritage Place			
PO2	<p>Development does not:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) reduce public access to the <i>local heritage place</i>; (b) result in a <i>local heritage place</i> being severed or obscured from public view; or (c) obscure or destroy any pattern of historic subdivision, the landscape setting or the scale and consistency of the urban fabric relating to the <i>local heritage place</i>. 	AO2	Development is compatible with a conservation management plan prepared in accordance with the Australia ICOMOS Burra Charter.
Building Work or Operational Work Involving a Local Heritage Place			
PO3	<p>Development conserves and is subservient to the features and values of the <i>local heritage place</i> that contribute to its heritage significance, including with regard to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) bulk; (b) <i>building height</i>; (c) <i>setbacks</i> and siting; (d) horizontal and vertical articulation; (e) roof lines; 	AO3	Development is compatible with a conservation management plan prepared in accordance with the Australia ICOMOS Burra Charter.

³⁵ Note—Australia ICOMOS Inc. is the national chapter of ICOMOS (International Council of Monuments and Sites), a non-government international organisation primarily concerned with the philosophy, terminology, methodology and techniques of cultural heritage conservation.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	(f) building openings; (g) orientation; (h) materials, footings and architectural detailing; (i) eaves; and (j) access and on-site parking. Note—the heritage significance of each <i>local heritage place</i> is described in SC6.10 Planning scheme policy for heritage and character areas overlay code .		
PO4	Changes to a <i>local heritage place</i> are appropriately managed and documented.	AO4.1	Development is compatible with a conservation management plan prepared in accordance with the Australia ICOMOS Burra Charter.
		AO4.2	An archival quality photographic record is made of the features of the place that are destroyed because of the development that meets the standards outlined in the <i>Guideline: Archival Recording of Heritage Registered Places</i> (Department of Environment and Resource Management).
PO5	Development does not adversely affect the character, setting or appearance of the <i>local heritage place</i> , including removal of vegetation that contributes to the heritage significance of the place.	AO5.1	The scale, location and design of the development are compatible with the character, setting and appearance of the <i>local heritage place</i> .
		AO5.2	The development is unobtrusive and cannot readily be seen from surrounding streets or other public places.
		AO5.3	Existing <i>vegetation</i> that forms part of the <i>local heritage place</i> is retained and incorporated into the design and layout of development.
PO6	Development on a <i>local heritage place</i> with identified archaeological potential avoids or appropriately manages detrimental impacts on artefacts ³⁶ .	AO6	Development in areas not previously disturbed by excavation is in accordance with an archaeological investigation and management plan prepared by a suitably qualified person and approved by Council.
Development on land in proximity to a local heritage place			
PO7	Where on <i>land in proximity to a local heritage place</i> , development is located, designed and constructed in a manner that does not adversely affect the heritage significance of the <i>local heritage place</i> , including its context, setting and appearance.	AO7	The scale, location and design of the development is compatible with the heritage significance of the proximate <i>local heritage place</i> , including its context, setting and appearance.
Advertising Devices			
PO8	<i>Advertising devices</i> located on a <i>local heritage place</i> or on <i>land in proximity to a local heritage place</i> are sited and designed in a manner that:- (a) is compatible with the heritage significance of the place; and (b) does not obscure the appearance or prominence of the <i>local heritage place</i> when viewed from the street or other public place.	AO8	No acceptable outcome provided.

³⁶ Editor's Note—the *Queensland Heritage Act 1992* requires a person who discovers a thing that they either know, or ought to reasonably know is an archaeological artefact, to give notice in accordance with the provisions in section 89 of the Act. It is also an offence to interfere with archaeological artefacts in the circumstances detailed in section 90 of the Act.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	Note—the heritage significance of each <i>local heritage place</i> is described in SC6.10 Planning scheme policy for heritage and character areas overlay code .		

Table 8.2.9.3.2 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development – within a character area

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
Development in a character area			
PO1	Development within a <i>character area</i> is compatible with the key character elements for the area, having regard to:- (a) setting and <i>streetscape</i> context; (b) views and vistas; (c) scale and form; (d) materials; (e) landscape treatments; (f) lot size; and (g) the identified character of the <i>character area</i> . Note—the identified character of each <i>character area</i> is described in SC6.10 Planning scheme policy for heritage and character areas overlay code .	AO1	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO2	The existing <i>streetscape</i> is maintained in terms of:- (a) building orientation; (b) building alignment; (c) lot size; (d) side and front boundary <i>setbacks</i> ; and (e) the scale, form and siting of fences and driveways.	AO2	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO3	Development provides front boundary <i>setbacks</i> that ensure new additions and works are consistent in alignment with adjoining lots.	AO3	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO4	Development respects the architectural style of surrounding development and complements, rather than replicates, period building styles.	AO4	No acceptable outcome provided.
Ancillary Structures			
PO5	<i>Ancillary</i> structures are located such that they do not detract from the <i>character area</i> and are respectful of existing <i>character buildings</i> in terms of materials, form and scale.	AO5	Proposed structures are not visible from surrounding streets and do not detract from, or significantly obscure the view of, a <i>character building</i> .
Advertising Devices			
PO6	<i>Advertising devices</i> are sited and designed to be consistent with the identified character of the <i>character area</i> . Note – the identified character of each <i>character area</i> is described in SC6.10 Planning scheme policy for	AO6	No acceptable outcome provided.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	heritage and character areas overlay code.		
Demolition or Removal of Character Buildings			
PO7	<p><i>Character buildings</i> or structures are not wholly or partially demolished or removed unless one or more of the following circumstances apply:-</p> <p>(a) the building or structure is not capable of structural repair;</p> <p>(b) repair is not feasible having regard to economic, safety and health considerations; or</p> <p>(c) the building or structure does not contribute to the historical, architectural or <i>streetscape</i> character of the area.</p>	AO7	No acceptable outcome provided.
Modifications to Character Buildings			
PO8	<p>Development involving the enclosure of the under storey area of a <i>character building</i>:</p> <p>(a) preserves the dominant visual form of the upper storey; and</p> <p>(b) does not detract from the overall character of the building or the <i>character area</i> streetscape.</p>	AO8	<p><i>In partial fulfilment of Performance Outcome PO8:</i></p> <p>Development involving the enclosure of the under storey area of a <i>character building</i> is recessed behind the front façade of the upper storey by not less than 1 metre.</p>
PO9	<p>Modifications to <i>character buildings</i>, including associated vegetation, landscapes and fencing:-</p> <p>(a) do not interfere with the integrity of the facade and continuity of the <i>streetscape</i>;</p> <p>(b) utilise traditional materials and design elements consistent with other <i>character buildings</i> in the area and the period or characteristics of significance; and</p> <p>(c) complement the form and proportions of the existing building.</p>	AO9	No acceptable outcome provided.

8.2.10 Landslide hazard and steep land overlay code^{37 38}

8.2.10.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to accepted development and assessable development:-
 - (a) subject to the landslide hazard and steep land overlay shown on the overlay maps contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Landslide hazard and steep land overlay code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) The acceptable outcomes in **Table 8.2.10.3.1 (Requirements for accepted development and performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development)** are requirements for applicable accepted development.
- (3) All provisions in this code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development.

8.2.10.2 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Landslide hazard and steep land overlay code is to ensure:-
 - (a) development avoids or mitigates the potential adverse impacts of landslide hazard on people, property, economic activity and the environment; and
 - (b) development on *steep land* is avoided or otherwise limited in scale and intensity, and is sensitively located and designed to minimise adverse impacts on scenic amenity, the environment and public safety.
- (2) The overall outcomes sought for the Landslide hazard and steep land overlay code are the following:-
 - (a) development in areas at risk from landslide hazard is compatible with the nature of the hazard;
 - (b) the risk to people, property and the natural environment from landslide hazard is minimised;
 - (c) development does not result in a material increase in the extent or severity of landslide hazard; and
 - (d) development on *steep land* occurs only where the scenic and environmental quality and integrity of the landscape is maintained and safe and efficient access can be provided.

8.2.10.3 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 8.2.10.3.1 Requirements for accepted development and performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
Landslide Hazard Areas			
Risk of Harm to People and Property			
PO1	Development does not increase the risk of harm to people and property as a result of landslide by either:- (a) avoiding development in a landslide hazard area; or (b) undertaking development in a landslide hazard area only	AO1	Development, including associated access, is not located on land identified as a landslide hazard area on a Landslide Hazard and Steep Land Overlay Map. OR

³⁷ Editor's note—landslide hazard areas and *steep land* (slopes of 15% or greater) are identified on the Landslide Hazard and Steep Land Overlay Maps in **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**. Landslide hazard may also be a risk in other areas and warrant further assessment.

³⁸ Editor's note—the **Planning scheme policy for the landslide hazard and steep land overlay code** and the **Planning scheme policy for development works** provide advice and guidance for achieving certain outcomes of this code, including guidance for the preparation of a site-specific geotechnical assessment report.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	where strictly in accordance with <i>best practice</i> geotechnical principles.		<p>Development, including associated access, is located in a low or very low landslide hazard area, as determined by a geotechnical investigation prepared by a competent person.</p> <p>Note—a site-specific geotechnical assessment may be used to demonstrate that although the proposed development is shown on a Landslide Hazard and Steep Land Overlay Map as being located within a landslide hazard area, the landslide hazard risk is in fact low or very low.</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Where development is located on land identified as a landslide hazard area³⁹:-</p> <p>(a) a competent person has certified that:-</p> <p>(i) the stability of the <i>site</i>, including associated buildings and <i>infrastructure</i>, will be maintained during the course of the development and will remain stable for the life of the development;</p> <p>(ii) development of the <i>site</i> will not increase the risk of landslide activity on other land, including land above the <i>site</i>; and</p> <p>(iii) the <i>site</i> is not subject to the risk of landslide activity originating from other land; and</p> <p>(b) any measures identified in a site-specific geotechnical assessment for stabilising the <i>site</i> or development have been fully implemented.</p>
Steep Land			
Risk of Harm to People and Property			
PO2	Development, including associated access, does not increase the risk of harm to people and property by:-	AO2	Development, including associated access, is not located on <i>steep land</i> as identified on a Landslide Hazard and Steep Land Overlay Map.
	<p>(a) avoiding development on <i>steep land</i>; or</p> <p>(b) undertaking development on <i>steep land</i> only where strictly in accordance with best-practice geotechnical principles.</p>		<p>OR</p> <p>Development, including associated access, is located on land with less than 15% <i>slope</i>, as determined by a site-specific <i>slope analysis</i> prepared by a competent person.</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Where development is located on steep land⁴⁰, a site-specific geotechnical assessment prepared by a competent person certifies that:-</p> <p>(a) the stability of the <i>site</i>, including associated buildings and <i>infrastructure</i>, will be maintained during both the construction and operational life of the development; and</p> <p>(b) the <i>site</i> is not subject to risk of landslide activity originating from other land.</p>

³⁹ As specified on a Landslide Hazard and Steep Land Overlay Map or as determined by a site-specific geotechnical assessment.

⁴⁰ As specified on a Landslide Hazard and Steep Land Overlay Map or as determined by a *slope analysis*.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
Additional requirements for accepted development and performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development where for a Dwelling House			
PO3	Where for a <i>dwelling house</i> , the development:- (a) is responsive to the natural topography of the <i>site</i> and minimises the need for cut and fill; (b) does not visually dominate the hill slope or interrupt the skyline; and (c) is visually integrated with natural site characteristics including <i>vegetation</i> .	AO3.1	Where for a <i>dwelling house</i> and located on land having a <i>slope</i> exceeding 15%, as identified on a Landslide Hazard and Steep Land Overlay Map:- (a) buildings are of a split level design that steps down the slope or incorporates a suspended floor construction that avoids filling and/or excavation; OR (b) any <i>filling or excavation</i> associated with buildings, structures or driveways is confined to the driveway and plan area of the <i>dwelling house</i> , with ground level being retained around the driveway and the external walls of the building(s); OR (c) any <i>filling or excavation</i> associated with buildings, structures or driveways:- (i) is not more than 2 metres relative to ground level or 1.0 metre relative to ground level where within 1.5 metres of any property boundary; and (ii) does not necessitate the construction of a retaining wall exceeding 2 metres in height relative to ground level.
		AO3.2	Any <i>filling or excavation</i> associated with buildings, structures or driveways provides for the stabilisation of any cut or fill batter through the use of landscapes and/or retaining walls.
		AO3.3	Driveways are not steeper than 20% for more than 20 metres or one quarter of their length, whichever is the lesser, and not more than 25% in any location.
		AO3.4	Parts of a driveway steeper than 20% are provided with a slip-resistant surface.

Table 8.2.10.3.2 Additional performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
Landslide Hazard and Steep Land			
Essential Community Infrastructure			
PO1	<i>Essential community infrastructure</i> is able to function effectively during and immediately after landslide events.	AO1	Development involving <i>essential community infrastructure</i> is not located within a landslide hazard area, or on <i>steep land</i> , as identified on the applicable Landslide Hazard and Steep Land Overlay Map. OR

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			<p>Development involving <i>essential community infrastructure</i> is located in a low or very low landslide hazard area, as determined by a site-specific geotechnical assessment prepared by a competent person.</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Development involving <i>essential community infrastructure</i>:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) does not result in any new building work, other than an addition to an existing building; (b) does not involve <i>vegetation clearing</i>; and (c) does not alter ground levels or stormwater conditions. <p>OR</p> <p>Development involving <i>essential community infrastructure</i> includes measures identified by a site-specific geotechnical assessment, prepared by a competent person, that ensure:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the long term stability of the <i>site</i>, including associated buildings and <i>infrastructure</i>; (b) <i>access</i> to the <i>site</i> will not be impeded by a landslide event; and (c) the <i>community infrastructure</i> will not be adversely affected by landslides originating from other land, including land above the <i>site</i>.
Storage of Hazardous Materials			
PO2	Development ensures that public safety and the environment are not adversely affected by the detrimental impacts of landslide on hazardous materials manufactured or stored in bulk.	AO2	<p>Development involving the manufacture or storage of hazardous materials in bulk is not located within a landslide hazard area, or on <i>steep land</i>, as identified on a Landslide Hazard and Steep Land Overlay Map.</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Development involving the manufacture or storage of hazardous materials in bulk is located in a low or very low landslide hazard area, as determined by a site-specific geotechnical assessment prepared by a competent person.</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Where development is located in a landslide hazard area⁴¹, a site-specific geotechnical assessment prepared by a competent person certifies that:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the stability of the <i>site</i>, including associated buildings and <i>infrastructure</i>, will be maintained during both the construction and operational life of the development; and

⁴¹ As specified on a Landslide Hazard and Steep Land Overlay Map or as determined by a site-specific geotechnical assessment.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			(b) the <i>site</i> is not subject to risk of landslide activity originating from other land.
Steep Land			
Site Responsive Design			
PO3	Development, including associated access, is designed and constructed to:- (a) sensitively respond to the constraints imposed by slope; (b) minimise impacts on the natural landform and landscape character; and (c) avoid any potential instability and associated problems, including long term stability of the <i>site</i> and long term stability of the development and adjoining properties.	AO3.1 AO3.2 AO3.3	No additional lot which includes a house site is created on land with a <i>slope</i> of 25% or greater. Development avoids or minimises <i>filling or excavation</i> by using elevated construction or stepped (split level) building forms. Development provides for cut and fill batters to be stabilised and protected from erosion by measures such as grassing, dense landscapes, retaining walls or other suitable stabilisation/protective methods.
PO4⁴²	Development is sensitively designed, sited and erected to respect and be visually integrated into the <i>streetscape</i> and the natural surroundings by ensuring:- (a) adequate screening of the underneath of buildings; (b) retention, where possible, of natural landforms, drainage lines and <i>vegetation</i> ; and (c) buildings and structures are not visually intrusive, particularly from ridge lines, public open spaces, scenic routes and other critical vantage points, outside of the <i>site</i> .	AO4.1 AO4.2	Any building, including any associated car parking structure:- (a) has a maximum undercroft height at the perimeter of the building of 3 metres above ground level; or (b) incorporates undercroft skirting or screening (such as timber battens) to the full height of any undercroft higher than 3 metres above ground level at the perimeter of the building; or (c) incorporates landscape screening for the full height of any undercroft higher than 3 metres above ground level at the perimeter of the building. The extent of <i>filling or excavation</i> is revegetated immediately following completion of the works.
Safe and Efficient Access			
PO5	Development provides safe and efficient access for vehicles and pedestrians.	AO5.1 AO5.2 AO5.3 AO5.4	Road grades comply with the standards specified in the Planning scheme policy for development works . Driveways are not steeper than 20% for more than 20 metres or one quarter of their length, whichever is the lesser, and not steeper than 25% in any location. Vehicle turning areas are provided at the end of driveways so that it is not necessary to reverse up or down driveways. Where a driveway is steeper than 20% in any part, it is provided with a slip-resistant surface.

⁴² Editor's note—the acceptable outcomes corresponding to this performance outcome represent only partial fulfilment of the performance outcome. In order to adequately address this performance outcome, other measures are also likely to be necessary.

8.2.11 Regional infrastructure overlay code⁴³

8.2.11.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) subject to the regional infrastructure overlay shown on the overlay maps contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Regional infrastructure overlay code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) All provisions in this code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development.

8.2.11.2 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Regional infrastructure overlay code is to ensure that development is compatible with, and does not adversely affect the viability, integrity, operation and maintenance of, the following existing and planned regional *infrastructure* within the Sunshine Coast:-
 - (a) gas pipelines;
 - (b) high voltage electricity transmission lines;
 - (c) water supply pipelines;
 - (d) sewage treatment plants;
 - (e) *major roads*;
 - (f) railways; and
 - (g) dedicated public transport corridors.
- (2) The purpose of the Regional infrastructure overlay code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) existing and planned regional *infrastructure* facilities, networks and corridors are protected from incompatible development;
 - (b) development proximate to existing and planned regional *infrastructure* facilities, networks and corridors is appropriately located, designed, constructed and operated to:-
 - (i) avoid compromising the integrity, operational efficiency and maintenance of regional *infrastructure*; and
 - (ii) protect the amenity, health and safety of people and property; and
 - (c) the number of people exposed to the potential adverse impacts emanating from regional *infrastructure* is minimised.

8.2.11.3 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 8.2.11.3.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
Gas Pipeline Corridors and Buffers			
PO1	Development provides and maintains adequate separation between the use or works and the gas pipeline corridor identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay	AO1	Buildings and structures are setback a minimum of 40 metres from a gas pipeline as identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map.

⁴³ Editor's note—the following elements referred to in this code are identified on the Regional Infrastructure Overlay Maps in **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**:-

- (a) gas pipeline corridors and buffers;
- (b) high voltage electricity transmission lines and buffers;
- (c) water supply pipelines and buffers;
- (d) sewage treatment plants and buffers;
- (e) *major road* corridors and buffers;
- (f) railway corridors and buffers; and
- (g) dedicated transit corridors and buffers.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	Map, so as to minimise risk of harm to people and property.		Editor's note—should a lesser setback distance be proposed, it is recommended that the applicant consult with the relevant gas pipeline manager prior to the lodgement of a development application to determine how compliance with the performance outcome can be achieved.
PO2	Development, including uses and works are constructed and operated to avoid:- (a) compromising the viability of the gas pipeline corridor; or (b) damaging or adversely affecting the existing or future operation of the gas pipeline and the supply of gas.	AO2	No acceptable outcome provided. Editor's note—it is recommended that an applicant consult with the relevant gas pipeline manager prior to the lodgement of a development application in the vicinity of a gas pipeline corridor.
High Voltage Electricity Transmission Lines and Buffers⁴⁴			
PO3	Development does not adversely impact on existing or planned high voltage electricity transmission infrastructure.	AO3	Urban residential lots and buildings and structures are not located within an easement for, or an area otherwise affected by, a high voltage electricity transmission line as identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map.
PO4	<i>Sensitive land uses</i> are not located close to high voltage electricity transmission lines.	AO4	Buildings and outdoor use areas associated with a <i>sensitive land use</i> are setback from the closest boundary of an easement for, or an area otherwise affected by, a high voltage electricity transmission line, in accordance with the following:- (a) 20 metres for transmission lines up to 132kV; (b) 30 metres for transmission lines between 133kV and 275kV; and (c) 40 metres for transmission lines exceeding 275kV.
Water Supply Pipelines and Buffers			
PO5	Development within a water supply pipeline and buffer identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map:- (a) is located, designed and constructed to protect the integrity of the water supply pipeline; and (b) maintains adequate access for any required maintenance or upgrading work to the water supply pipeline.	AO5	Buildings and structures are setback a minimum of 20 metres from a water supply pipeline as identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map. Editor's note—should a lesser setback distance be proposed, it is recommended that an applicant consult with the relevant water entity, to determine how compliance with the performance outcome can be achieved.
Sewage Treatment Plants and Buffers			
PO6	Residential activities and other <i>sensitive land uses</i> are not adversely affected by odour emissions from existing or planned sewage treatment plants.	PO6.1	A <i>sensitive land use</i> involving a residential activity is not located or intensified within a sewage treatment plant buffer as identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map.
		PO6.2	A <i>sensitive land use</i> (other than a residential activity) located within a sewage treatment plant buffer, as identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map, demonstrates that occupants and users will not be adversely affected by odour emissions from the sewage treatment plant.
		PO6.3	Reconfiguring a lot within a sewage treatment plant buffer, as identified on a

⁴⁴ Editor's note—applicants are encouraged to consult with the relevant electricity transmission line manager when proposing development in the vicinity of high voltage electricity transmission lines. Any work within an electricity transmission line easement may require the consent of the electricity transmission manager that holds the easement.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
			Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map:- (a) does not result in the creation of additional lots used or capable of being used for residential activities; and (b) where rearranging boundaries, does not worsen the existing situation with respect to the distance between available dwelling sites and the sewage treatment plant.
Major Road and Railway Corridors and Buffers⁴⁵			
PO7	<i>Sensitive land uses</i> are located and designed to ensure that noise emissions from existing or planned <i>major road</i> and railway corridors do not adversely affect:- (a) the development's primary function; and (b) the wellbeing of occupants including their ability to sleep, work or otherwise undertake quiet enjoyment without unreasonable interference from road traffic noise.	AO7	No acceptable outcome provided. Editor's note—Part 4.4 of the <i>Queensland Development Code</i> provides requirements for residential buildings in a designated transport corridor.
PO8	Development within a <i>major road</i> or railway corridor buffer, as identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map, maintains and, where practicable, enhances the safety, efficiency and effectiveness of the corridor.	AO8	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO9	Development retains and enhances existing <i>vegetation</i> between the intended location of the development and a <i>major road</i> or railway corridor, so as to provide dense screening to potential noise, dust, odour and visual impacts emanating from the corridor.	AO9	No acceptable outcome provided.
Dedicated Public Transport Corridors and Buffers			
PO10	Development adjacent to an existing or planned dedicated public transport corridor and buffer, as identified on a Regional Infrastructure Overlay Map, is:- (a) compatible with the nature and function of the corridor; and (b) does not compromise the operational efficiency of the corridor.	AO10	No acceptable outcome provided.

⁴⁵ Major Road Corridors and Buffers identified on the Regional Infrastructure Overlay Maps incorporate designated transport noise corridors for the purposes of the *Building Act 1975*.

8.2.12 Scenic amenity overlay code^{46 47}

8.2.12.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) subject to the scenic amenity overlay shown on the overlay maps contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Scenic amenity overlay code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) All provisions in this code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development.

8.2.12.2 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Scenic amenity overlay code is to ensure that development does not adversely affect scenic amenity and landscape values within the Sunshine Coast.
- (2) The purpose of the Scenic amenity overlay code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) development protects the significant landscape elements and features which contribute to the unique character and identity of the Sunshine Coast, including:-
 - (i) the scenic amenity values visible from scenic routes;
 - (ii) the regional inter-urban break which provides continuity of separation between the Sunshine Coast and the Brisbane to Caboolture metropolitan area and defines the Sunshine Coast as a separate place in the South East Queensland Region;
 - (iii) the sub-regional inter-urban breaks which provide continuity of separation between urban communities within the Sunshine Coast and define individual communities as separate places within the sub-region; and
 - (iv) significant views and vistas⁴⁸.

8.2.12.3 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 8.2.12.3.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
Scenic Routes			
PO1	Development does not detract from the visual amenity of a scenic route and:- <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a) is visually unobtrusive, relative to its urban or non-urban setting and surroundings, when viewed from the scenic route; (b) maintains or enhances important view corridors or distance views from the scenic route to significant landscape features; and (c) is low key, both visually and in scale, so as not to detract 	AO1	Development on land adjoining a scenic route, as identified on a Scenic Amenity Overlay Map:- <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a) retains existing <i>vegetation</i> and incorporates landscape treatments to visually screen and soften built form elements, whilst not impeding distance views or view corridors from the scenic route; (b) incorporates building materials and external finishes that are compatible with the visual character and the landscape or townscape setting of the scenic route; and (c) minimises visual impacts on the scenic

⁴⁶ Editor's note—the following elements referred to in this code are identified on the Scenic Amenity Overlay Maps in **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**:-

(a) scenic routes; and
 (b) the regional inter-urban break.

Sub-regional inter-urban breaks are identified on **Strategic Framework Map SFM6 (Community identity, character and social inclusion elements)**.

⁴⁷ Editor's note—the **Planning scheme policy for the scenic amenity overlay code** provides advice and guidance for achieving certain outcomes of this code, including guidance for the preparation of a visual impact assessment report.

⁴⁸ Editor's note—a local plan code may also contain requirements with respect to local view corridors and view lines.

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
	from the scenic amenity offered from the scenic route.		route in terms of:- (i) the scale, <i>building height</i> and <i>setback</i> of buildings; (ii) the location and configuration of access roads and driveways; and (iii) the scale, extent and visual prominence of signage.
Regional Inter-urban Break			
PO2	Urban and rural residential development does not occur within the regional inter-urban break.	AO2	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO3	Development protects and enhances the landscape values of the regional inter-urban break as a non-urban land area, free of urban elements and <i>infrastructure</i> , that maintains the continuity of separation between the Sunshine Coast and the Brisbane to Caboolture metropolitan area.	AO3	No acceptable outcome provided.
Sub-regional Inter-urban Breaks			
PO4	Urban and rural residential development does not occur within a sub-regional inter-urban break.	AO4	No acceptable outcome provided.
PO5	Development protects the function of a sub-regional inter-urban break in providing physical and visual separation between urban areas, individual places and communities within the Sunshine Coast.	AO5	No acceptable outcome provided.
Significant Views and Vistas			
PO6	Assessable development requiring impact assessment, or other development that exceeds the maximum height specified on a Height of Buildings and Structures Overlay Map, does not adversely impact upon significant views. Note—the Height of buildings and structures overlay code provides that certain types of development may exceed the height limits specified for a <i>site</i> on the applicable Height of Buildings and Structures Overlay Map.	AO6	Development maintains or enhances the significant views identified in Table 8.2.12.3.2 (Significant views) .

Table 8.2.12.3.2 Significant views

Column 1 Significant views	Column 2 Location
Views of the Glass House Mountains from Bulcock Beach, Wickham Point and the higher parts of Regent and Queen Streets (near Maltman Street)	Caloundra local plan area
View of Pumicestone Passage and Bribie Island from Bulcock Beach and within the Caloundra Town Centre	Caloundra local plan area
Views of Moffat Beach and Tooway Lake and the northern beaches from Moffat Head	Caloundra local plan area
Views to Moffat Head from Dicky Beach and Shelly Beach	Caloundra local plan area
Views to Shelly Beach and George Watson Park from Caloundra Head and Moffat Head	Caloundra local plan area
Views to Kings Beach, Bribie Island and Caloundra Bar from Caloundra Head and Esplanade	Caloundra local plan area
Views to Point Cartwright from Moffat Head and Dicky Beach	Caloundra local plan area
Views from Caloundra Road and Little Mountain to Pumicestone Passage, Moreton Bay and Islands	Caloundra West local plan area
Views of the Glass House Mountains from Pumicestone Passage	Caloundra local plan area, Golden Beach/Pelican Waters local plan area, Rural area

Column 1 Significant views	Column 2 Location
Views of the Glass House Mountains across Pumicestone Passage from Caloundra lighthouse	Caloundra local plan area
Views of the Glass House Mountains across Pumicestone Passage from Kings Beach and Bulcock Beach	Caloundra local plan area
Views of the Glass House Mountains across Pumicestone Passage from Caloundra Headland (Centaur Memorial)	Caloundra local plan area
Views north to Noosa from Moffat Head	Caloundra local plan area
Views from Mary Cairncross Scenic Reserve to the Glass House Mountains and over the coastal plain	Rural area
Views eastwards and southwards from Blackall Range escarpment, including views from McCarthy's Lookout, Howard Reserve Lookout, Balmoral Lookout and Gerrarts Lookout	Blackall Range local plan area, Rural area
Views from Maleny-Montville Road, Main Street, Flaxton Drive (Maleny-Mapleton)	Blackall Range local plan area, Rural local plan area
Views from George Carpenter Place (Montville)	Blackall Range local plan area
Views from Howell's Knob Lookout	Rural area
Views towards Lake Baroon Pocket Dam	Blackall Range local plan area, Maleny local plan area, Rural area
Views from the Obi Lookout	Rural area
Views to the Glass House Mountains across the escarpment and Mary Cairncross Scenic Reserve from Mary Cairncross Drive	Rural area
Views from Kayan's Park Lookout (Dulong)	Rural area
Views from Point Glorious Lookout	Rural area
Views from Mt Ninderry	Rural area
Views from Peregrine Lookout (Mapleton State Forest)	Rural area
Views from William Parsons Park	Nambour local plan area
Views from Kenilworth Forest Drive Lookout (Kenilworth)	Rural area
Views from Mt Alan Fire Tower (Kenilworth)	Rural area
Views from Boolumba View (Kenilworth)	Rural area
Views from Ball Lookout (Doonan)	Rural area
Views from Pt Cartwright	Coolum local plan area
Views from Mt Coolum	Coolum local plan area
Views from Pt Perry (Coolum)	Coolum local plan area
Views from Pt Arkwright	Coolum local plan area
Views of Mt Coolum from David Low Way and Sunshine Motorway	Coolum local plan area, Maroochy North Shore local plan area, Rural area
Views of coastline from David Low Way between Yaroomba and Coolum	Coolum local plan area

8.2.13 Water resource catchments overlay code⁴⁹

8.2.13.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessable development:-
 - (a) subject to the water resource catchments overlay shown on the overlay maps contained within **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**; and
 - (b) identified as requiring assessment against the Water resource catchments overlay code by the tables of assessment in **Part 5 (Tables of assessment)**.
- (2) All provisions in this code are assessment benchmarks for applicable assessable development.

8.2.13.2 Purpose and overall outcomes

- (1) The purpose of the Water resource catchments overlay code is to protect the following water supply catchments that are wholly or partly contained in the Sunshine Coast:-
 - (a) Cooloolabin Dam and Wappa Dam;
 - (b) Baroon Pocket Dam;
 - (c) Ewen Maddock Dam; and
 - (d) Somerset Dam and Wivenhoe Dam.
- (2) The purpose of the Water resource catchments overlay code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:-
 - (a) development is located, designed and managed to avoid adverse impacts on water quality in a water supply catchment;
 - (b) development maintains and contributes to improving water quality in a water supply catchment;
 - (c) development promotes sustainable land use practices within a water supply catchment;
 - (d) development protects and enhances land resources, natural systems and *vegetation* within a water supply catchment; and
 - (e) development in a water supply catchment ensures that there is no cumulative impact on water quality.

8.2.13.3 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes

Table 8.2.13.3.1 Performance outcomes and acceptable outcomes for assessable development

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	
<i>Effects of Development on Water Supply Storages and Water Supply Catchment Areas</i>			
PO1	Development complies with the specific outcomes of the <i>SEQ Water Development Guidelines for Water Quality Management in Drinking Water Catchments</i> as if the specific outcomes are performance outcomes.	AO1	Development complies with the measures of the <i>SEQ Water Development Guidelines for Water Quality Management in Drinking Water Catchments</i> as if the measures are acceptable outcomes.

⁴⁹ Editor's note—*water supply storages* and *water resource catchment areas* are identified on the Water Resource Catchments Overlay Maps in **Schedule 2 (Mapping)**.

